Second Hand Papers.

Other local papers which copy each edition of The Sun and come out with the same news several hours later are second hand papers. If you want to get the news while it is hot you must buy The Lowell Sun.

THE LOWELL SUN

The Best Judges of newspapers are the people who buy them, and they have unanimously decided that The Sun is Lowell's Greatest Newspaper.

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CHAOS

Reigns at Pekin Says Minister Conger

Imperial Troops and Government Officials Have Fled--Allies Will Remain all Winter and Rule the City

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WASHINGTON, AUG. 23—THE UNITED STATES TROOPS WILL REMAIN IN PEKIN FOR SOME TIME, PERHAPS ALL WINTER, AND THE UNITED STATES WITH THE OTHER POWERS WILL SEEK TO SET UP A RESPONSIBLE GOVERNMENT IN CHINA.

BOTH CONGER AND CHAFFEE CABLED YESTERDAY THAT ONLY CHAOS AND ANARCHY EXIST THERE NOW, AND THAT THE ALLIES ARE GOVERNING THE CITY OF PEKIN.

PRESIDENT McKINLEY AND HIS CABINET HAVE HANDED MINISTER WU A REPLY TO EARL LI'S REQUEST TO OPEN NEGOTIATIONS FOR A SETTLEMENT. THE REPLY IS THAT THIS GOVERNMENT CANNOT ENTER UPON NEGOTIATIONS UNTIL THERE IS A GOVERNMENT IN CHINA, WHICH CAN PREVENT THE HOSTILITIES OF CHINESE TROOPS AND CHINESE CITIZENS AGAINST THE FORCES OF THE POWERS.

THE TEXT OF THE REPLY HAS BEEN COMMUNICATED TO THE OTHER GOVERNMENTS, WHICH HAVE BEEN AWAITING THE LEAD OF THE UNITED STATES IN THE CHINESE AFFAIR.

IMPERIAL TROOPS FLED FROM PEKIN

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WASHINGTON, D. C., AUG. 22. 8.0. THE STATE DEPARTMENT YESTERDAY RECEIVED, THROUGH THE CONSUL AT CHEFOO, THE FOLLOWING CABLGRAM FROM MINISTER CONGER, IN THE DEPARTMENT CIPHER:

PEKIN, AUG. 19.

SECRETARY OF STATE, WASHINGTON: THE ENTIRE CITY, WITH THE EXCEPTION OF THE IMPERIAL PALACE, IS OCCUPIED BY JAPANESE, RUSSIANS, BRITISH, AMERICANS AND FRENCH. IT IS BEING APPORTIONED INTO DISTRICTS FOR POLICE SUPERVISION. THE CHINESE ARMY FLED. THE IMPERIAL FAMILY AND THE COURT HAVE GONE WESTWARD, PROBABLY TO SIANFU, IN THE PROVINCE OF SHENSI.

NO REPRESENTATIVES OF THE CHINESE GOVERNMENT ARE IN SIGHT IN PEKIN AND THE CONDITIONS ARE CHAOTIC. THE PALACE IS EXPECTED TO BE TAKEN IMMEDIATELY. MANY MISSIONARIES HAVE STARTED FOR HOME, WHILE OTHERS REMAIN IN CHARGE OF THE CHRISTIAN REFUGEES, NUMBERING ABOUT 1000.

CONGER.

PRES. STEYN

Reported Dead is Soon to Join Kruger

By Associated Press to The Sun.

LONDON, Aug. 23.—Lord Roberts reports to the war office under date of Pretoria, August 22, as follows:

"Buller's division marched to Van Wyck's Vleit, afteen miles south of Belfast, yesterday. His casualties were twenty.

"Paget reports from Hamanskraal that Baden-Powell engaged Grobler's rear guard all day yesterday. Grobler was driven back east of Pinaars river. Baden-Powell occupied the railway station of that name. During the fight Baden-Powell's advance and that of the enemy galloped into each other, the Rhodesians losing Col. Spreckley and four men killed and seven wounded. Many of the Boers were killed or wounded. They were at Cyferkuil this morning. Plumer and Hickman were closely pursuing them.

"It seems certain that De Wet, finding it hopeless to make his way eastward, has recrossed the Magaliesberg, with a few wounded, with the intention of returning to the Orange River Colony. He is in a very different condition from that when he left Bethlehem with six or eight guns and 1200 men. His guns have mostly been buried and his personal following cannot be more than 300.

"It is stated that Steyn, with a small body-guard, has crossed Pienaars river on his way to join Kruger at Machadodorp.

"The Boers yesterday blew up a portion of the railway at Keetze's Drift, five miles north of New Castle, and damaged the rails at a point thirty miles south of New Castle."

FIRE IN BOSTON

Congress Building in Post Office Square Damaged

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BOSTON, Aug. 23.—Fire in the basement of the five story granite block, known as the Congress building, in postoffice square, this morning, resulted in a loss of $20,000 to owners and occupants. The fire is thought to have started from a defective electric wire near the elevator shaft. The fire worked up the shaft to the three upper stories which were badly damaged by fire and water.

The first floor is occupied by the Metropolitan national bank. Its loss is slight and was caused by water.

On the second floor were the offices of the New York Life Insurance company and other offices. The three upper floors were occupied by Stone and Webber, electrical and mechanical engineers. Their loss will be heavy.

$10,000 PRIZE

Went to Tom Lawson's Brave Boralma

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BOSTON, Aug. 23—Nearly 10,000 people saw that grand young racing machine, Boralma, win the blue ribbon event of the grand circuit, the Massachusetts $10,000 purse, at Readville yesterday afternoon.

The rich prize did not fall to the Lawson trotter easily, for it was clearly earned in a hard-fought contest by his magnificent courage and great speed.

It was not a long-drawn-out struggle, being over in straight heats, and it was far more pleasing to the crowd than was either the seven-heat races of the two previous years. There was no laying up of heats, no helping, every driver being out to get the best position possible in each heat. There was practically no scoring, no horse was punished and the time was fast. So, taken all through, it was without doubt the most satisfactory race ever seen in one of the big events.

The large crowd was well entertained aside from the main feature, for the balance of the racing was gilt edged.

Then The Abbot showed us home people a trotting mile, the like of which we have never seen before on a Boston track, 2.05 3-4. This was a very creditable performance, but he showed something more phenomenal a little later, when he raced the last half of a 2.15 3-4 mile in 1 01 3-4, last quarter in 30 1-2 seconds, hitched to a matinee 3-0½ seconds, hitched to a matinee wagon.

TO SHUT DOWN

Perkin's Machine Shop Will Close Temporarily

The doors of the S. F. Perkins machine shop, one of the largest of its kind in this city, will probably close within a month.

The cause of the shut-down is due to the recent death of Mr. S. F. Perkins, who was the sole owner of the works.

Mr. Perkins died in June and since that time the works have been kept in operation in order to finish the orders on hand. It will be necessary to close the works and sell them in order to settle the estate.

In conversation with a reporter, Mr. Charles M. Williams, the administrator of the estate, said that the works would entirely close and all work come to an end within a month. "We shall only run the shop long enough to finish what orders we have on and now," said Mr. Williams, "and we will be able to do it all about a month's time. We are taking in no more orders and we are trying to finish up what we have as soon as possible. It is probable though that we sall keep two or three men at work at the shop keeping it in repair and a watchman."

The Perkins Machine shop which is located on Fletcher street, is one of the largest in the city and has been one of the best known establishments of its kind in New England. When running on full time about 50 or 60 men are employed.

The establishment is an old one. Mr. S. F. Perkins was one of the pioneer machinists in the state and the work which he turned out was famed for its excellence. A specialty of the work was the making of machinists' tools.

The shop will probably pass into other hands and be continued in the same lines of business.

SIDEWALK BLOCKED.

The sidewalk on Merrimack street, at the entrance of the basement in Barristers' hall, was blocked for a number of hours today. A mammoth boiler is being set up in the basement of this building, and considerable difficulty was encountered getting it through the doorway.

Steele's closing out sale for real bargains.

GEO. H. HOSMER DEAD

The Great Oarsman Well Known in Lowell

The Late GEORGE H. HOSMER.

Passed Away Yesterday at Carney Hospital—He Made a Fortune Rowing When it Was a National Sport

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BOSTON, Aug. 23.—George H. Hosmer, one of the best known and most famous professional oarsmen in the world, is dead. He passed away yesterday afternoon at the Carney hospital, South Boston, where his last days were made as comfortable as possible by the good sisters.

Hosmer has not enjoyed good health for the last couple of years, and two months ago, went to the Carney hospital suffering with consumption from which he died.

Hosmer's wife died two years ago, which was a great loss to the famous athlete. He leaves a son, George Butler Hosmer, who is 17, and a daughter still younger. His father resides in Somerville, his brother Albert is now living in Newark, and he has one or two married sisters in this vicinity.

Hosmer made thousands of dollars in rowing when the game was a national sport and had the happy faculty of making friends of everyone with whom he came in contact.

George Hosmer was born at Sudbury, Mass., Dec. 20, 1858, of American parentage. He came to Boston when very young, and worked as a bundle boy for William Murray & Son of Charlestown, where he remained for two years.

He moved to the west end where he entered the employ of S. S. Higgins, a butcher, and it was during this time that Hosmer took up rowing. Later in life he was given the sobriquet of the "Butcher Boy."

He made frequent visits to the boating establishment of Thomas and James Butler, near Craigie bridge, and developed rapidly under their experienced eyes. The Butlers were crack oarsmn in their days.

Hosmer made his first appearance on the Charles river in a two-mile working boat race and showed so much speed that he was matched to row John Brown of Worcester in 1877, and came out as a full-fledged professional.

His race with Brown was for $250, which he won.

Dan Driscoll of Lowell was next matched against him for $400 and Hosmer beat him over the three-mile course on the Charles river. Driscoll asked for a second match over the same course, and was again defeated.

Hosmer's fame spread so rapidly that he next took on Mike Davis of Portland, one of America's fastest men, who won on a foul. Hosmer tried hard to get a return match, but was unable to do so.

He joined the world-famed Faulkner-Regan four-oared shell crew in 1878, composed of Patsy Regan, stroke, Hosmer 3, Paddy McGahey 2, George Faulkner bow. George Faulkner said Hosmer's presence in the boat made the crew a city half a minute faster for three miles. They beat the M. F. Davis crew, the John Biglin crew of New York and the Longshoremen crew of Portland in a race at Silver Lake that summer. On July 4, the same year, they again won first in the city regatta, $300 being the prize, distance four miles. About the same crews competed. He then took up single sculling again, and as a result of a visit to Canada he won $2100 in prizes in various regattas, defeating Pat Luther, Harry Coulter, William McCann, Jack Hanlan, Robert Berry, James H. Riley and others, and was beaten only by Ed. Hanlan, who was then the world's champion.

His next match race was during the season of 1878, at Burlington beach, Can., where he beat Frenchy Johnson, the famous colored sculler, for a $500 purse. On his return to Boston he challenged all New England, but got no match.

In 1877 he went to England and was defeated in a race with Laycock, the Australian champion for $1000. In 1891 Hosmer coached the Passaic boat club of Newark, N. J., and the crew won the cup offered by the New York Herald in record time.

July 4 of that year he won the Boston city regatta, and made the record for three miles, 20m. 5s.

Following this he rowed races at Lake Quinsigamond, and also two days' racing at Erie, Penn. He was beaten by the late William O'Connor, at the latter place.

The next day Hanlan and O'Connor in doubles defeated Gaudaur and Hosmer. Teemer was to be Hosmer's partner for this race, but he was not in condition, so Gaudaur was telegraphed for and he came on without any training.

A double-scull match between these two crews followed, and was rowed at Charlotte, N. Y. Gaudaur got himself in good condition for this race, when Hosmer and his partner had no trouble in beating Hanlan and O'Connor.

There was considerable bickering going on after this race, and it resulted in a double-scull match for $2000 a side and the championship of the world. The race took place at Orillia, Can., Oct. 15. There was an immense crowd, and feeling ran high, as O'Connor and Hanlan were great favorites among the Canadians. Gaudaur and Hosmer won easily with eighth lengths in hand, and more if they were pushed.

With the racing over, Hosmer went to England with his brother-in-law, John Carr. Soon after arriving a match was made with George Bubear for the championship of England and $2000 a side, and also the Sportsman's challenge cup. Bubear won.

On Hosmer's return he was matched to row Jim Ten Eyck for the New England championship, but, owing to poor condition, he forfeited. Although he tried hard to regain his old form, he was forced to quit.

Hosmer when in his palmy days rowed at 155 pounds, and stood 5 feet 8½ inches.

He was champion walker of New England for several years at any distance up to 50 miles.

INTEREST BEGINS MONTHLY

This is the exceptional advantage enjoyed by depositors in the Savings Department of the Traders' National bank, and all money received before 9 a. m., Saturday, Sept. 1, 1900, will

DRAW INTEREST for SEPTEMBER

at a rate of 4 per cent. per annum, compounding semi-annually.

The banking hours on Saturday are intended to accommodate workingmen and others, the bank being open continuously from 8 a. m. to 1 p. m., and arrangements are made to handle the large amount of business offered during the evening hours, from 7 to 9, so that little or no delay is caused in serving the public.

The Traders National Bank

Transacts a general banking business.

Issues foreign exchange, payable in all parts of the world, in English, French, German and Swedish money.

Furnishes safety deposit boxes, with private coupon rooms.

Pays, in its savings department, 4 per cent. per annum, compounded semi-annually, interest beginning monthly.

Has a section of banking rooms exclusively for ladies.

Is a depository of the United States and Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

Banking hours—8 a. m. to 4 p. m.; Saturday, 8 a. m. to 1 p. m.; 7 to 9 p. m.

Banking rooms—30 to 38 Middlesex street and 11 to 21 Post Office square.

MOB KILLED MANY

In Akron, O. and Dynamited City Buildings

Fearful Result of an Attempt to Lynch a Negro for Assault on a Girl—City Records Lost

By Associated Press to The Sun.

AKRON, Ohio, Aug. 23.—A determined effort was made last night to lynch Louis Peck, a negro, accused of an attempt to assault the 6 year old daughter of Theodore Maus and as a result a number of people have already been killed and injured. So far as known the dead and injured are: Glen Wade, aged 10, shot through the heart; John M. Davidson's four year old child, shot dead in a baby cab. Fred V. Orwick, aged 25 years, is badly wounded with buckshot and is now dying at the hospital. A man named Mull was shot in the head and also in one of his legs. Another man whose name could not be learned, but who is a driver for the American Express company was shot in the leg. It is also said that several police officers are wounded.

LIST OF THE CASUALTIES.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

AKRON, Ohio, Aug. 23.—Thousands of people came to this city today to see the ruins of the buildings destroyed by the mob last night. The city hall has been totally ruined by dynamite and fire. Company C, Eighth regiment, of Canton, has arrived and the fourth regiment from Columbus is momentarily expected. There has been no further rioting today.

Following is a revised list of the dead and wounded:

KILLED.

Glen Wade, aged 11 years, son of Lillian Wade, shot through the heart.

Rhoda Davidson, aged 4 yrs., daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Davidson, shot through the brain.

FATALLY WOUNDED.

Fred Vorwek, buckshot wound in abdomen.

INJURED.

W. H. Dussel, flesh wound in leg.

Park Strair, flesh wound in leg.

John E. Washer, scalp wound from brick.

Arthur E. Sprague, teamster, scalp wound.

John Abren, painter, flesh wound.

A. E. Chendoskl, flesh wound, hand.

Albert Grant, flesh wound below knee.

Frank Sours, flesh wound in hand.

Fireman L. Manchester, flesh wound in cheek and neck.

Fireman W. H. Roepke, flesh wound in neck.

Foreman Miner Fritz, flesh wound in cheek.

Fireman David Phillips, flesh wound in cheek.

Fireman John Dehlous, flesh wound in leg.

Fireman A. Eberly, flesh wound in breast.

Policeman Alva G. Greenlesse, struck over the heart with a brick, serious.

Policeman John King, struck on knee with a brick.

Detective Edward Dunn, struck on the back with a brick.

Albert Stevens, shot in foot.

Chief of Police Harrison has left the city and his whereabouts is unknown. He is suffering from a severe nervous shock.

Officer A. G. Greenlesse has been appointed by Mayor Young as acting chief.

Mayor Young this morning issued a proclamation closing all saloons until further orders.

At 6 this morning everything was quiet about the ruins of the city building. In the destruction of the building the city has lost all the records of the city clerk, and also the records of the city engineer. City Engineer Payne said that the loss in his department will be fully a half million, while the total loss is enormous. The automobile patrol wagon has been run into the canal. It is feared more trouble is to follow as threats are being made against Mayor Young and Chief of Police Harrison.

A CORKING BLOW

Farrillo Lands Heavily on Polos' Eye

Little Child Badly Injured by Being Struck by a Stone—Other Cases Heard inPolice Court Today

If Bob Fitzsimmons ever lands such a blow as Stephen Polos says Philip H. Farrillo landed on his (Polos') eyebrow, Tom Sharkey's finish will come quick tomorrow night.

Polos, who keeps a store on East Merrimack street, went before Judge Hadley this morning and exhibited the prettiest mourning eye you ever saw. Near the eyebrow was a bad cut which had been dressed by a physician.

"Farrillo did it all with one strike," said Polos in explaining the assault to Judge Hadley.

It seems that Polos is jealous of Farrillo. The latter has a store near Polos', who is a shoemaker by trade, and also kept confectionery. Farrillo is in the cigar business and he did so well that Polos thought he would try the tobacco business, so as he put it, he put in a few brands. Since then there has been trouble and the men looked hard at each other. Polos went to a wedding in Lawrence Sunday and in the door of his store in East Merrimack street he placed a sign which read "This store is closed today but I will come back tomorrow."

He did not come back till Monday afternoon and then with his wife and six children went to his store. Farrillo claims that Polos came back twice to his store, and each time gave a pretty good imitation of the cakewalk.

"I never did it," shouted Polos, "I'm no sport."

Then it is charged Polos made faces at Farrillo's wife, and to cap the climax he went and bought a half dozen eggs which eventually were broken on Farrillo's vest. It was then that Farrillo landed the famous blow and the appearance of Polos' eye is sufficient evidence that it is a corker.

The following first offenders were fined $2 each: James J. Murphy, Jeremiah Murray.

Nelson Gabrette who was continued yesterday on a charge of drunkenness was sent to jail for fifteen days.

George F. Dalle was sent to the state farm. He acknowledged being a vagrant and having no home or visible means of support.

He was sent to the reformatory August 2, 1898, on a charge of breaking and entering and has been out only a short time since his release, he has been sleeping in barns.

Thomas Duffy pleaded guilty to drunkenness. There are two men by that name on the police records, one of whom has been arrested twice and the other only once; so the police were puzzled to know whether the prisoner should be charged with a second or third offense of drunkenness. He was fined $6.

Mary Dwyer was charged with assault and battery on Alden Roy, a child of two years. The little one was in court with her mother and her nose was plastered up where she had received a bad cut from a stone alleged to have been thrown by the defendant. The parties live at 42 Rock street and the witnesses for the prosecution said that yesterday afternoon a little girl who was present in court and testified, was sweeping in the yard and the Dwyer woman claimed she was sweeping the dirt into her yard. These witnesses said that the defendant took a tin can and threw it towards them. Then she threw two stones, the second of which had a sharp edge and hit the little child on the bridge of the nose.

The defendant denied having thrown the stone and said that the stones were thrown at her and that the parties had called her names.

The judge wanted to know the effect of the wound and postponed disposition of the case till this afternoon when he will hear Dr. Lavigne who dressed the wound.

Samuel Cohen, did not display the number of his license on his hat when he was collecting junk this morning so Officer Holland arrested him and he was fined $5.

FUNERALS

RYAN—The funeral of Michael Ryan took place yesterday afternoon from the home of his parents, 76 Fenwick street. Burial was in the Catholic cemetery. Undertaker C. H. Molloy had charge.

SAWYER—The funeral of Della M., wife of George F. Sawyer, took place yesterday afternoon from her late residence, 13 Puffer street, and was largely attended. Rev. Lorin Dexter officiated. The bearers were F. Ware, F. Maurice, George Fleming, and J. Hopkinson. Interment was in the Edson cemetery, under direction of J. W. Brooks. Among the costly floral tributes was a large standing wreath of choice flowers on a base from the clerks in the freight house of the "Old Colony" railroad, where the husband of the deceased is employed. There was also a large wreath with the inscription in blue immortelles: "Sister" and several sprays, baskets and bouquets.

Boys' Waists and Blouses, 18c, at Steele's.

DEATHS

MURPHY—Mary Murphy, aged 2 days, died at the home of her parents, Arthur and Sadie, 229 Adams street yesterday.

LEBELLE—In this city yesterday at the home of parents, 34 Fulton street, occurred the death of Ulderic Lebelle, aged 1 month, 7 days.

DEERING—Edward L. Deering, aged 2 years and 7 months, died this morning at the Lowell hospital of diphtheria. He was the son of John and Catherine Deering. Funeral this afternoon. Interment in the Catholic cemetery in charge of Undertaker Savage.

McDONALD—William, the infant son of Angus and Mabel McDonald, died this morning at the home of the parents, 49 Willie street.

HAGGERTY—Mrs. Hannah Haggerty, aged 81 years, died early this morning at St. John's hospital.

Men's Fad Overcoats, half price, at Steele's.

From Yesterday's Late Editions.

SISTER SUPERIOR

Of Lawrence Selected for High Office

WILL PRESIDE OVER THE TRINITY COLLEGE

For Women at the National Capital

The Sister Superior Lidwin of St. Mary's convent of Lawrence, well-known in Lowell, has been apointed to preside over the sisters of Notre Dame, in charge of the new Trinity college at Washington, D. S. This college is the leading Roman Catholic educational institution in the United States, and has just been erected. The architecture of the building is said to be an embellishment to the national seat of government. The Sister Superior has been stationed in Lawrence for four years and has ably directed the affairs of the convent, making her loss severely felt in that city. She will leave in about two weeks to take charge, the college beginning its career next month.

CHINESE WAR NEWS

ALLIES FIGHTING NEAR TIEN TSIN

By Associated Press to The Sun.

LONDON, Aug. 22—"The allies were fighting the Chinese outside Tien-Tsin, Aug. 19," so Rear Admiral Bruce wires to the British admiralty from Taku, under date of Aug. 20, adding that the engagement was reported to have occurred six miles south of Tien-Tsin.

Admiral Bruce also sent a despatch dated Pekin, Aug. 17, from the general officer commanding there, in which nothing is said as to the situation at Pekin.

It gives a partial list of the British casualties during the siege of the legations, including Captain Barnard Strouts, who died of wounds and regrets that "owing to the heavy road and forced march the naval brigade was unable to participate in the entry" adding that the "way they brought their guns by boat and road from Ten-Tsin is an achievement of which they may be proud."

An official despatch from Tien-Tsin, dated Aug. 20, and received at Tokio, repeats that the Japanese occupied the imperial palace at Pekin Aug. 16, and says that about Aug. 12 the Dowager Empress and the Emperor and ministers left Pekin with three thousand troops, their destination, it is supposed, being Sian-Fu. Pekin, it is added, being is great confusion, was divided into several districts.

BATTLE OF TIEN TSIN ENDED AUG. 17TH.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

ROME, Aug. 22.—Dispatches received here from Taku, under date of August 20, says that according to advices from a Japanese source, dated August 17, the battle of Pekin was then finished, the Japanese had entered the imperial palace and the foreign ministers with detachments of the allied troops occupied the imperial city, the Chinese princes and ministers having retired to Sian (?), (Sian-Fu), west of Pekin.

Field Marshal Count Von Waldersee, the German officer who is going to the far east in order to take command of the allied forces in China, with the three officers accompanying him, breakfasted with King Victor Emmanuel this morning after which the field marshal went to the Pantheon and deposited a wreath on the tomb of King Humbert.

The field marshal left Rome at 2.20 p.m., for Naples, where he will embark for China.

THE MISSIONARIES ARE SAVED

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BOSTON, Aug. 22.—The American board of commissioners for foreign missions received today a cablegram from Che-Foo as follows:

"Psalms, one twenty four, seven: Pekin and Tung-Chow missionaries, also Chapins, Smiths, Wycoffs saved."

The Pekin missionaries are: Rev. W. S. Ament, Rev. C. E. Ewing, wife and two children; Miss Ada Haven, Miss Nellie Russell, Mrs. J. L. Mateer.

The Tung-Chow missionaries who had taken refuge at Pekin are: Miss Mary E. Andrews, Miss Jane C. Evans, Miss Abbie G. Chapin, Rev. Chauncey Goodrich, D. D., wife and three children; Jame H. Ingram, M. D., wife and two children; Miss Luella Miner, Rev. E. G. Tewksbury, wife and two children; Rev. Howard S. Galt and wife.

The Pang Chuang missionaries who were at the annual meeting and took refuge at Pekin are: Rev. Arthur H. Smith and wife, the Misses E. Gertrude and H. Grace Wycoff.

Lin-Ching missionaries under the same condition are, Rev. F. M. Chapin, wife and two children.

The passage of Scripture alluded to above is:

"Our soul is escaped as a bird out of the snare of the fowlers: the snare is broken, and we have escaped."

MINISTER CONGER TO COME HOME

By Associated Press to The Sun.

NEW YORK, Aug. 22.—A despatch from Washington says:

"The war department sent General Chaffee a cablegram of four words, late this afternoon which practically takes things out of Minister Conger's hands and puts General Chaffee in the position of the utmost responsibility.

The message said:

"Report operations, situation, requirements."

There is no intention of depreciating Minister Conger; the government has the liveliest sense of gratitude for him; but it is not deemed expedient to act on his despatches because after his terrible experience, he is naturally blasé, and because he needs and deserves a rest.

It is proposed to have Mr. Conger come home at the first opportunity to enjoy a long period of rest and recuperation. His advice can be as valuable to the government here as his presence in China. It is a practical certainty that he will not be named as the representative of this government to negotiate with Earl Li for the establishment of peace.

HUNTINGTON'S WILL.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

NEW YORK, Aug. 22.—The will of the late Collis P. Huntington, will not be made public today, according to the statement of Charles H. Tweed of the Southern Pacific company, and the legal adviser of the late financier.

ALL WILL STRIKE

Every Union Man to be Called Out

PLUMBERS ARE ALREADY ORDERED OUT

Labor Intends to Show Its Strength

By Associated Press to The Sun.

CHICAGO, Aug. 22—Unless the plans of the leaders miscarry, every union man connected with the building trades council will be called out on a strike before labor day.

The plumbers have already been ordered out and it is the intention that all other unions whose men are working shall follow suit.

Owing to increased activity in the building trades within the last few days many union men have been put to work, in some places with the consent of the business agents, and it is the purpose of the unions to stop the work wherever the bosses believed that they had won a victory, and to show them that the labor organizations are still in the field. The business agent of one of the largest unions in the building trades said:

"The contractors have come to believe that it is comparatively easy sailing for them now, and accordingly, have been undertaking some large jobs with the idea there would be no further trouble from the unions. They will find to their disgust that many of the men whom they supposed to be non-union men have become members of the unions and they will simply be unable to do any work. It is the only thing that is left for the union is unless they propose to give up the fight. The idea of helping the contractors along in their jobs has been a mistake which is generally recognized now, and they will find there is a lot of fight left among the men yet."

GILBERT P. MORTON

A VETERAN OF THE SEPOY REBELLION.

Gilbert P. Morton of 6 Stackpole street is the only Lowell man who was at the siege of Lucknow during the Sepoy rebellion in India. He is janitor of Odd Fellows block and is slightly lame as a result of being struck in the knees by a piece of shell during the attack on Lucknow. He was also in the attack on Delhi when 101 guns were playing on the city for four weeks. In the hand to hand fighting which came at this city, Mr. Morton got wounded in the head and on the left arm from sword strokes. The scars still remain. He served nearly 11 years in the British army and is a member of the British Veteran association.

PECK'S DENIAL

That He Violated the Constitution

By Associated Press to The Sun.

PARIS, Aug. 22.—Regarding the accusation that he violated the constitution in accepting the decoration of Grand Officer of the Legion of Honor, tendered him in behalf of the French nation, Mr. Ferdinand W. Peck, the commissioner-general of the United States at the Paris exposition, said today:

"I was especially careful not to make a formal acceptance of the same when presented to me by M. Deaunay Belleville (director-general of the exposition) in behalf of President Loubet. I stated to him that I had not examined the laws of the United States on the subject and that while greatly appreciating the honor, I could not make a formal acceptance at the present time."

Mr. Peck has received the decoration, possession of which he still holds pending advices from Washington.

FALL RIVER TAX RATE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

FALL RIVER, Mass., Aug. 22.—Fall River's tax rate is $17.80 per thousand, the same as 1898 and 1899. The total valuation is $75,665,411, an increase of $1,663,894 in a year. There are 27,904 polls against 26,550 in 1899.

HEAVY TRAFFIC

Warned Off the Pawtucket Bridge

STREET CAR SERVICE TO BE INTERRUPTED

Mayor's Order Gone Into Effect

As stated in yesterday's Sun, the mayor has issued an order to the effect that the Pawtucket bridge was unsafe for heavy traffic. The bridge is now closed to such traffic by day and all traffic by night.

Drivers were warned several days ago not to drive across the bridge faster than a walk. Many of them disregarded it purposely to prove to their own satisfaction that the bridge was all right. The bridge is now guarded by city employes.

There was a conference on Monday afternoon attended by the city engineer, the engineer of the Locks and Canals, and the city solicitor, the latter returning from his vacation for the purpose. It resulted in a recommendation to the mayor that the bridge be closed as directed and Mayor Crowley issued the following notice to the superintendent of streets:

"The Pawtucket bridge having been considered unsafe by the city engineer, I hereby order you to place a man at each end of the bridge to see that no electric cars cross the same, and that loaded teams be restricted to one at a time on one span of the bridge; all other teams to cross the bridge no faster than a walk, and that the bridge be closed to all teams from seven o'clock at night to six in the morning."

Unless the railroad is allowed to run a barge across the bridge, passengers will be required to walk across it, taking other cars on the opposite side. With careful use the bridge will be safe for some time to come. Under the treatment it was receiving, the bottom bid fair to fall out whenever a heavily loaded car and a heavy wagon both got upon the span at the same time.

There are three things the mater with the bridge. In the first place, the floor timbers are held on small brackets now considerably bent. In the second, four rivets is all that prevents a section from falling into the river. In the third, the upper and lower trusses are not connected and that is a source of weakness.

If a section fall out of the bridge it would go so completely that nothing would be left but the structure above, and that would do you no good unless you happened to be hanging there at the time. The city engineer has plans to prove everyone of the weaknesses. The investigation has been a careful one.

It was intended originally to put a new floor on the bridge. The engineer in charge found that the planks were resting upon timbers that were in turn supported in a manner not up to the requirements of today. But more than this, the supports themselves were giving away. This led to a more careful examination of the bridge, and it was discovered that the sections were held in place by only four rivets, which have become weakened by the strain of years. The bridge has a heavy upper cord, but the under cord is very poor and it is the latter that sustains the floor.

If the trusses were all right the new floor could be put in all right, but it was not the case. It is easy enough to say that the bridge is all right. Should an accident occur, the city would be held liable, and her officials might be charged with criminal neglect.

TREASURER HAMMOND DEAD.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WORCESTER, Mass., Aug. 22—Timothy W. Hammond, for years treasurer of the Worcester & Nashua railroad corporation, died at his home early this morning, aged 86 years. He leaves one son, Benjamin T. Hammond, a teacher of singing.

CHOLERA RAGING.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Washington, Aug. 22.—United States Consul Fee, at Bombay, reports to the state department that cholera is raging there.

JOHNSON'S 25 PILLS, 10 CENTS KIDNEY PILLS POSITIVELY GUARANTEED

THEY CURE! NOT SIMPLY RELIEVE.

" * * * Oh, what a blessing your Kidney Pills have been to me. I could not straighten up for a year, and walking nearly killed me. Now I could run a foot-race, and when I see a man humping along, I tell him to get a box of Johnson's Kidney Pills and get well." J.H. JONES, Canton, Ohio.

VEST POCKET SIZE.

25 PILLS 10 CENTS.

Superior to any high-priced remedy. By mail, on receipt of five 2-cent stamps.

Some People

Stand in their own light when the opportunity for self help is right at hand.

There's not another store in New England where you can dress yourself and your family so comfortably and let credit take the place of cash when you need your money; mind you, all the credit and terms exactly as you want them.

Down go the Prices—The Final Cut.

These prices hold good until the last summer garment is sold

All our Shirt Waists divided into 4 lots for quick selling, now at 19c, 23c, 48, and 69c. Used to be 48c to $2.98.

STYLISH WEARING APPAREL for Men, Women and Children.

Men's $3.00 Shoes We Warrant Them.

Caesar Misch CASH OR CREDIT

78 Middlesex Street, Odd Fellows' Block,

A. STRAUSS, Manager.

WIRE CONDUITS

On Rogers Street to be Extended to Woburn

The New England Telephone company has commenced the work of laying their wires under ground on Roger street from High to Nesmith street. Philip Commons has a number of teams carting sand and the other materials necessary for the work. It is expected that the conduit now being laid will in the near future be extended to Woburn.

A NOTED PIANIST

Miss Wilcox Before Educational Club

The Educational club met at their rooms, 23 Worthen street yesterday afternoon. Topics of the day were discussed.

The club enjoyed the rare treat of hearing Miss Gertrude Mae Wilcox, the popular young pianist, from the west, who is having such remarkable success here. Yesterday she rendered Leybach's polanaise, opus 31, with skill and expression. The club demanded an encore and she played for them the beautiful selection entitled "Souvenir," by N. Von Wilm, opus 167.

ITALIAN DETECTIVES

COMING HERE TO FERRET OUT ANARCHIST SCHEMES.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

NEW YORK, Aug. 22—A staff of Italian detectives will be sent to this country according to a telegram from Rome. With the assent of the American authorities a special body of thirty secret police agents, all picked men, will be sent to operate in the centres here, where Italians abound. They will be under the command of an inspector who will have his headquarters in New York. The foreign budget appropriates $30,000 for this secret service.

WANTS REDRESS

NEGRO APPEALS TO THE BRITISH CONSUL.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

NEW YORK, Aug. 22.—Alfred A. Aikens, a negro, has appealed to the British consul-general for redress for having been beaten, he alleges, by roughs during the recent race riots here. He is a palace car porter on the New York, New Haven & Hartford road. He makes affidavit that he was born in Jamaica, West Indies, and is a British subject. C. Olive Bayly, acting British consul general will investigate the case.

NOT KNOWN THERE.

At the rooms of the Y. W. C. A. nothing is known of Mrs. Nellie Parker or Mrs. Charles Roberts of Lowell, who, it is reported, were murdered in China by the Boxers.

FAST STEPPER FOR LOWELL.

Dr. W. J. Beattie of Littleton, N. H., has sold his fine mare, Allopathic, to Walter Parker of this city.

CANAL PROJECT DENOUNCED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

CHICAGO, Aug. 22—The great project of uniting the waters of the Atlantic and Pacific oceans by the construction of an isthmian canal was vigorously denounced here at a banquet given by the National association of merchants and travelers. The speaker was J. C. Stubbs, vice-president of the Southern Pacific railroad.

IT'S A DAUGHTER.

Mr. Patrick Gallagher of 17 Cady street member of the stone masons' union is rejoicing on the birth of a 13 pound daughter last night.

SUSPICIOUS CASE

REPORTED AT POLICE STATION THIS MORNING.

Two women called at the police station this morning and reported that a man on the Massachusetts corporation was suffering from small-pox.

Inspector Bates of the health department made an investigation, but the man was not suffering from small-pox or any indications of it.

HAND SCALDED.

Matron Wallace of the police station had her hand badly scalded yesterday, requiring the attention of a physician.

UNITED WORKMEN.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

HALIFAX, N. S., Aug. 22.—The annual meeting of the Grand Lodge for Quebec and the Maritime provinces of the Ancient Order of United Workmen, opened here this morning with an attendance of about 100 delegates including about seventy from Montreal. The business at this morning's session was all routine.

LAKEVIEW PARK

Lowell's Popular Summer Day Resort

Bowling, Fishing, Boating, Swings, Carousal, Concerts, Fireworks, Aquatic Sports.

Rare Collection of Birds and Beasts from all Climes.

The D. L. Page Company will have entire charge of the Dining Pavilion.

Special Attention to Dinner and Picnic Parties Dance Music by Hibbard's Orchestra

Lakeview Theatre

One Week Commencing Mon., Aug. 20

THE ELITE VAUDEVILLE STARS

GEORGE AND NETTIE GORMAN, Character Sketch Artists, Coon Shouters, and Novelty Dancers.
BILLY CARTER, Banjo Comedian, Story Teller and Humorist.
DELMORE & WILSON, In an up-to-date Novelty Act.
CARLOTTA DELMER, American Greatest Lady Trick Cyclist.
AND OTHERS.

Two Performances Daily. Afternoon and Evening.

PERSONAL.

Mr. H. A. Toupin, the druggist, is in Montreal.

Miss Rafter, clerk at the board of health office, is on her vacation.

Miss Nelida Cote of Moody street is visiting in Maine.

Miss Julia A. Bixby of Lowell is the guest of relatives at Litchfield, N. H.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles C. Swan are at the Ocean View house, Juniper Point.

Mr. George Blood of Fletcher street is spending his vacation with friends at the Weirs.

Miss Nellie Fox of Manchester, Conn., is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. F. S. Pearson of 59 London street.

Allan Fraser is visiting relatives at his old home at Dundee Centre, Quebec.

Mrs. Charles R. Daoust and her three children and her sister, Miss Yvonne Montmarquet, are in Montreal.

Mr. and Mrs. Camille Roussin are enjoying their vacation in Fall River and New York.

Mrs. George W. Hobson of East Merrimack street has gone to Saco, Maine, for two weeks.

Mrs. E. F. Hunt and daughter, of the Highlands, have just returned from a visit to Bath, Maine.

Mr. Robert Clements of the American Bolt company, has returned from a trip to the Provinces.

The Lowell people who registered at New York hotels yesterday included, I. B. Mulligan, Hoffman; H. Manyan, G. A. Taylor, Metropolitan.

Mr. and Mrs. Peter W. Reilly left yesterday for the Maritime Provinces. They will make their headquarters at Halifax, N. S.

Dr. Frost of Boston and Miss Munn and Miss Newell of Lowell are guests of Henry Brown and are at the Gamash cottage at Sunapee lake, N. H.

Messrs. Stephen Rochette, J. C. Manseau, Albert and Octavien O'Heir left Lowell Monday for Weirs, N. H., where they will spend three weeks.

Miss Minnie J. Whelton, clerk at Lavery's bakery, is spending her vacation at Crescent beach. She is registered at the Metropolitan.

Miss Edith B. Giles, bookkeeper for the firm of Rutland & Smith, left yesterday for a two weeks' vacation to be spent in Auburn, Me.

Mr. Charles S. Copeland and Miss Gertrude Copeland of School street are spending their vacation at West Burke, Vt.

Mrs. Stafford, wife of Councilman E. B. Stafford of Pawtucketville will spend the next three weeks at the mountains.

Mr. and Mrs. John Sledge and their daughter, Miss Florence, of Providence, R. I., are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. George W. Davis of Greenwood street.

Mrs. E. J. Hayden, Miss Louie and baby Richard have gone to West Buxton, Me., for a three weeks' visit with Mr. and Mrs. Dudley Davis, parents of Mrs. Hayden.

Paul W. Abbott has resumed his business at the Lowell Machine shop after a vacation of two weeks, spent at Natick, Mass. He made the return trip on his wheel, reporting the roads very bad from the recent rains.

Mr. and Mrs E. C. Bradford will spend the next four weeks visiting friends and relatives at her old home in New Brunswick and the northern part of Maine. They will take with them their tandem and they expect to make a grand tour of that part of the country.

John H. Hogan and John Watson of the Merrimack will leave Saturday for Chicago, taking advantage of the Grand Army encampment excursion rates. They will visit St. Louis before returning.

Harry R. Sprague of the Highlands, is spending a two weeks' vacation in the Old Pine Tree State. He is visiting in Pittsfield and Newport, making extended trips into the adjacent towns on his wheel.

Mr. Horace E. Moody of the Lowell Bleachery has returned from a delightful sojourn at Old Orchard beach.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward Drewett left yesterday for a two weeks' vacation at Revere beach.

Mr. and Mrs. O. A. Gelino of Royal street are visiting Montreal and later on they will go by the St. Lawrence river to Quebec. After several days in that city they will go to Lake Champlain, N. Y., where their daughters, the Misses Florence and Annabel Gelino are summering.

—CANDY—

ESCULETTS

CURE PILES

and all rectal disorders, or money refunded. Pleasant. No Physic. A radical cure, 50c at

Goodale's Drug Store, Joseph W. Litch, Albert L. Field, A. F. Story & Co., Carter & Sherburn, Geo. C. Osgood, M.D., O. L. Field, Falls & Berkinshaw, East Merrimack Drug Store. Harry L. Timmons, C. E. Carter, Harrison Lake.

ROOFING AND CONCRETING.

Now is the time to stop the leaks in your roof. Estimates on roofing and concreting cheerfully furnished. All work guaranteed. Telephone 208-4.

JAMES WALSH, 176 Highland Ave Lowell.

TAYLOR ROOFING CO.

Now is the time when patrons can get a low figure. Be sure and get their prices on your job. Gravel roofing done in the best possible manner. All work warranted. Taylor Roofing Co., 110 Humphrey street. Telephone.

.. FOR ..

Preserving Time

MASON JARS

Pints, 49c doz.
Quarts, 59c doz.
Half Gal., 73c doz.
Jelly Tumblers, 29c doz.
Lightning Jars, Stone Jars and all kinds of Preserving Kettles at bottom prices.

O'BRIEN BROS.

Tea Dealers,

FISKE BUILDING,

227 Central St. Tel. Con.

$4,500 REWARD

For Arrest of Miss Fosburg's Assailant

CITIZENS GIVE UP THE CHASE

Many Suspects Arrested Have Been Released

By Associated Press to The Sun.

PITTSFIELD, Mass., Aug. 22.—This city and vicinity assumed something like the usual quiet this forenoon, after two days and two nights of fruitless search in the villages and hills of Berkshire for the burglars who invaded the residence of R. L. Fosburg last Monday morning and shot his eldest daughter. While the search was continued today in all sections of the country, most of the civilians have returned to their homes, leaving the hunt in the hands of the sheriffs and constables.

It was reported that Mr. Fosburg will add $1500 to the reward offered by the city of Pittsfield for the capture of the burglars. It is also understood that a relative of the Fosburg family will add another $1500 to the reward, making the total $4500. The many suspects arrested, most of whom are tramps, are being released, as there is no ground for holding any of them.

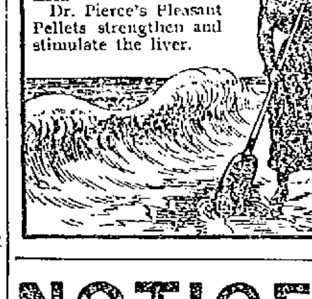
The funeral of Miss May Fosburg was held just before noon today at the family residence and the attendance was large. Rev. Dr. Holmes of Buffalo officiated. He was assisted by Rev. Raymond Calkins, pastor of the Pilgrim church of this city.

It's Time Wasted

And strength wasted, to try to push back the rising tide with a broom. It's just as great a waste of time and a far more serious waste of strength to try to push back the rising tide of disease with the "nervines," "compounds" and "nerve foods" which simply drug the nerves into a drunken stupor. They make you feel good? So does whisky, while the feeling lasts, but the reaction is dangerous and deadly. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery is a temperance medicine. It contains no alcohol, opium, cocaine or other narcotic. It strengthens the body by purifying the blood and increasing the supply of that vital fluid. It heals diseases of the stomach and organs of digestion and nutrition and thus removes the obstacles to a perfect nourishment of the whole body.

"Six years ago my stomach and heart troubled me so much I had to do something, as the doctors could not help me," writes Mrs. S. A. Knapp, of San Jose, California, Box 591. "I went to San Francisco and had treatment for catarrh of the stomach and was better for some time, then it came back. I then used Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and 'Pleasant Pellets.' These medicines cured my stomach. I do not have the pain and indigestion as I did. It is very hard for me to tell you what I suffered before I commenced taking your valuable medicine. I recommend it to all the sufferers whom I meet."

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets strengthen and stimulate the liver.



NOTICE!

We will mark down all meats at 6.30 every evening at half prices.

Vegetables

Fresh every day from Sunnyside farm. Potatoes are on the drop.

Choice Poultry

Fowls	12c.
Chickens	15c.

We receive Creamery Butter every Tuesday. 5, 10, 20, 30, 50 and 60 lb. tubs.

Beef on the Drop

Ribs cut	10c.
Good roast	7c. and 8c.

Smoked Goods

Best Hams	11½c.
Smoked Shoulders	9c.
Bacon	12c.

Canned Goods

Corn Beef	4c to 8c.
Beef Tongue	15c.
Salt Pork	8c.
Salt Ribs	7½c.

Don't forget our large grocery department.

BANNER MARKET

Grocery and Butter House,

68 to 74 Prescott St.

OPEN EVENINGS ....Tel. 29-3.

IF YOU LOOK IN OUR WINDOWS

You will find that we keep the best Stock of Jewelry in the city of Lowell.

Our Prices will suit you.

J. A. LEGAULT & CO.,

Reliable Jewelers,

70 Central St., cor. Prescott.

Peter J. Brady, GROCER, NEW STORE.

Cor. Gorham and South Highland Sts.

Choice Teas, Coffees and Spices

Try our new brands of Flour, the best in the city. "The King Arthur," "Crown of Gold," and "Banquet."

SYRUP OF FIGS

Acts Pleasantly and Promptly.

Cleanses the System Gently and Effectually when bilious or costive.

Presents in the most acceptable form the laxative principles of plants known to act most beneficially.

TO GET ITS BENEFICIAL EFFECTS

BUY THE GENUINE — MANF'D. BY CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL. LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N.Y.

For sale by druggists – price 50¢ per bottle.

Nicholas G. Norcross

...INSURANCE...

53 Central St., Lowell.

JOHN W. McEVOY

Counsellor-at-Law And Public Administrator.

137 Central Street. Tel. 639-1

NO MAN

gets along in this world by staying in a rut. You must move or be pushed. Have some snank and wear the most stylish, best fitting, best wearing shoes "Conkenta" St. Lowell made. For sale only by

GEO. E. MONGEAU

462 Merrimack St.

If You Find Anything

advertise in The Sun and the owner will reward you.

BUILDING SITES —ON THE— EMERY LAND

New plot of land on the east side of Moody street now ready. There are some very choice lots in this plot of land, first come, first choice. Places, prices and terms at the office.

Low Prices. Easy Terms. Warranty Deeds.

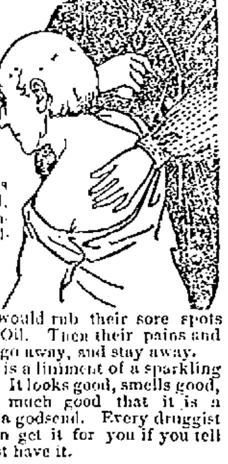
Office open forenoons and evenings. On the land every afternoon. A. J. Ryan, Agent, 3 Hildreth building.

W. A. LEW. 49 John St.

CLOTHING CLEANED DYED AND PRESSED

Omega Oil

Oh, dear me, how much terrible suffering there is in this world! Nearly everybody has a pain or ache somewhere. Grandpa and grandma have got stiff joints and rheumatism. Father's back hurts him. Mother has a lame shoulder. Little Mary has sore throat, and Johnny hurt his leg playing with the Smith children. The cook has neuralgia, and the hired man sprained his ankle yesterday. And every one in the family has sore, tired, aching, itching, bad-smelling feet. I wish more people who suffer like this family would rub their sore spots with Omega Oil. Then their pains and aches would go away, and stay away.

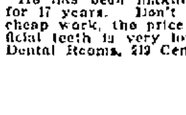


Omega Oil is a liniment of a sparkling green color. It looks good, smells good, and does so much good that it is a blessing and a godsend. Every druggist sells it, or can get it for you if you tell him you must have it.

"Omega Oil is a god-sent blessing to all suffering humanity. I tried it on my mother who has aid paralyzed for over two years and could not move her limbs. I only rubbed her twice and it has taken all the swelling out of her limbs and she can move them and the soreness is all gone. I also rubbed some on my head for neuralgia, and it cured me. One of my neighbors had a wen on her wrist and I rubbed it once and it took it all away without any pain. My horse had a very sore back and we had tried all that we knew, but all did no good, but one application of Omega Oil has cured it." Rev. W. W. WILLSON, Franktown, Va. 729

If You Have a Tenement To Let

advertise in The Sun and you will have your choice of tenants.



TEETH

If you think of having a new set made, see Dr. Simmons.

He has been making teeth in Lowell for 17 years. Don't waste money on cheap work, the price for the best artificial teeth is very low. Call at Lowell Dental Rooms, 219 Central street.

BAD ACCIDENT

Engineer of Montreal Flyer Fatally Injured

By Associated Press to The Sun.

FITCHBURG, Mass., Aug. 23—The Montreal flyer on the Fitchburg division of the Boston &Maine railroad, leaving Boston at 11 a. m., and Fitchburg at 12.35 p. m., ran into three cars of a working train between the state line and Fitz William, N. H., at 1.20 yesterday afternoon.

The engine of the flyer was derailed, the engineer, Frank Hughes of this city, was fatally injured, while the passengers were more or less shaken up and the track was blocked for five hours.

Fireman Judd of the flyer jumped and escaped with a few bruises, and as there was no one on the working cars only these two men were injured.

The three working cars were apparently running wild, when they met the train rounding a curve. It is known that a gang of men were at work further up the line, and the supposition is that the three cars broke away unnoticed.

DEMAND REFUSED

Agent's Reply to the Print Workers' Communication

UNDER CONSIDERATION BY TEXTILE COUNCIL

State Inspector Getting Aftor Unlicensed Firemen

The agents of the Hamilton, Merrimack and Bleachery manufacturing companies were a short time ago sent a petition asking that the wages of the print cloth workers be increased.

The reply to this communication was awaited with some anxiety by the members of the Print Cloth Workers' Union and at the meeting of the Textile Council last evening, a communication from these agents was received. In this communication the request of the print workers was absolutely refused.

What the final action of the council will be in regard to the matter is not known, but it is already decided that the extra night work that the men were in the habit of doing occasionally for the accommodation of the company will cease.

The union feels that it has been unfairly treated. The members claim to have every reason for asking this increase in wages, and see no reason why it can not be accorded to them. It is not probable that any extreme measures will be adopted, but what the course of action will be is not certain yet.

It is a matter that needs careful deliberation, and the Textile Council, which has full control of the matter, will consider the matter very carefully and from all points of view before they take any final action on the matter.

BLOCK PAVERS AND RAMMERS.

There was a regular meeting of the recently organized Block Pavers and Rammers union in Building Laborers' hall last evening. Four new members were initiated. It was decided to leave the membership list open until next Sunday forenoon at 10 o'clock.

STATIONARY FIREMEN.

The Stationary Fireman held a meeting last evening. Three candidates were initiated, and there were four propositions for membership received. Matters in connection with the Labor Day celebration received a large share of the evening's attention. The brotherhood is very enthusiastic about the celebration, and it seems to be an understood thing that they are going to make a bigger turnout this year than ever before. They will turn out every available man in the parade.

Tomorrow morning the state inspector for this district, Mr. McNeil, will be in town inspecting the buildings. Inspector McNeil will be at the Central building at nine o'clock and will then make a tour of the various buildings and see that all the firemen have licenses.

BRICKLAYERS' UNION.

There was a special meeting of the Bricklayers in their hall on Middle street last evening. The meeting was called to take action on the matter of turning out in the Labor Day parade. It is expected that they will make one of the best showings of any of the local unions. A committee consisting of Messrs. Spellman, George, Hay and Fosier were appointed to take charge of the celebration. Mr. Fosier will act as chairman of this committee.

The men in the union report that the business is good and that there are very prosperous times ahead for the bricklayers. The union is in a flourishing condition.

MATRIMONIAL

McPHETRES—FERGUSON.

At the home of the bride's mother, Mrs. Elenor F. Ferguson, 595 School street, yesterday, in presence of only the immediate friends and relatives of the young people, Mr. Samuel Albert McPhetres and Miss Blanche Margaret Ferguson were made man and wife, Rev. Charles L. Merriam of the Highland Congregational church solemnizing the nuptial rites. The bride was given away by her brother, Mr. Horatio D. Ferguson. Mr. McPhetres is a popular clerk in the office of the purchasing agent at the city hall. Mrs. McPhetres (nee Ferguson), was stenographer for Charles E. Adams, the Middlesex street hardware dealer. Mr. and Mrs. McPhetres will enjoy their honeymoon at Chatham, Mass., and will be at home to friends at 595 School street about November 1. The happy couple were the recipients of many costly wedding gifts.

DEAN—MOSES.

At noon, yesterday, Mr. Joel Dean and Miss Sarah Moses, both of Plain Beach, Florida, were married at the residence of Dr. S. L. Ward in Fletcher street, this city. Rev. George M. Ward, D.D., performed the ceremony. Miss Moses has many friends in Lowell, and is a fellow student with Mr. Dean at Rollins college, of which Dr. Ward is president.

SWAN—ELLIS.

At the residence of Mr. and Mrs. George Swan, 65 Lovett street, Beverly, Tuesday evening, their daughter Olive Willis, well known in Lowell, became the wife of Mr. Merton E. Ellis of the same city. The ceremony was performed in the parlor, under an arch of golden rod and laurel, by the Rev. Edward M. Barrey, in the presence of relatives and friends of the couple. The bridemaid was Miss Amy O. Swan of Lowell, and the best man Isaac J. Calderwood of Allston. A reception was held after the ceremony.

OUR BOULEVARD

At Present in a Wretched Condition

NOT FIT FOR CARRIAGES OR BICYCLES

It is a Disgrace to the City

The Pawtucket boulevard is in wretched condition and is a disgrace to the city as a public driveway. The old boulevard is worse than any of the country roads in this vicinity and no pleasure can be derived by driving or riding over it at the present time. All that one meets is sand, dust, stones and ruts.

The boulevard of a city is supposed to be one of its best drives, and if the roads were in any kind of decent condition one could gain much enjoyment and breathe the exhilirating air along this public resort. The scenery is delightful along the boulevard, the Merrimack river on the left, while on the right are beautiful wooded lands and spacious green pastures.

At one time a person could enjoy a carriage ride or a trip on a bicycle along the boulevard; now everybody steers clear of the place on account of its condition. It is fit for nothing but heavy wagons to travel over, and without doubt the latter is the cause of the present condition of the road. The roadway is full of ruts and loose stones. The northerly road of the old boulevard looks as if a plough had been run over it preparatory to planting some kind of seed there. On this side a bicycle can not pass through and it is almost impossible for a pleasure carriage to pass over the obstructions.

The other road is in a little better condition but it is also in great need of repairs. Carriages have worn a rut on one side of it which is daily growing deeper. One side of this road is fairly good for wheeling, but the cyclists have to dodge the gullies or they are apt to get thrown. Then the path is so strewn with stones that it keeps riders continually dodging from one side to the other to get a clear path.

There is much kicking from cyclists who come down this road on the left hand side. Some people say they should keep to their right, but such a thing is almost impossible on this road and rides run the risk of a collision in preference to navigating their way through gullies and hillocks on the other side of the road.

If the loose stones were raked off and some of the top dirt removed it might pass for some kind of a second rate thoroughfare, but as it is now it is in the same class as some of the streets of Little Canada. It is doubtful if a sprinkling cart ever finds its way along the boulevard or it would not be quite so dusty.

Compare the local boulevard to those in and around Boston. Around the Hub the parkways are perfectly hard and smooth and there are no stones or dust to be found. The sprinkling carts are working continuously and they do not flood the roadbed with water. Then again no ruts are ever seen. Why could not this city have one thoroughfare in good condition?

We had a Good Roads League in this city once which was going to look after the thoroughfares in and around the city, but it must have got lost like the Citizen's bicycle path to Silver Lake, for it never amounted to anything.

The new boulevard which starts at the end of the old boulevard and extends to Tyngsboro bridge is in fairly good condition, but there are places where stones have been torn up, and other spots where the top covering has been worn off. It will soon be a rival of the old boulevard, and then people who own pleasure carriages and bicycles can let them stay in the stable to get worn out.

CHELMSFORD CENTRE

A small colony from this village went to Salem Willows this week for a brief sojourn. It consists of Miss Mary E. Richardson, Miss Celia A. Richardson, Mrs. S. W. Parkhurst, Mrs. Emily E. Reed, Mr. and Mrs. Howard S. Adams and son, and Master Paul Davis. The company will be reinforced on Sunday by Harold and Leslie Davis.

Comrade Francis Hutchinson will not attend the national encampment at Chicago as he intended, as his business will require his attention at that time.

Prof. Emerson returns to Hanover Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles E. Bartlett have taken a week's outing at Ocean sea sore.

Rev. E. C. Bartlett occupied his desk Sunday, after a fortnight's absence in Nova Scotia.

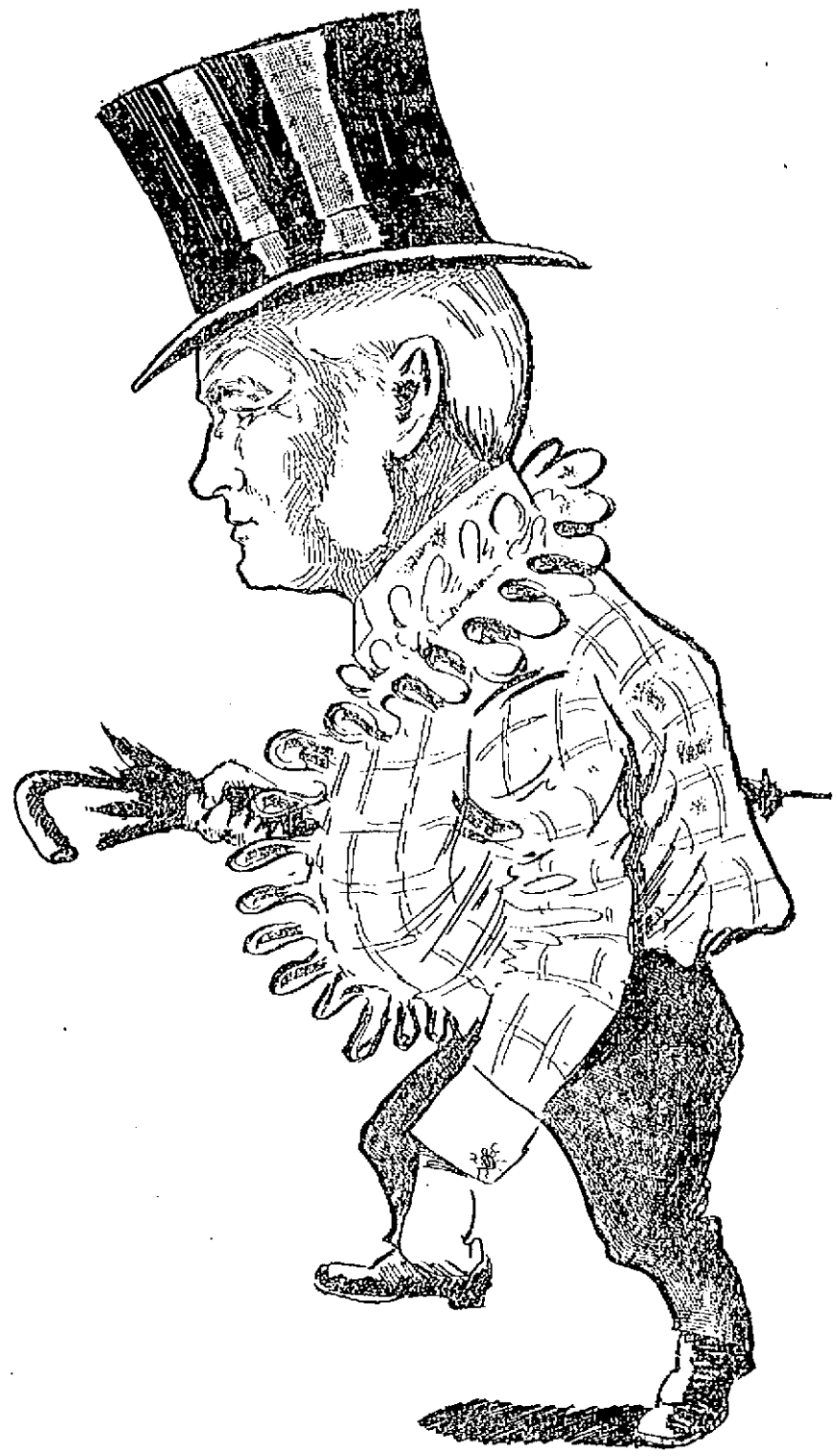
Sunday services at the Unitarian church will be resumed Sept. 2.

REPAIRING OLD COURT HOUSE.

A gang of workmen are busy making repairs at the old part of the court house on Gorham street. The ceiling of the old court room has been retinted and when it is thoroughly cleaned up will be a standing rival of the new one for coziness, and is much superior in acoustic properties. The old probate court room and the one formerly used for the district attorney's office has been retinted and renovated, and the corridors of the old court house have also been touched up.

RECOVERING FROM DIPTHERIA.

Conductor W. J. Hill of the Lowell & Suburban street railroad company, is slowly recovering from a severe case of diphtheria.



WILLIAM WALDORF JACKSON, WHO TAKES THE LEAD IN DONING THE MALE SHIRT WAIST.

MALE SHIRT WAIST

Proposed Dress Reform Discussed by Leading Citizens

From Mayor Crowley to His Prospective Successor Wm. Waldorf Jackson—A Clergyman Says He Would Wear One

This is a question which has been agitated for some time, a question now prominently before the public.

Men—poor lords of creation How they do sweat these hot days with their heavy coats over their shirts.

Women how cool they look in their light, pretty airy shirt waists, with colors so varied that every tint of complexion can be suited.

Is it any wonder that the men look enviously at the women's shirt waist and covet it? Is it any wonder that a few more daring than the multitude have doned the comfortable garment?

For years women have been slowly donning articles of men's apparel, they freely wear his four-in-hand, his coat and his hat; in fact they wear whatever they please. Naturally man feels a touch of resentment and when he sees an article of woman's dress which is more comfortable than his own he feels that, on the law of retaliation, he has a perfect right to take possession of it if he chooses.

Therefore, I say, if the men want to wear the shirt waist, give them the privilege. I wonder if they want to. I will ask a few of them

SOLON W. STEVENS, Esq.

Solon W. Stevens is a man of dignity and holds a position of honor as one of our leading lawyers. I will ask him how he feels about it.

Mr. Stevens, what do you think of the shirt waist for a man? Would you like to wear one?

"Do you mean would I substitute my shirt for a shirt waist, such as women wear?"

"Yes."

"No-o-oo" said Mr. Stevens in horror stricken tones. "I'll stick to my shirt a while longer. I think a gentleman should be dressed (a lady too for that matter) in a dignified manner. A shirt waist for a man would never do. A woman's dress is so made that the graceful draperies of the skirt make a shirt waist attractive. A man would look this unless he put on skirts, and personally I am not in favor of changing my trousers for a skirt."

Then you would not wear a shirt waist under any circumstances?

"No; why yes, if they were so common that I could not get a shirt. I suppose I would have to, for much as I should dislike to wear a woman's shirt waist, it would be preferable to nothing."

Rev. J. P. ALLEN.

Not long ago in one of our large cities a clergyman preached a sermon in his shirt sleeves. As I was thinking of this incident the thought occurred to me that perhaps the clergymen of our city might have an interest in the shirt waist subject. Accordingly I called to interview Rev. J. P. Allen of the Worthen Street Methodist church on the subject.

"Well," said Mr. Allen, "I have no objection to any man wearing a shirt waist if he wants to. There is nothing wicked about it. It might prove a blessing. Men's clothing is rather monotonous, and the various colors would be interesting to him; then the custom would give employment to a great number of clerks, and photographers and laundrymen. It is only fair that the men wear some garment dear to the women to pay them for taking possession of men's clothing."

"Would you wear the shirt waist, Mr. Allen?" I asked.

"Not at first, for I don't like to attract attention, or wear anything that makes me conscious. If, however, everyone gets to wearing them, why then of course I should be obliged to put one on in order not to be conspicuous."

"Some one has suggested a difficulty at the belt line," I said, "How would you dispose of that?"

"O, I don't worry any on that line," said Mr. Allen, "the inventive genius of the women will settle that difficulty, I am sure."

Dr. IRISH.

Doubtless the change from heavy shirts to light shirt waists would be injurious to delicate men; on this point of the subject I interviewed Dr. J. C. Irish. He said that he not given much thought to the question but that he thought a man ought to stand it if a woman could.

Mr. WOODSIDE.

William E. Woodside, the well-known photographer, said: "A man who would wear a lady's shirt waist is not a man but a dude so soft that one could run a string through him. Possibly some of the idle class will wear them, but the laboring class, for you see when the laborer puts on a shirt waist the dude takes it off, and I hope the laboring classes will put them on if the dudes begin it in earnest. I wear a shirt waist? I guess not; I'll hang to my shirt and trousers, they are comfortable enough for me."

Wm. WALDORF JACKSON, Jr.

Mayor Crowley, when interviewed, said he had not given a single thought to the subject, but William Waldorf Jackson, our next mayor, had given it serious consideration. He said: "This is a most weighty subject though dealing with light material. I most cordially favor the shirt waist myself, so does my bride to be; in fact she urges me to wear them assuring me if I set the example others will follow. When I am mayor I shall recommend them to all my subordinates, and shall insist on their adoption. Women little realize the agony of the perspiration of a man's heavy coat; if they did they would not begrudge us the light blessing of the shirt waist. Look at my present attire, heavy coat, heavy vest, heavy shirt, heavy trousers, heavy shoes, heavy umbrella, all the accessories of a heavy statesman. You know a man who expects to be president after 1901 cannot afford to be out of style."

THE CREASE

WHERE THE LOWELL CRICKET TEAMS PLAY SATURDAY.

The Mohair Plush team will play the Lynn Wanderers at Lynnhurst Saturday afternoon. The following is the make-up of the Mohairs: D. Hird, captain; T. Southam, M. Greenwood, J. Moss, J. Parkinson, G. Greig, M. Meikle-John, H. Meikle-John, T. Stirks, R. Southam, R. Firth. Reserves, A. Hindle and Fielding.

Buntings vs. Merimarks on the former's grounds at Wigginville next Saturday. Game called at 2.45. The following is the Bunting team:

Rowley, captain; Patrick, Burns, Barber, Houghton, W. Senior, Ellison, Simpson, Ogden, Bailey; reserves, McCormick; scorer, Thomas Robinson.

Buntings 2nd vs. North Billerica, at Billerica next Saturday. Car leaves the square at 1.45. Buntings: A. Brown, Jewett, Whittaker, Gorman, Carpenter, G. Bailey, J. Farrar, H. Davis, A. Senior, H. Willis, P. Smith, S. Burtt, Cudworth, Haigh and Barnes.

A CATCH BET.

Editor Sun: A bets that Bill will win the bicycle race.

B bets that he will not.

The race was declared a tie. Should the bets be declared off?

[No. B wins. It is a catch bet that frequently occurs. Ed.]

The safest and surest cure known for BILIOUSNESS and SICK HEADACHE and for Constipation, all Liver and Bowel Complaints, is

Parsons' Pills

ONE PILL IS A DOSE

They make new, rich blood, prevent and cure Skin Eruptions and Blemishes. Enclosed in glass vials. Postpaid—25 cents a bottle; $1.00 for six.

L.S. JOHNSON & COMPANY, Boston, Mass.

CAPTAIN HENRY J. REILLY, U. S. A.

Hero of Many Artillery Engagements, Killed in the Attack Upon the Walls of Pekin.

Captain Reilly's Battery F of the Third Artillery has gained much fame under its brave commander, who has fallen in its latest piece of service. At El Caney and Santiago the battery was in the foremost of the fray, and received commendation from General Lawton, General Chaffee, and Lieutenant-General Miles.

One of the most splendid incidents of the Cuban campaign was the forced march of Captain Reilly with his men to the relief of the Rough Riders at San Juan. At El Caney he declared he would die a soldier, even if he was the only American soldier left on earth.

On the return of the battery after its arduous work in Cuba to Montauk Point Captain Reilly refused to retire as major by brevet. "Ever a fighter," he welcomed the order for fresh service in the Philippines. His battery was engaged in five battles on the Isle of Luzon, and was speedily selected for service in China, where it has won fresh laurels.

Captain Reilly was born in Ireland sixty-two years ago. His wife, two daughters and a son reside on the outskirts of Chicago. His war record dates from 1862, when he enlisted as a private, winning his lieutenancy for bravery on the field.

TREASON BILL

Passed to Second Reading Without Division

FIRST DEBATE WAS VERY BITTER

Future Status of Rebellious Subjects Fixed

By Associated Press to The Sun.

CAPE TOWN, Aug. 23—In the house of assembly yesterday the treason bill was sent to a second reading without a division.

On July 26 last the ministry of Sir John Gordon Sprigg introduced in the Cape House of assembly the indemnity and special tribunals or treason bill. Its second reading was moved August 1 by Mr. Rose-Innes, attorney general. During the debate on this motion, which was very bitter and to which the house devoted five sittings, a number of speeches were made by leaders on both sides.

Broadly described the bill fixes the responsibility and future status of rebellious subjects of Queen Victoria in the colony of the Cape of Good Hope, although the question of compensation is left to another session and the crux of the debate was the question whether indemnity should include amnesty.

COMMUNICATIONS

Editor Sun:—I would like through your paper to call the attention of the street committee to the wretched condition of Main street from Plain to Lincoln street. It is a thoroughfare that is constantly used in heavy trucking from the Eagle foundry, the Payton hosiery, the Harvard brewery and other industries in that locality. It certainly, to say the least, ought to be macadamized. In case of fire to any of the above mentioned industries or to residences in that vicinity, it would be "trying" not only to the fire horses, but it is doubtful whether a steamer or hook and ladder truck could be hauled through the deep sand without putting on an extra hitch. It is thoroughfares where heavy trucking is done that should receive the first attention of those in authority rather than the back streets of the Highlands or Quality Hill which manage to go through "O. K." because land owners have a "pull" with the "powers that be."

HEAVY TRUCKING.

SPILLER'S

GOLDEN BALSAM

Takes the lead as a preparation for the Relief and Cure of Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Bronchitis, Inflammation of the Throat and Lungs, Pleurisy, Pneumonia and Asthma. It is a certain and immediate relief in all cases of croup. In Whooping Cough it removes the distressing symptoms and relieves the painful breathing. It soothes the distressing cough of consumption. It is a beautifully clear preparation, pleasant to the taste and is perfectly safe to give to the most delicate child. Every bottle guaranteed. Money refunded to anyone who uses one bottle according to directions without obtaining satisfaction. Price 25 cents. For sale by Carter & Sherburne, H. R. Parker & Co., Lowell, Mass. Also for sale by all druggists.

CARPETS CLEANED

Also Upholstering and Furniture Repairing.

F. H. FISH,

21 Saratoga St. Tel. 847-4.

MONEY LOANED TO SALARIED PEOPLE AND RETAIL MERCHANTS, upon their own names, without security, easy payments. TOLMAN, room 23 Associate Building.

J. M. KINGSBURY, No. 373 Bridge St.

MEATS AND PROVISIONS.

If You Have a Place for Sale

advertise it in the Sun. It's the quickest way.

WON CONSOLATION PRIZE.

Herbert L. Bishop, who is stopping at the Concord house, York beach, won a consolation prize at a recent game of hearts in which a large delegation of the vacationists at that resort took part.

CALLED TO CANADA.

Rev. Brother McGurty, O. M. I., who has been visiting at the Oblate Fathers of the Immaculate Conception church, was suddenly called yesterday morning to the University of Ottawa by his superior to receive orders.

A MOTHER'S STORY.

Tells About Her Daughter's Illness and How She was Relieved—Two Letters to Mrs. Pinkham.

"MRS. PINKHAM:—I write to tell you about my daughter. She is nineteen years old and is flowing all the time, and has been for about three months. The doctor does her but very little good, if any. I thought I would try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, but I want your advice before beginning its use. I have become very much alarmed about her, as she is getting so weak."—MRS. MATILDA A. CAMP, Manchester Mill, Macon, Ga., May 21, 1899.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—It affords me great pleasure to tell you of the benefit my daughter has received from the use of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. After beginning the use of your medicine she began to mend rapidly and is now able to be at her work. Her menses are regular and almost painless. I feel very thankful to you and expect to always keep your Vegetable Compound in my house. It is the best medicine I ever knew. You have my permission to publish this letter if you wish, it may be the means of doing others good."—MRS. MATILDA A. CAMP, Manchester Mill, Macon, Ga., September 18, 1899.

LOWELL

Gas Light Company

THE KENWOOD AUTOMATIC WATER HEATER.

Will give you an unlimited supply of hot water, obtainable at any moment. By a simple turn of the faucet, the heater is set in operation and will almost instantly give you all the hot water needed. Turning off the water also automatically turns off the gas, and your expense stops. THE KENWOOD requires no boiler, but may be used in connection with one, if so desired.

An inspection of the heater in operation, at our office, will make clear to you its many advantages.

We have in stock the latest Welsbach burners and mantles.

Price of gas with the discount off for prompt payment is

$1 PER THOUSAND FEET.

First-class Gas Ranges sold on the instalment plan. Coke broken, screened and delivered at $1.50 per chaldron, $2.25 half chaldron, cash. No charge made for the use of meters. No charge made for running supply pipes from street mains to consumer's cellar. Orders when left at office promptly attended to.

THE FINEST

BREAD .·. CAKE and PASTRY

to be found in the city, at

PETER WATSON'S Home Made Bakeries.

52 to 60 Charles St., 46 Lawrence St.

Lawn Party, Picnic and Wedding Supplies a Specialty.

THE LOWELL SUN

Three Editions Daily.

JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Proprietor.

SUN BUILDING, LOWELL, MASS.

Member of the Associated Press.

$3.00 Per Year. 25c. Per Month

The Sun is the only paper in Lowell receiving the full day service of the Associated Press, the greatest news gathering organization in the world. The entire service is received over a leased wire by our own operator in our own office in the Sun building.

False .. Pretenses

Misrepresenting the circulation of a newspaper to advertisers is obtaining money under false pretenses. All newspapers have a certain value as advertising mediums, but the value is determined by the number of papers printed and sold.

The Sun prints and sells more papers than any two other newspapers in Lowell. It is the cheapest of all the local papers on the basis of circulation. You should look into this matter intelligently when making your appropriation for advertising in Lowell.

REPUBLICAN SPELL-BINDERS WANTED.

The republicans are at their wits end to find a spell-binder competent to answer Bryan's Indianapolis speech. Mark Hanna is flitting from place to place spreading alarm and appealing to the rank and file to wake up. In New Jersey the home of trusts, he begged of the republicans not to be over-confident, not to underrate the enemy to be met. He realizes the coming doom and is doing his part to avert it, but thus far he has been unable to procure a spell-binder competent to tackle Bryan's great speech on anti-imperialism. All the leaders affect to sneer at the speech because none of them can answer it. The most Roosevelt could do was to denounce it as cowardly and Hanna shoves it aside as Bryanism. Call it Bryanism if you will, and then compare it with Hannaism. What is the difference? Hannaism is the refinement of political corruption and debauchery. Bryanism is the sublime cause of patriotism, humanity and liberty. This is why the republicans have no man competent to answer the Indianapolis speech. To assail it is to assail the constitution of the United States, the Declaration of Independence and the great principles of patriotism for which the revolutionary fathers fought and died.

This great speech delivered at Indianapolis has spread consternation in the republican ranks and gone right to the hearts of the people. It has set at rest many questions that before were held in doubt and now the republicans are looking for a man to offset its effect.

In 1896 they had Hon. Bourke Cockran, but he is now fighting for Bryan and the republic.

In 1896 they had Hon. George S. Boutwell, but in this campaign he is leading the anti-imperialists for Bryan.

So with General McCutcheon of Michigan, David G. Haskins of Boston, Hon. M. C. C. Church of West Virginia, Judge J. A. Burnette of Kansas, a life long republican, Judge Sexton of Missouri, Dr. Leonard, consul under President Harrison and a host of others equally prominent in the affairs of the nation and all now out fighting for Bryan. No wonder Hanna is discouraged despite the liberal contributions of the trusts to save his man, McKinley. In every state in the union there is a stampede towards Bryan from the McKinley camp.

Senator Hoar would be drafted to answer Bryan had he not discredited himself by his anti-imperial utterances and his declaration that he will support the administration of the man whom he dubbed as a pinchbeck Napoleon.

Secretary Hay has been considered, but thought insufficient; Fairbanks of Indiana has been named, but he is too heavy to undertake such a task; Frye of Maine is not strong enough; Walcott of Colorado is favorably considered: but he is too superficial and too flippant to fill such an assignment. The same may be said of Davis of Minneapolis, Spooner of Wisconsin and Henry Cabot Lodge of Massachusetts. In fact none of these alleged statesmen want the task of answering Bryan, and none of them we surmise will formally attempt it. They will content themselves with side swipes here and there, now and again without any attempt at a general answer, and this for the very excellent reason that Bryan's arguments are unanswerable.

CANADIAN COLONIZATION FIZZLE.

"A discussion in the Canadian house of commons called public attention to the failure of costly attempts to settle American immigrants for Canada. It appears the movement has been on foot for some time in the two Dakotas, Minnesota, Michigan and the New England states. As a result less than 5000 immigrants have been secured, and these cost Canada $29 a head in official charges. A correspondent at Ottawa, in stating these facts, says: It is galling to Canada to see the stream of immigration pouring past us into the United States. We give free farms, we pay bonuses to agents in Europe and America to persuade people to come over and take the farms, and yet only a small percentage of the best immigration comes here. Of the small percentage that comes here a large proportion leaves us again for the United States.—Beverly Times.

That movement has been going on for years and it serves no other purpose than to prevent the total depopulation of the provinces. Still the government finds it a difficult and expensive matter to bring in one immigrant for every 500 emigrants that leave the country.

SIX COUNTS.

In his speech at Indianapolis, Mr. Bryan undoubtedly proved these six charges against the republican party: that it is—

Controlled by the money power.

With England in the war against the South African republics.

With imperial ambitions for conquest and a vast standing army.

Wholly unfriendly to the working classes.

Aristocratic in all principles.

In favor of the wealthy few as against the povery stricken many.

These charges are unanswered and will remain unanswered on election day.

Rogers street was macadamized last fall. Recently that portion of it between Lawrence street and the bridge was torn up to put in a sewer. Now another part of it is being torn up by the Telephone company, which is putting its wires under ground. Yet we are told there is an ordinance providing that a newly laid street cannot be torn up for five years.

The American troops distinguished themselves at the capture of Pekin. Trained regulars of the American army will compare favorably with the soldiers of any other nation.

President McKinley will probably recall Minister Conger and draft him into the campaign to tell what a blessing it is to have a foothold in such countries as China and the Cannibal islands.

In these hot days when you read of the 'Tramps' convention at Chicago at which the slogan is: "Away with work," are you not led to think seriously of joining the order?

Who says base ball is dead in Lowell after such a lively game as was played on the South common Saturday?

Roosevelt, the rough rider, will soon be on a rampage in the west.

CRISP GOSSIP

It is a noteworthy fact that in the state of Utah there is not one Irish woman.

It is a heap easier to find a fault than to tell what to do with it after you have found it.

An old maid in West Tewksbury has bought a phonograph to entertain herself and the cat.

Some wives, like watches, have pretty faces, delicate hands, and are good to look upon—but somewhat difficult to regulate.

A woman is often told in her youth that she is an angel, and when she discovers the truth later on she can't get over it.

The pastor of a Baptist church in Emporia, Kan., the other afternoon, found three youngsters using the baptismal font as a swimming hole.

It is announced that the cause of Bright's disease has been discovered. The next thing to find ought to be its remedy—and probably it will be.

If you see your girl's brother mending his own clothes some time when you call, don't say anything but kind of look into the future.

Some Tewksbury girls think that all they will have to do after getting married is to drink soda and read the Ladies Home Journal.

A great many Lowell teachers and others interested in historical events visited Plymouth this summer, going on the commodious steamer John Endicott from Snow's Arch wharf in Boston. There is always a curiosity to see the historic landing place of the Pilgrims on the Mayflower and all the objects of historic interest in that vicinity.

The total amount of money coined by all of Queen Victoria's predecessors on the throne was $4,025,000,000. During the present reign the mint has turned out $2,270,000,000.

Some people one meets at street corners know so much that it is a surprise to think they are working for such small pay. A tip to Merrimack square curbstone ornaments.

A woman can never tell what kind of clothes a male book agent has on when he comes to the door, but you let the book agent be a woman and she can tell you what kind of a dress it is and what it was lined with.

When the Horton law goes into effect in New York the pugilists undoubtedly will be forced on to the stage to make a living. Thus does the public severely suffer because of pugilism.

"Incircumscriptibleness," meaning incapable of limitation, has been admitted into the newest dictionary. But that is very easy for us, now that we are on a strict Chinese diet.

Moscow has the largest hospital in Europe, with 7000 beds. There are ninety-six physicians and 900 nurses, and about 15,000 patients are cared for annually.

Japan is now said to be trying to float a $10,000,000 loan in this country. We are rapidly becoming money lenders to the world. First Russia, then England, and now Japan.

From various seaside resorts comes the news of actors having wonderful escapes from drowning and of actresses who have lost their jewels or have been smashed up in automobiles. It is by signs such as these that we may feel assured that the dramatic season is at hand.

Kalamazoo, Mich., has a plague of grasshoppers, which swarm in the houses and stores, fill the electric globes and put out the lights, stop railroad trains and make life generally miserable and business impossible. The insects are said to be nearly three inches long and to sing like locusts.

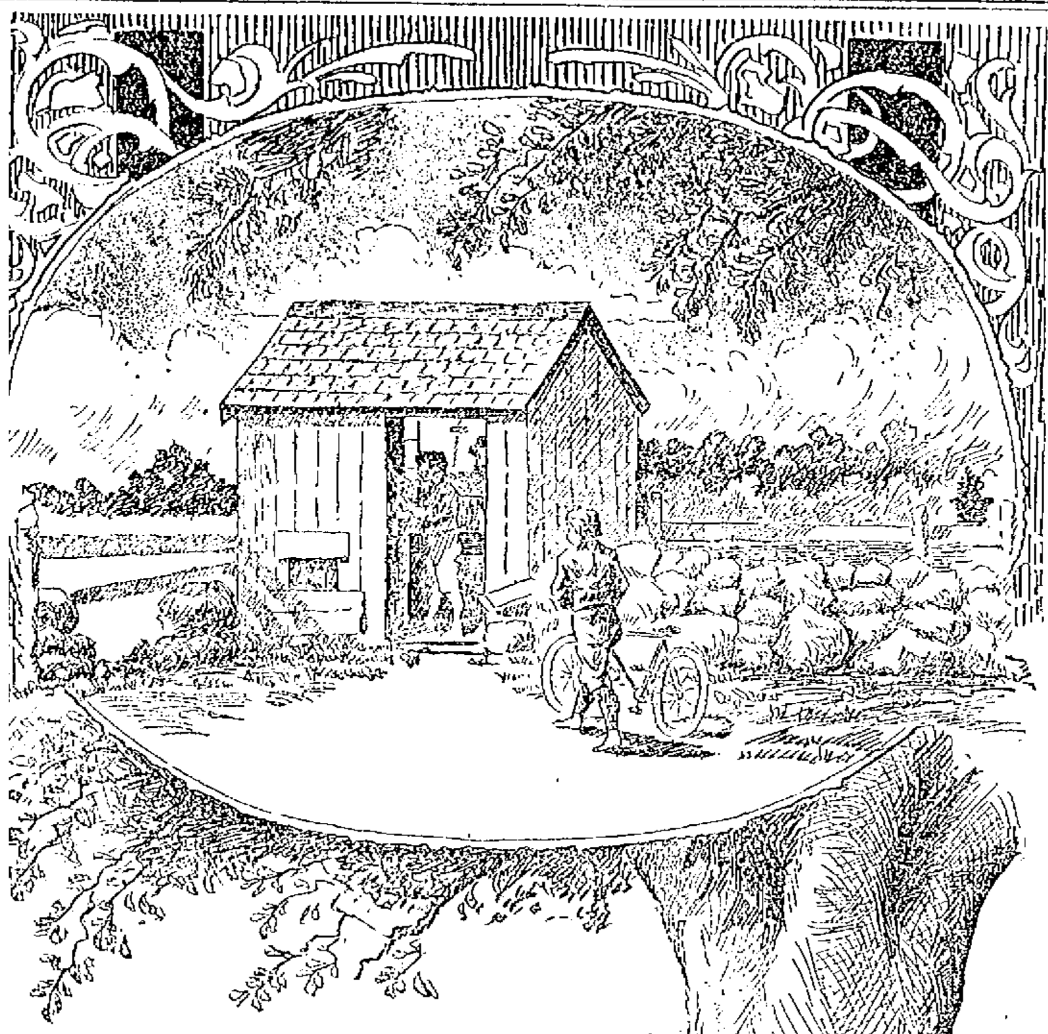
George Rosengrant of Wyoming county, Pa., sold his wife to Raymond Palmer for $10. Rosengrant is a small farmer and Palmer is a woodchopper. Mrs. Rosengrant refused to live longer with her husband. Palmer said he would take good care of her and Rosengrant said he would make no trouble if Palmer would pay him $10. The cash was produced and the bargain sealed. By the agreement Palmer is to educate Rosengrant's youngest child.

The shirt waist man is a failure. What availeth it that society is desperately struggling to make it a fad, that men of wealth and a few of "culchaw" have endorsed it. It is sissified. It is unbecoming, it gets soiled so easily. It looks bad without frills and looks worse with them. Suspenders are tabooed, and man to be comfortable must wear suspenders. Then the saddest thing about the shirt waist is that it has no pockets. Where can he put his letters, his documents, his cigars, his pipe, his tobacco, pocket knife, handkerchiefs, tonic flask, his watch, keys, money? Shall he bulge all over with these indespensable articles crammed in his hip pocket, or in his bosom? Or shall he have to copy woman yet one step farther and carry a Boston bag? No, no, shirt waist man, you are only an incident, you have ceased to amuse, you annoy, and we wish you would go away and put on your coat like a sensible man ashamed that you should have paraded yourself before the public without it.

BILLERICA CENTRE

Sunday morning at 10.30 o'clock at the Baptist church, George W. Averell, superintendent of the children's health fund, will speak of the work among children. The organization takes children from homes of vice and crime in any city or town, prepares them for and locates them in Christian homes. A choir of rescued children will be present and sing. Public cordially invited.

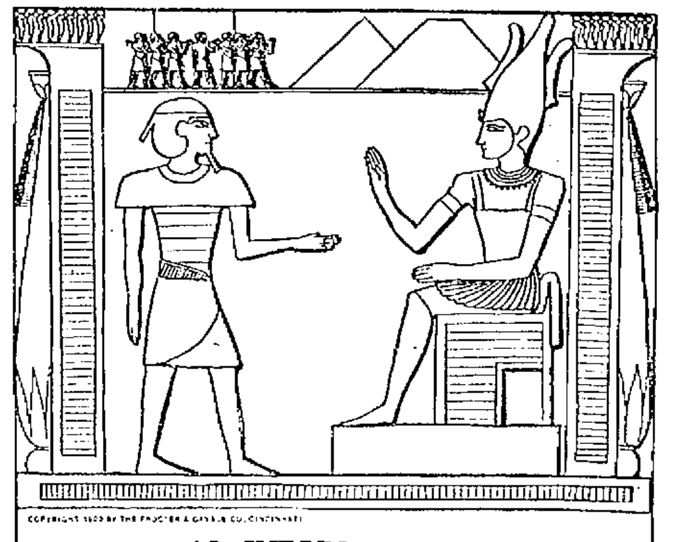
A large number of residents of this village will attend the band concert this evening in North Billerica, to be given by the Talbot mill band. It will be the seventh in the series with three more to be heard from before the "snow flies."



FARMER BRIDGES' WELL

How dear to my heart is the old well at Tewksbury,
Its cooling refreshment no language can tell,
For here is the home of our good farmer Bridges,
And his famous old bucket that hangs in the well.
The pasture land near and the stone wall so rustic,
The place and the scenes that all cyclers know well,
More welcome than all to the dry throated rider,
Is the old oaken bucket that hangs in the well,
The Old Oaken Bucket,
The Iron Bound Bucket,
That claims the caress of a million hot lips,
The Old Oaken Bucket,
The Iron Bound Bucket,
Your gift wins the praise of each rider that sips.

In the shade of the old elm tree so inviting,
Is rest for the weary while lingering here,
Enjoying the breeze as it whispers the praises,
Of the famous old well with its liquid so clear.
'Tis like an oasis so cool and reviving,
Then thanks for your treat, Farmer Bridges, farewell,
As your bounty is free, so our praise is unstinted,
We'll sound forth the cheer of your famous old well.
The Old Oaken Bucket,
The Iron Bound Bucket,
Its cooling refreshment no language can tell;
The Old Oaken Bucket,
On the old farm at Tewksbury,
The Iron Bound Bucket that hangs in the well.



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AS CHEOPS SAW IT.

"WHAT is an enormous pyramid you are building," said the visitor at Egypt's court; "but it seems a purposeless kind of structure. What is it for?" "When the top stone is laid," replied Cheops quietly, "you will see the point."

Isn't it strange some persons find it hard to believe all that is told of Ivory Soap? Don't you try to believe it; just try the soap. You will not then be without it for twice its cost. It will tell the story. You will see the point.

THE SOCIETIES

The Emulus Thompson Commandery Installed Officers

At the regular meeting of the Emulus Thompson Commandery, Golden Cross, last evening, the following officers were installed by Lady Emma Richardson, supreme secretary, vice noble commander, Etta Thompson; keeper of records, Walter H. Gilman; warder of inner gate, A. J. Howe. The first two were absent at the general installation and the last named has since been elected to fill a vacancy. Matters of interest pertaining to the good of the order were discussed, all of which proved beneficial and profitable to all present. Some thing for the good of the order is expected at the next meeting September 12.

EIRENE LODGE.

Eirene lodge of Good Templars held its usual Wednesday evening meeting last night at Pilgrim hall. It was announced that the coming district lodge session would meet at Montvale, near Woburn, Labor day. Delegates and alternates to the district lodge session were chosen. It was announced that the entertainment next week would be poets' night in charge of E. S. Varney, Miss Lois Savage and A. W. Trow. It was also announced that the coming picnic would be held at Long-Sought-For pond, Sept. 8, barges to leave Merrimack square at 7.30. The good of the order, in charge of Miss Gertrude Judd, comprised piano solo by Miss Mabel Howes; temperance reading, Miss Grace Sullivan; recitation, Miss Alice E. Kelly; reading, Miss Addie Howes; reading, "The Wreck of the Hesperus," William Sullivan; piano duet, Percy Hands and Miss Gertrude Judd; remarks by several members. Nathaniel Houston and J. McGrath of Mt. Zion lodge had some good words to offer.

LOWELL LODGE, A. O. U. W.

Lowell lodge of the United Workmen held a regular meeting last evening in Odd Fellows' temple and initiated two candidates. Six propositions for membership were received. The lodge is planning to have a "bean contest" in September, and some of the discussion of the evening was on this subject. Some of the arrangements for this event were made at the meeting last evening.

SPINDLE CITY CIRCLE.

Two candidates were initiated at the meeting of Spindle City circle, C. of F., which was held in Foresters' hall last evening. The lodge was also the recipient of three propositions for membership. Other matters of routine business were disposed of and after the more formal part of the evening was over, there was a general social time.

CLAN GRANT.

Clan Grant held a regular meeting in Bay State hall last evening. The Clan is to hold a Hallowe'en party on the 31st of October and some of the arrangements for this event were made and discussed at the meeting of last evening. Other matters of routine business were talked of and disposed of.

MERRIMACK LODGE.

Nothing but routine business came up at the meeting of Merrimack lodge of Odd Fellows which was held last evening. The lodge will be more active as the season advances.

CENTRALVILLE LODGE.

Centralville lodge held a regular meeting last evening. No business of any importance was transacted. Nothing will be done by the lodge until September, when degree work will commence.

TEWKSBURY

Miss Fannie A. Davis of Sherborn has been appointed teacher of the Wigginville primary school, to succeed Miss Harriet Ferguson, resigned. Miss Davis has had several years of successful experience and has recently completed a special course at the Bridgewater normal school.

Mr. Arthur Fairgrieve expects to take a vacation in the near future. During his father's absence in Europe Mr. Fairgrieve has been filling the position as station agent and has performed the duties of that office very acceptably to the patrons of the road.

During the summer the grounds at the station of the Boston and Maine railroad already referred to at length in the Sun have been improved greatly through the efforts of Mr. Patrick Reagan, the flagman. When the judges pass this way, let us all hope that a testimonial in cash will fall to the lot of Mr. Reagan.

Special mention should be made of the excellent music furnished by the cornetist at last Sunday afternoon's out-door religious meeting. He will again appear at next Sunday afternoon's meeting.

Owing to the increased daily sales of The Sun in this village many persons have been unable to procure a copy of the paper unless sending into Lowell for the same. Order in advance at Fairgrieve's if you desire The Sun to shine in your homes.

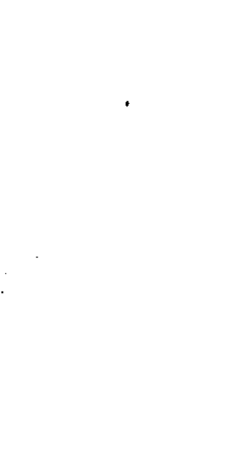
MAMMOTH PLANERS.

The new building additions at the Fifield Tool Works have been completed and the machinery, consisting of two mammoth planers, of larger capacity, with reference to dimensions, than any in the country, have been installed therein, and are now in operation.

These two machines weigh about 50 tons, and rest upon granite foundations, ensuring the best possible grade of work procurable.

Putnam & Son,

166 Central Street.



WE'VE had an unusual demand for trousers this month,—not any one particular quality, but for all qualities, from the lowest to the highest. We expected it, for we made special prices all through this department.

FOR HARD WORK, we've two lots of substantial, well made, all wool trousers at **$1.19** and **98c.** These prices don't cover the cost of the cloth, to say nothing of the cost of cutting and making.

BETTER TROUSERS in fancy worsteds, just the same patterns as in higher cost cloths, well cut and made, **$1.98** and **$1.48.** Will do to wear with the old coat and vest until time for fall suit.

STILL BETTER TROUSERS, good enough for any wear, fine worsteds, made in our own shop and by Rogers, Peet & Co., at **$4.95** and **$3.48.** Just as good materials, just as well cut and made, as you'll get from a tailor for nearly double our prices.

FALL OVERCOATS are in good demand just now, the cool nights making them almost a necessity. We can cover you with a top coat or fall overcoat at **$3.95** and up to **$24.50.** Materials are Venetians, coverts and unfinished worsteds, the higher priced ones silk lined.

A SERIES OF MONEY SAVING SALES—NO. 3.

WATCH THE NEXT.

YOU CAN BUY A....

BAMBOO PIAZZA SCREEN $1.75

10 FEET LONG AND 8 FEET HIGH FOR .....

AND A 6 x 8 FT. ONE FOR 90c

TODAY AT

A. E. O'HEIR & CO., 14-16-18 Merrimack St.,

Near Electric Car Waiting Room.

The People's Favorite Furniture Store.

From Yesterday's Late Editions.

AT PEKIN

American Forces Are Fighting Hard

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WASHINGTON, AUG. 22.—THE WAR DEPARTMENT ANNOUNCED EARLY IN THE DAY THAT IT WAS IN RECEIPT OF A CASUALTY LIST FROM GEN. CHAFFEE AND THIS WAS MADE PUBLIC ABOUT NOON. IT WAS LEARNED, HOWEVER, THAT CHAFFEE'S DESPATCH CONTAINED A CONSIDERABLE AMOUNT OF MATTER, BESIDES THE LIST OF KILLED AND WOUNDED, AND IT WAS THE SUBJECT OF AN EXTENDED WHITE HOUSE CONFERENCE BETWEEN THE PRESIDENT, SECRETARY ROOT AND ACTING SECRETARY OF STATE ADEE. IT WAS HOPED BY THE OFFICIALS THAT THE RECEIPT OF DETAILED NEWS FROM GEN. CHAFFEE WOULD SIMPLIFY THE SITUATION CONSIDERABLY, AND ENABLE THIS GOVERNMENT TO MAP OUT, IN A LARGE DEGREE, ITS FUTURE LINE OF ACTION IN CHINA. THIS WAS NOT THE CASE, HOWEVER. GEN. CHAFFEE'S TELEGRAM INDICATED THAT THERE MAY YET BE CONSIDERABLE HEAVY FIGHTING AROUND PEKIN, AND BETWEEN THAT CITY AND THE COAST. IT WAS IMPOSSIBLE TO MAKE ANY PREDICTION AS TO THE DATE OF PACIFICATION ON THE INFORMATION THUS FURNISHED AND THE ADMINISTRATION IS UNABLE TO FIX EVEN AN APPROXIMATE DATE FOR THE WITHDRAWAL OF OUR TROOPS FROM CHINESE TERRITORY.

WHILE THE WHITE HOUSE CONFERENCE WAS IN PROGRESS, THE CHINESE MINISTER ARRIVED AT THE STATE DEPARTMENT, BUT MR. ADEE WAS ABSENT.

BLOODY WORK HAS BEEN GOING ON IN PEKIN, ACCORDING TO A DISPATCH TODAY BY THE NAVY DEPARTMENT FROM ADMIRAL REMEY, DATED TAKU, THE 20TH, AND PEKIN THE 16TH. THE MESSAGE SHOWS THAT THE AMERICAN FORCES WERE THEN FIGHTING, ALONG WITH THE ALLIES AND THAT PROGRESS HAD BEEN MADE WHICH COULD ONLY HAVE BEEN ACCOMPLISHED AFTER MILITARY EFFORTS OF A SEVERE CHARACTER.

Officials of the war department who are familiar with the physical conditions of the defenses of Pekin say that the fact that all but the imperial city had been cleared of Chinese troops is evident enough of the severe fighting which must have occurred. In order for the American troops to penetrate to the gates of the palace they must have stormed a wall 30 feet high, which no doubt was stubbornly defended.

Every one is glad, of course, that the Americans were the first to enter the imperial city, another testimonial to the gallantry and industry of the American forces.

Undoubtedly there have been brisk engagements since the Remey dispatch was sent, but the officials of the department here are in no way concerned about the result of the fighting.

General Chaffee's brief report stated that he entered the legation grounds at five o'clock on the evening of the 14th and that eight of his men were wounded in the day's fighting. Admiral Remey's dispatch shows that within the next two days General Chaffee lost six men killed, including Captain Reilly of the Fifth artillery and thirty men wounded.

To all appearances, therefore, the fighting in Pekin was more severe after the entry into the city than during the movements which brought the Americans to the legation gates.

This may be explained by the evident fact that the rescuing parties were engaged in clearing the other city of the Chinese soldiery.

Admiral Remey's dispatch also shows that there is further fighting outside of Pekin and that the Boxers have not been dispersed.

It also would seem to presage more fighting for the allies if they should attempt to return from Pekin and for the reinforcements which will be sent forward to Tien-Tsin and Pekin. Evidently, according to the military authorities, the country about Tien-Tsin and between that city and Pekin, still harbors hostile forces which will have to be overcome by the allies before the road can be opened from Pekin to the seat.

AMERICANS ARE WELL SUPPLIED

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WASHINGTON, Aug 22.—The War department has received the following cablegram:

Tien-Sien, Aug. 19.

Adjutant-General,
Washington.

With reference to your telegram of 16th, horses, materials and troops promptly landed at Taku and forwarded to front. Sixth cavalry mounted. Grant (transport) due in Manila now. Hospitals excellent, ample for present army, well supplied and in fine condition. Everything satisfactory. Go to Pekin tomorrow; sick and wounded doing well.

(Signed) BARRY."

GERMAN BATALLION AT PEKIN

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BERLIN, Aug. 22.—The German war office has received a dispatch from Taku, dated August 19, saying the advance of the German battalion was delayed by violent rains. It reached Pekin August 17. Yang Tsun, it is added, was threatened by the Chinese troops on the Imperial canal.

GEN. CHAFFEE REPORTS CASUALTIES

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Washington, Aug. 22.—The following report was today received at the war department from Gen. Chaffee:

Che Foo.

Adjutant-General, Washington:

Pekin, seventeenth:—Casualties in action Aug. 14th.

Fourteenth Infantry—Co. E, William Parle, wounded in hand, slight, (see foot note); Co. G, John Hauser, sergeant, wounded in buttock, moderate; Thomas H. Higgin, wounded in foot, slight; August B. Troutman, wounded in leg below knee, moderate; Rufus Lawyer, wounded in leg below knee, slight. Co. H, Henry Hopkins, first sergeant, wounded in leg above knee, slight. Co. K, Frank L. Whitehead, first sergeant, wounded in leg below knee, slight; Jesse A. Foulkes, wounded in leg above knee, slight.

Battery F, Fifth artillery—William P. Nanney, wounded in chest, serious.

Marines—Capt. Smedley D. Butler, wounded in chest, slight. Co. A, Geo. P. Farral, wounded in head, moderate. Co. C, Frank W. Green, wounded in hand, moderate.

Casualties in action Aug. 15.

The following officers and men were killed:

Battery F, Fifth artillery: Captain Henry J. Reilly, morning of 15th. Co. C, Ninth Infantry, Robert E. Walsh. Co. E, Ninth infantry, James O. Hall, Daniel W. Simpkins. Co. K, Fourteenth Infantry, Russell K. Elliott; Co. M, Fourteenth Infantry, James C. Wiber.

Wounded: Ninth Infantry, Co. F, Martin A. Silk, wounded in head, serious; Co. D, Geo. Bailey, first sergeant, wounded in arm, slight. Co. K, George. H. Siemens, wounded in leg below knee, serious. Co. M, Will ... F. Norton, wounded in leg below knee, slight.

Fourteenth Infantry—Co. E, Geo. O. Fox, sergeant, wounded in hand slight; Harvey Baker, musician, wounded in thigh, moderate; Calvin P. Titus, musician, wounded in neck, slight; Geo. C. Kauffmann, wounded in hip. Co. G, Henry J. Kysela, wounded in chest, serious. Co. H, Charles Morgan, corporal, wounded in leg below knee, moderate; Ora F. Tyler, —; George King, —; John L. Lynch, wounded in thigh, slight. Co. L, Thos. A. Lanker, wounded in chest, serious; Thomas King, wounded in arm, serious. Co. M, Wm. B. Hoffman, cook, wounded in thigh, moderate; Henry G. Davies, wounded in leg below knee, serious.

Battery F, Fifth artillery: Lee Doyle, wounded in hand, slight.

August 16:—Died of wounds received in action: Edward B. Mitchell, Co. L, 14th Infantry.

(Signed) CHAFFEE.

Note—Name William Parle not found on rolls. Possibly intended for William W. Earle.

GOVERNMENT BUILDINGS WERE DESTROYED

By Associated Press to The Sun.

YOKOHAMA, Aug. 22—An official despatch from Corea says that a thousand rebels have attacked Song Ching, burning the government buildings located there.

No one need suffer from Indigestion or Dyspepsia.

The Bitters is a sure cure for these, as well as for Nervousness, Sleeplessness, Flatulency, or Malaria Fever and Ague.

All druggists sell it.

LOWELL PAINTER

Died at Salem Poor Farm Last Night

Louis A. Allen, a Lowell painter by trade, died last night at the Salem poor farm. His family kept a boarding house on Pike's farm in Tewksbury for about a month last spring and it is stated that they had previously conducted a bakeshop in this city. His mother's name is said to be Wilkins, she having married a second time and his step-father's name Alfred Wilkins.

SUIT FOR $10,000

FOR HAVING FRIGHTENED HIS DAUGHTER.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

NEW YORK, Aug. 22.—A despatch from Rochester, says:

Thomas Partridge, a Penfield farmer, has brought suit for $10,000 against Mrs. Russell Terrill, a neighbor.

The suit grows out of the death of little Mary Partridge, who, according to the father's statement, was so terrified by a false face worn by Mrs. Terrill, one day last December, that she suffered a nervous shock which caused her death on July 30.

The father has made application for and received from the Surrogate limited letters of administration on the state of the dead child, stating that the only property is the action above mentioned.

STRIKE WON

VEST MAKERS EARN A GOOD VICTORY.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

NEW YORK, Aug. 22—The vest makers in Manhattan have won their strike for the union scale of wages and the ten hour work day. A statement meeting of the contractors took place last night. The strike affected 2,600 men, women and girls.

CAPT. WILSON DEAD.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

NEW YORK, Aug. 22.—Captain John Wall Wilson, who was one of the two survivors of the Second Grinnel arctic expedition, died yesterday afternoon in Brooklyn. Captain Wilson was 69 yrs. old. He won fame as the navigator of Dr. Kane's expedition for the relief of Sir John Franklin in 1853. After three years of suffering in northern Greenland they were themselves rescued.

Captain Wilson was a graduate of the naval academy at Annapolis and was with Admiral Farragut in his attack upon New Orleans.

PHILADELPHIA'S POPULATION.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 22—The population of Philadelphia, according to the count just completed at the census office is 1,293,697. The population in 1890 was 1,046,964.

The increase during the past ten years was 246,733 or 23.57 per cent.

ORDERED TO BERLIN.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 22.—Major John R. Kerr, Tenth cavalry, has been ordered to Berlin as military attache of the United States embassy there and Captain Slocum, Eighth cavalry, now at Lisbon, has been ordered to like duty at St. Petersburg.

The National band will accompany the local Odd Fellows to the field day in Lawrence next month.

William L. Nelson has become interested in the drug business with E. F. Faulkner.

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DESTROYED BY FIRE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Baltimore, Md., Aug. 22.—The extensive plant of the Maryland Telephone Construction company in this city, was destroyed by fire at an early hour this morning. The loss is estimated at $112,000, $75,000 of which is on the building and the balance on stock and tools.

DEMOCRATS MEET.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Aug. 22.—The democratic state convention for the nomination of a full ticket was called to order in Pabst Theatre by State Chairman George W. Peck at noon today. A huge picture of W. J. Bryan, draped in national colors, hung in front of the stage. Clark L. Hook of La Crosse was temporary chairman.

WRECKED

Crew and Twelve Passengers Were Injured

By Associated Press to The Sun.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Aug. 22—An electric car on the Cleveland & Chagrin Fall suburban line was wrecked early today near Chagrin Falls, the crew and twelve passengers being cut and badly bruised. Five persons were seriously injured. The accident was caused by a broken rod. The car jumped the track on a sharp curve while running at a high rate of speed. The trucks broke and the car plunged over on its side.

Fortunately the car struck a trolley pole when it left the track, otherwise it would have gone down a steep embankment.

MANY MISSING

Boers and British in a Battle

By Associated Press to The Sun.

LONDON, Aug. 22. The war office has received the following dispatch from Lord Roberts, dated August 21:

"Lieut.-Col. Sitwell, reconnoitering near Ventnersburg, engaged the Boers. Two British were wounded. Lieuts. Spedding, Davenport, Surtees and Watson and a medical officer and 21 men are missing.

"Hamilton has crossed the Crocodile river.

"Paget and Baden-Powell engaged the commandoes protecting DeWet, August 20. Lieut. Flowers and one man were killed. Lieut. Kirby and six men were wounded."

BRYAN IS BUSY

Delivered Several Speeches Today

By Associated Press to The Sun.

AUBURN, Neb., Aug. 22.—W. J. Bryan began at an early hour what he evidently expected to be a very busy day. His first meeting began here at 8.30 o'clock in the Court House grounds. A light rain was falling but a good-sized crowd was present, including many ladies. All the speeches of the day were planned to be made in the first congressional district, which was at one time represented by Mr. Bryan in congress and which since his retirement, has been represented by a republican member. He spoke in support of the election of Hon. G. W. Berger, the democratic candidate for congress and asked for the support of the whole democratic ticket. Comparing the government to a corporation, he said that all citizens were stockholders. As such, they owed it to themselves to look well after the conduct of the directors of the corporation. He charged the republican administration—the government directors—with deceit in all its policies, the financial system, the trusts and the foreign policy. He charged the republican party with intention of fastening a national debt upon the people. He devoted himself especially to the enlargement on the army, saying that if "we could take the Philippine Islands we could subject any weak people."

The republican party was building its policy upon the plea that "Might makes right." We have, he asserted, no title to the Philippine Islands according to the declaration of independence.

$3000 BAIL

For Release of the Alleged Goebel Murderers

By Associated Press to The Sun.

GEORGETOWN, Ky., Aug. 22.—Judge Cantrill today, being satisfied that Henry Youtsey is not in proper physical condition to stand trial for alleged complicity in the Goebel murder, continued the case until the next term of court.

Owing to illness in the family of one of the attorneys for Coombes, Whitaker and Davis, these cases also were postponed to the October term. The accused will be admitted to bail in the sum of $3,000 each.

AN UNNECESSARY ALARM.

The alarm from box 6 at 2.30 this afternoon was unnecessary. Some one thought there was a fire in Wiggin's barn in Willie street and pulled in an alarm.

GRAIN ELEVATOR BURNED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

AKRON, Ohio, Aug. 22.—Fire today in the elevator of the American Cereal company here, caused a loss of $75,000. Fire and water practically ruined 150,000 bushels of grain.

LOTS OF SILVER.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

NEW YORK, Aug. 22—The steamship Furst Bismarck, sailing for Europe tomorrow, will take out 115,000 ounces of silver.

RIFLED BY BURGLARS.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

CONCORD, N. H., Aug. 22.—The railroad stations at Newbury, Sunapee and Mount Sunapee were entered by burglars last night and the contents promiscuously scattered. The money drawers were rifled, but the sums of money secured were small. No tickets were taken indicating that the job was done by professionals and not by boys. Baggage was broken into and the loss in this direction is not yet accurately known.

What Shall We Have for Dessert?

This question arises in the family every day. Let us answer it today. Try Jell-O, a delicious and healthful dessert. Prepared in two minutes. No boiling! no baking! simply add boiling water and set to cool. Flavors: Lemon, Orange, Raspberry and Strawberry. Get a package at your grocer's today. 10 cents.

ETHEL CHAMBERLAIN MARRIED.

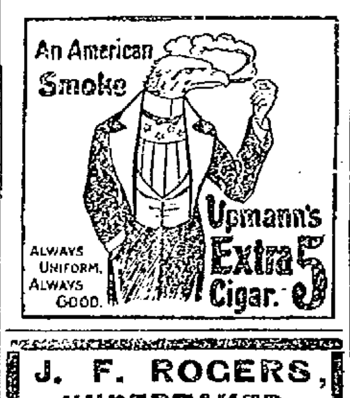
By Associated Press to The Sun.

Birmingham, Eng., Aug. 22.—Ethel, a daughter of Mr. Joseph Chamberlain, was married today to Mr. Whitmore Richards, of London. Mr. Richards is a lawyer.

JOSS HELD FOR TRIAL.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

London, Aug. 22.—C. J. Joss, a former clerk of Parr's bank, accused of stealing about $200,000 from the bank in January, 1899, has been committed for trial. He was detected in the act of passing a five-pound note, which was one of those stolen.



J. F. ROGERS, UNDERTAKER.

OFFICE—86 Central street.
RESIDENCE—29 Cedar street.
Telephone connection. Hacks furnished for all occasions.

You Knead a Kneader to Knead Your Bread

Trusting to luck will not make good bread—bread that is not good (sweet, light, and white) is injurious. The best bread in the world is made in France—because the French people knead the dough thoroughly. If you use a

Kneader

then you will find a great surprise in store, you will surely get bread that is whiter, lighter, and sweeter than any you ever tasted—and you'll never fail.

Price of Kneader 50c. Pays for itself in a week. Ask your grocer or hardware dealer for it. Mailed postpaid upon receipt of 60c.

THE KNEADER CO., Newburyport, Mass.

MAN KILLED

Murdered at Colored Picnic at Shawsheen

By Associated Press to The Sun.

ANDOVER, MASS., AUG. 22.—AS A RESULT OF A ROW AT A PICNIC OF COLORED ODD FELLOWS FROM CAMBRIDGE, AT SHAWSHEEN RIVER GROVE, THIS AFTERNOON, ONE MAN WAS SHOT AND KILLED.

AT 2.30 O'CLOCK THE POLICE HAD NOT ASCERTAINED THE NAME OF THE VICTIM.

THE PICNIC WAS THAT OF THE COLORED ODD FELLOWS OF CAMBRIDGE. THE DISTURBANCE AROSE IN THE PAVILION WHERE A COLORED MAN HAD ENTERED UNDER THE INFLUENCE OF LIQUOR.

AN ATTENDANT ASKED HIM TO GET OUT, WHEREUPON HE DREW HIS REVOLVER AND FIRED TWO SHOTS AT THE WAITER.

THE BULLETS, HOWEVER, WERE STOPPED BY A BOOK THE MAN HAD IN HIS BREAST POCKET.

THE ATTENDANT THEN DREW HIS REVOLVER AND SHOT THE OTHER DEAD.

THE TRAGIC AFFAIR CAUSED GREAT EXCITEMENT AND CAST A GLOOM OVER THE ENTIRE PARTY. THE MAN WHO KILLED THE OTHER GAVE HIMSELF UP TO THE POLICE ON THE PLEA OF SELF DEFENSE.

THE NAME OF THE DEAD MAN WAS GEORGE DAVENPORT, A BOSTON COLORED MAN, AND THE MAN WHO IS CHARGED WITH DOING THE SHOOTING IS EDWRD H. JANIFER, COLORED, OF CAMBRIDGE.

DAVENPORT WAS SHOT IN THE NOSE AND BREAST, DEATH ENSUING ALMOST INSTANTLY. ANOTHER MAN, WHOSE NAME IS UNKNOWN, WAS SLIGHTLY WOUNDED.

MURDERED

N. H. Boy Killed at Cape Nome

By Associated Press to The Sun.

SOMERSWORTH, N. H., Aug. 22.—Hilarion Gastonquay of Somersworth has received word that his son, Oswald, had been murdered and robbed at Cape Nome the early part of July.

Young Gastonquay and nine other Somersworth men went to the Klondike three years ago. He spent two years with little success in Dawson and Circle cities. Then he went to Cape Nome and staked out several paying claims. It is said that he and a partner sold one for $20,000. He disappeared and his body was found in a lot outside the settlement two months later.

A $5,000 BLAZE

Farm House and Buildings Were Destroyed

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WINCHESTER, N. H., AUG. 22.—The farm house and buildings owned by James Ware, near Forest Lake, were burned during the night. A number of horses and cows perished in the flames. It is thought the fire was of incendiary origin. The loss is estimated at $5000.

Play!

Any game you choose—you can keep your blood cool and your nerves steady by drinking plenty of

HIRES Rootbeer

The Favorite Temperance Drink.

CHARLES E. HIRES CO., MALVERN, PA.

FANS GIVEN AWAY

Beautiful and artistic Fans given away with ICE CREAM,

At Old City Hall Building, 218 Merrimack Street.

Try our ice cream soda, pure fruit flavors. Also our pure home made confectionery.

WHEN YOU WANT

to get a glass of SODA call at Carter & Sherburne's Drug Store. They give the largest glass and coolest Soda, made of Pure Fruit Flavors.

Carter & Sherburne, Low Priced Drug Store.
Merrimack Cor. Bridge St.

FRUIT AND PICNIC BASKETS

ALL SIZES.

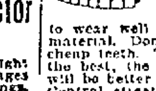
W. T. S. Bartlett

653-659 Merrimack Street.

The Up-Town Hardware Store.

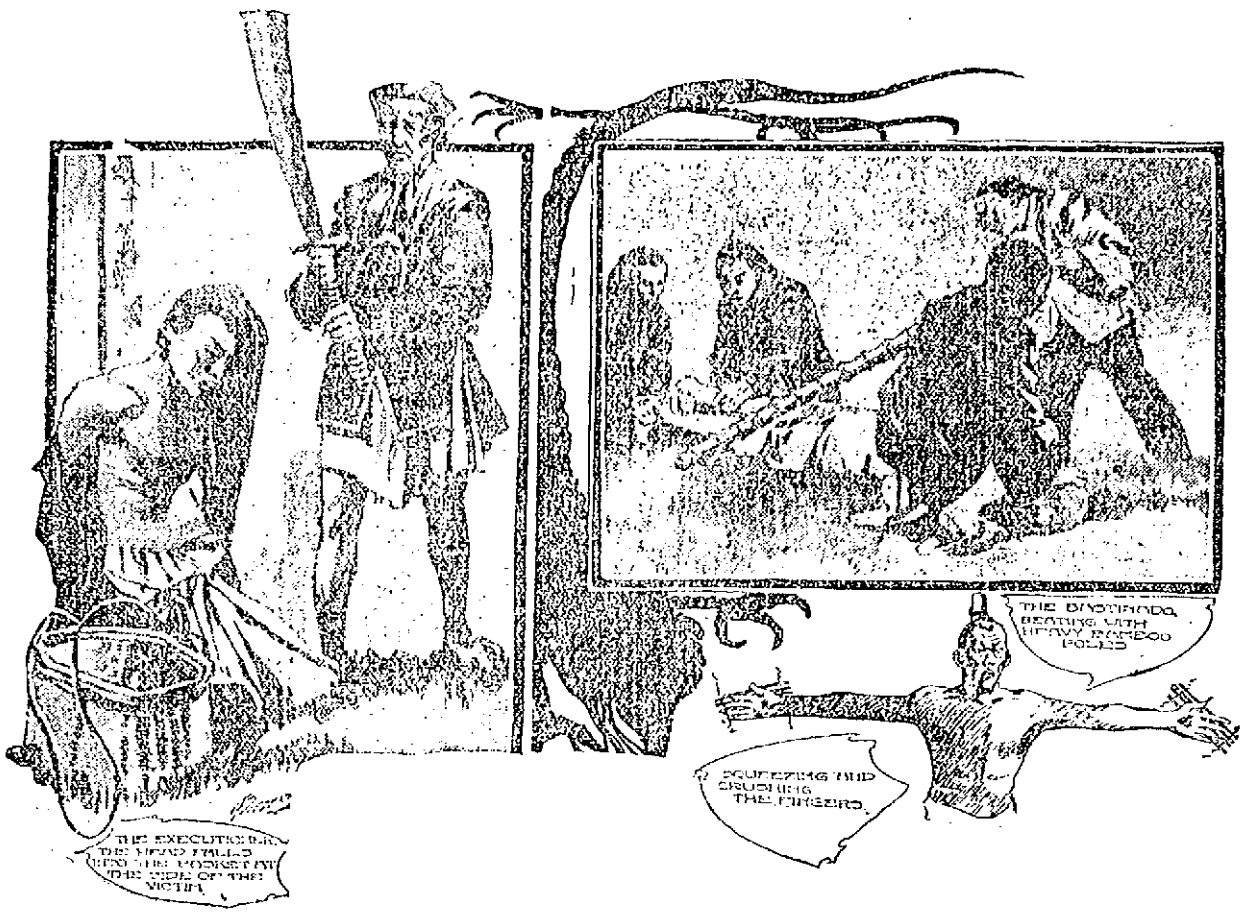
PETER H. SAVAGE,
Undertaker & Funeral Director
160 Worthen St

Telephone connection 161-4. Calls night or day promptly attended to. Carriages furnished for weddings and christenings.



Artificial Teeth

to wear well must be made of the best material. Don't waste your money on cheap teeth. They don't wear well. Buy the best, the price is very low and you will be better satisfied. Dr. Simmons, 111 Central street.



COUNTRY FAMOUS FOR ITS RIOTS.

Causes That Led to the Curious Uprising of the People Who Have Stirred All the Wide World.

By Dr. Headland, Chinese Missionary.

There is probably no country in the world that has, and has always had, so many and such large uprisings as the Empire of China. Naturally a people of peace, they are yet a people of war—no, not of war, but of family squabbles, for their uprisings except in extreme cases, do not rise to the dignity of war.

When there is a strong Emperor at the head of the Government they are peaceful, but when as in the present instance, there is a woman on the throne, the whole Empire is turned into a quarrelsome harem, with the Empress-Dowager in the character of the domineering mother-in-law, making trouble for the whole world.

At such a time rioting, even on a large scale may be precipitated by the most trivial causes.

Let me describe an experience through which my wife and I passed. My wife, who is a physician, was going in a sedan chair to see a sick woman. I followed on a donkey to escort her. Just as we were passing through the east gate of Peking a company of soldiers came out of a side street and started the same way as we had to go. My wife was compelled to get out of the chair on account of the muddy streets. The crowd that had gathered to see the soldiers called us foreign devils. I suggested that we should cross over and go down a side street. As we did this a hoodlum came out of a corner shop, with nothing on save a pair of trousers and a pair of shoes, determined to raise a row. He followed us, gathered a crowd, who began to throw bricks, stones, dirt, and mud, while the original disturber of the peace got close enough to kick my wife several times without my knowledge. Then he kicked me, and I knocked him down, and was about to step on him, when several friendly Chinese stepped between us and him, themselves receiving many of the blows which were aimed at us.

For nearly half an hour we were in the mob, and, while not seriously injured physically, we were very naturally upset. I call attention to the fact, however, that the mob was started by one scoundrel, or, as the Chinese would call him, a Fier Tu tsu, and some of the better class risked their own comfort and safety to protect us. The city authorities issued an edict at once, and the scoundrel was arrested, and a wooden collar about two feet square, which he had to wear for a month, was put about his neck.

When it is designed by any of the hoodlums or the members of a secret society to create a disturbance, about the first thing they do is to placard the city. The announcement is first cut on a board, the operation costing two shillings perhaps. From this rude engraving they can print from a hundred to a thousand copies.

These are given to the members of the society, and are sent to different parts of the city to be posted on the walls of the houses or courts, but more especially near the city gates and at the cross streets, for in those localities they will be seen by the largest possible number. The word is then passed from lip to lip, and this the people call Yao Yen—or, as we say, report gossip. No people in the world, perhaps, are greater gossipers than the Chinese. They tell everything they know and everything they can think about.

Tien Tsin, like all the other ports, has suffered from its intercourse with foreigners. The Tien Tsinese have ceased to be purely Chinese, and have only become foreignized to the extent of drinking imported wine, beer, and whiskey, smoking cigars and cigarettes, and swearing. A Tien Tsinese who knows not a word of respectable English is often able to swear very fluently.

While Li Hung Chang was Viceroy, with his residence at Tien Tsin, it made more advancement and improvement than under any other regime. He established a medical college and dispensary, both for men and women, and a University which is now under the management of Mr. C. D. Tenny, and is one of the best-managed Government schools in the Empire.

It is sometimes said that the uprisings and outbreaks, riots and mobs in China are caused by, and are mainly against the missionaries. Such reports are not true. The Chinese make no distinction between those who are and those who are not missionaries. Indeed, the present Boxer outlaws, brigands, thieves, kidnappers, robbers, or whatever you please to call them, for they are all of these, make no distinction because of the callings pursued by the citizens of any country who wear European clothing. They are all equally "foreign devils," without difference or distinction.

The truth is that China may fairly be justified in not putting down the Boxers on the plea that she can't do it. Any one who has listened to the pop-pop-pop of Chinese guns when the Chinese soldiers are "practising" outside the walls of Peking, trying, but failing, to shoot together in volleys, will agree with this. Not long ago I had the good fortune to witness an inspection of the Peking braves by the Mayor of Peking, and it was a spectacle, I can assure you, not soon to be forgotten.

The whole thing was highly suggestive of a crowd of small Chinese boys I once saw playing soldier during the Chinese-Japanese War. The youngsters had each found a small stick or a large weed, which they used as guns, and had arrayed themselves into a company. Then they made a feint as if to charge with all their force on some imaginary antagonist. They screamed and ran about in quite as military array as real Chinese soldiers, or as a crowd of school-boys playing "Prisoner's base." This they kept up for some seconds, until one of those in the front rank cried out in mock terror, "The Japanese are coming! The Japanese are coming!" when they all took to their heels, like real Chinese soldiers, and fled in disorder and dismay. The obvious reason why the Chinese soldiers do not defeat the Boxers is their utter inability to accomplish the task. As they said about the Japanese, "One or the other must retreat, and as the Boxers will not, we must! It is a Chinese proverb that "No good man will ever become a soldier."

But with all our making fun of the Chinaman because he cannot fight, we must not forget his power as a diplomatist. He may be easily overcome with the weapons of modern warfare, but look out for him when you come in contact with him in a diplomatic way. Your European representative froths and fumes, pounds the table and sometimes swears, and the Chinaman patiently waits until he gets over it and is ready to talk business, and then suggests that "We go on with the affairs of State." Among the ranks of those who wield the tongue and pen, the Chinese statesman stands in the forefront, and he never forgets that the pen is an index of a higher state of civilization than the sword.

The mistake made by the adherents of the young Emperor, Kuang Hsu, was in entirely disregarding the army, poor as that body is. If Kuang Hsu had first surrounded himself with a bodyguard that would have protected him from the Eunuchs of the Palace and the Empress-Dowager, he might have carried his magnificent reforms to a successful end. And never in the history of China did so magnificent a beginning come to such a lamentable and pitiable end.

That a young man raised from infancy in a Palace-prison, with two old Conservative women as his chief advisers and associates, should break away from all the mossback official customs and musty traditions, both of his own ancestry and that of the people he governed, and set himself to study the Christians' Bible, Western science in all its branches, including mathematics, chemistry, physics, medicine, history, and even the English language, is evidence enough that Kuang Hsu is not a "weakling," as some of the papers represent him to be, but a character which, when the true history of China is written, will shine either as the first martyr for liberty and reform, or the Constantine, Charlemagne, or Cromwell of the Orient.

THE CHINESE CAMPAIGN.

By Capt. W. R. Hamilton, U. S. A., Writer and Authority On Military Subjects.

Toward the end of the Japanese-Chinese war the victorious little men planned an advance on Peking by way of the Gulf of Pechili, landing at Taku and up the Peiho, then eighty miles on to the ancient capital. What a pity they were stayed by their ambitious antagonist—Russia. The Gulf of Pechili is a wonderful strategical base of military operations only because of the holding of the great powers in and around it.

First to the south at Weihaiwai are impregnable fortresses and a magnificent harbor held by Great Britain. To the north, right across the gulf, Russia is entrenched with 20,000 troops. Immediately opposite, south on the Shantung peninsula, Germany holds with iron grip Kiaochau. At the head of the gulf to the west is Taku, the seaport town of Tientsin. Here flows the famous Peiho, northwesterly to Peking, a distance of eighty miles.

Twenty miles west and north of Peking lies a chain of mountains, but from the foot of this range and around Peking the country clear to the gulf or port of Taku is absolutely flat and marshy, cut up by innumerable small streams and canals, between which lie rice fields under water the greater part of the year. The distance from Taku to Tientsin is about twenty-seven miles and from Tientsin to Peking eighty miles. At Taku, where the Peiho empties into the gulf, the coast is flat and low, and there is absolutely no harbor there. The seas run very high and ships cannot remain there during storms. It is at Taku that the allied troops have landed and marched on to Tientsin, hoping to continue their route onward to Peking.

The recent news of the terrible defeat of the allied troops by the Chinese shows only one of the difficulties of a further advance, and but little can be realized of what it means to transport an army across the seas and land it on foreign soil in a condition and with supplies to fight successfully a nation many times more populous and maddened by the fever of brutal victories. Why not send a large force at once and punish the Chinese? is asked by all sides. It is easy to suggest but not so easy to carry out suggestions.

Uncle Sam had an army of 30,000 well armed and equipped and disciplined men ready to send, and transports all ready to take them, what difficulties are in the way of their marching to the relief of Tientsin and further victorious progress to Peking? An average brigade of 5,000 men will take up a mile in length if marching in column of fours on a good road and ranks kept closed. But this latter is an impossibility, as all soldiers of experience know, and what is technically termed "lengthening out" takes place, or a stretching out of the column of fours from one-fifth to one-third its original length.

It would be folly to attempt in a country like China to land troops without the supplies of food, clothing and ammunition from home proper and sufficient to support them for at least three months. An average ration weighs three pounds at least, and lasts a soldier one day.

Five thousand rations will last the brigade one day. To last ninety days would require 450,000 pounds, or 225 tons of food. An army wagon holds a ton and a half of food, hence to carry these rations would require at least 150 wagons. Each wagon is drawn by six mules, each animal must have his food.

A minimum calculation for food alone requires 400 wagons, and these with their teams would stretch out on a road a little over four miles. Add to this the clothing, medical supplies, tents, ammunition, etc., and the column is doubled. Such a column requires protection, hence more troops are needed with it, and these need still other supplies. Therefore in a country of good roads a single brigade with all supplies for ninety days would require ten miles of road.

But in a country like China, where there are no roads, the difficulties are intensified and enlarged greatly. The Chinese low country is cut up by innumerable narrow canals and streams, and the means of transport are shallow junks drawing but a few inches of water and taking days to sail from one point to another. Between the flooded rice fields and canals are narrow dikes with a single narrow footpath, along which the Chinese coolie carries his pack on his back, until the highlands are reached. There are no roads in China. To transport wagons and artillery along such roads is impossible.

This matter of transportation is the first and main difficulty in the way of a successful campaign. According to the best reports the difficulties of transportation are vastly increased beyond Tientsin by the cutting of canals and destruction of the few bridges across the rivers by the Boxers. In such a country at the last time of the year the progress made by Admiral Seymour's small force at its best did not exceed ten miles a day. A brigade of 5,000 men, however, would be but a bait to the army of Chinaman now surrounding Tientsin with modern arms and directed by educated and capable officers. The least number of civilized troops that can successfully cope with the Chinese on the battle-field, it is said by those who are presumed to know, should not fall short of 50,000, while twice that number are required to hold the places captured as the army advances. The low, flat country through which the line of march lies has no drainage, and sewers are unknown in China. Even the Chinese, who drink nothing but tea, drink it while it is boiling. All cesspools empty directly in the canals, which are just cesspools themselves on a large scale.

The summers are hot and dusty and dry, and winters hard and cold. The lack of good water, for either drinking or cooking, and in winter the fearful sandstorms are difficulties hard to imagine. The deadly typhoid and dysentery will be as great enemies as the bullets of the Chinaman. There is no fuel in the country, and no camping place sufficient for a division of troops in all the eighty miles to Peking. How then will the fight be conducted? Simply by indomitable grit, pluck and endurance.

Stores and troops will be transported by boats and mules or asses, of which China has millions. The frosts come in October, and rivers freeze in November. From thence on the affair is one of fighting only, and with the proper number the dawn of a new year will find Peking in the hands of civilized people. The first thing is to rescue Tientsin and its garrison; then to put a force sufficiently large to hold it till the large armies of the powers can reach there by the time the rivers freeze.

As the armies advance the railroad between Tientsin and Peking will be rebuilt, and when the capital has fallen, with line of communication to the allied fleets safe, China will then be at the mercy of the powers. It will not require the immense force of 1,000,000, as has been stated erroneously.

Near Peking the climate is healthy and dry, wood and water and supplies are good and ample, and held by an army of 100,000 allies, which 100,000 more hold the line to Tientsin and Taku, the question of Orientalism is settled for all time. To oppose civilized armies the Chinese can bring millions of soldiers, used to the climate, who require but little food and little clothing. But of all these millions that part which is armed with modern arms and has been drilled and organized and disciplined under German officers will not number over 50,000.

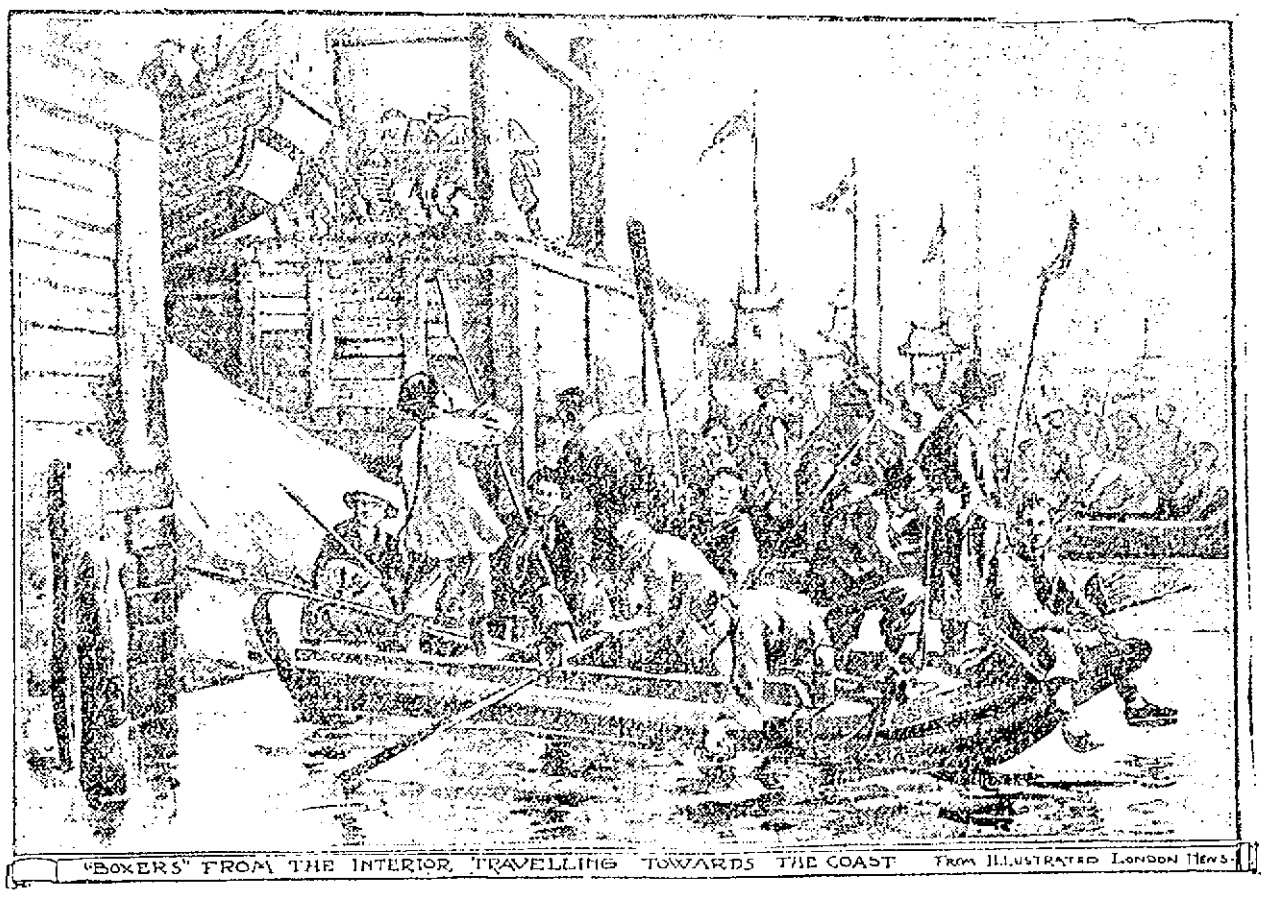
The few generals who are educated in modern war and lead this Chinese army cannot hold it together after one man's nature to give up entirely after the first great reverse, and the art of war has not progressed among Orientals outside of Japan to such an extent that the manufacture of modern arms and ammunition can be successfully carried on.

But it will be the first of October before such troops can reach China, unless Japan throws in her army corps at once. The bickerings regarding partition will come after the revenge is taken, but where Great Britain, Japan and the United States are a unit we may feel assured that it will be done with justice to all parties.

New Words.

Soil was brought up from a depth of 325 feet from a coal mine in Belgium, and from it sprouted weeds of a species entirely unknown to botanists.

THE STREETS OF PEKING ARE FILLED WITH CHINESE SOLDIERS, WHO, WITHOUT LAW OR ORDER, RUSH THROUGH THE THOROUGHFARES, SHOUTING AND BRANDISHING THEIR SPEARS.



"BOXERS" FROM THE INTERIOR TRAVELLING TOWARDS THE COAST. FROM ILLUSTRATED LONDON NEWS.

FITZ VS SHARKEY

Tomorrow Night at Seaside Sporting Club

EXPERTS PICK AUSTRALIAN TO WIN

Sailor is Confident Despite Trend in Betting

The much-talked of fistic match between Bob Fitzsimmons and Tom Sharkey will eventuate tomorrow night at the Seaside Sporting club, Coney Island.

So confident are the experts of the ability of Lanky Bob to vanquish the sailor that they are offering odds of 2 to 1 that Fitzsimmons will secure the winner's end of the purse.

The sailor is by no means discouraged because the experts are against him. In spite of their confidence that Fitzsimmons will beat him, Sharkey declares he is sure of victory. In discussing the battle with some friends at his training quarters in Sheepshead Bay today, Sharkey said that he would surprise the smart fellows who are betting against him.

"I defeated Fitzsimmons," added the sailor, "and I'll do the trick again. Some persons, however, refuse to give me credit for my victory over Fitzsimmons in California, but after my exhibition Friday night, they will agree that I won on my merits. I am in fine condition now and in much better shape than the night I fought Ruhlin. I was away off that night, and was, therefore, unable to do myself justice. My left shoulder, which I hurt in that battle, is stronger now than ever, and I can hit just as hard with the left hand as I ever could."

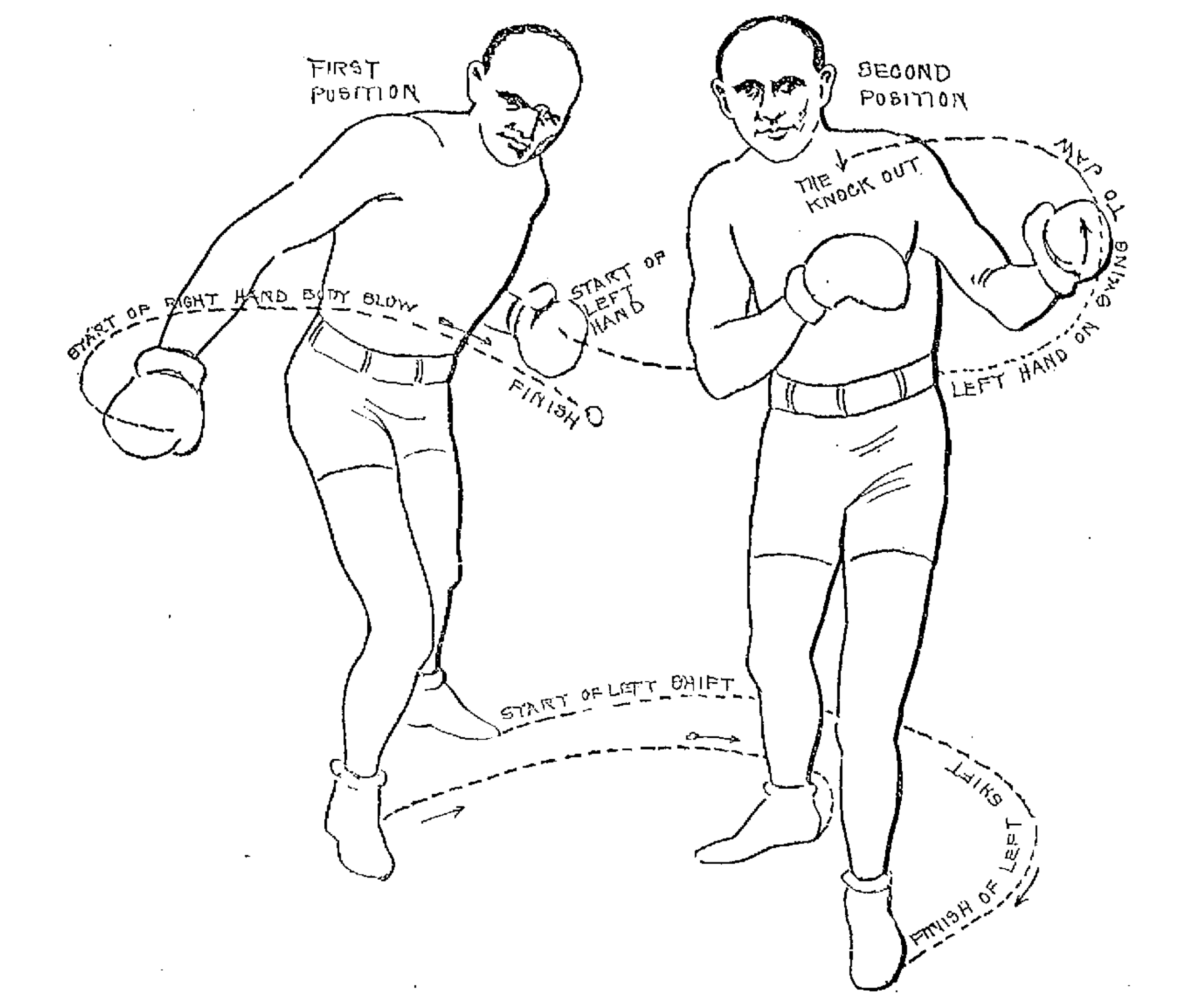
The sailor has been working very hard for the battle, and looks fit to fight for his life. A feature of his training has been the attention he has paid to side-stepping. In this particular the able seaman has shown himself to be very deficient in former battles, but, as a result of considerable practice each day, he can side-step quite lively. He believes that the knowledge that he has gained during the last week about side-stepping will aid him greatly to score a victory over Fitzsimmons.

Sharkey's exercise for the battle, up to two weeks ago, was of the most violent nature but at the suggestion of Tom O'Rourke, his manager, he has been doing mild work for the past 10 days. His work in training has consisted of sprinting on the road, boxing, wrestling and bag punching. Sharkey's principal sparring partner has been Matty Matthews, the local welterweight.

In his bouts with Matthews, Sharkey has shown considerable cleverness on his feet and with his hands. The sailor believes that the knowledge he has gained of the finer points of boxing the last few months, together with his hitting powers, assure him a victory over Fitzsimmons.

Fitz took a lot of beneficial athletic exercise today. The former heavyweight champion finished his day's work in good style. He looks better than when he fought Ruhlin. Boxing with George Dawson, punching the bag, wrestling and road work made up the program. Fitzsimmons regards a victory over Sharkey as a certainty for him. He is, nevertheless, training hard.

It is not improbable that Fitz will arrange a match with Jeffries, if he is successful against Sharkey, as the lucky fellow is anxious to wear the pugilistic crown again.



FITZSIMMONS' DANGEROUS "LEFT SHIFT" ILLUSTRATED

Fitzsimmons' "left shift" is now as celebrated as his solar-plexus blow, and that solar-plexus blow was a "right shift" or a "left shift" reversed.

Now every one knows what a solar-plexus blow, a kidney blow or a blow on the jaw is. But nearly every one wants to know what the "left shift" is. All the above named blows are named from the place where they land; the "shift," right or left, is simply the way in which they are landed.

For the benefit of the uninitiated, Fitzsimmons has been photographed as he delivers this blow. In knocking out Ruhlin he used this blow. He steps in and a little to the left with his right foot, swinging his right hand to the body. Then, with a change like lightning, using his right foot as a pivot, he brings his left foot forward with a swing, sending in his left hand to the jaw.

It was with this blow, slightly changed, that Fitzsimmons put out Corbett at Carson City, Jeff Thorne in one round, Peter Maher in one round, Choynski in two rounds, Dan Creedon, two rounds, Jim Hall in four rounds.

JIMMY MICHAEL

Withdrew From His Race With Nelson

AFTER HE HAD RIDDEN 7 MILES

Nelson Started Off With Good Lead

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BRIDGEPORT, Ct., Aug. 23—Two thousand bicycle enthusiasts were disappointed in the 25-mile motor-paced race between Jimmy Michael and Johnnie Nelson at Pleasure beach track yesterday afternoon, Michael again being the cause.

In the seventh mile, when he was apparently riding in good form, the "Welsh Rarebit" suddenly refused to follow his pace makers and left the track. Nelson, however, continued the race and finished in 42 minutes 11 1-5 seconds.

There were several stories current as to the reason Michael left the track; one being that he strained his leg, another that he had cramps, and the latter story, his trainers say, is the real reason.

The race was scheduled for 4.45 p. m., but Michael did not show up until about 5.15 and at 5.30 the race was started with Michael at the pole. He caught his pace first, but Nelson passed him before they had gone half a lap.

In the first lap Nelson gained about a length and a half which lead he held throughout the mile. In the second mile Nelson made another gain which he held until the sixth mile when the midget again tried to pass Nelson, and for nearly a third of a mile they rode neck and neck.

In the seventh Michael dropped out and refused to ride any further.

He immediately went to his training quarters and a short time afterwards left the vicinity of the track.

The fastest time was made in the second mile by Nelson, 1.31 2-5.

The five-mile motor race was won by Crooks and Scherr, Michael's pace makers; Babcock and Vetter second; Marks and Gately third. Time 7.13 2-5.

One mile open, amateur, won by A. S. Van Houten, Morristown, N. J.; T. F. Clark, Bridgeport, second. Time 2.22 2-5.

One mile professional, won by James Reed; F. P. Kent, second; Fred Hoyt, third. Time, 2.20 4-5.

Mile match race between J. D. Cooper and T. F. Clark was won by Cooper. Time, 1.34 2-5.

SETTING UP MACHINERY.

Charles P. Fadden of Lowell is in Nashua setting up machinery for the Nashua Manufacturing company.

HOSMER TO JUDGE.

Chief Hosmer is to be one of the judges at the Nashua Veteran Firemen's muster.

ARRANGING A MATCH.

The Haverhill Checker club is making arrangements for a match with the Lowell Checker club.

DEAFNESS CURED. Magnetic Ear Telephones. To the ear what spectacles are to the eye. All the advantages of the trumpet without its disadvantages. Demonstration free by ... at A. W. DOWS & CO., Corner Merrimack and Central Sts.

THE PROBATION LAW

Has a Good Effect on Many Persons

Such is the Belief of Judge Hadley and Officer Slattery—They Both Approve the New Law Relative to Drunkenness

Judge Hadley firmly believes that some good results from placing drunks on probation.

He says that his experience has proven that nothing is lost and considerable is gained in placing men on probation, particularly if they are head of a family.

Henry H. Faxon is opposed to probation and in strong terms takes issue with Judge Hadley. He says that not one case in one hundred is reformed and contends that of all reform movements in which he has engaged less is accomplished by this practice of probation than by any other. Mr. Faxon believes that when a town or city favors license, it should be compelled to support those who became paupers because the head of the family spends all of his or her money for liquor.

Judge Hadley takes issue with Mr. Faxon in the general results of the probation law. To a reporter of the Sun he said:

"I am a believer in the probation law. People take different views of its advisability.

"Of course the main reason of its application to cases is to save the little children and also to mothers, their main support. In addition to this, we expect also to reform the drunkard. Some people say that inasmuch as drunkenness is promoted by the licensed saloon and the temptation to drink is placed before a man, then it is no more than right that the burden of supporting those dependent on him should be placed on the community. Others argue that probation is no means to reform a man; that the only way to prevent drunkenness is to close the saloons. Well, they may be right, but just the same, I believe in probation. When a man comes before me and the officers say he has a family of children, I dislike to send him away. The man does not suffer so much; the children are the ones who must pay the penalty of the father's folly. I think of the children then; I am solicitous for their welfare. I do not want to deprive them of their support and make them public charges, and if I find there is any good at all left in the father, I am willing, for their sake to give him a chance to do better in the future.

"I do not feel that I make a mistake; and yet I do not claim I am right at all times. I may be mistaken in the man; his promises made under the conditions, may be easily broken, yet I feel that in dealing with cases in this way, I have had at least a small measure of success. You know, when I place a man on probation, I try to impress on him, the obligations he owes his family and the wrong he does in neglecting them. Liquor is a powerful enemy and it takes a terrible hold on some men. Really, I believe this drinking habit is a disease, that it gains control of a man and must be fought as any other illness.

"I have no doubt that relatively speaking, we have more probationers here than in any other city. As I said before, I do not know how many do good after being placed on probation, but if only 20 per cent. of our cases reform I feel that we are exerting a beneficial influence. Our probation officer, Mr. Slattery, keeps pretty close watch on them, and can tell better than I, what the results are."

OFFICER SLATTERY.

Probation Officer Slattery when questioned by the Sun reporter, said: "Of course the probation law is a good one. I am not talking off hand, but I base my opinion on the facts in my possession. I can name men who have appeared in court here, who are now strangers to a saloon; others who use ale very sparingly and who never neglect their family to satisfy their own appetite. At the present time I have more than one hundred probationers on my list. Why last Saturday alone the d thirty-five or forty call on me and report how they are getting along. In many cases it would surprise you to see the change that comes over these people. I advise them to keep up their good work, and in many cases, particularly among young men, I find that they have joined temperance societies, and spend about all their spare time in the society hall, instead of in the barroom. I have the probationers report to me regularly, and if I receive a complaint against any, I make it a point to see the offender and warn him of what may happen if he does not mend his ways."

"Judge Hadley says he does not know just how many are benefited, but he will be satisfied if twenty per cent. do better after being placed on probation," suggested the reporter.

"I can satisfy the judge's mind on that," replied Mr. Slattery. "I will not put it so low as twenty per cent. I can truthfully say that more than fifty per cent. of our probationers give a good account of themselves after being permitted to enjoy the privilege of probation. They make an honest effort to rise to the standing and position they should occupy and at least that many succeed."

Both Judge Hadley and Officer Slattery believe in the new drunk law that will take effect in October and which provides for suspending sentence or payment of a fine.

The judge says it is a good law and he heartily approves of it.

"It will make more work for the probation officer," he said, "and he will be obliged to keep an account book. You see by its provisions a person can pay a fine on the instalment plan, so that the probation officer must keep an account of all payments. Furthermore, he must keep track of the money he turns in to the clerk of the court and get receipts for the same. I believe it will prove a benefit and I hope it will be given a fair trial."

COLD STEEL OR DEATH.

"There is but one small chance to save your life and that is through an operation," was the awful prospect set before Mrs. I. B. Hunt of Lime Ridge, Wis., by her doctor after vainly trying to cure her of a frightful case of stomach trouble and yellow jaundice. He didn't count on the marvellous power of Electric Bitters to cure stomach and liver troubles, but she heard of it, took seven bottles, was wholly cured, avoided surgeon's knife, now weighs more and feels better than ever. It's positively guaranteed to cure Stomach, Liver and Kidney troubles and never disappoints. Price 50 cents. Goodale's Drug Store, Fiske's Block, 217 Central street.

A CENT A WORD for three days is the cost of SUN WANTS.

EXTRA OFFICERS

To Do Duty Hereafter Over in Dracut

TOWNSPEOPLE ARE TERIFIED AT FIREBUG

Investigation in Progress by Fire Marshal

Fire marshal's assistant, Scott, spent the greater part of yesterday in town and had talks with quite a number of the residents; also with the youngsters. The people of the town are simply terrified by the bold attempt of the firebug on Sunday night, when the Coburn house and boarding house were set and many of the residents do not go to bed until a late hour.

It is the intention of the board of selectmen to put an extra officer on duty from 11 o'clock until 5 o'clock in the morning. Officer Gallagher goes on duty every morning about 7 and remains on until 11 o'clock. Previous to this arrangement it will be readily seen the town took care of it self after 11 o'clock. Up till the firebug started his work all was well but now things are different, and perhaps it is more from the appeal of the citizens than any other reason that the selectmen agreed upon the plan of having a special officer guard the town through the night and early morning and although it may not prove a wonderful success yet the residents will feel as though something is being done to protect the town from the vicious acts of miscreants. This plan was to have gone into operation last night.

Mr. and Mrs. Richard Wright of Maynard were in town yesterday renewing old acquaintances.

NORTH CHELMSFORD

Miss Thompson of Rochester, N. Y., and Miss Leighgage of Worcester, are spending a few days in North Chelmsford, and are the guests of Mrs. F. E. Varney.

Mr. Rupert Ripley and Mr. Luther Hall of this village are spending a week's vacation with their relatives in Boston.

Mr. Ziba Gay, who has been confined to his home by illness during the past weeks, is on the road to recovery, although he is not yet able to leave his home.

Mr. Guy Green of Waltham is spending a few days in North Chelmsford at the home of Mr. Oliver M. Green.

Mr. James Kane has gone to England, where he intends to remain for several months, visiting his many friends.

Miss Mamie McKiernan has arrived home after spending a two weeks' vacation in Sundown, N. H.

Charles J. Trull, the first baseman of the Westford Academy base ball team, has resigned his position.

Carl Ripley of North Chelmsford will pitch for the Westford Academy ball team on Saturday afternoon when they will play the Ayer ball club in Ayer.

There are two ball teams in Ayer this year, and one of the teams will cross bats with the Graniteville team on Saturday afternoon in Graniteville.

The battery for the Graniteville team will be Mr. Horace Counter and Mr. David F. Small.

Mrs. Harry C. Trombley of North Chelmsford is spending a few weeks vacation visiting her cousins in Freeport, Me.

A company drill will be held by the members of Troop F, cavalry on Tuesday evening, August 28, in the Chelmsford Centre town hall.

The boys are working in the ... ford Foundry company's shop. There are ...

Dancing was enjoyed at the Crystal Lake pavilion Tuesday evening.

Mr. Herman Flint of Boston was visiting friends in North Chelmsford Tuesday. Mr. Flint formerly resided in this village.

Mrs. James A. Sampson and daughter, Miss Florence Sampson of North Chelmsford are spending a few days at the Salem Willows.

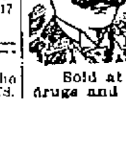
For Women.

Dr. Tolman's Monthly Regulator has brought happiness to hundreds of anxious women. There is positively no other remedy known to medical science, that will so quickly and safely do the work. Have never had a single failure. The longest and most obstinate cases are relieved in 3 days without fail. No other remedy will do this. No pain, no danger, no interference with work. The most difficult cases successfully treated through correspondence, and the most complete satisfaction guaranteed in every instance. I relieve hundreds of ladies whom I never see. Write for further particulars. All letters truthfully answered. Free confidential advice in all matters of a private or delicate nature. Bear in mind this remedy is absolutely safe under every possible condition and will positively leave no after ill effects upon the health. By mail securely sealed, $2.00. Dr. E. M. TOLMAN CO., 170 Tremont St., Boston, Mass.

Omega Oil

For Your Feet

When you remove your shoes and stockings tonight, take a look at your feet. Compare them with all the rest of your body. You'll see they are pretty small affairs to bear up the big weight above them. All day long, year after year, they support your body. Is it any wonder they are sore and tender? How can they help itching, burning and swelling? Why don't you get a bottle of Omega Oil at the drug store, and give your feet a good rubbing with it? In the morning you'll have to confess that Omega Oil is the greatest stuff for aching feet that you ever came across in your life. Don't forget to rub upward when using Omega Oil, so as to help the circulation of the blood. This makes the Oil do the most good. 712



STRONG AGAIN! WHEN IN DOUBT, TRY Sex-ine Pills. They have stood the test of years, and have cured thousands of cases of Nervous Diseases, such as Debility, Dizziness, Sleeplessness and Varicocele, Atrophy, &c. They clear the brain, strengthen the circulation, make digestion perfect, and impart a healthy vigor to the whole being. All drains and losses are checked *permanently*. Unless patients are properly cured, their condition often worries them into Insanity, Consumption or Death. Mailed sealed. Price $1 per box; 6 boxes, with iron-clad legal guarantee to cure or refund the money, $5.00. Send for free book. Address, PEAL MEDICINE CO., Cleveland, O.

Sold at Goodale's Drug Store, the best and cheapest place in Lowell for drugs and medicines, 217 CENTRAL STREET.

TO LET

TO LET—Six-room tenement on South Highland street. Inquire at 58 Church street.

TO LET—11 room house, steam heat, modern conveniences, 5 Anne street. Inquire Gordon Tweed, 63 Market street.

TO LET—Some first class tenements in all parts of the city. Apply to A. G. Betharell, Room 8, Bon Marche block.

TO LET—A nicely furnished house on Centralville hill; only one minute's walk from car line. Will rent to a desirable couple for owner's board. For particulars, Address D. W., Sun Office.

TO LET—One four room tenement. Inquire at 33 Chestnut square.

LOST AND FOUND

LOST—In the vicinity of post-office, fox terrier pup, marked black and white. Finder please return to 197 Andrew street and receive reward.

FOUND—A bicycle out of town Sunday. Owner will find at No. 39 Clark street.

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—Three chair barber shop. Stand established 16 years. Apply to 701 Gorham street.

FOR SALE—25 lots of land situated within 5 cent limit on car line. Will sell in single lots very cheap. Apply to F. A. Downing, 158 Howard street.

FOR SALE or TO LET—A large mill, suitable for any kind of manufacturing; will be rented or sold very low. Building all complete, with boilers, etc., ready to run. Inquire of Henry Miller, Wyman's Exchange, Lowell.

FOR SALE—A ladies' first-class bicycle. Call at 65 French street.

FOR SALE—A silver and nickel plating business complete. O. C. Allen, 6? Dutton street.

FOR SALE—A silver and nickel business complete. O. C. Allen, 6? Dutton street.

FOR SALE—Variety store with tenement attached in good locality. Well established trade but small stock. Apply Sun office.

FOR SALE—A boarding house corner of George and Emery streets. Inquire of Joseph Ashley, 21 Boott Corp.

FOR SALE—One horse, a cow, one Jersey heifer, 60 hens, and farm of 30 acres with house, barn, hen house, sheds, etc., situated next to Whittier Bros.' farm in Dracut, half way between Lowell and Lawrence. Will sell the live stock separately or together with farm. Easy terms. Bargain for somebody. Apply to Robert Galbraith on the premises or by mail. Address Lowell Creamery, care of Whittier Bros.

FOR SALE—Cigar store and pool room for sale. 180 Middlesex street.

FOR SALE—Restaurant, thriving business, well equipped, up-to-date, most popular in the city, owner retiring. $2000 cash; only cash customers need apply at 115 Monroe street, room 16, Lynn, Mass.

FOR SALE—A National cash register, 40 keys in perfect order; also a small soda fountain at 414 Central street.

FOR SALE—Ten R. I. P. A. N. S. for five cents at druggists. One gives relief.

FOR SALE—1-2 mile from Chelmsford Centre, six-room house, barn and shed, one acre of land, can be bought on easy terms. Price only $1150. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

FOR SALE—On Chapel Hill, two-tenement house and store all in first-class repair, large lot of land. This place can be bought low and on easy terms. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central.

FOR SALE—On Lawrence street, four-tenement block, pays 12 per cent. Price $3100. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

FOR SALE—On Tyler street, good boarding house with lots of boarders. Price $350. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

FOR SALE—In North Chelmsford, two-tenement house, large lot of land. Price $2700. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

FOR SALE—Six miles from Lowell, good farm of 88 acres, good set of buildings, lots of fruit. Keeps 15 head of stock. Price of farm, $2100. With the stock of 9 cows, 4 head of young cattle, pigs, hens, two horses, wagon, harnesses, farming tools and milk route, price $3100. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

Boston & Maine R. R.

Corrected to June 25, 1900. Trains leave Merrimack Street Depot, Lowell, as follows:

For Boston, 5.43, 6.23, e6.42, *7.15, *8.50, e9.15, *9.49, 11.00 a. m.; 1.10, e3.50, 4.25, e5.11 p. m. SUNDAYS, 8.45 a. m.

Trains leave Middlesex Street Station, Lowell, as follows:

For Boston, 5.46, 6.23, *6.33, e6.15, w6.50, 7.01, *7.27, 7.31, *7.45, e7.50, w*8.00, *8.57, e9.19, w9.25, *9.50, w10.50, 11.03, *11.52 a. m.; w12.05, 12.16, w12.45, 1.11, *1.57, w2.25, w3.10, e3.03, *3.47, w3.55, *4.02, 4.26, w5.15, 5.22, t5.43, w6.15, *6.22, 7.00, *7.19, 8.42, w9.29 p. m. SUNDAYS, 6.30, 7.27, 8.13, 9.17 a. m.; 12.05, 1.05, 1.25, 5.5a, 8.15 p. m.

For Lawrence and Haverhill, 6.28, w6.50, z7.31, w8.30, w9.25, 10.05, w10.50 a. m.; w12.55, w2.25, 3.55, 5.15, w5.15, w6.15, w7.00, w9.25, w11.15 p. m. SUNDAYS, 8.15 a. m., 12.05, 5.20, 8.45 p. m.

For Salem, Mass., w6.28, 7.31, a. m.; w12.05, 1.25, w5.18, 5.53 p. m.

For Newburyport, Amesbury and Portsmouth, 6.28 a. m.; 12.05, 2.25, 3.55, 6.15 p. m.

For Haverhill, Newburyport, Hampton, North Hampton, Portsmouth and stations on York Beach railroad, 2.35 p. m., July 2 to Sept. 7 inclusive.

For Exeter and Dover, 6.25, 6.50, z7.31, 8.30 a. m.; 12.05, 3.55, 5.18 p. m. SUNDAYS, 10.15 a. m.; 5.30 p. m.

For Rochester and Alton Bay, 8.30 a. m.; 12.05, 3.55 p. m.

For Somersworth, N. H., Saco, Old Orchard and Portland, 6.25, 6.50, z7.31, 8.30 a. m.; 12.05, 3.55, 5.18 p. m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p. m.

For Lewiston, Augusta, Bath, Waterville, 6.50, 8.30 a. m.; 12.05, 5.18 p. m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p. m.

For Bangor, Belfast, Skowhegan and Rockland, 6.50, 8.30 a. m.; 5.18 p. m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p. m.

For St. John, N. B., Halifax, N. S., Montreal and Quebec, 6.50 a. m.; 5.18 p. m. (5.18 does not run Saturdays). SUNDAYS, 5.30 p. m.

For Eastport and St. John (via steamer from Portland), on Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 12.05 p. m.

For Castine, Deer Isle, Sedgewick, Bar Harbor, Jonesport and Machiasport (via steamer Frank Jones from Portland), Tuesday and Friday at 5.18 p. m.

For Woburn, 6.58, 7.01, 7.31, *7.45, 11.03 a. m.; 1.11, 1.25, 8.41 p. m. SUNDAYS, 8.43 a. m.; 1.25, 5.58 p. m.

For stations between Winchester and Boston, Southern Division, 5.46, 6.28, 7.31, 7.48, 9.50, 11.03 a. m.; 1.13, 4.26, 5.22, 8.41 p. m. SUNDAYS, 6.25, 7.27, 8.45, 9.17 a. m.; 1.25, 5.5a p. m.

For Ayer Junction and Way Stations, 7.18 a. m.; 12.00, 2.51, and 5.12 p. m. SUNDAYS, 2.15 p. m.

For Amherst, Milford and Wilton, 9.05 a. m.; 1.00, 3.41 and 5.40 p. m. SUNDAYS, 2 p. m.

For Greenfield, Peterboro, Bennington, Hillsborough and Keene, 9.05 a. m., and 3.41 p. m. SUNDAYS, to Hillsboro, 2 p. m.

For Nashua, Manchester and Concord, 7.10, 8.05, *9.10, *10.20, *10.31 a. m.; *12.09, 1.00, *1.10, *1.51, 3.11, *3.40 6.27, *8.10, *9.24 p. m. SUNDAYS, 10.09 a. m. (to Nashua only), 3.05 a. m.; 2.00, 6.02, 8.19, *9.24 p. m.

For Franklin, Lebanon, White River Junction, 9.08, *9.40 a. m.; *12.12, *1.40, 5.40, *s8.10 p. m.

For Warner, Bradford, Sunapee, Newport (N. H.) Claremont and Claremont Junction, 7.40, 9.08 a. m.; 1.40 p. m.; 3.41, s5.10 p. m. Saturday only till August 25th inclusive.

For St. Johnsbury and Lyndonville, via Wells River, 10.30 a. m.; *1.40 *a9.21 p. m.

For Montpelier, Essex Junction, Burlington, St. Albans, St. Johns and Montreal via Central Vermont line, *9.40 a. m.; *12.09, *a9.10 p. m.

For Montreal and Quebec, via Montreal and Boston Air Line, *10.30 a. m.; *a9.24 p. m. QUEBEC EXPRESS, via Plymouth and Sherbrooke, *1.40, *a9.21 p. m.

References.
*Express.
a Daily.
b Wednesdays and Saturdays only.
c Via Bedford.
k To Exeter only.
s Saturday only.
w Via Western Division.
z Via Wilmington Junction.

D. J. FLANDERS, Gen. Pass. and Ticket Agent.
H. C. TAFT, General Agent, Lowell.

WANTED

WANTED—Table girl at 114 Branch street.

WANTED—A girl for general housework at 303 Tenth street.

WANTED—Situation by a young lady as bookkeeper or stenographer. Good references. Address J. F., 201 Gorham street.

WANTED—Situation as kitchen girl in a restaurant, or work in a baker shop. Apply 84 Church street.

WANTED—General house girl at 18 Lenton Court, off Charles street.

WANTED—Experienced table girl at 57 Hancock street, Mass. corporation.

WANTED—Kitchen girl who will go home nights. 14 Columbus avenue.

WANTED—Good, capable man on farm, one right from country, used to driving a team and taking care of stock. S. P. Pike. Call 75 Prescott street.

WANTED—Washing and scrubbing by a good, capable woman with a family to support. Address K. L., Sun Office.

WANTED—Agent to sell the distillery bottling of Belle of Nelson to the local trade in Lowell. Address with reference The Turner-Looker Co., Cincinnati.

WANTED—Man to work at vegetable farming. H. W. Foster, Andover street.

MISCELLANEOUS

THE BOSTON OPTICAL COMPANY. Watch makers and opticians, Runels building, Merrimack square, room 11. Open evenings. Examinations free. Experts in both branches in attendance.

HATTIE R. FLETCHER, trance and business medium. Will give sittings daily. 101 Gorham street.

COTTON WEAVERS UNION—All members that have not been called upon by the collector within the past two weeks are requested to call at Loomfixers' hall and leave their addresses with the financial Secretary. From 1 till 4 every Saturday afternoon until further notice.
MISS ANNIE McMELLEN, Fin. Secy.

LADIES will find select line of help at Choice Employment Bureau, 50 Appleton street, Mrs. Sanborn.

PATENTS—Secure our terms and system for placing inventions free. Oscar A. Michel, registered attorney, 303 Broadway, New York, Dept 15.

BIGGEST SNAP ever offered, agents or dealers to sell high grade cash registers. Anyone can sell them. Big money made. Chicago Cash Register company, Chicago.

WHEN YOU want Spectacles or Eye Glasses Purcell's is the place, 43 Coburn street. Somewhat of an optician. No fancy prices.

SILK, FELT and straw hats cleaned and repaired cheap during the month of August at Delorme, the hatter, 261 Middlesex street.

LYNN BEACH—Old and new patrons are welcome, at Fred L. Dwyer's, 11 Suffolk street. Reasonable rates.

LADIES—Free. Harmless Monthly Regulator. Cannot fail. Mrs. B. Rowan, R 90, Milwaukee, Wis.

A first class dressmaker and seamstress would like a few more jobs. Inquire at 31 Shedd street. No objection to out-of-town work.

LYNN BEACH, Bay View Hotel, entirely renovated, open for the season of 1900, under the personal management of Mrs. J. P. Fitzgerald. She will be pleased to meet her former guests and welcome new ones. Rates reasonable.

QUICK CURE for ladies in trouble; also nursing during confinement. Address Box 15, West Fairlee, Vt.

LADIES—Chichester English Pennyroyal Pills (Diamond Brand) are the best, safe, reliable. Take no other. Send 4c. in stamps for particulars. "Relief for Ladies," in letter by return mail. At druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

E. G. PARKER says coal has dropped too low to last. Now is the time to put in your season's supply. He also sells groceries, boots, shoes and rubbers.

MONEY TO LOAN at lowest rates on furniture, pianos, horses, carriages, diamonds, watches, etc., in sums of $5 and up. Payments can be made monthly, thus reducing principal and interest at each payment. All business confidential. Thomas E. Adams, 40 Middlesex street, Lowell.

RUBBER STAMPS—At wholesale prices, 1 inch 1-line stamps, 10c; 1½ inch 15c, 35c, ink pads, 25c.; 25c. ink pads, 15c.; 50c. linen markers, 25c.; business stamp, 15c. per line. J. M. Fellows, 150 Merrimack street.

AGENTS—"Hat Bleach" cleans straw hats in five minutes; greatest seller out; sample 10c; write today. Hat Bleach Co., Xenia, O.

LADIES—Your bust enlarged 6 inches; failure impossible; harmless; $100 cash guarantee; proof free. Leonard Medicine Co., Kansas City, Kas.

"BOYS AND GIRLS" wanted to copy letters at home; genteel way of earning money. Send self-addressed stamped envelope for particulars. Henry Williams Co., Dep't L, 152 E. 23d. street, New York.

ANY LADY can easily make $18 to $25 weekly by representing us in her locality and as the position is both pleasant and profitable the year round, I will gladly send full particulars to all. Even your spare time is valuable and if you really want to make money, address, with 2c. stamp, Mrs. Mary E. Wheeler, 57 Washington street, Chicago, Illinois.

AN INTELLIGENT, energetic woman to represent that great family magazine, the Woman's Home Companion. Liberal pay, cash or premiums, for looking after new subscriptions and renewals in your own community, city or country. Outfit free. Address Woman's Home Companion, Springfield, O.

SALESMEN wanted for Lowell to introduce staple specialties as a side line; party calling on architects, builders, owners of fine buildings, etc., preferred; this is a fine opportunity and a hustler can add several hundred dollars yearly to his income. Address "615 Drexel Building," Philadelphia, Pa.

FOR SALE—At a great sacrifice, a new two-story house for two families; seven rooms each with bath, hot and cold water, gas, hard wood floors, a good lot of land and barn, near 18th street. Inquire at 32 18th street.

MADAM VONNIE

The world's greatest palmist and card reader has returned. She gives truthful advice on love, marriage and business. Tells you how to win the one you love, no matter what your troubles are come and she will help you. Daily 10 to 9 p. m. Bon Marche Building, Room 44.

FOR FIRST COMMUNION! Catholic Prayer Books! The finest assortment ever shown before in Lowell. Rosary Beads, silver and solid gold mounted, Medals, gold, silver and aluminum. Our first Holy Communion Remembrance Picture Cards are beauties. Statues and all kinds of religious articles. An immense variety.

Franco-American Book Store
520 Merrimack Street.

R·I·P·A·N·S

Wanted—a case of bad health that R. I. P. A. N. S. will not benefit. One gives relief. No matter what's the matter, one will do you good. A cure may result if directions are followed. They banish pain, induce sleep, prolong life. Sold at all drug stores, ten for five cents. Be sure to get the genuine. Don't be fooled by substitutes. Ten samples and a thousand testimonials will be mailed to any address for five cents forwarded to the Ripans Chemical company, No. 10 Spruce street, New York.

BUY THE GENUINE
SYRUP OF FIGS
... MANUFACTURED BY ...
CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
NOTE THE NAME.

TRAINS TO AND FROM BOSTON

Southern Div.

To Boston. Lve.	To Boston. Arr.	From Boston. Lve.	From Boston. Arr.
5 43	6 50	6 00	7 16
6 22	7 40	6 25	7 45
§6 30	7 33	6 40	7 53
6 41	7 52	8 00	8 59
§7 04	8 00	9 33	10 05
*§7 27	8 10	*8 01	9 35
*§7 51	8 51	*9 30	10 02
7 45	8 35	*10 00	10 37
§7 50	8 53	10 17	11 31
8 50	9 40	10 45	11 55
9 15	10 35	*11 30	12 07
9 30	10 41	12 00	12 56
11 00	12 03	*1 00	1 28
*§11 42	12 25	*1 15	1 52
§12 10	1 05	2 00	3 01
1 10	2 53	*3 00	3 28
*§1 57	2 83	3 17	5 00
3 00	4 20	4 14	5 41
*§3 47	4 30	4 17	5 55
§4 00	4 51	*5 00	5 58
4 25	5 32	5 38	6 26
*5 23	6 15	5 47	6 51
5 41	7 10	6 11	7 20
*§6 22	7 05	*7 30	8 08
*§7 19	8 00	*8 45	9 22
§8 49	9 37	10 15	11 15
		11 20	12 22

Western Div.

To Boston. Lve.	To Boston. Arr.	From Boston. Lve.	From Boston. Arr.
6 50	8 05	7 30	8 31
8 10	8 54	9 25	10 32
9 25	10 30	10 25	11 11
10 50	12 05	11 50	1 08
12 05	1 32	2 45	3 19
12 45	1 57	3 30	4 55
3 25	3 41	4 25	5 45
3 10	4 10	5 11	6 20
3 55	5 01	6 01	7 05
5 18	6 12	6 25	7 18
6 15	7 15	9 23	11 19
7 00	8 05	B 11 15	12 15
9 25	10 39		

Sunday Trains (Western Div.)

To Boston. Lve.	To Boston. Arr.	From Boston. Lve.	From Boston. Arr.
8 15	9 27	8 00	9 17
12 05	1 20	12 00	1 12
1 45	5 18	5 00	6 25
5 50	6 53	8 15	9 10
8 45	9 42		

Trains by western division leave Lowell from Middlesex Street station.

Sunday Trains (Southern Div.)

To Boston. Lve.	To Boston. Arr.	From Boston. Lve.	From Boston. Arr.
§6 59	7 50	2 15	3 05
*§7 27	8 10	9 01	10 07
8 45	9 40	1 00	1 57
§9 17	10 00	6 00	5 50
§1 25	5 30	*7 40	8 18
§5 53	7 00	*8 17	9 22
		9 00	10 02

*Express.

§From Middlesex Street Station only.

B Runs to Lowell Wednesdays and Saturdays only.

THE WEATHER

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BOSTON, Aug. 23.—Local forecast for Boston and vicinity: Fair weather tonight and generally fair Friday; variable winds.

SPECIAL NOTICES

ESTABLISHED 1876.

For over a quarter of a century we have been supplying the people of Lowell with our high grade teas and coffees. Dickson Brothers, 65 Merrimack street.

THE SUN ON SALE IN BOSTON.

The five o'clock edition of The Sun is on sale at the news stand in the Union Station, Boston.

STEAMSHIP TICKETS AND DRAFTS.

Sold on the Cunard, Dominion, White Star, American, Anchor, Allan and Leyland lines, to and from Boston, New York, Queenstown, Liverpool and all parts of Europe. Drafts issued for £1 and upward on all parts of Great Britain and Ireland. English sovereigns and Canada bills bought at Murphy's, 18 Appleton street.

LOCAL NEWS

Try Horne's Coal.

All $1.00 Hats, 69c, at Steele's.

Have you had Pelham's Cigars?

Only a few days more at Steele's.

F. A. M. Tobin's Printery, Tel. 843-2.

Boys' 2-piece Suits, $1.48 at Steele's.

E. G. Parker has dropped price of coal.

50c. Negligee Shirts, 29c, at Steele's.

Big wrapper sale. Cooper's, Gorham street.

Men's all wool Suits, $2.98 at Steele's.

Fred C. Church had insurance on Wiggin fire Wednesday; building and contents on Rock street.

Horse races Labor day, Sept. 3, at Wamalancit park, North Chelmsford. Three classes, 2.25, scrub and colt race.

Masons and contractors are well satisfied with the building materials bought of the William E. Livingston Company, 15 Thorndike street.

Elegant rubber-tired hacks at O'Donnell's stable. Telephone 439-4.

Dress Suit cases, solid leather, $5. worth $7. Devine's, 85 Merrimack St.

Horsemen can keep their horses in good condition if they buy their stable supplies of the William E. Livingston Company, 15 Thorndike street.

WILL NOT RESIGN

LIEUT. ROSE WILL REMAIN WITH CO. C, SIXTH REGIMENT.

The chief topic of discussion at the meeting of Co. C, Sixth Regiment, last night, was on the alleged resignation of Lieut. Rose.

Recently a local newspaper printed a story to the effect that the lieutenant intended severing his relations with the company at the meeting last night. It was but natural, therefore, that the members [illegible] should discuss the matter in an effort to determine as to the reliability of the report. Capt. Livingston informed those who asked him, as he also informed the writer, that Lieut. Rose had no intention of resigning at the present time. "I have received no [illegible] from the lieutenant," said Capt. Livingston [illegible] ries of his intended resignation. He was not able to attend the meeting because of previous engagements. He is passing a brief vacation down in Maine."

The HARRISON

PRIMER

AND...

FILLER

For a Surfacer on New and Old Work.

GUARANTEED.

C. B. COBURN & CO.,

63 MARKET STREET.

Why try to stick things with something that doesn't stick? Buy MAJOR'S CEMENT; you know it sticks. Nothing breaks away from it. Stick to MAJOR'S CEMENT. Buy once, you will buy forever. There is nothing as good; don't believe the substituter.

MAJOR'S RUBBER and MAJOR'S LEATHER.

Two separate cements—the best. Insist on having them.

ESTABLISHED 1876.

15 and 25 cents per bottle at all druggists.

MAJOR CEMENT CO., NEW YORK CITY.

WILD WELCOME

Bryan Greeted on First Campaign Tour

By Associated Press to The Sun.

FALLS CITY, Neb., Aug. 23.—Yesterday was a busy day for Bryan. It was after 1 o'clock yesterday morning when he reached Auburn, his first stopping place after leaving Lincoln. At 9 o'clock he made an hour's address. At Tecumseh, the next stopping place, he spoke briefly and after dinner started upon a 21 mile drive across country to Pawnee. At Pawnee, as at Auburn and Tecumseh, there was a good attendance, as there was also at the night meeting, held at this point. The day's meetings were all held in the groves or the old court house. The towns visited are all in Mr. Bryan's old district.

At Tecumseh the most interesting incident was a colloquy between Mr. Bryan and a gentleman in the audience, evidently a republican, who propounded several questions to the speaker. He suggested that the Filipinos were on a par with our Indians. To this Mr. Bryan responded:

"Now, as I understand you, you think we were right in taking the property of the Indians."

"No, sir."

"Then do you think it right to take the property of the Filipinos?"

"No sir," responded the man in the audience, "and nobody is going to. How does the treatment of the Filipinos differ from the treatment of [illegible] in this country? Do you believe in punishing the [illegible]?"

Mr. Bryan: "Your face is the face of an intelligent man and you cannot fail to see the difference between putting men in the penitentiary for the commission of a crime and going over to the Philippines and taking charge of the government of the Filipinos."

"When I see a man like you," was the response of the interlocutor, who favored the peace treaty, "I think that man ought to have some consistency about him."

"I am much obliged for your mentioning that," replied Mr. Bryan, "for I should not feel like bringing it to your attention unless called on to do so. I urged the ratification of the treaty and also urged the passage of the resolution promising independence to the people of the Philippines and if your republican administration had passed the resolution there would not have been one drop of blood shed in the Philippines."

The questioner made an indistinct reference to Mr. Bryan's capacity for the presidency and asked Mr. Bryan if he believed the Filipinos were capable of self-government. To this Mr. Bryan replied:

"Admiral Dewey stated in a message to the secretary of the navy that the Filipinos were better capable of self-government than the Cubans and that he based his judgment after a study of both races. Whether you believe as I do or not, you are not able to draw the line between the natural right of the Filipino and the natural right of the Cuban whom you and your party said ought to be free, or if its true of the Cubans, it is true of the Filipinos and I want to make it so."

At Pawnee Mr. Bryan spoke upon all the questions at issue, paying somewhat more attention than usual to the financial and trust questions.

Mr. Bryan had the largest and most enthusiastic audience of the day at the evening meeting at Falls City. He was received by a large number of citizens and as he was driven to his stopping place was greeted with throngs which lined the street. He spoke of the importance of securing a democratic congress saying that if elected he wanted the opportunity not only to fill the office, but also to sign bills that would remedy the evils of which the democrats complain. He paid his respects to Senator Hanna in the following extract.

"This morning's papers tell us that Mr. Hanna yesterday went down into New Jersey, the home of the trusts, to make a speech. Did he tell those republicans down there that the republican party was going to win and not to worry? Oh, no. He said to them: 'You have got to watch out. Don't be over-confident, we have got a great fight on hand. We have got to fight hard.' And then I can imagine I can see him put his hand behind him and say:

'Come down.' Isn't that a good place for a man to go to scare the corporations into contributions?"

On imperialism he said: "I don't want our drum-beat heard around the world, but I do want the light of American liberty to encircle the entire globe."

PLAYED POORLY

Bostons Dropped First Game to Brooklyn

DINEEN WAS IN THE BOX

The Champions Played a Fast Game

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BOSTON, August 23, 1900.—Boston, with Dineen in the box, was signally defeated yesterday by the champion Brooklyns at the South end grounds before a large crowd which was anxious to see the home team make a meal of Hanlon's hired men.

Tenney returned to his old place at first, Barry tried his hand at second, made a bad mess of it and retired in the fourth inning after being spiked by Keeler. Sullivan took his place and played a good game. Duffy and Lowe were on the sick list and not at the grounds, so that the old outfield of Stahl, Hamilton and Freeman was in order once more.

Gus Weyhing started to pitch and pulled out after two innings, as the Boston men were hitting too freely to suit Ed. Hanlon. Farmer Kennedy tried his hand on the locals. He was about as wild as Dineen and was hit quite hard at times.

Dineen started with fine speed, but the poor support given him, combined with a poor decision by umpire Hurst, and later the Boston man's wildness, made the going quite pleasant for the visitors. During the last part of the game Dineen let down in his speed and should have been taken out for another day. More than two hours of disagreeable work fell to the lot of Boston's best pitcher and the chances are that he will need a good rest before going in again. Clarke was very slow behind the stick and threw poorly when chances were offered to get a man.

The champions played a sharp fielding game, Dahlen, as usual, showing up strongly both at the bat and in the field. The fielding of the visitors was strong where that of the locals was weak.

The score by innings:

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
Brooklyn	6	0	1	0	3	2	0	0	1	—13
Boston	2	1	0	0	3	1	0	0	1	— 8

Two-base hits, Long, Freeman, Cross, Kennedy. Three-base hit, Stahl. Stolen bases, Kelley, Dahlen, Daly. Sacrifice hits, Jennings, Jones. First base on balls, by Dineen, Jones, Kelly 3, Cross, Dahlen 2, Jennings; by Weyhing, Tenney, Clarke; by Kennedy, Freeman, Collins 2, Dineen, Hamilton, Sullivan, Stahl. Struck out, by Dineen, McGuire, Daly; by Weyhing, Dineen; by Kennedy, Freeman 2. Double play, Long, Sullivan and Tenney. Umpire, Hurst. Time, 2h. 57m. Attendance, 7500.

The other game resulted as follows: New York 8, Philadelphia 2.

SOCIALIST LABOR PARTY

CAUCUSES HELD IN CITIZENS' COMMITTEE ROOM.

The Socialist Labor Party was organized in this city last night, and caucuses were held in the Citizens' committee room at Huntington hall.

The organization was informal, for there were not more than thirty men present.

Two wards were not represented at all, but the men representing the others met in little groups, under the direction of the district organizer, and organized, electing themselves and some of their friends as delegates to the state and county conventions.

It is proposed to nominate regular tickets, and it was stated that a Lawrence man would be named for congress. There are no active Lowell candidates for any office.

The preliminary steps for the organization of the party for the campaign have been taken in the series of Sunday meetings held on the South common. John Hagan of Lynn is advertised to speak there next Sunday.

It is claimed that there are between two and three hundred laboring men in Lowell who are Labor Socialists at heart. They expect to poll a good sized vote this year.

The party is using a platform adopted four years ago. It about struck the keynote of what the delegates wanted, and it has been in use unchanged ever since.

PERSONAL.

Miss Marion Clark of Lowell is visiting relatives on Upper Main street, Waltham.

Mr. Maurice Flynn of Lowell is visiting relatives on Francis street, Waltham.

Mrs. Mulligan of New York, formerly Miss Onlahan, is visiting Mrs. John J. Driscoll of Madison street, this city.

Mrs. Margaret Reddicks of Elmwood avenue and Miss Jennie Green of Dracut have returned after an enjoyable sojourn at several beaches.

Miss Mary Lyons and Miss Mary Meagher and mother with Mrs. Lyons of this city are spending their vacation at Crescent beach.

Miss Mary Fuller of this city has accepted a position in the packing department of the Waltham factory.

The Misses Lizzie and Fannie Chesworth of Huntington street, are at the Isle of Shoals for a couple of weeks.

Police and firemen's braces, 19c, at Steele's.

J. F. O'DONNELL, Funeral Director

21 Market Street, Corner of Worthen.

Office Open Day and Night.

Three Telephones. LOWELL, MASS.

We Really Need the Room.

Nothing less urgent could persuade us to close out some of the fine and seasonable lines that we are now offering at prices that are simply unparalleled for the class of goods offered. These bargains are not confined to any one line. We have them for men, women, youths, misses and children. Come and look the goods over. See the prices, they tell the whole story.

BURBANK & COURTNEY, 110 and 112 Merrimack Street.

TELEPHONE 666-13

EDWARD H. JENIFER.

In a quarrel at a picnic of colored Odd Fellows at North Andover yesterday he shot and killed George Davenport and badly wounded Shirley Norris as reported in yesterday's Sun.

LOWELLS BEATEN

The "Cops" Played a Hot Game

LYNN WON BY ONE RUN

The Lynn Men are Great Entertainers

There was glory in the defeat the Lowell "Cops" suffered at Lynn yesterday.

To be certain the Lynn men got the biggest share of the glory and they deserved it, yet all the praise was not bestowed on them.

The spectators were treated to a great game and the Lowell men should have won. There is room for improvement in the Lowell team and a change should be made at once. Burnette can bat and field pretty well, and should be substituted for one of the weak hitters. John Walsh used to be a good player and might be pressed into service and if it comes down to it, why Supt. Davis is about as clever as any of them and if the "Cops" could induce him to play he would give strength to the nine. But this is no time to find fault or criticise. The Lowells were beaten by a nine of good fellows. The Lynn men are all right. They can play ball, and they are great entertainers. The local men reached Lynn at 10 o'clock and were welcomed by Deputy Bartlett and a number of officers who escorted them to the ball grounds.

The game started with Lowell at bat. McCann was the first man up and he proved an easy victim for Murphy's curves. Hessian got a hit and was advanced by Flanagan's drive to centre. Cogger popped up an easy fly to Donahue at second and the latter completed a double-play, Hessian having started to run down to third. This retired the side. The Lynn team introduced Lyons as their first batter and he drew a base on balls. MacKessey then wielded his willow for a nice base hit, advancing Lyons. A moment later the latter reached third. A wild pitch and a passed ball brought in these runs. The next three men went out in order. Lynn 2, Lowell 0.

Swan was first at bat in the second inning and he struck out in a very swan-like way. Boyle signalized his appearance by driving a hot grounder at the first baseman, who failed to connect with it in time to nail his man. Fitzgerald gave three terrific sweeps at the sphere "which wasn't there," and his face wore a puzzled look as he gently cast the bat aside. Maher was full of business when he faced Murphy and the first ball that came over the plate met his bat fairly. A safe hit was the result. Meanwhile Boyle had stolen second and the hit brought him around to third in position for a dash for the home plate. He found an opportunity when a ball passed the catcher, scoring the first run of the game for Lowell. Ingalls went down to first on a base on balls and McCann ciphered. Burckes, the first man at bat in the second half of the second inning, scored a hit, but the next two men struck out and the third, Murphy, put up a fly that came Maher's way. Lynn 2, Lowell 1.

The first half of the third found the Lowell aggregation in a high pitch of excitement. Tom Whitaker, who had taken a position on the base lines in the first inning began to cheer in his own peculiar way. Billie Grady secured a cow bell that had been brought down for just such a purpose and several of the players urged them on. The fun was indescribable. Hessian knocked out a fly to left field which was nailed. Flanagan got a hit but was caught at second on a grounder from Cogger's bat. Cogger went down to second on a wild pitch, was advanced to third by Swan's hit and to home by Boyle's hit. Fitzgerald drew a base on balls, making three men on bases and two out. Maher came to bat and the best he could do was a high fly which came into the hands of Murphy, the pitcher. Lynn 2, Lowell 2. The feature of the second half of the third inning was Maher's work. He stopped a couple of the warmest grounders imaginable and caught his man at first in both cases. The third man he struck out.

The Lowell officers did not distinguish themselves in the fourth inning, Ingalls, McCann and Hessian striking out in order. Murphy was roundly cheered upon this achievement. No runs resulted in the second half of the fourth and there were no special features.

The Lowell officers scored two runs in the fifth, Flanagan and Cogger crossing the plate after driving the ball out for clean singles. Swan, Boyle and Fitzgerald then went out in order. The score was four to two in favor of the Lowells, when their opponents went to bat in the fifth inning. Kane and Murphy made their first hits of the game and were sent around by a two bagger by MacKessey making the score a tie. A dispute arose over the decision of the umpire in calling MacKessey's drive a fair ball. The Lowell crowd contended that the ball struck foul by a foot and continued to roll in foul territory, but the umpire refused to have it that way. He claimed to have seen it strike fair and he declined to change his decision. MacKessey stole third and came in on a passed ball, making the score 5 to 4 in favor of Lynn. The next two men were retired. The Lowell men did nothing in the way of scoring in their half of the sixth and they returned the compliment. The feature of the inning was a double play in which Cogger was the star. He caught a fly sent up by Burckes and then passed the ball along to Flanagan at first, catching Southwick a dozen feet off the base.

It had been agreed to play seven innings and in the first of the seventh the score stood 5 to 4 in favor of the Lynn team. The excitement and confusion may be imagined. Billy Grady's cow bell was clanging away as though the fate of the game depended on its noise, while a man on the Lynn side with a pair of leathern lungs was tooting away on a horn that certainly had seen better days and better performers. Flanagan sent up a fly to the short stop. Out. Cogger made a clean single and stole second. Swan advanced him to third by a hit and a moment later Cogger took advantage of a favorable opportunity to run home. Lynn 5, Lowell 5. Boyle was out to first base. Fitzgerald refused to become familiar with the elusive sphere, striking out quite naturally.

With the score a tie, every player, as well as every man in the grand stand and on the bleachers, was on his nerve. Murphy came to the bat and smashed out a three bagger. It looked hopeless for Lowell. Lyons knocked a hot grounder to McCann and Murphy attempted to come home. McCann made a quick and accurate throw and Ingalls caught his man. MacKessey made another base hit. He ran to second and Maher threw the ball to Cogger. The man on third, Lyons, took advantage of the throw and started to run to the home plate. Cogger closed up a short distance and then, knowing that Lyons intended to stop, he threw the ball to Ingalls. It came rather slowly, but Cogger knew how much depended upon that throw and did not care to take chances on a swiftly thrown ball. Ingalls caught it and touched his man, but the force of the contact knocked the ball out of his hand and the runner was declared safe at home. This ended the game, the score being 6 to 5 in favor of the Lynn team. The noise that followed was a miniature July 4 racket.

The score:

LYNN POLICE.

	bh	po	a	e
Lyons 1	0	1	0	5
MacKessey s	3	1	0	0
Murray 2	0	0	0	0
Donahue 2	0	2	0	1
Southwick m	1	0	0	1
Burckes r	1	7	0	2
Berry 1	1	7	0	2
Kane c	1	5	1	1
Murphy p	2	1	3	0
Totals	9	21	7	6

LOWELL POLICE.

	bh	po	a	e
McCann 3	0	0	1	0
Hessian s	1	0	2	0
Flanagan 1	2	5	0	0
Cogger 2	2	4	1	1
Swan 1	2	0	0	0
Boyle m	1	0	0	1
Fitzgerald r	0	0	0	0
Maher p	1	1	5	0
Ingalls c	0	5	1	0
Totals	9	*19	10	2

*Winning run made with one out.

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	
Lynn	2	0	0	0	3	0	1	—6
Lowell	0	1	1	0	2	0	1	—5

Runs made, by Lyons, Mackessey 3, Kane, Murphy, Flanagan, Cogger 3, Boyle. Two-base hits, Murphy, Mackessey. Three base hit, Murphy. Stolen bases, Mackessey, Kane, Cogger 3, Maher. Base on balls, by Maher, Lyons, Burckes, by Murphy, Ingalls 2, Fitzgerald. Struck out, by Murphy, Ingalls 2. Struck out, by Murphy, McCann 4, Swan 2, Fitzgerald 3, Ingalls, Hessian 2, Maher, Berry, Kane, Murray, Lyons, Donahue. Double plays, Donahue (unassisted); Cogger and Flanagan. Wild pitches, Maher 2. Umpire, Charles O'Malley, Gloucester. Time, 1h. 53m.

After the game the entire party repaired to the Parker house, where covers were set for 140. Deputy Marshal Bartlett acted as toastmaster at the after-dinner festivities and remarks were made by Deputy Chief Moffatt, Capt. Kew, Representative Sparks of Dracut, ex-Representative W. H. I. Hayes of Lowell, and Postmaster Sanderson of Lynn and others.

It is thought that another game will be arranged between these two nines, the Lowellites desiring one more try at the victors.

All $1.60 Hats, 69c, at Steele's.

Sacrificing Bicycles

$23.50 BUYS A $50 WHEEL

$19.00 BUYS A $40 WHEEL

$17.00 BUYS A $35 WHEEL

We have just purchased the entire stock of the Boston Wheel Co. Over ONE HUNDRED HIGH GRADE BICYCLES, representing nearly all the leading makes. No matter what make or price bicycle you want, come and see what we offer, and you can buy them at less than half the regular price.

TERMS: $5 Down, $1 per Week

Good Second-Hand Wheels, $3.00 to $5.00.

RING'S

No. 133 Merrimack Street.

Head Ache?

Then the chances are your bowels are constipated. You are being poisoned. The impurities which should be carried out through the natural channel are retained in your system. Ayer's Pills cure constipation; they remove impurities by the natural channel. Take a laxative dose each night.

PECULIAR CASE

GIRL WANTS TO BE SENT TO IRELAND.

A peculiar case in which the assistance of the city was asked came before the secretary of the overseers of the poor today. It was that of a girl, 16 years old, who arrived in Boston from Waterford, Ireland on July 1. In Ireland she underwent a surgical operation on her ears and now wishes to be sent to an hospital to be treated. She has relatives who are unable to provide for her and wish her to be sent to Ireland. She has a father in Ireland who is clerk of the Court in Waterford, draws a pension and collects rents. The local authorities notified the state of her case, as the girl has no residence in the city. It is probable that she will be sent home to Ireland.

MISS MAY GERTRUDE WILCOX, DISTINGUISHED PIANIST

A. G. Pollard & Co.

MERRIMACK, PALMER AND MIDDLE STREETS.

OUR ANNUAL SPECIAL SALE OF

Mill Remnants

Bleached - Sheetings

Yard wide cotton, thin for linings, etc., 1 to 5 yards, worth 5c, **3½c yard**

"Dwight Anchor" 3-4 wide, soft, and heavy, worth 7 1-2c, **5c yard**

"Dwight" Fine quality, long remnants, yard wide, worth 9c, **6c yard**

"Dwight Anchor" yard wide, heavy and soft, bleached and half bleached, worth 10c, **6½c yard**

"Dwight Lockwood", yard wide, excellent, fine quality, worth 10c, **7c yard**

Pepperell night gown Twills, 5 to 15 yards, always worth 12 1-2c, **8½c yard**

PILLOW CASE TUBING.

Remnants, 2 yards to 15 yards, in all widths, 42 in., 45 in., 48 in. and 50 in., worth from 13c to 17c yard, all **10c yard**

Remnants of "Wamsutta" and "New Bedford" pillow casing, 42 in. and 45 in. wide, 1 to 5 yards, worth 15c and 17c, **10c yard**

SEAMLESS SHEETINGS.

"Dwight Anchor" remnants, 2 1-2 yards to 15 yards 6-4 and 7-4 wide, worth 20c and 22c, **15c yard**

8-4, 9-4 and 10-4 wide of same kind, worth 24c, 26c and 28c, **18c yard**

SPECIAL. "Lockwood" and "A. G. P." sheetings, whole pieces perfect, 9-4 and 10-4 wide, worth 26c and 28c, **20 cents**

Remember that these are special prices for this sale, and that we have equally as good values in Unbleached Sheetings that we cannot particularize for want of space.

A. G. POLLARD & CO.

Second Hand Papers.

Other local papers which copy each edition of The Sun and come out with the same news several hours later are second hand papers. If you want to get the news while it is hot you must buy The Lowell Sun.

THE LOWELL SUN

The Best Judges

of newspapers are the people who buy them, and they have unanimously decided that The Sun is Lowell's Greatest Newspaper.

ESTABLISHED 1878 | LOWELL, MASS., THURSDAY, AUGUST 23, 1900 | 8 PAGES ONE CENT

CHAOS

Reigns at Pekin Says Minister Conger

Imperial Troops and Government Officials Have Fled--Allies Will Remain all Winter and Rule the City

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WASHINGTON, AUG. 23—THE UNITED STATES TROOPS WILL REMAIN IN PEKIN FOR SOME TIME, PERHAPS ALL WINTER, AND THE UNITED STATES WITH THE OTHER POWERS WILL SEEK TO SET UP A RESPONSIBLE GOVERNMENT IN CHINA.

BOTH CONGER AND CHAFFEE CABLED YESTERDAY THAT ONLY CHAOS AND ANARCHY EXIST THERE NOW, AND THAT THE ALLIES ARE GOVERNING THE CITY OF PEKIN.

PRESIDENT McKINLEY AND HIS CABINET HAVE HANDED MINISTER WU A REPLY TO EARL LI'S REQUEST TO OPEN NEGOTIATIONS FOR A SETTLEMENT. THE REPLY IS THAT THIS GOVERNMENT CANNOT ENTER UPON NEGOTIATIONS UNTIL THERE IS A GOVERNMENT IN CHINA, WHICH CAN PREVENT THE HOSTILITIES OF CHINESE TROOPS AND CHINESE CITIZENS AGAINST THE FORCES OF THE POWERS.

THE TEXT OF THE REPLY HAS BEEN COMMUNICATED TO THE OTHER GOVERNMENTS, WHICH HAVE BEEN AWAITING THE LEAD OF THE UNITED STATES IN THE CHINESE AFFAIR.

IMPERIAL TROOPS FLED FROM PEKIN

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WASHINGTON, D. C., AUG. 22, 9 p. m. THE STATE DEPARTMENT YESTERDAY RECEIVED, THROUGH THE CONSUL AT CHEFOO, THE FOLLOWING CABLEGRAM FROM MINISTER CONGER, IN THE DEPARTMENT CIPHER:

PEKIN, AUG. 19.

SECRETARY OF STATE, WASHINGTON: THE ENTIRE CITY, WITH THE EXCEPTION OF THE IMPERIAL PALACE, IS OCCUPIED BY JAPANESE, RUSSIANS, BRITISH, AMERICANS AND FRENCH. IT IS BEING APPORTIONED INTO DISTRICTS FOR POLICE SUPERVISION. THE CHINESE ARMY FLED. THE IMPERIAL FAMILY AND THE COURT HAVE GONE WESTWARD, PROBABLY TO SIANFU, IN THE PROVINCE OF SHENSI.

NO REPRESENTATIVES OF THE CHINESE GOVERNMENT ARE IN SIGHT IN PEKIN AND THE CONDITIONS ARE CHAOTIC. THE PALACE IS EXPECTED TO BE TAKEN IMMEDIATELY. MANY MISSIONARIES HAVE STARTED FOR HOME, WHILE OTHERS REMAIN IN CHARGE OF THE CHRISTIAN REFUGEES, NUMBERING ABOUT 800.

CONGER.

CHINESE TROOPS PROBABLY OPERATING

By Associated Press to The Sun.

LONDON, Aug. 23—The foreign consuls at Shanghai, not having received anything from Pekin later than Aug. 17, fear the Chinese troops are operating along the rear of the allies, cutting off their communication.

The blockade of press messages at the Che-Foo telegraph office continues. But these in no way interfere with official despatches, which are put ahead.

A belated despatch from Pekin, dated Aug. 14, says Sir Claude MacDonald the British minister, is ill.

TROUBLE EXPECTED AT HANKOW

By Associated Press to The Sun.

PARIS, Aug. 23—The French consul at Hankow wires that an attempt at an uprising occurred during the night of Aug. 21.

A band of Chinese tried to set fire to a house adjoining the customs bank, which is adjacent to the British concession, with the object of pillaging the bank and burning the European quarter.

The viceroy, however, took immediate steps and arrested the ring leaders, seizing at the same time arms and documents demonstrating the existence of a secret society and an organized plot. Two of the leading culprits were decapitated, their heads being subsequently exhibited in the center of the Chinese town. Twenty others were imprisoned.

More trouble is feared when the flight of the emperor to the west, if true, becomes known.

EX-MAYOR BEAN DEAD.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

CHICAGO, Aug. 23.—A special from Adrian, Mich., says:

Ex-Mayor Seth Bean, law partner of Congressman Henry Smith, died while sitting at the supper table. Acute gastric trouble is the supposed cause. He was 66 years of age, held a prominent place in Michigan democratic politics and ranked among the leading lawyers of the state.

WANTED—A girl for general house work. Apply this office.

OFF TO BANGOR

THOMAS J. McDERMOTT AND HORSES LEFT THIS MORNING.

Thomas J. McDermott left this morning for Bangor, Me., where he has his two running horses, Hopeful and Cakewalk, entered at the fair to be held in that city. These two horses have shown up exceedingly well in practice this season and some expect to land a few of the purses offered. He was accompanied by Peter Flood and John McGuire, who expect to ride the horses on to victory. Mr. McDermott will also run his horses at several other places before returning.

TROOPS FOR AKRON.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Aug. 23.—A dispatch from Columbus, says:

The Fourth regiment left Blendon, a small village a half mile from Minerva Park shortly after three o'clock this morning. The district passenger agent of the C. A. & C. road assured the governor that the troops would arrive in Akron about 7 o'clock.

BIRTHDAY OBSERVANCE.

Miss Maggie McConnell observed her eighteenth birthday last evening at her home on Newhall street and was made the recipient of many useful gifts. Among the diversions were vocal and instrumental music including piano selections by Miss Fanny Bagley.

DANFORTH LODGE, K. OF P.

Danforth Lodge, K. of P., North Billerica, had a well attended meeting last night, Chancellor Commander L. F. Steele in the chair. One application for membership was received. Under the good of the order Chancellor Chambers and Stott made remarks.

I have instructed Messrs. Worcester and McGovern, auctioneers, to sell all my furniture at my house, 55 White street, Pawtucketville, tomorrow, commencing at 5 o'clock p. m.

JOHN S. ROSE.

Steele's closing out sale for real bargains.

TO SHUT DOWN

Perkin's Machine Shop Will Close Temporarily

The doors of the S. F. Perkins machine shop, one of the largest of its kind in this city, will probably close within a month.

The cause of the shut-down is due to the recent death of Mr. S. F. Perkins, who was the sole owner of the works.

Mr. Perkins died in June and since that time the works have been kept in operation in order to finish the orders on hand. It will be necessary to close the works and sell them in order to settle the estate.

In conversation with a reporter, Mr. Charles M. Williams, the administrator of the estate, said that the works would entirely close and all work come to an end within a month. "We shall only run the shop long enough to finish what orders we have on hand now," said Mr. Williams, "and we will be able to do it all in about a month's time. We are taking in no more orders and we are trying to finish up what we have as soon as possible. It is probable though that we sall keep two or three men at work at the shop keeping it in repair and a watchman."

The Perkins Machine shop which is located on Fletcher street, is one of the largest in the city and has been one of the best known establishments of its kind in New England. When running on full time about 50 or 60 men are employed.

The establishment is an old one. Mr. S. F. Perkins was one of the pioneer machinists in the state and the work which he turned out was famed for its excellence. A specialty of the work was the making of machinists' tools.

The shop will probably pass into other hands and be continued in the same lines of business.

SEN. CHANDLER

Accuses Republicans of Violating Platform Pledges

PLATFORM OF 1896 WAS REPUDIATED

When Gold Standard Bill Was Passed

By Associated Press to The Sun.

CONCORD, N. H., Aug. 23—Senator Chandler has sent the following telegram to Congressman Grosvenor of Ohio:

Concord, N. H., Aug. 23, 1900.

Hon. C. H. Grosvenor, Portland, Me.

The Portland Express reports you as suggesting at Kittery that I ought to be succeeded by a sound money republican, and the Boston Herald says you repeatedly spoke of me as a free silver republican. Your qualifying remarks to City Clerk Moore of Portsmouth have not reached the general public. Following President McKinley and yourself in advocacy of the platform of 1896, I have steadily pursued international bi-metallism; while constantly voting against free silver coinage by the United States alone. I voted against every free silver amendment proposed to the recent gold standard bill, but voted against the bill solely because it did not express a desire to promote international bi-metallism. I did not think the pledge of 1896 should be abandoned unless by the convention of 1900. Upon the platform of that convention I stand firmly and willingly and my vote is as sure against free silver coinage by the United States alone as that of any republican.

Kindly make the facts as public as are your reported statements at Kittery.

W. E. CHANDLER.

SUN LATEST FIVE O'CLOCK

HORRIBLE FATE

A Lineman Burned in Network of Wires

By Associated Press to The Sun.

MANCHESTER, N. H., Aug. 23.—Ernest E. Lemay, a lineman employed by the Manchester Electric company, met with a horrible fate while at his work in East Manchester this morning. He climbed a pole at the corner of Massabesic and Spruce streets to adjust a guy and is supposed to have accidentally taken hold of a live wire. He endeavored to extricate himself and pull his hand away but could not, and toppled over upon four live wires, where his body burned for ten minutes, making a sight, as the flesh burned and sizzled, too horrible to describe. The body was not released until communication could be had with the power station and the power shut off. Lemay leaves a wife and five children. He was 35 years of age.

POSTAL ORDER

Affects Efficiency of Mail Service

ORDER ISSUED FOR MORE ECONOMICAL SYSTEM

May Prevent Promt Delivery of Second Class Matter

An order was issued about six weeks ago by the postoffice department at Washington, which affects this city more or less. The order issued is for a more economical system of mail transportation. Under the new order, sacks of second-class mail are discontinued, when there are less than 15 pieces of mail to each sack. About 25 per cent. of the sacks are discontinued by the new order, and it is expected to save thousands of dollars a year, to the postoffice department.

The new system has a tendency to work to the disadvantage of newspaper publishers, as the prompt delivery of papers at points beyond Boston was due to the fact that the mail sack did not go through the Boston postoffice. But this difficulty is obviated at the Lowell Postoffice by putting the papers into the first-class mail pouch, which is not opened in Boston. Other second-class matter passing through Boston, is likely to lose fairly close connections, by reason of the delay there, while under the older system the sacks were sent directly through. The postoffice officials here say that Lowell people are not so much discommoded by the change as is the case in cities where there are large publishing concerns which made up special sacks in their offices. The local papers that circulate beyond Boston are comparatively few, and the delay can be avoided by putting them in the first-class mail pouch.

It costs the government $25 a year to carry a mail sack or pouch one mile, and the economy comes in the decreased amount carried under the new order. The order is not approved by postoffice officials generally, as it has a tendency to weaken the efficiency of the service.

WIFE EXONERATED

FROM CHARGE OF POISONING HER HUSBAND.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

CHICAGO, Aug. 23.—The coroner's jury yesterday rendered a verdict in the case of Edward P. Herrick, the aged commission merchant whose death twelve days ago was announced with considerable mystery. The verdict exonerates Mrs. Herrick, wife of the dead man, from the charges of poisoning which were made by Mr. Herrick's son and daughter by a previous marriage, and the cause of death is attributed to hardening of the muscles of the heart. An expert chemist had discovered arsenic in the stomach of the deceased but the jury upheld Dr. Joseph Springer, the coroner's physician, in his contention that the poison found was not in sufficient quantities to cause death.

RUMOHR AND TEN EYCK.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

NEW YORK, Aug. 23—John A. Rumohr, who won the American championship in singles from E. H. Ten Eyck, and who has been challenged by the Wachusetts sculler for a race on Lake Quinsigamond, says he is willing to row Ten Eyck on a body of water except that lake.

He says the advantages there are too many in Ten Eyck's favor, it being near his home. Friends of Rumohr are willing, they insist, to back him for a side purse of from $1,000 to $5,000.

HEIRESS TO $30,000,000

LITTLE GIRL BORN TO THE VANDERBILT'S.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

CHICAGO, Aug. 23.—A special from Asheville, N. C., says:

"A girl baby has been born to Mr. George Vanderbilt in Biltmore house."

Mr. Vanderbilt announces that her name will be Cornelia Stuyvesant. The little stranger is heiress to a fortune of $30,000,000.

$3 Bike Pants, $1.55 at Steele's.

DIED OF OLD AGE

Hannah Haggerty at St. John's Hospital

WAS BORN AND ALSO MARRIED

On Same Dates as Queen Victoria

Mrs. Hannah Haggerty, aged 81 years, died as the result of old age this morning at 3 o'clock at the old ladies' department of St. John's hospital. She was born on May 24, 1819, the same day as Queen Victoria, and was also married on the same day as the Queen, a distinction which was probably not possessed by any other person up to the time of venerable Mrs. Haggerty's death.

The latter had been an inmate of St. John's Old Ladies' Home for the past fifteen years and was very highly esteemed by all who knew her.

B. T. WASHINGTON

PRINCIPAL SPEAKER AT NEGRO BUSINESS LEAGUE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BOSTON, Aug. 23.—The National Negro Business League, which includes delegates from about 25 states, assembled in Parker Memorial hall, here, this forenoon. Sessions will continue until tomorrow night. The leading spirit in the movement, which has for its object the improvement of conditions among the colored people, is Booker T. Washington of Alabama. He was the principal speaker at today's session. During his address he said:

"Our object is to bring together annually those of our race who are engaged in various branches of business, from the humblest to the highest, for the purpose of closer personal acquaintance, of receiving encouragement, inspiration and information from each other; to originate plans by which local business organizations will be formed in all parts of the country, to serve the best interests of the race.

"I have faith in the timeliness of this organization. I have always been encouraged by the fact that almost without exception, whether in the north or south, wherever I have seen a black man who was succeeding in his business, who was a tax-payer and possessed intelligence and high character, that individual was treated with the highest respect by the members of the white race.

"In proportion as we can multiply those examples in the north and south will our problem be solved.

"I want to congratulate you upon the fact that thirty-five years after our freedom, so large a body of representative business men and women of the race have assembled in the city of Boston and I believe that, on this sacred soil, we shall form an organization which will prove potential in the lifting up of the race in all parts of our country."

HELD IN $500

FORMER BOSTON JUSTICE IS IN TROUBLE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

NEW YORK, Aug. 23—Leon Sibley Lawrence was arraigned in the Centre street court today charged with grand larceny of $50.

The officer making the arrest says that Lawrence was formerly a police justice in Boston.

Lawrence refused to admit or deny this.

He was held in $500 bail for trial. The complainant is William Daly of Brooklyn. The police say that Lawrence formerly had an office in Washington street, Boston.

OMAHA'S POPULATION.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 23.—Omaha, Neb., is the first city thus far counted in the twelfth census to show a decrease in population during the past decade. The count of the population of Omaha just completed, shows 102,555. The population in 1890 was 140,452. This indicates a decrease in ten years of 37,897, or 26.98 per cent.

A CORKING BLOW

Farrillo Lands Heavily on Polos' Eye

Little Child Badly Injured by Being Struck by a Stone—Other Cases Heard in Police Court Today

If Bob Fitzsimmons ever lands such a blow as Stephen Polos says Philip H. Farrillo landed on his (Polos') eyebrow, Tom Sharkey's finish will come quick tomorrow night.

Polos, who keeps a store on East Merrimack street, went before Judge Hadley this morning and exhibited the prettiest mourning eye you ever saw. Near the eyebrow was a bad cut which had been dressed by a physician.

"Farrillo did it all with one strike," said Polos in explaining the assault to Judge Hadley.

It seems that Polos is jealous of Farrillo. The latter has a store near Polos', who is a shoemaker by trade, and also kept confectionery. Farrillo is in the cigar business and he did so well that Polos thought he would try the tobacco business, so as he put it, he put in a few brands. Since then there has been trouble and the men looked hard at each other. Polos went to a wedding in Lawrence Sunday and in the door of his store in East Merrimack street he placed a sign which read "This store is closed today but I will come back tomorrow."

He did not come back till Monday afternoon and then with his wife and six children went to his store. Farrillo claims that Polos came back twice to his store, and each time gave a pretty good imitation of the cakewalk.

"I never did it," shouted Polos, "I'm no sport."

Then it is charged Polos made faces at Farrillo's wife, and to cap the climax he went and bought a half dozen eggs which eventually were broken on Farrillo's vest. It was then that Farrillo landed the famous blow and the appearance of Polos' eye is sufficient evidence that it is a corker.

The following first offenders were fined $2 each: James J. Murphy, Jeremiah Murray.

Nelson Ouimette who was continued yesterday on a charge of drunkenness was sent to jail for fifteen days.

George F. Dale was sent to the state farm. He acknowledged being a vagrant and having no home or visible means of support.

He was sent to the reformatory August 22, 1899, on a charge of breaking and entering and has been out only a short time. Since his release, he has been sleeping in barns.

Thomas Duffy pleaded guilty to drunkenness. There are two men by that name on the police records, one of whom has been arrested twice and the other only once; so the police were puzzled to know whether the prisoner should be charged with a second or third offense, of drunkenness. He was fined $5.

Mary Dwyer was charged with assault and battery on Alden Roy, a child of two years. The little one was in court with her mother and her nose was plastered up where she had received a bad cut from a stone alleged to have been thrown by the defendant. The parties live at 72 Rock street and the witnesses for the prosecution said that yesterday afternoon, a little girl who was present in court and testified, was sweeping in the yard and the Dwyer woman claimed she was sweeping the dirt into her yard. These witnesses said that the defendant took a tin can and threw it towards them. Then she threw two stones, the second of which had a sharp edge and hit the little child on the bridge of the nose.

The defendant denied having thrown the stone and said that the stones were thrown at her and that the parties had called her names.

The judge wanted to know the effect of the wound and postponed disposition of the case till this afternoon when he will hear Dr. Lavigne who dressed the wound.

Samuel Cohen, did not display the number of his license on his hat when he was collecting junk this morning so Officer Holland arrested him and he was fined $5.

Thomas E. Kelleher was charged with drunkenness and assault and battery on Officer Whitney. D. J. Donahue appeared for Kelleher, and waiving the reading of the complaint, he pleaded not guilty to both charges and a continuance was asked for. The alleged assault was committed on South street last night when Officer Whitney attempted to arrest the defendant for drunkenness. The case was put over until Saturday. Kelleher was held in $200 for assault and battery and $100 for drunkenness for trial on that day.

FUNERALS

RYAN—The funeral of Michael Ryan took place yesterday afternoon from the home of his parents, 76 Fenwick street. Burial was in the Catholic cemetery. Undertaker C. H. Molloy had charge.

SAWYER—The funeral of Delia M., wife of George F. Sawyer, took place yesterday afternoon from her late residence, 13 Puffer street, and was largely attended. Rev. Lorin Dexter officiated. The bearers were F. Ware, F. Maurice, George Fleming, and J. Hopkinson. Interment was in the Edson cemetery, under direction of J. W. Brooks. Among the costly floral tributes was a large standing wreath of choice flowers on a base from the clerks in the freight house of the "Old Colony" railroad, where the husband of the deceased is employed. There was also a large wreath with the inscription in blue immortelles: "Sister" and several sprays, baskets and bouquets.

FITZGERALD—The funeral of John Fitzgerald took place this forenoon at 9 o'clock from St. Patrick's church. Among the large attendance were friends and relatives from out of town, employes of the Lowell Gas Works and a delegation from Court City of Lowell, F. of A., of which organization the deceased was a highly respected member. A solemn requiem mass was celebrated by Rev. John McHugh; Rev. Richard Boland, acting pastor of St. Michael's church, deacon; Rev. Fr. Tuohey of St. Louis, Mo., sub-deacon. The choir under the direction of Mr. E. F. Faulkner rendered Schmidt's requiem. Among the floral tributes was a large cross inscribed "At Rest." Interment was in the Catholic cemetery under the direction of Undertaker O'Donnell and the pall bearers were Messrs. Thomas and Daniel Hanafin, Maurice Quinn, Thomas Fitzgerald, Thomas Creehan and Patrick Thomas.

DONNELLY—The funeral of the late Mary J. Donnelly took place this forenoon at 9 o'clock from the Sacred Heart church and was very largely attended. A requiem mass was celebrated by Rev. Thomas Murphy, O. M. I. The choir under the direction of Miss Adelaide A. Sullivan rendered the Gregorian plain chant. At the offertory the hymn "Pie Jesu," by Leybach, was sung by Miss Sullivan. At the conclusion of the mass Mr. James E. Donnelly rendered the hymn "One Sweetly Solemn Thought." As the funeral procession was passing from the edifice the choir sang the hymn "Rest Spirit Rest" with Miss Sullivan as soloist. The interment was in the Catholic cemetery, under the direction of Undertaker Rogers. The pall-bearers were Messrs. Michael Cunane, James Haley, J. Conrey, Morgan Riley, John Meehan and J. McTeague.

MURPHY—The funeral of Mary Murphy took place this afternoon from the home of the parents, 229 Adams street. The interment was in the Catholic cemetery in charge of Undertaker C. H. Molloy.

Men's Fad Overcoats, half price, at Steele's.

NOBLE DEAD

HE HAD SIX WIVES AND FORTY-SEVEN CHILDREN.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

CHICAGO, Aug. 23.—A special from Salt Lake City, Utah, says:

Joseph B. Noble, father of the first polygamous child born after that tenet was introduced into the Mormon church, was buried at Bountiful, Utah. The funeral services were attended by 30 of his children, eighty-four of his grandchildren. Mr. Noble has had six wives, forty-seven children, of whom thirty-three are living and 124 grand children. He was a Massachusetts shoe maker and was working in his shop in 1832 when he heard of a new preacher who had come to town disseminating the doctrines of a new faith. The preacher was Brigham Young, and it was not long before he had added the young shoemaker to his list of converts.

PENSION CHANGES.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 23—The following pension changes, resulting from the issue of August 6, are announced:

Massachusetts.

Original—John C. Shay, Haverhill, $8; Reuben Belisle, Dalton, $8; John R. Hunt, Billerica, $8.

Boys' 75c Knee Pants, 38c at Steele's.

INTEREST BEGINS MONTHLY

This is the exceptional advantage enjoyed by depositors in the Savings Department of the Traders' National bank, and all money received before 9 p. m., Saturday, Sept. 1, 1900, will

DRAW INTEREST from SEPTEMBER

at a rate of 4 per cent. per annum, compounding semi-annually.

The banking hours on Saturday are intended to accommodate workingmen and others, the bank being open continuously from 8 a. m. to 1 p. m., and arrangements are made to handle the large amount of business offered during the evening hours, from 7 to 9, so that little or no delay is caused in serving the public.

The Traders National Bank

Transacts a general banking business. Issues foreign exchange, payable in all parts of the world, in English, French, German and Swedish money.

Furnishes safety deposit boxes, with private coupon rooms.

Pays, in its savings department, 4 per cent. per annum, compounded semi-annually, interest beginning monthly.

Has a section of banking rooms exclusively for ladies.

Is a depository of the United States and Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

Banking hours—8 a. m. to 4 p. m.; Saturday, 8 a. m. to 1 p. m.; 7 to 9 p. m.

Banking rooms—22 to 46 Middlesex street and 11 to 21 Post Office avenue.

THE SUN LATEST

5 O'CLOCK

GEO. H. HOSMER DEAD

The Great Oarsman Well Known in Lowell

The Late GEORGE H. HOSMER.

Passed Away Yesterday at Carney Hospital—He Made a Fortune Rowing When it Was a National Sport

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BOSTON, Aug. 23.—George H. Hosmer, one of the best known and most famous professional oarsmen in the world, is dead. He passed away yesterday afternoon at the Carney hospital, South Boston, where his last days were made as comfortable as possible by the good sisters.

Hosmer has not enjoyed good health for the last couple of years, and two months ago, went to the Carney hospital suffering with consumption from which he died.

Hosmer's wife died two years ago, which was a great loss to the famous athlete. He leaves a son, George Butler Hosmer, who is 17, and a daughter still younger. His father resides in Somerville, his brother Albert is now living in Newark, and he has one or two married sisters in this vicinity.

Hosmer made thousands of dollars in rowing when the game was a national sport and had the happy faculty of making friends of everyone with whom he came in contact.

George Hosmer was born at Sudbury, Mass., Dec. 20, 1858, of American parentage. He came to Boston when very young, and worked as a bundle boy for William Murray & Son of Charlestown, where he remained for two years.

He moved to the west end where he entered the employ of S. S. Higgins, a butcher, and it was during this time that Hosmer took up rowing. Later in life he was given the sobriquet of the "Butcher Boy."

He made frequent visits to the boating establishment of Thomas and James Butler, near Craigie bridge, and developed rapidly under their experienced eyes. The Butlers were crack oarsmen in their days.

Hosmer made his first appearance on the Charles river in a two-mile working boat race and showed so much speed that he was matched to row John Brown of Worcester in 1877, and came out as a full-fledged professional.

His race with Brown was for $200, which he won.

Dan Driscoll of Lowell was next matched against him for $160 and Hosmer beat him over the three-mile course on the Charles river. Driscoll asked for a second match over the same course, and was again defeated.

Hosmer's fame spread so rapidly that he next took on Mike Davis of Portland, one of America's fastest men, who won on a foul. Hosmer tried hard to get a return match, but was unable to do so.

He joined the world-famed Faulkner-Regan four-oared shell crew in 1878, composed of Patsy Regan, stroke, Hosmer 3, Paddy McGahey 2, George Faulkner bow. George Faulkner said Hosmer's presence in the boat made the crew nearly half a minute faster for three miles. They beat the M. F. Davis crew, the John Biglin crew of New York and the Longshoremen crew of Portland in a race at Silver Lake that summer. On July 4, the same year, they again won first in the city regatta, $500 being the prize, distance four miles. About the same crews competed. He then took up single sculling again, and as a result of a visit to Canada he won $2100 in prizes in various regattas, defeating Pat Luther, Harry Coulter, William McCann, Jack Hanlan, Robert Berry, James H. Riley and others, and was beaten only by Ed. Hanlan, who was then the world's champion.

His next match race was during the season of 1878, at Burlington beach, Can., where he beat Frenchy Johnson, the famous colored sculler, for a $500 purse. On his return to Boston he challenged all New England, but got no match.

In 1877 he went to England and was defeated in a race with Laycock, the Australian champion for $2,000. In 1891 Hosmer coached the Passaic boat club of Newark, N. J., and the crew won the cup offered by the New York Herald in record time.

July 4 of that year he won the Boston city regatta, and made the record for three miles, 20m. 5s.

Following this he rowed races at Lake Quinsigamond, and also two days racing at Erie, Penn. He was beaten by the late William O'Connor at the latter place.

The next day Hanlan and O'Connor in doubles defeated Gaudaur and Hosmer. Teemer was to be Hosmer's partner for this race, but he was not in condition, so Gaudaur was telegraphed for and he came on without any training.

A double-scull match between these two crews followed, and was rowed at Charlotte, N. Y. Gaudaur got himself in good condition for this race, when Hosmer and his partner had no trouble in beating Hanlan and O'Connor.

There was considerable bickering going on after this race, and it resulted in a double-scull match for $2000 a side and the championship of the world. The race took place at Orilla, Can., Oct. 15. There was an immense crowd, and feeling ran high, as O'Connor and Hanlan were great favorites among the Canadians. Gaudaur and Hosmer won easily with eighth lengths in hand, and more if they were pushed.

With the racing over, Hosmer went to England with his brother-in-law, John Carr. Soon after arriving a match was made with George Bubear for the championship of England and $2500 a side, and also the Sportsman's challenge cup. Bubear won.

On Hosmer's return he was matched to row Jim Ten Eyck for the New England championship, but, owing to poor condition, he forfeited. Although he tried hard to regain his old form, he was forced to quit.

Hosmer when in his palmy days rowed at 155 pounds, and stood 5 feet 8½ inches.

He was champion walker of New England for several years at any distance up to 50 miles.

Men's $10 Suits, $5.98 at Steele's.

FIRE IN BOSTON

Congress Building In Post Office Square Damaged

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BOSTON, Aug. 23.—Fire in the basement of the five story granite block, known as the Congress building, in postoffice square, this morning, resulted in a loss of $30,000 to owners and occupants. The fire is thought to have started from a defective electric wire near the elevator shaft. The fire worked up the shaft to the three upper stories which were badly damaged by fire and water.

The first floor is occupied by the Metropolitan national bank. Its loss is slight and was caused by water.

On the second floor were the offices of the New York Life Insurance company and other offices. The three upper floors were occupied by Stone and Webber, electrical and mechanical engineers. Their loss will be heavy.

The building is owned by the heirs of the French estate and is damaged to the extent of $10,000. The loss to occupants will be about $20,000, all fully insured.

Men's $3 Worsted Pants, $1.53 at Steele's.

MOB KILLED MANY

In Akron, O. and Dynamited City Buildings

Fearful Result of an Attempt to Lynch a Negro for Assault on a Girl—City Records Lost

By Associated Press to The Sun.

AKRON, Ohio, Aug. 23.—A determined effort was made last night to lynch Louis Peck, a negro, accused of an attempt to assault the 6 year old daughter of Theodore Maas and as a result a number of people have already been killed and injured. So far as known the dead and injured are: Glen Wade, aged 10, shot through the heart; John M. Davidson's four year old child, shot dead in a baby cab. Fred V. Orwick, aged 25 years, is badly wounded with buckshot and is now dying at the hospital. A man named Mull was shot in the head and also in one of his legs. Another man whose name could not be learned, but who is a driver for the American Express company was shot in the leg. It is also said that several police officers are wounded.

LIST OF THE CASUALTIES.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

AKRON, Ohio, Aug. 23.—Thousands of people came to this city today to see the ruins of the buildings destroyed by the mob last night. The city hall has been totally ruined by dynamite and fire. Company C, Eighth regiment, of Canton, has arrived and the fourth regiment from Columbus is momentarily expected. There has been no further rioting today.

Following is a revised list of the dead and wounded:

KILLED.

Glen Wade, aged 11 years, son of Lillian Wade, shot through the heart.

Rhoda Davidson, aged 4 yrs., daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Davidson, shot through the brain.

FATALLY WOUNDED.

Fred Vorwek, buckshot wound in abdomen.

INJURED.

W. H. Dussel, flesh wound in leg.
Park Stratz, flesh wound in leg.
John E. Washer, scalp wound from brick.
Arthur E. Sprague, teamster, scalp wound.
John Ahren, painter, flesh wound.
A. C. Chemloskl, flesh wound, hand.
Albert Grant, flesh wound below knee.
Frank Sorns, flesh wound in hand.
Fireman L. Manchester, flesh wound in cheek and neck.
Fireman W. H. Roepke, flesh wound in neck.
Foreman Miner Fritz, flesh wound in cheek.
Fireman David Phillips, flesh wound in cheek.
Fireman John Dehlons, flesh wound in leg.
Fireman A. Eberly, flesh wound in breast.
Policeman Alva G. Greenlesse, struck over the heart with a brick, serious.
Policeman John King, struck on knee with a brick.
Detective Edward Dunn, struck on the back with a brick.
Albert Stevens, shot in foot.

Chief of Police Harrison has left the city and his whereabouts is unknown. He is suffering from a severe nervous shock.

Officer A. G. Greenlesse has been appointed by Mayor Young as acting chief.

Mayor Young this morning issued a proclamation closing all saloons until further orders.

At 6 this morning everything was quiet about the ruins of the city building. In the destruction of the building the city has lost all the records of the city clerk, and also the records of the city engineer. City Engineer Payne said that the loss in his department will be fully a half million, while the total loss is enormous. The automobile patrol wagon has been run into the canal. It is feared more trouble is to follow as threats are being made against Mayor Young and Chief of Police Harrison.

$10,000 PRIZE

Went to Tom Lawson's Brave Boralma

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BOSTON, Aug. 23.—Nearly 10,000 people saw that grand young racing machine, Boralma, win the blue ribbon event of the grand circuit, the Massachusetts $10,000 purse, at Readville yesterday afternoon.

The rich prize did not fall to the Lawson trotter easily, for it was clearly earned in a hard-fought contest by his magnificent courage and great speed.

It was not a long-drawn-out struggle, being over in straight heats, and it was far more pleasing to the crowd than was either the seven-heat races of the two previous years. There was no laying up of heats, no helping, every driver being out to get the best position possible in each heat. There was practically no scoring, no horse was punished and the time was fast. So, taken all through, it was without doubt the most satisfactory race ever seen in one of the big events.

The large crowd was well entertained aside from the main feature, for the balance of the racing was gilt edged.

Then The Abbot showed us home people a trotting mile, the like of which we have never seen before on a Boston track, 2.05 3-4. This was a very creditable performance, but he showed something more phenomenal a little later, when he came the last half (a 2.15 3-4 mile in 1.01 3-4, last quarter in 30¼ seconds, hitched to a matinee wagon.

Steele vacates Sept. 10, buy now.

PATIENTS IMPROVING

AT THE CONTAGIOUS HOSPITAL TODAY.

The small-pox patients at the contagious hospital are reported as doing well, and it is expected that either the last of this week or early next week the remaining patients will be discharged and the hospital closed.

If any new cases of small-pox occur in the district where the Dugey boys were exposed, the time for it to show will be in two or three days, for it will be fourteen days next Saturday since they were removed to the contagious hospital.

Boys' $1 Sweaters, 49c, at Steele's.

DEATHS

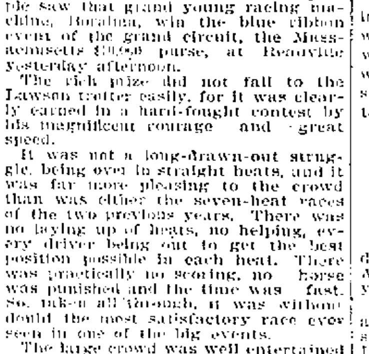
MURPHY—Mary Murphy, aged 2 days, died at the home of her parents, Arthur and Sadie, 229 Adams street yesterday.

LEBELLE—In this city yesterday at the home of parents, 31 Fulton street, occurred the death of Ulderic Lebelle, aged 1 month, 7 days.

DEERING—Edward L. Deering, aged 2 years and 7 months, died this morning at the Lowell hospital of diphtheria. He was the son of John and Catherine Deering. Funeral this afternoon. Interment in the Catholic cemetery in charge of Undertaker Savage.

McDONALD—William, the infant son of Angus and Mabel McDonald, died this morning at the home of the parents, 40 Willie street.

25c. Duck Belts, 10c. at Steele's.



Some People

Stand in their own light when the opportunity for self help is right at hand.

There's not another store in New England where you can dress yourself and your family so comfortably and let credit take the place of cash when you need your money; mind you, all the credit and terms exactly as you want them.

Down go the Prices—The Final Cut.

These prices hold good until the last summer garment is sold

All our Shirt Waists divided into 4 lots for quick selling, now at **19c, 23c, 48, and 69c.** Used to be 48c to $2.98.

STYLISH WEARING APPAREL for Men, Women and Children.

Men's $3.00 Shoes We Warrant Them.

Caesar Misch
CASH OR CREDIT

78 Middlesex Street, Odd Fellows' Block,
A. STRAUSS, Manager.

PRES. STEYN

Reported Dead is Soon to Join Kruger

By Associated Press to The Sun.

LONDON, Aug. 23.—Lord Roberts reports to the war office under date of Pretoria, August 22, as follows:

"Buller's division marched to Van Wyck's Vlei, fifteen miles south of Belfast, yesterday. His casualties were twenty.

"Paget reports from Hamanskraal that Baden-Powell engaged Grobler's rear guard all day yesterday. Grobler was driven back east of Pienaars river, Baden-Powell occupied the railway station of that name. During the fight Baden-Powell's advance and that of the enemy galloped into each other, the Rhodesians losing Col. Spreckley and four men killed and seven wounded. Many of the Boers were killed or wounded. They were at Cyferkuil this morning. Plumer and Hickman were closely pursuing them.

"It seems certain that De Wet, finding it hopeless to make his way eastward, has recrossed the Magaliesberg, with a few wounded, with the intention of returning to the Orange River Colony. He is in a very different condition from that when he left Bethlehem with six or eight guns and 1200 men. His guns have mostly been buried and his personal following cannot be more than 300.

"It is stated that Steyn, with a small body-guard, has crossed Pienaars river on his way to join Kruger at Machadodorp.

"The Boers yesterday blew up a portion of the railway at Kroetze's Drift, five miles north of New Castle, and damaged the rails at a point thirty miles south of New Castle."

SIDEWALK BLOCKED.

The sidewalk on Merrimack street, at the entrance of the basement in Barristers' hall, was blocked for a number of hours today. A mammoth boiler is being set up in the basement of this building, and considerable difficulty was encountered getting it through the doorway.

$2 Bicycle Pants, 98c, at Steele's.

JOHNSON'S KIDNEY PILLS
25 PILLS, 10 CENTS
POSITIVELY GUARANTEED

THEY CURE!
NOT SIMPLY RELIEVE.

" * * * Oh, what a blessing your Kidney Pills have been to me. I could not straighten up for a year, and walking nearly killed me. Now I could run a foot-race, and when I see a man humping along, I tell him to get a box of Johnson's Kidney Pills and get well." J. M. JONES, Canton, Ohio.

VEST POCKET SIZE.

25 PILLS 10 CENTS.

Superior to any high-priced remedy. By mail, on receipt of five 2-cent stamps.

Omega Oil

Oh, dear me, how much terrible suffering there is in this world! Nearly everybody has a pain or ache somewhere. Grandpa and grandma have got stiff joints and rheumatism. Father's back hurts him. Mother has a lame shoulder. Little Mary has sore throat, and Johnny hurt his leg playing with the Smith children. The cook has neuralgia, and the hired man sprained his ankle yesterday. And every one in the family has sore, tired, aching, itching, bad-smelling feet. I wish more people who suffer like this family would rub their sore spots with Omega Oil. Then their pains and aches would go away, and stay away.

Omega Oil is a liniment of a sparkling green color. It looks good, smells good, and does so much good that it is a blessing and a godsend. Every druggist sells it, or can get it for you if you tell him you must have it.

"Omega Oil is a god-sent blessing to all suffering humanity. I tried it on my mother who has laid paralyzed for over two years and could not move her limbs. I only rubbed her twice and it has taken all the swelling out of her limbs and she can move them and the soreness is all gone. I also rubbed some on my head for a pain there, and it left me. One of my neighbors had a wen on her wrist and I rubbed it once and it took it all away without any pain. My horse had a very sore back and we had tried all that we knew, but all did no good, but one application of Omega Oil has cured it."
REV. W. W. WILLSON,
Franktown, Va. 229

— CANDY —
ESCULETTS
CURE PILES

and all rectal disorders, or money refunded. Pleasant. No Physic. A radical cure, 50c at

Goodale's Drug Store,
Joseph W. Litch,
Albert L. Field,
A. F. Story & Co.,
Carter & Sherburn,
Geo. C. Osgood, M.D.,
O. L. Field,
Falls & Burkinshaw,
East Merrimack Drug Store,
Harry L. Timmons,
C. E. Carter,
Harrison Lake.

ROOFING AND CONCRETING.

Now is the time to stop the leaks in your roof. Estimates on roofing and concreting cheerfully furnished. All work guaranteed. Telephone 295-4.

JAMES WALSH, 126 Highland Ave Lowell.

.. FOR ..
Preserving Time
MASON JARS

Pints, 49c doz.
Quarts, 59c doz.
Half Gal., 73c doz.
Jelly Tumblers, 29c doz.
Lightning Jars, Stone Jars and all kinds of Preserving Kettles at bottom prices.

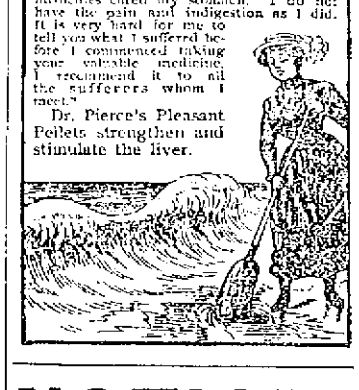
O'BRIEN BROS.
Tea Dealers,
FISKE BUILDING.
227 Central St. Tel. Con.

It's Time Wasted

And strength wasted, to try to push back the rising tide with a broom. It's just as great a waste of time and a far more serious waste of strength to try to push back the rising tide of disease with the "nervines," "compounds" and "nerve foods" which simply drug the nerves into a drunken stupor. They make you feel good? So does whisky, while the feeling lasts, but the reaction is dangerous and deadly. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery is a temperance medicine. It contains no alcohol, opium, cocaine or other narcotic. It strengthens the body by purifying the blood and increasing the supply of that vital fluid. It heals diseases of the stomach and organs of digestion and nutrition and thus removes the obstacles to a perfect nourishment of the whole body.

"Six years ago my stomach and heart troubled me so much I had to do something, as the doctors could not help me," writes Mrs. S. A. Knapp of San Jose, California, Box 392. "I went to San Francisco and had treatment for catarrh of the stomach and was better for some time, then it came back. I then used Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and 'Pleasant Pellets.' These medicines cured my stomach. I do not have the pain and indigestion as I did. It is very hard for me to tell you what I suffered before I commenced taking your valuable medicine. I recommend it to all the sufferers whom I meet."

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets strengthen and stimulate the liver.



NOTICE!

We will mark down all meats at 6.30 every evening at half prices.

Vegetables
Fresh every day from Sunnyside farm. Potatoes are on the drop.

Choice Poultry
Fowls ....12c.
Chickens ....15c.

We receive Creamery Butter every Tuesday, 5, 10, 20, 30, 50 and 60 lb. tubs.

Beef on the Drop
Ribs cut .... 10c.
Good roast....................6c. and 8c.

Smoked Goods
Best Hams ....11½c.
Smoked Shoulders ....8c.
Bacon ....12c.

Canned Goods
Corn Beef .... 4c to 8c.
Beef Tongue ....15c.
Salt Pork ....8c.
Salt Ribs.................... 7½c.

Don't forget our large grocery department.

BANNER MARKET
Grocery and Butter House,
68 to 74 Prescott St.
OPEN EVENINGS ....Tel. 29-3.

IF YOU LOOK IN OUR WINDOWS

You will find that we keep the best **Stock of Jewelry** in the city of Lowell.

Our Prices will suit you.

J. A. LEGAULT & CO.,
Reliable Jewelers,
70 Central St., cor. Prescott.

Peter J. Brady,
GROCER,
NEW STORE.
Cor. Gorham and South Highland Sts.
Choice Teas, Coffees and Spices

Try our new brands of Flour, the best in the city, "The King Arthur," "Crown of Gold," and "Banquet."

SYRUP OF FIGS
Acts Pleasantly and Promptly.

Cleanses the System Gently and Effectually when bilious or costive.

Presents in the most acceptable form the laxative principles of plants known to act most beneficially.

TO GET ITS BENEFICIAL EFFECTS
BUY THE GENUINE — MANF'D. BY
CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N.Y.
For sale by druggists – price 50¢ per bottle.

Nicholas G. Norcross
... INSURANCE ...
53 Central St., Lowell.

JOHN W. McEVOY
Counsellor-at-Law
And Public Administrator.
137 Central Street. Tel. 639-4

NO MAN

gets along in this world by staying in a rut. You must move or be pushed. Have some spunk and wear the most stylish, best fitting, best wearing shoe—"Contentis" $1 Lowell made. For sale only by

GEO. E. MONGEAU
452 Merrimack St.

If You Find Anything
advertise in The Sun and the owner will reward you.

BUILDING SITES
—ON THE—
EMERY LAND

New plot of land on the east side of Moody street now ready. There are some very choice lots in this plot of land, first come, first choice. Places, prices and terms at the office.

Low Prices. Easy Terms. Warranty Deeds.

Office open forenoons and evenings. On the land every afternoon. A. J. Ryan, Agent, 3 Hildreth building.

W. A. LEW, 49 John St.
CLOTHING CLEANED DYED AND PRESSED

LAKEVIEW PARK
Lowell's Popular
Summer Day Resort

Bowling, Fishing, Boating, Swings, Carousal, Concerts, Fireworks, Aquatic Sports.

Rare Collection of Birds and Beasts from all Climes.

The D. L. Page Company will have entire charge of the Dining Pavilion.

Special Attention to Dinner and Picnic Parties. Dance Music by Hibbard's Orchestra.

Lakeview Theatre
One Week Commencing Mon., Aug. 20
THE
ELITE VAUDEVILLE
STARS

GEORGE AND NETTIE GORMAN, Character Sketch Artists, Coon Shouters and Novelty Dancers.
BILLY CARTER, Banjo Comedian, Story Teller and Humorist.
DELMORE & WILSON, In an up-to-date Novelty Act.
CARLOTTA DELMER, American Greatest Lady Trick Cyclist.
AND OTHERS.
Two Performances Daily, Afternoon and Evening.

If You Have a Tenement To Let
advertise in The Sun and you will have your choice of tenants.

TEETH

If you think of having a new set made see Dr. Simmons.

He has been making teeth in Lowell for 17 years. Don't waste money on cheap work, the price for the best artificial teeth is very low. Call at Lowell Dental Rooms, 29 Central street.

TAYLOR ROOFING CO.

Now is the time when patrons can get a low figure. Be sure and get their prices on your job. Gravel roofing done in the best possible manner. All work warranted. Taylor Roofing Co., 149 Humphrey street. Telephone.

BAD ACCIDENT

Engineer of Montreal Flyer Fatally Injured

By Associated Press to The Sun.

FITCHBURG, Mass., Aug. 23—The Montreal flyer on the Fitchburg division of the Boston & Maine railroad, leaving Boston at 11 a. m., and Fitchburg at 12.35 p. m., ran into three cars of a working train between the state line and Fitz William, N. H., at 1.20 yesterday afternoon.

The engine of the flyer was derailed, the engineer, Frank Hughes of this city, was fatally injured, while the passengers were more or less shaken up and the track was blocked for five hours.

Fireman Judd of the flyer jumped and escaped with a few bruises, and as there was no one on the working cars only these two men were injured.

The three working cars were apparently running wild, when they met the train rounding a curve. It is known that a gang of men were at work further up the line, and the supposition is that the three cars broke away unnoticed.

DEMAND REFUSED

Agent's Reply to the Print Workers' Communication

UNDER CONSIDERATION BY TEXTILE COUNCIL

State Inspector Getting After Unlicensed Firemen

The agents of the Hamilton, Merrimack and Bleachery manufacturing companies were a short time ago sent a petition asking that the wages of the print cloth workers be increased.

The reply to this communication was awaited with some anxiety by the members of the Print Cloth Workers' Union and at the meeting of the Textile Council last evening, a communication from these agents was received. In this communication the request of the print workers was absolutely refused.

What the final action of the council will be in regard to the matter is not known, but it is already decided that the extra night work that the men were in the habit of doing occasionally for the accommodation of the company will cease.

The union feels that it has been unfairly treated. The members claim to have every reason for asking this increase in wages, and see no reason why it can not be accorded to them. It is not probable that any extreme measures will be adopted, but what the course of action will be is not certain yet.

It is a matter that needs careful deliberation, and the Textile Council, which has full control of the matter, will consider the matter very carefully and from all points of view before they take any final action on the matter.

BLOCK PAVERS AND RAMMERS.

There was a regular meeting of the recently organized Block Pavers and Rammers union in Building Laborers' hall last evening. Four new members were initiated. It was decided to leave the membership list open until next Sunday forenoon at 10 o'clock.

STATIONARY FIREMEN.

The Stationary Fireman held a meeting last evening. Three candidates were initiated, and there were four propositions for membership received. Matters in connection with the Labor Day celebration received a large share of the evening's attention. The brotherhood is very enthusiastic about the celebration, and it seems to be an understood thing that they are going to make a bigger turnout this year than ever before. They will turn out every available man in the parade.

Tomorrow morning the state inspector for this district, Mr. McNeil, will be in town inspecting the buildings. Inspector McNeil will be at the Central building at nine o'clock and will then make a tour of the various buildings and see that all the firemen have licenses.

BRICKLAYERS' UNION.

There was a special meeting of the Bricklayers in their hall on Middle street last evening. The meeting was called to take action on the matter of turning out in the Labor Day parade. It is expected that they will make one of the best showings of any of the local unions. A committee consisting of Messrs. Spellman, George, Ray and Foster were appointed to take charge of the celebration. Mr. Foster will act as chairman of this committee.

The men in the union report that the business is good and that there are very prosperous times ahead for the bricklayers. The union is in a flourishing condition.

MATRIMONIAL

McPHETRES—FERGUSON.

At the home of the bride's mother, Mrs. Elenor F. Ferguson, 595 School street, yesterday, in presence of only the immediate friends and relatives of the young people, Mr. Samuel Albert McPhetres and Miss Blanche Margaret Ferguson were made man and wife, Rev. Charles L. Merriam of the Highland Congregational church solemnizing the nuptial rites. The bride was given away by her brother, Mr. Horatio D. Ferguson. Mr. McPhetres is a popular clerk in the office of the purchasing agent at the city hall. Mrs. McPhetres (nee Ferguson), was stenographer for Charles E. Adams, the Middlesex street hardware dealer. Mr. and Mrs. McPhetres will enjoy their honeymoon at Chatham, Mass., and will be at home to friends at 595 School street about November 1. The happy couple were the recipients of many costly wedding gifts.

DEAN—MOSES.

At noon, yesterday, Mr. Joel Dean and Miss Sarah Moses, both of Plain Beach, Florida, were married at the residence of Dr. S. L. Ward in Fletcher street, this city. Rev. George M. Ward, D.D., performed the ceremony. Miss Moses has many friends in Lowell, and is a fellow student with Mr. Dean at Rollins college, of which Dr. Ward is president.

SWAN—ELLIS.

At the residence of Mr. and Mrs. George Swan, 65 Lovett street, Beverly, Tuesday evening, their daughter Olive Wallis, well known in Lowell, became the wife of Mr. Merton E. Ellis of the same city. The ceremony was performed in the parlor, under an arch of golden rod and laurel, by the Rev. Edward M. Barney, in the presence of relatives and friends of the couple. The bridemaid was Miss Amy O. Swan of Lowell, and the best man Isaac J. Calderwood of Allston. A reception was held after the ceremony.

OUR BOULEVARD

At Present in a Wretched Condition

NOT FIT FOR CARRIAGES OR BICYCLES

It is a Disgrace to the City

The Pawtucket boulevard is in wretched condition and is a disgrace to the city as a public driveway. The old boulevard is worse than any of the country roads in this vicinity and no pleasure can be derived by driving or riding over it at the present time. All that one meets is sand, dust, stones and ruts.

The boulevard of a city is supposed to be one of its best drives, and if the roads were in any kind of decent condition one could gain much enjoyment and breathe the exhilirating air along this public resort. The scenery is delightful along the boulevard, the Merrimack river on the left, while on the right are beautiful wooded lands and spacious green pastures.

At one time a person could enjoy a carriage ride or a trip on a bicycle along the boulevard; now everybody steers clear of the place on account of its condition. It is fit for nothing but heavy wagons to travel over, and without doubt the latter is the cause of the present condition of the road. The roadway is full of ruts and loose stones. The northerly road of the old boulevard looks as if a plough had been run over it preparatory to planting some kind of seed there. On this side a bicycle can not pass through and it is almost impossible for a pleasure carriage to pass over the obstructions.

The other road is in a little better condition but it is also in great need of repairs. Carriages have worn a rut on one side of it which is daily growing deeper. One side of this road is fairly good for wheeling, but the cyclists have to dodge the gullies or they are apt to get thrown. Then the path is so strewn with stones that it keeps riders continually dodging from one side to the other to get a clear path.

There is much kicking from cyclists who come down this road on the left hand side. Some people say they should keep to their right, but such a thing is almost impossible on this road and riders run the risk of a collision in preference to navigating their way through gullies and hillocks on the other side of the road.

If the loose stones were raked off and some of the top dirt removed it might pass for some kind of a second rate thoroughfare, but as it is now it is in the same class as some of the streets of Little Canada. It is doubtful if a sprinkling cart ever finds its way along the boulevard or it would not be quite so dusty.

Compare the local boulevard to those in and around Boston. Around the Hub the parkways are perfectly hard and smooth and there are no stones or dust to be found. The sprinkling carts are working continuously and they do not flood the roadbed with water. Then again no ruts are ever seen. Why could not this city have one thoroughfare in good condition?

We had a Good Roads League in this city once which was going to look after the thoroughfares in and around the city, but it must have got lost like the Citizen's bicycle path to Silver Lake, for it never amounted to anything.

The new boulevard which starts at the end of the old boulevard and extends to Tyngsboro bridge is in fairly good condition, but there are places where stones have been torn up, and other spots where the top covering has been worn off. It will soon be a rival of the old boulevard, and then people who own pleasure carriages and bicycles can let them stay in the stable to get worn out.

CHELMSFORD CENTRE

A small colony from this village went to Salem Willows this week for a brief sojourn. It consists of Miss Mary E. Richardson, Miss Cella A. Richardson, Mrs. S. W. Parkhurst, Mrs. Emily E. Reed, Mr. and Mrs. Howard S. Adams and son, and Master Paul Davis. The company will be reinforced on Sunday by Harold and Leslie Davis.

Comrade Francis Hutchinson will not attend the national encampment at Chicago as he intended, as his business will require his attention at that time.

Prof. Emerson returns to Hanover Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles E. Bartlett have taken a week's outing at the sea shore.

Rev. E. C. Bartlett occupied his desk Sunday, after a fortnight's absence in Nova Scotia.

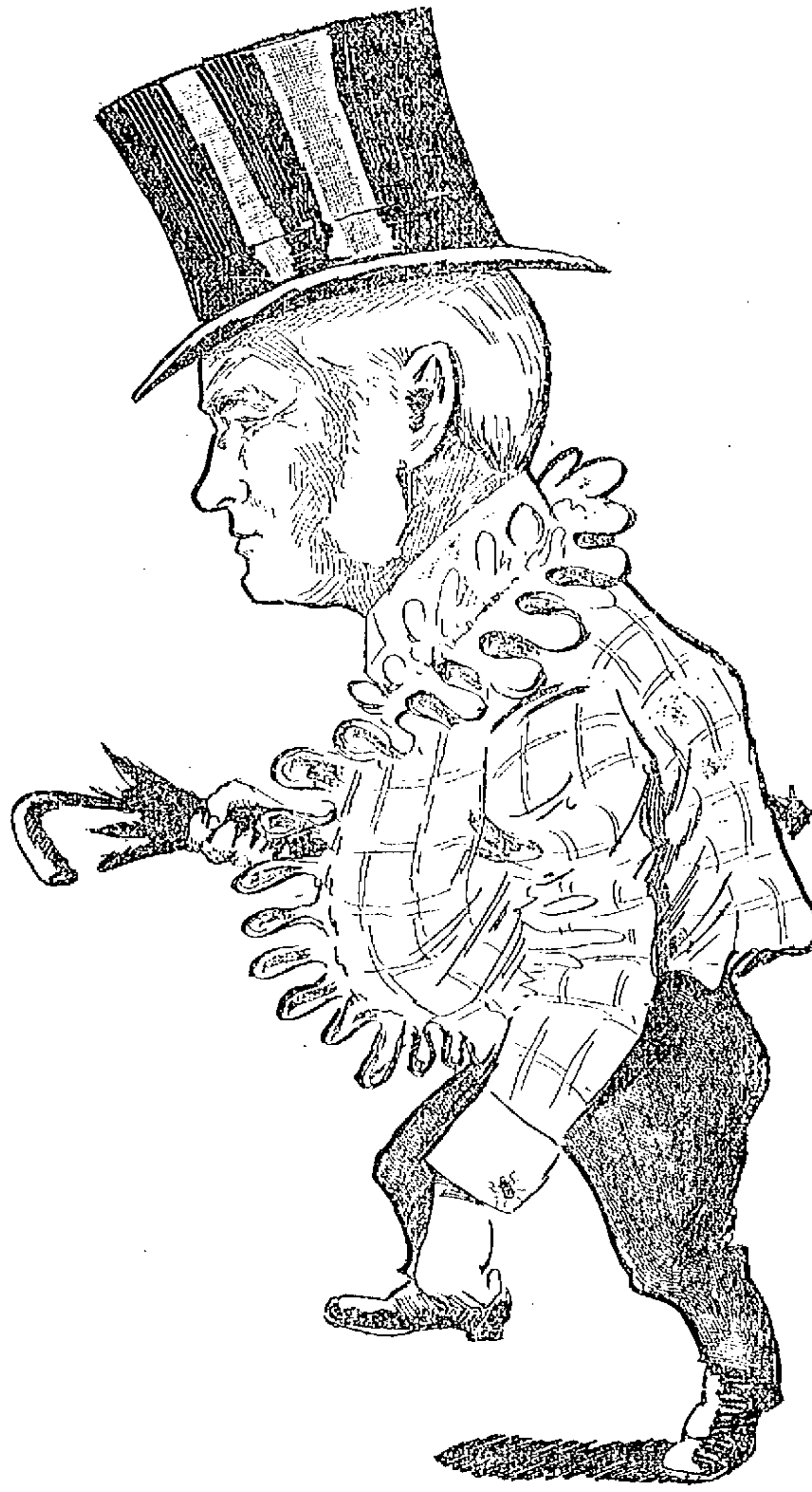
Sunday services at the Unitarian church will be resumed Sept. 2.

REPAIRING OLD COURT HOUSE.

A gang of workmen are busy making repairs at the old part of the court house on Gorham street. The ceiling of the old court room has been retinted and when it is thoroughly cleaned up will be a standing rival of the new one for coziness, and is much superior in acoustic properties. The old probate court room and the one formerly used for the district attorney's office has been retinted and renovated, and the corridors of the old court house have also been touched up.

RECOVERING FROM DIPTHERIA.

Conductor W. J. Hill of the Lowell & Suburban street railroad company, is slowly recovering from a severe case of diphtheria.



WILLIAM WALDORF JACKSON, WHO TAKES THE LEAD IN DONING THE MALE SHIRT WAIST.

MALE SHIRT WAIST

Proposed Dress Reform Discussed by Leading Citizens

From Mayor Crowley to His Prospective Successor Wm. Waldorf Jackson—A Clergyman Says He Would Wear One

This is a question which has been agitated for some time, a question now prominently before the public.

Men—poor lords of creation How they do sweat these hot days with their heavy coats over their shirts.

Women—how cool they look in their light, pretty airy shirt waists, with colors so varied that every tint of complexion can be suited.

Is it any wonder that the men look enviously at the women's shirt waist and covet it? Is it any wonder that a few more daring than the multitude have donned the comfortable garment?

For years women have been slowly donning articles of men's apparel; they freely wear his four-in-hand, his coat and his hat; in fact they wear whatever they please. Naturally man feels a touch of resentment and when he sees an article of woman's dress which is more comfortable than his own he feels that, on the law of retaliation, he has a perfect right to take possession of it if he chooses.

Therefore, I say, if the men want to wear the shirt waist, give them the privilege. I wonder if they want to. I will ask a few of them.

SOLON W. STEVENS, Esq.

Solon W. Stevens is a man of dignity and holds a position of honor as one of our leading lawyers. I will ask him how he feels about it.

Mr. Stevens, what do you think of the shirt waist for a man? Would you like to wear one?

"Do you mean would I substitute my shirt for a shirt waist, such as women wear?"

"Yes."

"No-o-on" said Mr. Stevens in horror stricken tones. "I'll stick to my shirt a while longer. I think a gentleman should be dressed (a lady too for that matter) in a dignified manner. A shirt waist for a man would never do. A woman's dress is so made that the graceful draperies of the skirt make a shirt waist attractive. A man would lack this unless he put on skirts, and personally I am not in favor of changing my trousers for a skirt."

Then you would not wear a shirt waist under any circumstances?

"No; why yes, if they were so common that I could not get a shirt, I suppose I would have to, for much as I should dislike to wear a woman's shirt waist, it would be preferable to nothing."

REV. J. F. ALLEN.

Not long ago in one of our large cities a clergyman preached a sermon in his shirt sleeves. As I was thinking of this incident the thought occurred to me that perhaps the clergymen of our city might have an interest in the shirt waist subject. Accordingly I called to interview Rev. J. F. Allen of the Worthen Street Methodist church on the subject.

"Well," said Mr. Allen, "I have no objection to any man wearing a shirt waist if he wants to. There is nothing wicked about it. It might prove a blessing. Men's clothing is rather monotonous, and the various colors would be interesting to him; then the custom would give employment to a great number of clerks, and photographers and laundrymen. It is only fair that the men wear some garment dear to the women to pay them for taking possession of men's clothing."

"Would you wear the shirt waist, Mr. Allen?" I asked.

"Not at first, for I don't like to attract attention, or wear anything that makes me conscious. If, however, everyone gets to wearing them, why then of course I should be obliged to put one on in order not to be conspicuous."

"Some one has suggested a difficulty at the belt line," I said, "How would you dispose of that?"

"O, I don't worry any on that line," said Mr. Allen, "the inventive genius of the women will settle that difficulty, I am sure."

Dr. IRISH.

Doubtless the change from heavy shirts to light shirt waists would be injurious to delicate men; on this point of the subject I interviewed Dr. J. C. Irish. He said that he not given much thought to the question but that he thought a man ought to stand it if a woman could.

Mr. WOODSIDE.

William E. Woodside, the well-known photographer, said: "A man who would wear a lady's shirt waist is not a man but a dude so soft that one could run a string through him. Possibly some of the idle class will wear them, but the practice will not become general among the laboring class, for you see when the laborer puts on a shirt waist the dude takes it off, and I hope the laboring classes will put them on if the dudes begin it in earnest. I wear a shirt waist? I guess not; I'll hang to my shirt and trousers, they are comfortable enough for me."

Wm. WALDORF JACKSON, Jr.

Mayor Crowley, when interviewed, said he had not given a single thought to the subject, but William Waldorf Jackson, our next mayor, had given it serious consideration. He said: "This is a most weighty subject though dealing with light material. I most cordially favor the shirt waist myself, so does my bride to be; in fact she urges me to wear them assuring me if I set the example others will follow. When I am mayor I shall recommend them to all my subordinates, and shall insist on their adoption. Women little realize the agony of the perspiration of a man's heavy coat; if they did they would not begrudge us the light blessing of the shirt waist. Look at my present attire, heavy coat, heavy vest, heavy shirt, heavy trousers, heavy shoes, heavy umbrella, all the accessories of a heavy statesman. You know a man who expects to be president after 1901 cannot afford to be out of style."

THE CREASE

WHERE THE LOWELL CRICKET TEAMS PLAY SATURDAY.

The Mohair Plush team will play the Lynn Wanderers at Lyndhurst Saturday afternoon. The following is the make-up of the Mohairs: D. Hird, captain; T. Southam, M. Greenwood, I. Moss, J. Parkinson, G. Greig, M. Meiklejohn, H. Meiklejohn, T. Stirks, B. Southam, R. Firth. Reserves, A. Hindle and Fielding.

Buntings vs. Merimacks on the former's grounds at Wigginville next Saturday. Game called at 2.45. The following is the Bunting team:

Rowley, captain; Patrick, Baras, Barber, Houghton, W. Senior, Ellison, Simpson, Ogden, Bailey; reserves, McCormick; scorer, Thomas Robinson.

Buntings 2nd vs. North Billerica, at Billerica next Saturday. Car leaves the square at 1.45. Buntings: A. Brown, Jewett, Whittaker, Gorman, Carpenter, G. Bailey, J. Farrar, H. Davis, A. Senior, H. Willis, P. Smith, S. Butt, Cudworth, Haigh and Barnes.

A CATCH BET.

Editor Sun: A bets that Bill will win the bicycle race.

B bets that he will not.

The race was declared a tie. Should the bets be declared off?

[No. B wins. It is a catch bet that frequently occurs. Ed.]

The safest and surest cure known for Biliousness and Sick Headache and for Constipation, all Liver and Bowel Complaints, is

Parsons' Pills

ONE PILL IS A DOSE

They make new, rich blood, prevent and cure Skin Eruptions and Blemishes. Enclosed in glass vials. Postpaid: 25 cents a bottle; $1.00 for six.

I. S. JOHNSON & COMPANY, Boston, Mass.

CAPTAIN HENRY J. REILLY, U. S. A.

Hero of Many Artillery Engagements, Killed in the Attack Upon the Walls of Pekin.

Captain Reilly's Battery F of the Third Artillery has gained much fame under its brave commander, who has fallen in its latest place of service. At El Caney and Santiago the battery was in the foremost of the fray, and received commendation from General Lawton, General Chaffee, and Lieutenant-General Miles.

One of the most splendid incidents of the Cuban campaign was the forced march of Captain Reilly with his men to the relief of the Rough Riders at San Juan. At El Caney he declared he would die a soldier, even if he was the only American soldier left on earth.

On the return of the battery after its arduous work in Cuba to Montauk Point Captain Reilly refused to retire as major by brevet. "Ever a fighter," he welcomed the order for fresh service in the Philippines. His battery was engaged in five battles on the Isle of Luzon, and was speedily selected for service in China, where it has won fresh laurels.

Captain Reilly was born in Ireland sixty-two years ago. His wife, two daughters and a son reside on the outskirts of Chicago. His war record dates from 1862, when he enlisted as a private, winning his lieutenancy for bravery on the field.

TREASON BILL

Passed to Second Reading Without Division

FIRST DEBATE WAS VERY BITTER

Future Status of Rebellious Subjects Fixed

By Associated Press to The Sun.

CAPE TOWN, Aug. 23—In the house of assembly yesterday the treason bill was sent to a second reading without a division.

On July 26 last the ministry of Sir John Gordon Sprigg introduced in the Cape House of assembly the indemnity and special tribunals or treason bill. Its second reading was moved August 1 by Mr. Rose-Innes, attorney general. During the debate on this motion, which was very bitter and to which the house devoted five sittings, a number of speeches were made by leaders on both sides.

Broadly described the bill fixes the responsibility and future status of rebellious subjects of Queen Victoria in the colony of the Cape of Good Hope, although the question of compensation is left to another session and the crux of the debate was the question whether indemnity should include amnesty.

COMMUNICATIONS

Editor Sun: I would like through your paper to call the attention of the street committee to the wretched condition of Main street from Plain to Lincoln street. It is a thoroughfare that is constantly used in heavy trucking from the Eagle foundry, the Payton hosiery, the Harvard brewery and other industries in that locality. It certainly, to say the least, ought to be macadamized. In case of fire to any of the above mentioned industries or to residences in that vicinity, it would be "trying" not only to the fire horses, but it is doubtful whether a steamer or hook and ladder truck could be handled through the deep sand without putting on an extra hitch. It is thoroughfares where heavy trucking is done that should receive the first attention of those in authority rather than the back streets of the Highlands or Quality Hill which manage to go through "O. K." because land owners have a "pull" with the "powers that be."

HEAVY TRUCKING.

WON CONSOLATION PRIZE.

Herbert L. Bishop, who is stopping at the Concord house, York beach, won a consolation prize at a recent game of hearts in which a large delegation of the vacationists at that resort took part.

CALLED TO CANADA.

Rev. Brother McGuirty, O. M. I., who has been visiting at the Oblate Fathers of the Immaculate Conception church, was suddenly called yesterday morning to the University of Ottawa by his superior to receive orders.

A MOTHER'S STORY.

Tells About Her Daughter's Illness and How She was Relieved—Two Letters to Mrs. Pinkham.

"MRS. PINKHAM:—I write to tell you about my daughter. She is nineteen years old and is flowing all the time, and has been for about three months. The doctor does her but very little good, if any. I thought I would try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, but I want your advice before beginning its use. I have become very much alarmed about her, as she is getting so weak."—MRS. MATILDA A. CAMP, Manchester Mill, Macon, Ga., May 21, 1899.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—It affords me great pleasure to tell you of the benefit my daughter has received from the use of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. After beginning the use of your medicine she began to mend rapidly and is now able to be at her work. Her menses are regular and almost painless. I feel very thankful to you and expect to always keep your Vegetable Compound in my house. It is the best medicine I ever knew. You have my permission to publish this letter if you wish, it may be the means of doing others good."—MRS. MATILDA A. CAMP, Manchester Mill, Macon, Ga., September 18, 1899.

SPILLER'S

GOLDEN BALSAM

Takes the lead as a preparation for the Relief and Cure of Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Bronchitis, Inflammation of the Throat and Lungs, Pleurisy, Pneumonia and Asthma. It is a certain and immediate relief in all cases of croup. In Whooping Cough it removes the distressing symptoms and relieves the painful breathing. It soothes the distressing cough of consumption. It is a beautifully clear preparation, pleasant to the taste and is perfectly safe to give to the most delicate child. Every bottle guaranteed. Money refunded to anyone who uses one bottle according to directions without obtaining satisfaction. Price 25 cents. For sale by Carter & Sherburne, H. R. Parker & Co., Lowell, Mass. Also for sale by all druggists.

LOWELL

Gas Light Company

THE KENWOOD AUTOMATIC WATER HEATER.

Will give you an unlimited supply of hot water, obtainable at any moment. By a simple turn of the faucet, the heater is set in operation and will almost instantly give you all the hot water needed. Turning off the water also automatically turns off the gas, and your expense stops. THE KENWOOD requires no boiler, but may be used in connection with one, if so desired.

An inspection of the heater in operation, at our office, will make clear to you its many advantages.

We have in stock the latest Welsbach burners and mantles.

Price of gas with the discount off for prompt payment is

$1 PER THOUSAND FEET.

First-class Gas Ranges sold on the instalment plan. Coke broken, screened and delivered at $4.50 per chaldron, $2.25 half chaldron, cash. No charge made for the use of meters. No charge made for running supply pipes from street mains to consumer's cellar. Orders when left at office promptly attended to.

CARPETS CLEANED

Also Upholstering and Furniture Repairing.

F. H. FISH,

21 Saratoga St. Tel. 847-4.

MONEY LOANED TO SALARIED PEOPLE AND RETAIL MERCHANTS, upon their own names, without security, easy payments. TOLMAN, room 23 Associate Building.

J. M. KINGSBURY, No. 373 Bridge St.

MEATS AND PROVISIONS.

If You Have a Place for Sale

advertise it in the Sun. It's the quickest way.

THE FINEST

BREAD .'. CAKE and PASTRY

to be found in the city, at

PETER WATSON'S Home Made Bakeries,

52 to 60 Charles St.,

46 Lawrence St.

Lawn Party, Picnic and Wedding Supplies a Specialty.

THE LOWELL SUN

Three Editions Daily.

JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Proprietor.

SUN BUILDING, LOWELL, MASS.

Member of the Associated Press.

$3.00 Per Year. 25c. Per Month

The Sun is the only paper in Lowell receiving the full day service of the Associated Press, the greatest news gathering organization in the world. The entire service is received over a leased wire by our own operator in our own office in the Sun building.

False .. Pretenses

Misrepresenting the circulation of a newspaper to advertisers is obtaining money under false pretenses. All newspapers have a certain value as advertising mediums, but the value is determined by the number of papers printed and sold.

The Sun prints and sells more papers than any two other newspapers in Lowell. It is the cheapest of all the local papers on the basis of circulation. You should look into this matter intelligently when making your appropriation for advertising in Lowell.

REPUBLICAN SPELL-BINDERS WANTED.

The republicans are at their wits end to find a spell-binder competent to answer Bryan's Indianapolis speech. Mark Hanna is flitting from place to place spreading alarm and appealing to the rank and file to wake up. In New Jersey the home of trusts, he begged of the republicans not to be over-confident, not to underrate the enemy to be met. He realizes the coming doom and is doing his part to avert it, but thus far he has been unable to procure a spell-binder competent to tackle Bryan's great speech on anti-imperialism. All the leaders affect to sneer at the speech because none of them can answer it. The most Roosevelt could do was to denounce it as cowardly and Hanna shoves it aside as Bryanism. Call it Bryanism if you will, and then compare it with Hannaism. What is the difference? Hannaism is the refinement of political corruption and debauchery. Bryanism is the sublime cause of patriotism, humanity and liberty. This is why the republicans have no man competent to answer the Indianapolis speech. To assail it is to assail the constitution of the United States, the Declaration of Independence and the great principles of patriotism for which the revolutionary fathers fought and died.

This great speech delivered at Indianapolis has spread consternation in the republican ranks and gone right to the hearts of the people. It has set at rest many questions that before were held in doubt and now the republicans are looking for a man to offset its effect.

In 1896 they had Hon. Bourke Cockran, but he is now fighting for Bryan and the republic.

In 1896 they had Hon. George S. Boutwell, but in this campaign he is leading the anti-imperialists for Bryan.

So with General McCutcheon of Michigan, David G. Haskins of Boston, Hon. M. C. C. Church of West Virginia, Judge J. A. Burnette of Kansas, a life long republican, Judge Sexton of Missouri, Dr. Leonard, consul under President Harrison and a host of others equally prominent in the affairs of the nation and all now out fighting for Bryan. No wonder Hanna is discouraged despite the liberal contributions of the trusts to save his man, McKinley. In every state in the union there is a stampede towards Bryan from the McKinley camp.

Senator Hoar would be drafted to answer Bryan had he not discredited himself by his anti-imperial utterances and his declaration that he will support the administration of the man whom he dubbed as a pinchbeck Napoleon.

Secretary Hay has been considered, but thought insufficient; Fairbanks of Indiana has been named, but he is too heavy to undertake such a task; Frye of Maine is not strong enough; Walcott of Colorado is favorably considered; but he is too superficial and too flippant to fill such an assignment. The same may be said of Davis of Minneapolis, Spooner of Wisconsin and Henry Cabot Lodge of Massachusetts. In fact none of these alleged statesmen want the task of answering Bryan, and none of them we surmise will formally attempt it. They will content themselves with side swipes here and there, now and again without any attempt at a general answer, and this for the very excellent reason that Bryan's arguments are unanswerable.

CANADIAN COLONIZATION FIZZLE.

A discussion in the Canadian house of commons called public attention to the failure of costly attempts to secure American immigrants for Canada. It appears the movement has been on foot for some time in the two Dakotas, Minnesota, Michigan and the New England states. As a result less than 500 immigrants have been secured, and these cost Canada $20 a head in official charges. A correspondent at Ottawa, in stating these facts, says: It is galling to Canada to see the stream of immigration pouring past us into the United States. We give free farms, we pay bonuses to agents in Europe and America to persuade people to come over and take the farms, and yet only a small percentage of the best immigration comes here. Of the small percentage that comes here a large proportion leaves us again for the United States.—Beverly Times.

That movement has been going on for years and it serves no other purpose than to prevent the total depopulation of the provinces. Still the government finds it a difficult and expensive matter to bring in one immigrant for every 100 emigrants that leave the country.

SIX COUNTS.

In his speech at Indianapolis, Mr. Bryan undoubtedly proved these six charges against the republican party: that it is—

Controlled by the money power.

With England in the war against the South African republics.

With imperial ambitions for conquest and a vast standing army.

Wholly unfriendly to the working classes.

Aristocratic in all principles.

In favor of the wealthy few as against the poverty stricken many.

These charges are unanswered and will remain unanswered on election day.

Rogers street was macadamized last fall. Recently that portion of it between Lawrence street and the bridge was torn up to put in a sewer. Now another part of it is being torn up by the Telephone company, which is putting its wires under ground. Yet we are told there is an ordinance providing that a newly laid street cannot be torn up for five years.

The American troops distinguished themselves at the capture of Pekin. Trained regulars of the American army will compare favorably with the soldiers of any other nation.

President McKinley will probably recall Minister Conger and draft him into the campaign to tell what a blessing it is to have a foothold in such countries as China and the Cannibal islands.

In these hot days when you read of the Tramps' convention at Chicago at which the slogan is: "Away with work," are you not led to think seriously of joining the order?

Who says base ball is dead in Lowell after such a lively game as was played on the South common Saturday?

Roosevelt, the rough rider, will soon be on a rampage in the west.

CRISP GOSSIP

It is a noteworthy fact that in the state of Utah there is not one Irish woman.

It is a heap easier to find a fault than to tell what to do with it after you have found it.

An old maid in West Tewksbury has bought a phonograph to entertain herself and the cat.

Some wives, like watches, have pretty faces, delicate hands, and are good to look upon—but somewhat difficult to regulate.

A woman is often told in her youth that she is an angel, and when she discovers the truth later on she can't get over it.

The pastor of a Baptist church in Emporia, Kan., the other afternoon, found three youngsters using the baptismal font as a swimming hole.

It is announced that the cause of Bright's disease has been discovered. The next thing to find ought to be its remedy—and probably it will be.

If you see your girl's brother mending his own clothes some time when you call, don't say anything but kind of look into the future.

Some Tewksbury girls think that all they will have to do after getting married is to drink soda and read the Ladies Home Journal.

A great many Lowell teachers and others interested in historical events visited Plymouth this summer, going on the commodious steamer John Endicott from Snow's Arch wharf in Boston. There is always a curiosity to see the historic landing place of the Pilgrims on the Mayflower and all the objects of historic interest in that vicinity.

The total amount of money coined by all of Queen Victoria's predecessors on the throne was $[illegible]. During the present reign the mint has turned out $[illegible].

Some people one meets at street corners know so much that it is a surprise to think they are working for such small pay. A tip to Merrimack square curbstone ornaments.

A woman can never tell what kind of clothes a male book agent has on when he comes to the door, but you let the book agent be a woman and she can tell you what kind of a dress it is and what it was lined with.

When the Horton law goes into effect in New York the pugilists undoubtedly will be forced on to the stage to make a living. Thus does the public severely suffer because of pugilism.

"Incircumscriptibleness," meaning incapable of limitation, has been admitted into the newest dictionary. But that is very easy for us, now that we are on a strict Chinese diet.

Moscow has the largest hospital in Europe, with 7000 beds. There are ninety six physicians and 900 nurses, and about 15,000 patients are cared for annually.

Japan is now said to be trying to float a $[illegible] loan in this country. We are rapidly becoming money lenders to the world. First Russia, then England, and now Japan.

From various seaside resorts comes the news of actors having wonderful escapes from drowning and of actresses who have lost their jewels or have been smashed up in automobiles. It is by signs such as these that we may feel assured that the dramatic season is at hand.

Kalamazoo, Mich., has a plague of grasshoppers, which swarm in the houses and stores, fill the electric globes and put out the lights, stop railroad trains and make life generally miserable and business impossible. The insects are said to be nearly three inches long and to sing like locusts.

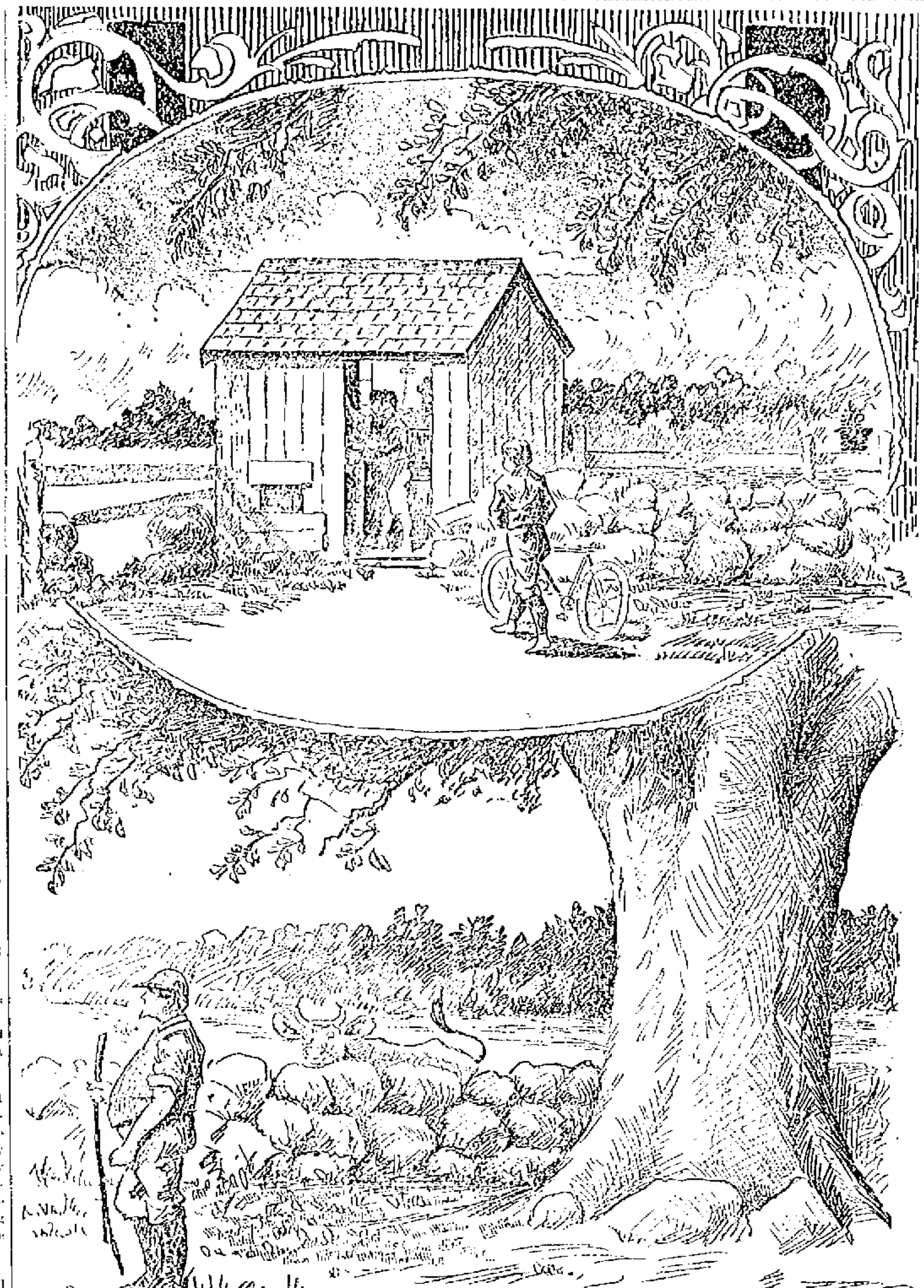
George Rosengrant of Wyoming county, Pa., sold his wife to Raymond Palmer for $10. Rosengrant is a small farmer and Palmer is a woodchopper. Mrs. Rosengrant refused to live longer with her husband. Palmer said he would take good care of her and Rosengrant said he would make no trouble if Palmer would pay him $10. The cash was produced and the bargain sealed. By the agreement Palmer is to educate Rosengrant's youngest child.

The shirt waist man is a failure. What availeth it that society is desperately struggling to make it a fad, that men of wealth and a few of "culchaw" have endorsed it. It is sassified, it is unbecoming, it gets soiled so easily, it looks bad without frills and looks worse with them. Suspenders are tabooed, and man to be comfortable must wear suspenders. Then the saddest thing about the shirt waist is that it has no pockets. Where can he put his letters, his documents, his cigars, his pipe, his tobacco, pocket knife, handkerchiefs, tonic flask, his watch, keys, money? Shall he bulge all over with these indespensable articles crammed in his hip pocket, or in his bosom? Or shall he have to copy woman yet one step further and carry a Boston bag? No, no, shirt waist man, you are only an incident, you have ceased to amuse, you annoy, and we wish you would go away and put on your coat like a sensible man ashamed that you should have paraded yourself before the public without it.

BILLERICA CENTRE

Sunday morning at 10.30 o'clock at the Baptist church, George W. Averell, superintendent of the children's health fund, will speak of the work among children. The organization takes children from homes of vice and crime in any city or town, prepares them for and locates them in Christian homes. A choir of rescued children will be present and sing. Public cordially invited.

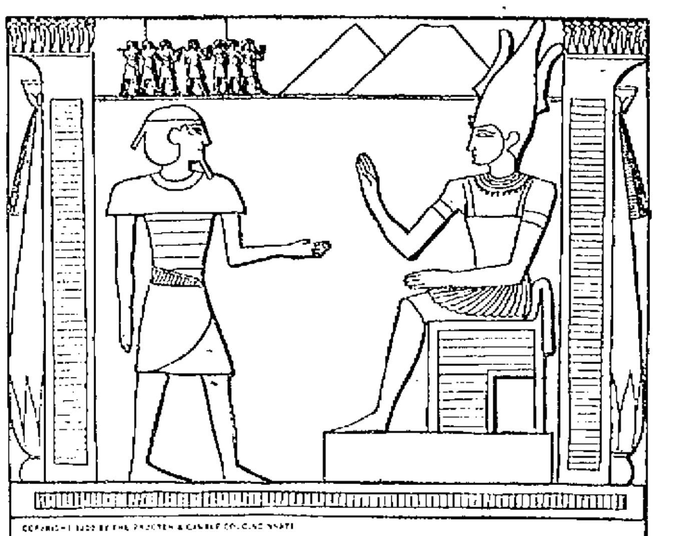
A large number of residents of this village will attend the band concert this evening in North Billerica, to be given by the Talbot mill band. It will be the seventh in the series with three more to be heard from before the "snow flies."



FARMER BRIDGES' WELL

How dear to my heart is the old well at Tewksbury,
Its cooling refreshment no language can tell,
For here is the home of our good farmer Bridges,
And his famous old bucket that hangs in the well.
The pasture land near and the stone wall so rustic,
The place and the scenes that all cyclers know well,
More welcome than all to the dry throated rider,
Is the old oaken bucket that hangs in the well.
The Old Oaken Bucket,
The Iron Bound Bucket,
That claims the caress of a million hot lips,
The Old Oaken Bucket,
The Iron Bound Bucket,
Your gift wins the praise of each rider that sips.

In the shade of the old elm tree so inviting,
Is rest for the weary while lingering here,
Enjoying the breeze as it whispers the praises,
Of the famous old well with its liquid so clear.
'Tis like an oasis so cool and reviving,
Then thanks for your treat, Farmer Bridges, farewell.
As your bounty is free, so our praise is unstinted,
We'll sound forth the cheer of your famous old well.
The Old Oaken Bucket,
The Iron Bound Bucket,
Its cooling refreshment no language can tell;
The Old Oaken Bucket,
On the old farm at Tewksbury,
The Iron Bound Bucket that hangs in the well.



AS CHEOPS SAW IT.

"THAT is an enormous pyramid you are building," said the visitor at Egypt's court; "but it seems a purposeless kind of structure. What is it for?" "When the top stone is laid," replied Cheops quietly, "you will see the point."

Isn't it strange some persons find it hard to believe all that is told of Ivory Soap? Don't you try to believe it; just try the soap. You will not then be without it for twice its cost. It will tell the story. You will see the point.

THE SOCIETIES

The Emulus Thompson Commandery Installed Officers

At the regular meeting of the Emulus Thompson Commandery, Golden Cross, last evening, the following officers were installed by Lady Emma Richardson, supreme secretary, vice noble commander, Ezra Thompson; keeper of records, Walter H. Gilman; warder of inner gate, A. J. Howe. The first two were absent at the general installation and the last named has since been elected to fill a vacancy. Matters of interest pertaining to the good of the order were discussed, all of which proved beneficial and profitable to all present. Some thing for the good of the order is expected at the next meeting September 12.

EIRENE LODGE.

Eirene lodge of Good Templars held its usual Wednesday evening meeting last night at Pilgrim hall. It was announced that the coming district lodge session would meet at Montvale, near Woburn, Labor day. Delegates and alternates to the district lodge session were chosen. It was announced that the entertainment next week would be poets' night in charge of E. S. Varney, Miss Lois Savage and A. W. Trow. It was also announced that the coming picnic would be held at Long-Sought-For pond, Sept. 8, barges to leave Merrimack square at 7.30. The good of the order, in charge of Miss Gertrude Judd, comprised piano solo by Miss Mabel Howes; temperance reading, Miss Grace Sullivan; recitation, Miss Alice E. Kelly; reading, Miss Addie Howes; reading, "The Wreck of the Hesperus," William Sullivan; piano duet, Percy Hands and Miss Gertrude Judd; remarks by several members. Nathaniel Houston and J. McGrath of Mt. Zion lodge had some good words to offer.

LOWELL LODGE, A. O. U. W.

Lowell lodge of the United Workmen held a regular meeting last evening in Odd Fellows' temple and initiated two candidates. Six propositions for membership were received. The lodge is planning to have a "bean contest" in September, and some of the discussion of the evening was on this subject. Some of the arrangements for this event were made at the meeting last evening.

SPINDLE CITY CIRCLE.

Two candidates were initiated at the meeting of Spindle City circle, C. of F., which was held in Foresters' hall last evening. The lodge was also the recipient of three propositions for membership. Other matters of routine business were disposed of and after the more formal part of the evening was over, there was a general social time.

CLAN GRANT.

Clan Grant held a regular meeting in Bay State hall last evening. The Clan is to hold a Hallowe'en party on the 31st of October and some of the arrangements for this event were made and discussed at the meeting of last evening. Other matters of routine business were talked of and disposed of.

MERRIMACK LODGE.

Nothing but routine business came up at the meeting of Merrimack lodge of Odd Fellows which was held last evening. The lodge will be more active as the season advances.

CENTRALVILLE LODGE.

Centralville lodge held a regular meeting last evening. No business of any importance was transacted. Nothing will be done by the lodge until September, when degree work will commence.

TEWKSBURY

Miss Fannie A. Davis of Sherborn has been appointed teacher of the Wigginville primary school, to succeed Miss Harriet Ferguson, resigned. Miss Davis has had several years of successful experience and has recently completed a special course at the Bridgewater normal school.

Mr. Arthur Fairgrieve expects to take a vacation in the near future. During his father's absence in Europe Mr. Fairgrieve has been filling the position as station agent and has performed the duties of that office very acceptably to the patrons of the road.

During the summer the grounds at the station of the Boston and Maine railroad already referred to at length in the Sun have been improved greatly through the efforts of Mr. Patrick Reagan, the flagman. When the judges pass this way, let us all hope that a testimonial in cash will fall to the lot of Mr. Reagan.

Special mention should be made of the excellent music furnished by the cornetist at last Sunday afternoon's out-door religious meeting. He will again appear at next Sunday afternoon's meeting.

Owing to the increased daily sales of The Sun in this village many persons have been unable to procure a copy of the paper unless sending into Lowell for the same. Order in advance at Fairgrieve's if you desire The Sun to shine in your homes.

MAMMOTH PLANERS.

The new building additions at the Fifield Tool Works have been completed and the machinery, consisting of two mammoth planers, of larger capacity, with reference to dimensions, than any in the country, have been installed therein, and are now in operation.

These two machines weigh about 60 tons, and rest upon granite foundations, ensuring the best possible grade of work procurable.

A SERIES OF MONEY SAVING SALES—NO. 3, WATCH THE NEXT.

YOU CAN BUY A....

BAMBOO PIAZZA SCREEN $1.75

10 FEET LONG AND 8 FEET HIGH FOR .....

AND A 6 x 8 FT. ONE FOR 90c

TODAY AT

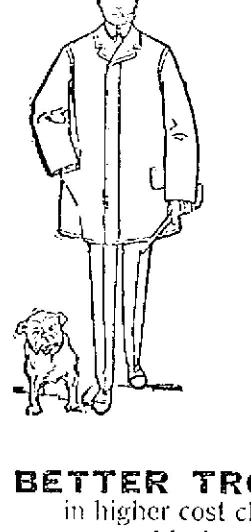
A. E. O'HEIR & CO., 14-16-18 Merrimack St.,

Near Electric Car Waiting Room.

The People's Favorite Furniture Store.

Putnam & Son,

166 Central Street.



WE'VE had an unusual demand for trousers this month,—not any one particular quality, but for all qualities, from the lowest to the highest. We expected it, for we made special prices all through this department.

FOR HARD WORK, we've two lots of substantial, well made, all wool trousers at **$1.19** and **98c.** These prices don't cover the cost of the cloth, to say nothing of the cost of cutting and making.

BETTER TROUSERS in fancy worsteds, just the same patterns as in higher cost cloths, well cut and made, **$1.98** and **$1.48.** Will do to wear with the old coat and vest until time for fall suit.

STILL BETTER TROUSERS, good enough for any wear, fine worsteds, made in our own shop and by Rogers, Peet & Co., at **$4.95** and **$3.48.** Just as good materials, just as well cut and made, as you'll get from a tailor for nearly double our prices.

FALL OVERCOATS are in good demand just now, the cool nights making them almost a necessity. We can cover you with a top coat or fall overcoat at **$3.95** and up to **$24.50.** Materials are Venetians, coverts and unfinished worsteds, the higher priced ones silk lined.

From Yesterday's Late Editions.

AT PEKIN

American Forces Are Fighting Hard

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WASHINGTON, AUG. 22.—THE WAR DEPARTMENT ANNOUNCED EARLY IN THE DAY THAT IT WAS IN RECEIPT OF A CASUALTY LIST FROM GEN CHAFFEE AND THIS WAS MADE PUBLIC ABOUT NOON. IT WAS LEARNED, HOWEVER, THAT CHAFFEE'S DESPATCH CONTAINED A CONSIDERABLE AMOUNT OF MATTER BESIDES THE LIST OF KILLED AND WOUNDED, AND IT WAS THE SUBJECT OF AN EXTENDED WHITE HOUSE CONFERENCE BETWEEN THE PRESIDENT, SECRETARY ROOT AND ACTING SECRETARY OF STATE ADEE. IT WAS HOPED BY THE OFFICIALS THAT THE RECEIPT OF DETAILED NEWS FROM GEN. CHAFFEE WOULD SIMPLIFY THE SITUATION CONSIDERABLY, AND ENABLE THIS GOVERNMENT TO MAP OUT, IN A LARGE DEGREE, ITS FUTURE LINE OF ACTION IN CHINA. THIS WAS NOT THE CASE, HOWEVER. GEN. CHAFFEE'S TELEGRAM INDICATED THAT THERE MAY YET BE CONSIDERABLE HEAVY FIGHTING AROUND PEKIN, AND BETWEEN THAT CITY AND THE COAST. IT WAS IMPOSSIBLE TO MAKE ANY PREDICTION AS TO THE DATE OF PACIFICATION ON THE INFORMATION THUS FURNISHED AND THE ADMINISTRATION IS UNABLE TO FIX EVEN AN APPROXIMATE DATE FOR THE WITHDRAWAL OF OUR TROOPS FROM CHINESE TERRITORY.

WHILE THE WHITE HOUSE CONFERENCE WAS IN PROGRESS, THE CHINESE MINISTER ARRIVED AT THE STATE DEPARTMENT, BUT MR. ADEE WAS ABSENT.

BLOODY WORK HAS BEEN GOING ON IN PEKIN, ACCORDING TO A DISPATCH TODAY BY THE NAVY DEPARTMENT FROM ADMIRAL REMEY, DATED TAKU, THE 20TH, AND PEKIN THE 18TH. THE MESSAGE SHOWS THAT THE AMERICAN FORCES WERE THEN FIGHTING, ALONG WITH THE ALLIES AND THAT PROGRESS HAD BEEN MADE WHICH COULD ONLY HAVE BEEN ACCOMPLISHED AFTER MILITARY EFFORTS OF A SEVERE CHARACTER.

Officials of the war department who are familiar with the physical conditions of the defenses of Pekin say that the fact that all but the Imperial city had been cleared of Chinese troops is evident enough of the severe fighting which must have occurred. In order for the American troops to penetrate to the gates of the palace they must have stormed a wall 30 feet high, which no doubt was stubbornly defended.

Every one is glad, of course, that the Americans were the first to enter the Imperial city, another testimonial to the gallantry and industry of the American forces.

Undoubtedly there have been brisk engagements since the Remey dispatch was sent, but the officials of the department here are in no way concerned about the result of the fighting.

General Chaffee's brief report stated that he entered the legation grounds at five o'clock on the evening of the 14th and that eight of his men were wounded in the day's fighting. Admiral Remey's dispatch shows that within the next two days General Chaffee lost six men killed, including Captain Reilly of the Fifth artillery and thirty men wounded.

To all appearances, therefore, the fighting in Pekin was more severe after the entry into the city than during the movements which brought the Americans to the legation gates.

This may be explained by the evident fact that the rescuing parties were engaged in clearing the other city of the Chinese soldiery.

Admiral Remey's dispatch also shows that there is further fighting outside of Pekin and that the Boxers have not been dispersed.

It also would seem to presage more fighting for the allies if they should attempt to return from Pekin and for the reinforcements which will be sent forward to Tien-Tsin and Pekin. Evidently, according to the military authorities, the country about Tien-Tsin and between that city and Pekin, still harbors hostile forces which will have to be overcome by the allies before the road can be opened from Pekin to the seat.

AMERICANS ARE WELL SUPPLIED

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WASHINGTON, Aug 22— The War department has received the following cablegram:

Tien-Sien, Aug. 19.

Adjutant —General,
Washington.

With reference to your telegram of 16th, horses, materials and troops promptly landed at Taku and forwarded to front. Sixth cavalry mounted. Grant (transport) due in Manila now. Hospitals excellent, ample for present army, well supplied and in fine condition. Everything satisfactory. Go to Pekin tomorrow; sick and wounded doing well.

(Signed) BARRY."

GERMAN BATALLION AT PEKIN

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BERLIN, Aug. 22.—The German war office has received a dispatch from Taku, dated August 19, saying the advance of the German battalion was delayed by violent rains. It reached Pekin August 17. Yang Tsun, it is added, was threatened by the Chinese troops on the Imperial canal.

GEN. CHAFFEE REPORTS CASUALTIES

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Washington, Aug. 22.—The following report was today received at the war department from Gen. Chaffee:

Che Foo.

Adjutant-General, Washington:

Pekin, seventeenth: Casualties in action Aug. 14th.

Fourteenth Infantry—Co. E, William Parle, wounded in hand, slight, (see foot note); Co. G, John Hauser, sergeant, wounded in buttock, moderate; Thomas H. Higgin, wounded in foot, slight; August B. Troutman, wounded in leg below knee, moderate; Rufus Lawyer, wounded in leg below knee, slight. Co. H, Henry Hopkins, first sergeant, wounded in leg above knee, slight. Co. K, Frank L. Whitehead, first sergeant, wounded in leg below knee, slight; Jesse A. Foulkes, wounded in leg above knee, slight.

Battery F, Fifth artillery - William P. Nanney, wounded in chest, serious.

Marines -Capt. Smedley D. Butler, wounded in chest, slight. Co. A, Geo. P. Farral, wounded in head, moderate. Co. C, Frank W. Green, wounded in hand, moderate.

Casualties in action Aug. 15.

The following officers and men were killed:

Battery F, Fifth artillery: Captain Henry J. Reilly, morning of 15th. Co. C, Ninth Infantry, Robert E. Walsh. Co. E, Ninth Infantry, James O. Hall, Daniel W. Simpkins, Co. K, Fourteenth Infantry, Russell K. Elliott; Co. M, Fourteenth infantry, James C. Wilber.

Wounded: Ninth infantry, Co. F, Martin A. Silk, wounded in head, serious; Co. D, Geo. Bailey, first sergeant, wounded in arm, slight. Co. K, George. H. Siemens, wounded in leg below knee, serious. Co. M, Will ... F. Norton, wounded in leg below knee, slight.

Fourteenth infantry—Co. E, Geo. O. Fox, sergeant, wounded in hand slight; Harvey Baker, musician, wounded in thigh, moderate; Calvin P. Titus, musician, wounded in neck, slight; Geo. C. Kauffmann, wounded in hip. Co. G, Henry J. Kysela, wounded in chest, serious. Co. H, Charles Morgan, corporal, wounded in leg below knee, moderate; Ora F. Tyler, —; George King, —; John L. Lynch, wounded in thigh, slight. Co. L, Thos. A. Lanker, wounded in chest, serious; Thomas King, wounded in arm, serious. Co. M, Wm. B. Hoffman, cook, wounded in thigh, moderate; Henry C. Davies, wounded in leg below knee, serious.

Battery F, Fifth artillery: Lee Doyle, wounded in hand, slight.

August 16:—Died of wounds received in action: Edward B. Mitchell, Co. L, 14th infantry.

(Signed) CHAFFEE.

Note—Name William Parle not found on rolls. Possibly intended for William W. Earle.

GOVERNMENT BUILDINGS WERE DESTROYED

By Associated Press to The Sun.

YOKOHAMA, Aug. 22—An official despatch from Corea says that a thousand rebels have attacked Song Ching, burning the government buildings located there.

HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED

STOMACH BITTERS

No one need suffer from

Indigestion or Dyspepsia.

The Bitters is a sure cure for these, as well as for

Nervousness, Sleeplessness, Flatulency, or Malaria Fever and Ague.

All druggists sell it.

LOWELL PAINTER

Died at Salem Poor Farm Last Night

Louis A. Allen, a Lowell painter by trade, died last night at the Salem poor farm. His family kept a boarding house on Pike's farm in Tewksbury for about a month last spring and it is stated that they had previously conducted a bakeshop in this city. His mother's name is said to be Wilkins, she having married a second time and his step-father's name Alfred Wilkins.

SUIT FOR $10,000

FOR HAVING FRIGHTENED HIS DAUGHTER.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

NEW YORK, Aug. 22.—A despatch from Rochester, says:

Thomas Partridge, a Penfield farmer, has brought suit for $10,000 against Mrs. Russell Terrill, a neighbor.

The suit grows out of the death of little Mary Partridge, who, according to the father's statement, was so terrified by a false face worn by Mrs. Terrill, one day last December, that she suffered a nervous shock which caused her death on July 5.

The father has made application for and received from the Surrogate limited letters of administration on the state of the dead child, stating that the only property is the action above mentioned.

STRIKE WON

VEST MAKERS EARN A GOOD VICTORY.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

NEW YORK, Aug. 22—The vest makers in Manhattan have won their strike for the union scale of wages and the ten hour work day. A statement meeting of the contractors took place last night. The strike affected 2,600 men, women and girls.

CAPT. WILSON DEAD.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

NEW YORK, Aug. 22.—Captain John Wall Wilson, who was one of the two survivors of the Second Grinnel arctic expedition, died yesterday afternoon in Brooklyn. Captain Wilson was 69 yrs. old. He won fame as the navigator of Dr. Kane's expedition for the relief of Sir John Franklin in 1853. After three years of suffering in northern Greenland they were themselves rescued.

Captain Wilson was a graduate of the naval academy at Annapolis and was with Admiral Farragut in his attack upon New Orleans.

PHILADELPHIA'S POPULATION.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 22—The population of Philadelphia, according to the count just completed at the census office is 1,293,697. The population in 1890 was 1,046,964.

The increase during the past ten years was 246,733, or 23.57 per cent.

ORDERED TO BERLIN.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 22. — Major John E. Kerr, Tenth cavalry, has been ordered to Berlin as military attache of the United States embassy there and Captain Slocum, Eighth cavalry, now at Lisbon, has been ordered to like duty at St. Petersburg.

The National band will accompany the local Odd Fellows to the field day in Lawrence next month.

William L. Nelson has become interested in the drug business with E. F. Faulkner.

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DESTROYED BY FIRE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Baltimore, Md., Aug. 22.—The extensive plant of the Maryland Telephone Construction company in this city, was destroyed by fire at an early hour this morning. The loss is estimated at $112,000, $75,000 of which is on the building and the balance on stock and tools.

DEMOCRATS MEET.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Aug. 22.—The democratic state convention for the nomination of a full ticket was called to order in Pabst Theatre by State Chairman George W. Peck at noon today. A huge picture of W. J. Bryan, draped in national colors, hung in front of the stage. Clark L. Hook of La Crosse was temporary chairman.

WRECKED

Crew and Twelve Passengers Were Injured

By Associated Press to The Sun.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Aug. 22—An electric car on the Cleveland & Chagrin Fall suburban line was wrecked early today near Chagrin Falls, the crew and twelve passengers being cut and badly bruised. Five persons were seriously injured. The accident was caused by a broken rod. The car jumped the track on a sharp curve while running at a high rate of speed. The trucks broke and the car plunged over on its side.

Fortunately the car struck a trolley pole when it left the track, otherwise it would have gone down a steep embankment.

MANY MISSING

Boers and British in a Battle

By Associated Press to The Sun.

LONDON, Aug. 22.- The war office has received the following dispatch from Lord Roberts, dated August 21:

"Lieut.-Col. Sitwell, reconnoitering near Ventnersburg, engaged the Boers. Two British were wounded. Lieuts. Speeding, Davenport, Surtees and Watson and a medical officer and 21 men are missing.

"Hamilton has crossed the Crocodile river.

"Paget and Baden-Powell engaged the commandoes protecting DeWet, August 20. Lieut. Flowers and one man were killed. Lieut. Kirby and six men were wounded."

BRYAN IS BUSY

Delivered Several Speeches Today

By Associated Press to The Sun.

AUBURN, Neb., Aug. 22.—W. J. Bryan began at an early hour what he evidently expected to be a very busy day. His first meeting began here at 8.30 o'clock in the Court House grounds. A light rain was falling but a good-sized crowd was present, including many ladies. All the speeches of the day were planned to be made in the first congressional district, which was at one time represented by Mr. Bryan in congress and which since his retirement, has been represented by a republican member. He spoke in support of the election of Hon. G. W. Berger, the democratic candidate for congress and asked for the support of the whole democratic ticket. Comparing the government to a corporation, he said that all citizens were stockholders. As such, they owed it to themselves to look well after the conduct of the directors of the corporation. He charged the republican administration—the government directors—with deceit in all its policies, the financial system, the trusts and the foreign policy. He charged the republican party with intention of fastening a national debt upon the people. He devoted himself especially to the enlargement on the army, saying that if "we could take the Philippine Islands we could subject any weak people."

The republican party was building its policy upon the plea that "Might makes right." We have, he asserted, no title to the Philippine Islands according to the declaration of independence.

$3000 BAIL

For Release of the Alleged Goebel Murderers

By Associated Press to The Sun.

GEORGETOWN, Ky., Aug. 22.—Judge Cantrill today, being satisfied that Henry Youtsey is not in proper physical condition to stand trial for alleged complicity in the Goebel murder, continued the case until the next term of court.

Owing to illness in the family of one of the attorneys for Combs, Whitaker and Davis, these cases also were postponed to the October term. The accused will be admitted to bail in the sum of $3,000 each.

AN UNNECESSARY ALARM.

The alarm from box 6 at 2.30 this afternoon was unnecessary. Some one thought there was a fire in Wiggin's barn in Willie street and pulled in an alarm.

GRAIN ELEVATOR BURNED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

AKRON, Ohio, Aug. 22.—Fire today in the elevator of the American Cereal company here, caused a loss of $75,000. Fire and water practically ruined 150,000 bushels of grain.

LOTS OF SILVER.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

NEW YORK, Aug. 22—The steamship Furst Bismarck sailing for Europe tomorrow, will take out 150,000 ounces of silver.

RIFLED BY BURGLARS.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

CONCORD, N. H., Aug. 22.—The railroad stations at Newbury, Sunapee and Mount Sunapee were entered by burglars last night and the contents promiscuously scattered. The money drawers were rifled, but the sums of money secured were small. No tickets were taken indicating that the job was done by professionals and not by boys. Baggage was broken into and the loss in this direction is not yet accurately known.

What Shall We Have for Dessert?

This question arises in the family every day. Let us answer it today. Try Jell-O, a delicious and healthful dessert. Prepared in two minutes. No boiling! no baking! simply add boiling water and set to cool. Flavors: Lemon, Orange, Raspberry and Strawberry. Get a package at your grocer's today. 10 cents.

ETHEL CHAMBERLAIN MARRIED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Birmingham, Eng., Aug. 22.—Ethel, a daughter of Mr. Joseph Chamberlain, was married today to Mr. Whitmore Richards, of London. Mr. Richards is a lawyer.

JOSS HELD FOR TRIAL.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

London, Aug. 22.—C. J. Joss, a former clerk of Parr's bank, accused of stealing about $200,000 from the bank in January, 1899, has been committed for trial. He was detected in the act of passing a five-pound note, which was one of those stolen.

J. F. ROGERS, UNDERTAKER.

OFFICE—516 Central street.
RESIDENCE—29 Cedar street.
Telephone connection. Hacks furnished for all occasions.

You Knead a Kneader to Knead Your Bread

Trusting to luck will not make good bread—bread that is not good (sweet, light, and white) is injurious. The best bread in the world is made in France—because the French people knead the dough thoroughly. If you use a

Kneader

then you will find a great surprise in store, you will surely get bread that is whiter, lighter, and sweeter than any you ever tasted—and you'll never fail.

Price of Kneader 50c. Pays for itself in a week. Ask your grocer or hardware dealer for it. Mailed postpaid upon receipt of 60c.

THE KNEADER CO., Newburyport, Mass.

MAN KILLED

Murdered at Colored Picnic at Shawsheen

By Associated Press to The Sun.

ANDOVER, MASS., AUG. 22.—AS A RESULT OF A ROW AT A PICNIC OF COLORED ODD FELLOWS FROM CAMBRIDGE, AT SHAWSHEEN RIVER GROVE, THIS AFTERNOON, ONE MAN WAS SHOT AND KILLED.

AT 2.30 O'CLOCK THE POLICE HAD NOT ASCERTAINED THE NAME OF THE VICTIM.

THE PICNIC WAS THAT OF THE COLORED ODD FELLOWS OF CAMBRIDGE. THE DISTURBANCE AROSE IN THE PAVILION WHERE A COLORED MAN HAD ENTERED UDER THE INFLUENCE OF LIQUOR.

AN ATTENDANT ASKED HIM TO GET OUT, WHEREUPON HE DREW HIS REVOLVER AND FIRED TWO SHOTS AT THE WAITER.

THE BULLETS, HOWEVER, WERE STOPPED BY A BOOK THE MAN HAD IN HIS BREAST POCKET.

THE ATTENDANT THEN DREW HIS REVOLVER AND SHOT THE OTHER DEAD.

THE TRAGIC AFFAIR CAUSED GREAT EXCITEMENT AND CAST A GLOOM OVER THE ENTIRE PARTY. THE MAN WHO KILLED THE OTHER GAVE HIMSELF UP TO THE POLICE ON THE PLEA OF SELF DEFENSE.

THE NAME OF THE DEAD MAN WAS GEORGE DAVENPORT, A BOSTON CLORED MAN, AND THE MAN WHO IS CHARGED WITH DOING THE SHOOTING IS EDWARD H. JANIFER, COLORED, OF CAMBRIDGE.

DAVENPORT WAS SHOT IN THE NOSE AND BREAST, DEATH ENSUING ALMOST INSTANTLY. ANOTHER MAN, WHOSE NAME IS UNKNOWN, WAS SLIGHTLY WOUNDED.

MURDERED

N. H. Boy Killed at Cape Nome

By Associated Press to The Sun.

SOMERSWORTH, N. H., Aug. 22.—Hilarion Gastonquay of Somersworth has received word that his son, Oswald, had been murdered and robbed at Cape Nome the early part of July.

Young Gastonquay and none other Somersworth men went to the Klondike three years ago. He spent two years with little success in Dawson and Circle cities. Then he went to Cape Nome and staked out several paying claims. It is said that he and a partner sold one for $20,000. He disappeared and his body was found in a lot outside the settlement two months later.

A $5,000 BLAZE

Farm House and Buildings Were Destroyed

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WINCHESTER, N. H., AUG. 22.—The farm house and buildings owned by James Ware, near Forest Lake, were burned during the night. A number of horses and cows perished in the flames. It is thought the fire was of incendiary origin. The loss is estimated at $5,000.

Play! Any game you choose—you can keep your blood cool and your nerves steady by drinking plenty of

HIRES Rootbeer

The Favorite Temperance Drink.

CHARLES E. HIRES CO., MALVERN, PA.

FANS GIVEN AWAY

Beautiful and artistic Fans given away with ICE CREAM,

At Old City Hall Building 218 Merrimack Street.

Try our ice cream soda, pure fruit flavors. Also our pure home made confectionery.

WHEN YOU WANT

to get a glass of SODA call at Carter & Sherburne's Drug Store. They give the largest glass and coolest Soda, made of Pure Fruit Flavors.

Carter & Sherburne, Low Priced Drug Store, Merrimack Cor. Bridge St.

PETER H. SAVAGE,
Undertaker & Funeral Director
169 Worthen St

Telephone connection 401-4. Calls night or day promptly attended to. Carriages furnished for weddings and christenings.

FRUIT AND PICNIC BASKETS

ALL SIZES.

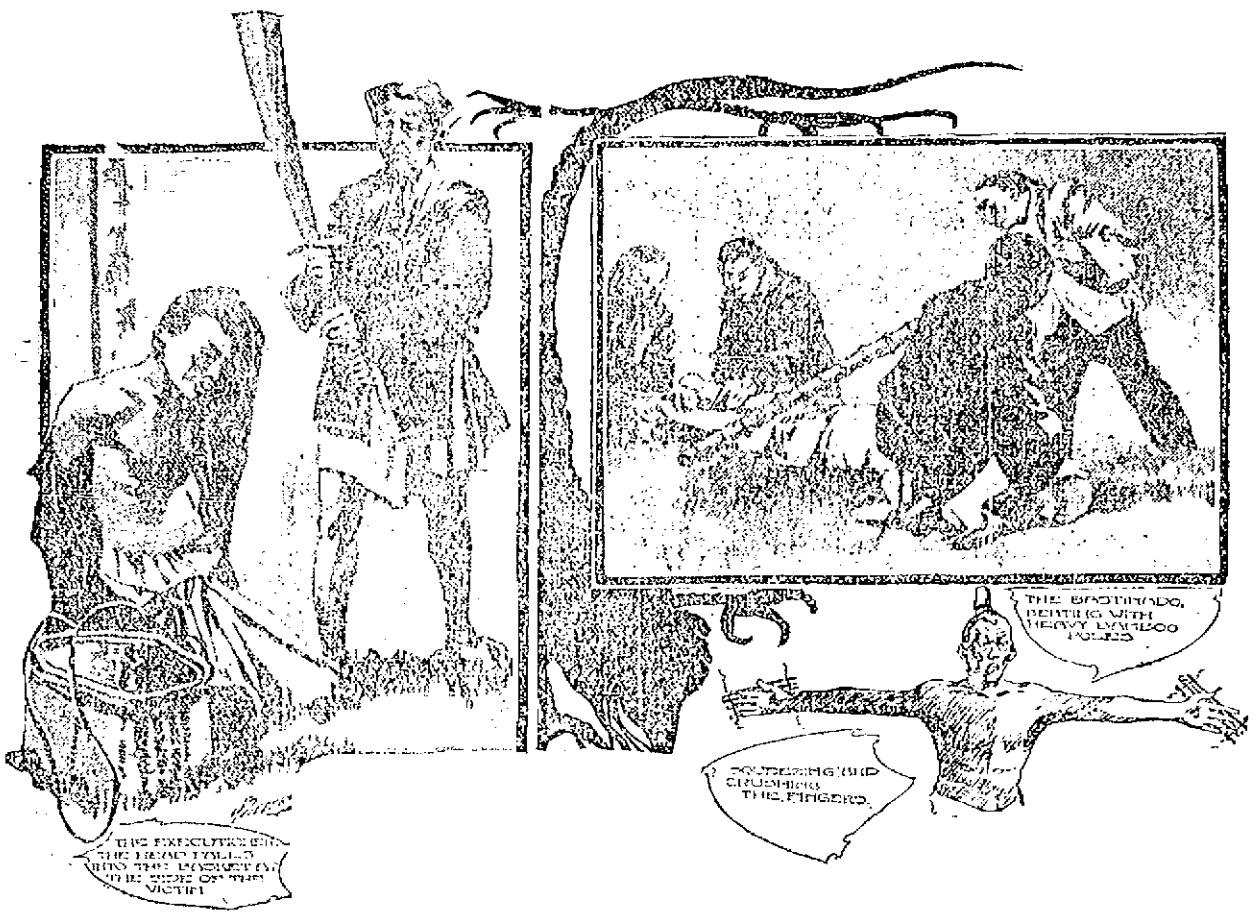
W. T. S. Bartlett

653-659 Merrimack Street.

The Up-Town Hardware Store.

Artificial Teeth

to wear well must be made of the best material. Don't waste your money on cheap teeth. They don't wear well. Buy the best, the price is very low and you will be better satisfied. Dr. Simmons, 113 Central street.



COUNTRY FAMOUS FOR ITS RIOTS.

Causes That Led to the Curious Uprising of the People Who Have Stirred All the Wide World.

By Dr. Headland, Chinese Missionary.

There is probably no country in the world that has, and has always had, so many and such large uprisings as the Empire of China. Naturally a people of peace, they are yet a people of war—no, not of war, but of family squabbles, for their uprisings except in extreme cases, do not rise to the dignity of war.

When there is a strong Emperor at the head of the Government they are peaceful, but when as in the present instance, there is a woman on the throne, the whole Empire is turned into a quarrelsome harem, with the Empress-Dowager in the character of the domineering mother-in-law, making trouble for the whole world.

At such a time rioting, even on a large scale may be precipitated by the most trivial causes.

Let me describe an experience through which my wife and I passed. My wife, who is a physician, was going in a sedan chair to see a sick woman. I followed on a donkey to escort her. Just as we were passing through the east gate of Peking a company of soldiers came out of a side street and started the same way as we had to go. My wife was compelled to get out of the chair on account of the muddy streets. The crowd that had gathered to see the soldiers called us foreign devils. I suggested that we should cross over and go down a side street. As we did this a hoodlum came out of a corner shop, with nothing on save a pair of trousers and a pair of shoes, determined to raise a row. He followed us, gathered a crowd, who began to throw bricks, stones, dirt, and mud, while the original disturber of the peace got close enough to kick my wife several times without my knowledge. Then he kicked me, and I knocked him down, and was about to step on him, when several friendly Chinese stepped between us and him, themselves receiving many of the blows which were aimed at us.

For nearly half an hour we were in the mob, and, while not seriously injured physically, we were very naturally upset. I call attention to the fact, however, that the mob was started by one scoundrel, or, as the Chinese would call him, a Fier Tu tsu, and some of the better class risked their own comfort and safety to protect us. The city authorities issued an edict at once, and the scoundrel was arrested, and a wooden collar about two feet square, which he had to wear for a month, was put about his neck.

When it is designed by any of the hoodlums or the members of a secret society to create a disturbance, about the first thing they do is to placard the city. The announcement is first cut on a board, the operation costing two shillings perhaps. From this rude engraving they can print from a hundred to a thousand copies.

These are given to the members of the society, and are sent to different parts of the city to be posted on the walls of the houses or courts, but more especially near the city gates and at the cross streets, for in those localities they will be seen by the largest possible number. The word is then passed from lip to lip, and this the people call Yao Yen, or, as we say, report gossip. No people in the world, perhaps, are greater gossipers than the Chinese. They tell everything they know and everything they can think about.

Tien Tsin, like all the other ports, has suffered from its intercourse with foreigners. The Tien Tsinese have ceased to be purely Chinese, and have only become foreignized to the extent of drinking imported wine, beer, and whiskey, smoking cigars and cigarettes, and swearing. A Tien Tsinese who knows not a word of respectable English is often able to swear very fluently.

While Li Hung Chang was Viceroy, with his residence at Tien Tsin, it made more advancement and improvement than under any other regime. He established a medical college and dispensary, both for men and women, and a University which is now under the management of Mr. C. D. Tenny, and is one of the best-managed Government schools in the Empire.

It is sometimes said that the uprisings and outbreaks, riots and mobs in China are caused by, and are mainly against the missionaries. Such reports are not true. The Chinese make no distinction between those who are and those who are not missionaries. Indeed, the present Boxer outlaws, brigands, thieves, kidnappers, robbers, or whatever you please to call them, for they are all of these, make no distinction because of the callings pursued by the citizens of any country who wear European clothing. They are all equally "foreign devils," without difference or distinction.

The truth is that China may fairly be justified in not putting down the Boxers on the plea that she can't do it. Any one who has listened to the pop-pop-pop of Chinese guns when the Chinese soldiers are "practising" outside the walls of Peking, trying, but failing, to shoot together in volleys, will agree with this. Not long ago I had the good fortune to witness an inspection of the Peking braves by the Mayor of Peking, and it was a spectacle, I can assure you, not soon to be forgotten.

The whole thing was highly suggestive of a crowd of small Chinese boys I once saw playing soldier during the Chinese-Japanese War. The youngsters had each found a small stick or a large weed, which they used as guns, and had arrayed themselves into a company. Then they made a feint as if to charge with all their force on some imaginary antagonist. They screamed and ran about in quite as military array as real Chinese soldiers, or as a crowd of school-boys playing "Prisoner's base." This they kept up for some seconds, until one of those in the front rank cried out in mock terror, "The Japanese are coming! The Japanese are coming!" when they all took to their heels, like real Chinese soldiers, and fled in disorder and dismay. The obvious reason why the Chinese soldiers do not defeat the Boxers is their utter inability to accomplish the task. As they said about the Japanese, "One or the other must retreat, and as the Boxers will not, we must! It is a Chinese proverb that "No good man will ever become a soldier."

But with all our making fun of the Chinaman because he cannot fight, we must not forget his power as a diplomatist. He may be easily overcome with the weapons of modern warfare, but look out for him when you come in contact with him in a diplomatic way. Your European representative froths and fumes, pounds the table and sometimes swears, and the Chinaman patiently waits until he gets over it and is ready to talk business, and then suggests that "We go on with the affairs of State." Among the ranks of those who wield the tongue and pen, the Chinese statesman stands in the forefront, and he never forgets that the pen is an index of a higher state of civilization than the sword.

The mistake made by the adherents of the young Emperor, Kuang Hsu, was in entirely disregarding the army, poor as that body is. If Kuang Hsu had first surrounded himself with a bodyguard that would have protected him from the Eunuchs of the Palace and the Empress-Dowager, he might have carried his magnificent reforms to a successful end. And never in the history of China did so magnificent a beginning come to such a lamentable and pitiable end.

That a young man raised from infancy in a Palace-prison, with two old Conservative women as his chief advisers and associates, should break away from all the moss-back official customs and musty traditions, both of his own ancestry and that of the people he governed, and set himself to study the Christians' Bible, Western science in all its branches, including mathematics, chemistry, physics, medicine, history, and even the English language, is evidence enough that Kuang Hsu is not a "weakling," as some of the papers represent him to be, but a character which, when the true history of China is written, will shine either as the first martyr for liberty and reform, or the Constantine, Charlemagne, or Cromwell of the Orient.

THE CHINESE CAMPAIGN.

By Capt. W. R. Hamilton, U. S. A., Writer and Authority On Military Subjects.

Toward the end of the Japanese-Chinese war the victorious little men planned an advance on Peking by way of the Gulf of Pechili, landing at Taku and up the Peiho, then eighty miles on to the ancient capital. What a pity they were stayed by their ambitious antagonist- Russia. The Gulf of Pechili is a wonderful strategical base of military operations only because of the holding of the great powers in and around it.

First to the south at Weihaiwai are impregnable fortresses and a magnificent harbor held by Great Britain. To the north, right across the gulf, Russia is entrenched with 20,000 troops. Immediately opposite, south on the Shantung peninsula, Germany holds with iron grip Kiaochau. At the head of the gulf to the west is Taku, the seaport town of Tientsin. Here flows the famous Peiho, northwesterly to Peking, a distance of eighty miles.

Twenty miles west and north of Peking lies a chain of mountains, but from the foot of this range and around Peking the country clear to the gulf or port of Taku is absolutely flat and marshy, cut up by innumerable small streams and canals, between which lie rice fields under water the greater part of the year. The distance from Taku to Tientsin is about twenty-seven miles and from Tientsin to Peking eighty miles. At Taku, where the Peiho empties into the gulf, the coast is flat and low, and there is absolutely no harbor there. The seas run very high and ships cannot remain there during storms. It is at Taku that the allied troops have landed and marched on to Tientsin, hoping to continue their route onward to Peking.

The recent news of the terrible defeat of the allied troops by the Chinese shows only one of the difficulties of a further advance, and but little can be realized of what it means to transport an army across the seas and land it on foreign soil in a condition and with supplies to fight successfully a nation many times more populous and maddened by the fever of brutal victories. Why not send a large force at once and punish the Chinese? is asked by all sides. It is easy to suggest but not so easy to carry out suggestions.

If Uncle Sam had an army of 50,000 well armed and equipped and disciplined men ready to send, and transports all ready to take them, what difficulties are in the way of their marching to the relief of Tientsin and further victorious progress to Peking? An average brigade of 5,000 men will take up a mile in length if marching in column of fours on a good road and ranks kept closed. But this latter is an impossibility, as all soldiers of experience know, and what is technically termed "lengthening out" takes place, or a stretching out of the column of fours from one-fifth to one-third its original length.

It would be folly to attempt in a country like China to land troops without the supplies of food, clothing and ammunition from home proper and sufficient to support them for at least three months. An average ration weighs three pounds at least, and lasts a soldier one day.

Five thousand rations will last the brigade one day. To last ninety days would require 450,000 pounds, or 225 tons of food. An army wagon holds a ton and a half of food, hence to carry these rations would require at least 150 wagons. Each wagon is drawn by six mules, each animal must have his food.

A minimum calculation for food alone requires 400 wagons, and these with their teams would stretch out on a road a little over four miles. Add to this the clothing, medical supplies, tents, ammunition, etc., and the column is doubled. Such a column requires protection, hence more troops are needed with it, and these need still other supplies. Therefore in a country of good roads a single brigade with all supplies for ninety days would require ten miles of road.

But in a country like China, where there are no roads, the difficulties are intensified and enlarged greatly. The Chinese low country is cut up by innumerable narrow canals and streams, and the means of transport are shallow junks drawing but a few inches of water and taking days to sail from one point to another. Between the flooded rice fields and canals are narrow dikes with a single narrow footpath, along which the Chinese coolie carries his pack on his back, until the highlands are reached. There are no roads in China. To transport wagons and artillery along such roads is impossible.

This matter of transportation is the first and main difficulty in the way of a successful campaign. According to the best reports the difficulties of transportation are vastly increased beyond Tientsin by the cutting of canals and destruction of the few bridges across the rivers by the Boxers. In such a country at the best time of the year the progress made by Admiral Seymour's small force at its best did not exceed ten miles a day. A brigade of 5000 men, however, would be but a fair to the army of Chinamen now surrounding Tientsin with modern arms and directed by educated and capable officers. The last number of civilized troops that can successfully cope with the Chinese on the battle-field, it is said by those who are presumed to know, should not fall short of 50,000, while twice that number are required to hold the places captured as the army advances. The low, flat country through which the line of march lies has no drainage and sewers are unknown in China. Even the Chinese, who drink nothing but tea, drink it while it is boiling. All cesspools empty directly in the canals, which are but cesspools themselves on a large scale.

The summers are hot and dusty and dry, and winters hard and cold. The lack of good water for either drinking or cooking, and in winter the fearful sandstorms are difficulties hard to imagine. The deadly typhoid and dysentery will be as great enemies as the bullets of the Chinaman. There is no fuel in the country, and no camping place sufficient for a division of troops in all the eighty miles to Peking. How then will the fight be conducted? Simply by indomitable grit, pluck and endurance.

Stores and troops will be transported by boats and mules or horses, of which China has millions. The frosts come in October, and rivers freeze in November. From thence on the affair is one of fighting only, and with the proper numbers the dawn of a new year will find Peking in the hands of civilized people. The first thing is to rescue Tientsin and its garrison, then to put a force sufficiently large to hold it till the large armies of the powers can reach there by the time the rivers freeze.

As the armies advance the railroad between Tientsin and Peking will be rebuilt, and when the capital has fallen, with line of communication to the allied fleets in China, will then be at the mercy of the powers. It will not require the immense force of 1,000,000, as has been stated enormously.

Near Peking the climate is healthy and dry, wood and water and supplies are good and ample, and held by an army of 100,000 allies, while 100,000 more hold the line to Tientsin and Taku, the question of Orientalism is settled for all time. To oppose civilized armies the Chinese can bring millions of soldiers, used to the climate, who require but little food and little clothing. But of all these millions that part which is armed with modern arms and has been drilled and organized and disciplined under German officers will not number over 100,000.

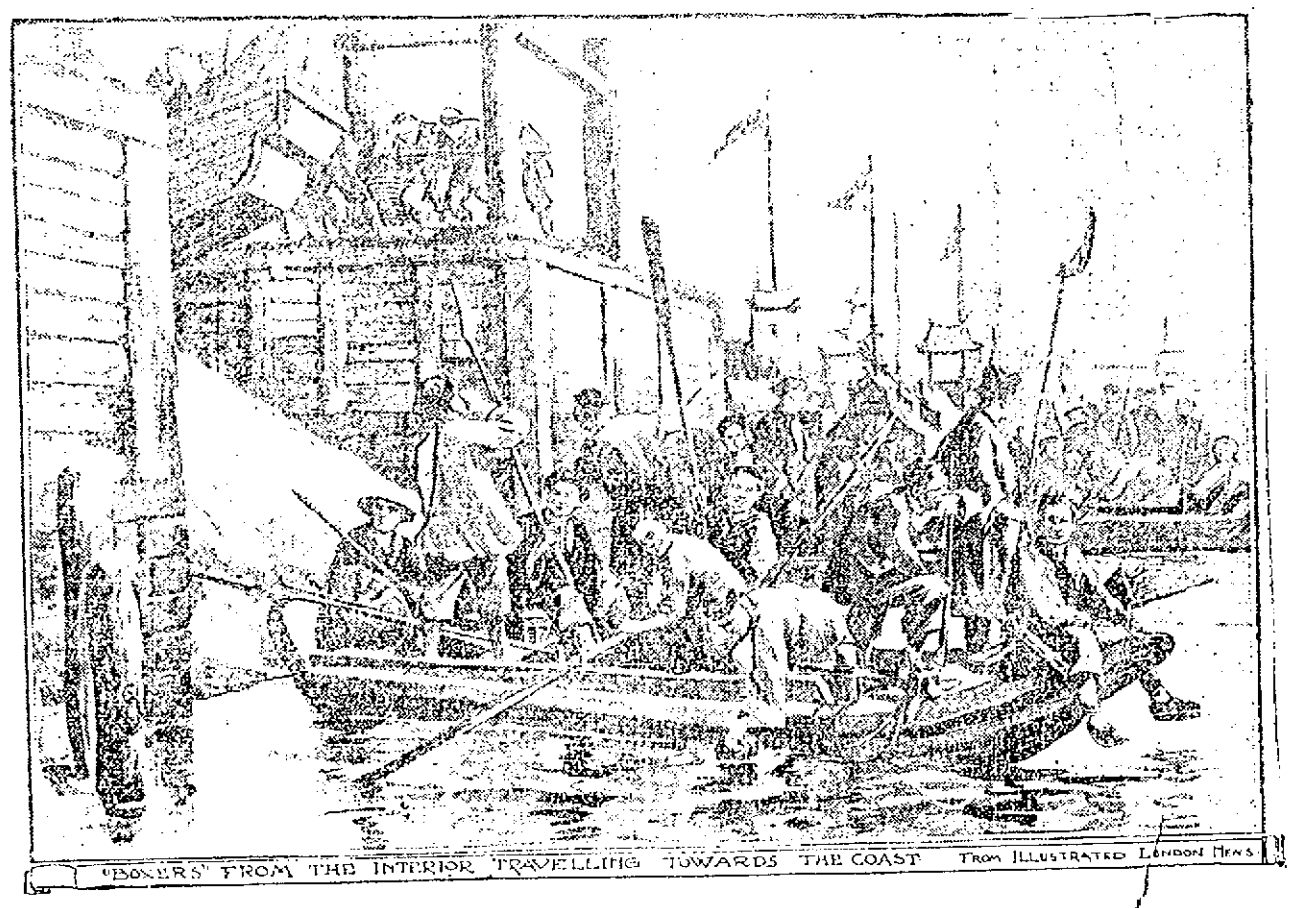
The few generals who are educated in modern war and lead the Chinese army cannot hold it together after one man's nature to give up entirely after the first great reverse, and the art of war has not progressed among Orientals outside of Japan to such an extent that the manufacture of modern arms and ammunition can be successfully carried on.

But it will be the first of October before such troops can reach China, unless Japan throws in her army early at once. The backings regarding partition will come after the revenge is taken, but where Great Britain, Japan and the United States are a unit we may feel assured that it will be done with justice to all parties.

New Weeds.

Soil was brought up from a depth of 326 feet from a coal mine in Belgium, and from it sprouted weeds of a species entirely unknown to botanists.

THE STREETS OF PEKING ARE FILLED WITH CHINESE SOLDIERS, WHO, WITHOUT LAW OR ORDER, RUSH THROUGH THE THOROUGHFARES, SHOUTING AND BRANDISHING THEIR SPEARS.



"BOXERS" FROM THE INTERIOR TRAVELLING TOWARDS THE COAST. From Illustrated London News.

FITZ VS SHARKEY

Tomorrow Night at Seaside Sporting Club

EXPERTS PICK AUSTRALIAN TO WIN

Sailor is Confident Despite Trend in Betting

The much-talked of fistic match between Bob Fitzsimmons and Tom Sharkey will eventuate tomorrow night at the Seaside Sporting club, Coney Island.

So confident are the experts of the ability of Lanky Bob to vanquish the sailor that they are offering odds of 2 to 1 that Fitzsimmons will secure the winner's end of the purse.

The sailor is by no means discouraged because the experts are against him. In spite of their confidence that Fitzsimmons will beat him, Sharkey declares he is sure of victory. In discussing the battle with some friends at his training quarters in Sheepshead Bay today, Sharkey said that he would surprise the smart fellows who are betting against him.

"I defeated Fitzsimmons," added the sailor, "and I'll do the trick again. Some persons, however, refuse to give me credit for my victory over Fitzsimmons in California, but after my exhibition Friday night they will agree that I won on my merits. I am in fine condition now and in much better shape than the night I fought Ruhlin. I was away off that night, and was, therefore, unable to do myself justice. My left shoulder, which I hurt in that battle, is stronger now than ever, and I can hit just as hard with the left hand as I ever could."

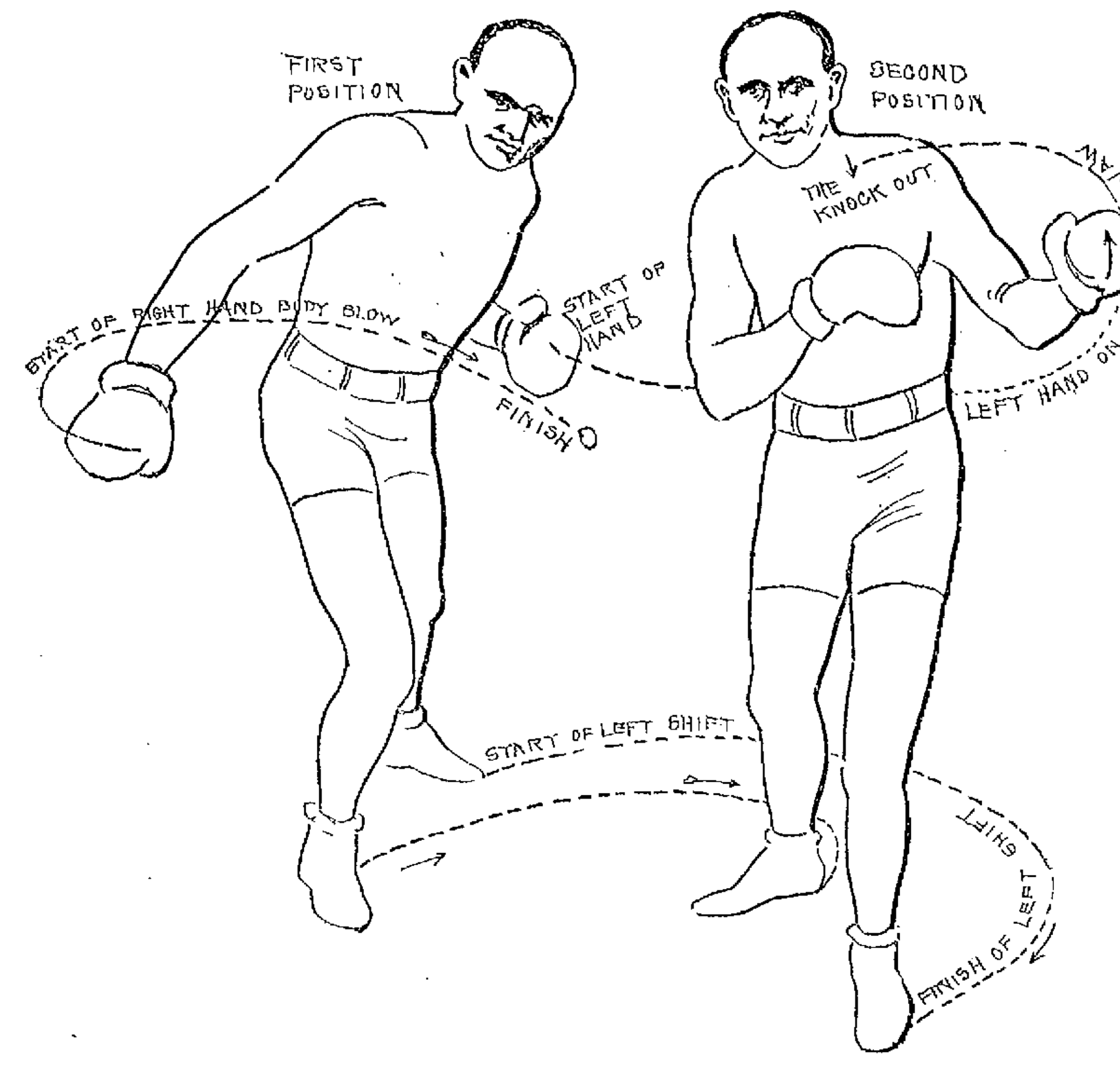
The sailor has been working very hard for the battle, and looks fit to fight for his life. A feature of his training has been the attention he has paid to side-stepping. In this particular the able seaman has shown himself to be very deficient in former battles, but, as a result of considerable practice each day, he can side-step quite lively. He believes that the knowledge that he has gained during the last week about side-stepping will aid him greatly to score a victory over Fitzsimmons.

Sharkey's exercise for the battle, up to two weeks ago, was of the most violent nature but at the suggestion of Tom O'Rourke, his manager, he has been doing mild work for the past 10 days. His work in training has consisted of sprinting on the road, boxing, wrestling and bag punching. Sharkey's principal sparring partner has been Matty Matthews, the local welterweight.

In his bouts with Matthews, Sharkey has shown considerable cleverness on his feet and with his hands. The sailor believes that the knowledge he has gained of the finer points of boxing the last few months, together with his hitting powers, assure him a victory over Fitzsimmons.

Fitz took a lot of beneficial athletic exercise today. The former heavyweight champion finished his day's work in good style. He looks better than when he fought Ruhlin. Boxing with George Dawson, punching the bag, wrestling and road work made up the program. Fitzsimmons regards a victory over Sharkey as a certainty for him. He is, nevertheless, training hard.

It is not improbable that Fitz will arrange a match with Jeffries, if he is successful against Sharkey, as the lucky fellow is anxious to wear the pugilistic crown again.



FITZSIMMONS' DANGEROUS "LEFT SHIFT" ILLUSTRATED

Fitzsimmons' "left shift" is now as celebrated as his solar-plexus blow, and that solar-plexus blow was a "right shift" or a "left shift" reversed.

Now every one knows what a solar-plexus blow, a kidney blow or a blow on the jaw is. But nearly every one wants to know what the "left shift" is. All the above named blows are named from the place where they land; the "shift," right or left, is simply the way in which they are landed.

For the benefit of the uninitiated, Fitzsimmons has been photographed as he delivers this blow. In knocking out Ruhlin he used this blow. He steps in and a little to the left with his right foot, swinging his right hand to the body. Then, with a change like lightning, using his right foot as a pivot, he brings his left foot forward with a swing, sending in his left hand to the jaw.

It was with this blow, slightly changed, that Fitzsimmons put out Corbett at Carson City, Jeff Thorne in one round, Peter Maher in one round, Choynski in five rounds, Dan Creedon, two rounds, Jim Hall in four rounds.

JIMMY MICHAEL

Withdrew From His Race With Nelson

AFTER HE HAD RIDDEN 7 MILES

Nelson Started Off With Good Lead

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BRIDGEPORT, Ct., Aug. 23—Two thousand bicycle enthusiasts were disappointed in the 25-mile motor-paced race between Jimmy Michael and Johnnie Nelson at Pleasure beach track yesterday afternoon, Michael again being the cause.

In the seventh mile, when he was apparently riding in good form, the "Welsh Rarebit" suddenly refused to follow his pace makers and left the track. Nelson, however, continued the race and finished in 42 minutes 11 1-5 seconds.

There were several stories current as to the reason Michael left the track; one being that he strained his leg, another that he had cramps, and the latter story, his trainers say, is the real reason.

The race was scheduled for 4.45 p. m., but Michael did not show up until about 5.15 and at 5.20 the race was started with Michael at the pole. He caught his pace first, but Nelson passed him before they had gone half a lap.

In the first lap Nelson gained about a length and a half which lead he held throughout the mile. In the second mile Nelson made another gain which he held until the sixth mile when the midget again tried to pass Nelson, and for nearly a third of a mile they rode neck and neck.

In the seventh Michael dropped out and refused to ride any further.

He immediately went to his training quarters and a short time afterwards left the vicinity of the track.

The fastest time was made in the second mile by Nelson, 1.31 2-5.

The five-mile motor race was won by Crooks and Scherr, Michael's pace makers; Babcock and Vetter second; Marks and Gately third. Time 7.13 2-5.

One mile open, amateur, won by A. S. Van Houten, Morristown, N. J.; T. F. Clark, Bridgeport, second. Time 2.32 2-5.

One mile professional, won by James Buel; F. P. Kent, second; Fred Hoyt, third. Time, 2.20 4-5.

Mile match race between J. D. Cooper and T. F. Clark was won by Cooper. Time, 1.34 2-5.

SETTING UP MACHINERY.

Charles P. Fadden of Lowell is in Nashua setting up machinery for the Nashua Manufacturing company.

HOSMER TO JUDGE.

Chief Hosmer is to be one of the judges at the Nashua Veteran Firemen's muster.

ARRANGING A MATCH.

The Haverhill Checker club is making arrangements for a match with the Lowell Checker club.

DEAFNESS CURED. Magnetic Ear Telephones. Tell the ear what spectacles are to the eye. All the advantages of the trumpet without the annoyances. Consultation free by a ... at A. W. DOWS & CO., Corner Merrimack and Central Sts.

THE PROBATION LAW

Has a Good Effect on Many Persons

Such is the Belief of Judge Hadley and Officer Slattery—They Both Approve the New Law Relative to Drunkenness

Judge Hadley firmly believes that some good results from placing drunks on probation.

He says that his experience has proven that nothing is lost and considerable is gained in placing men on probation, particularly if they are head of a family.

Henry H. Faxon is opposed to probation and in strong terms takes issue with Judge Hadley. He says that not one case in one hundred is reformed and contends that of all reform movements in which he has engaged less is accomplished by this practice of probation than by any other. Mr. Faxon believes that when a town or city favors license, it should be compelled to support those who became paupers because the head of the family spends all of his or her money for liquor.

Judge Hadley takes issue with Mr. Faxon in the general results of the probation law. To a reporter of the Sun he said:

"I am a believer in the probation law. People take different views of its advisability.

"Of course the main reason of its application to cases is to save the little children and also to mothers, their main support. In addition to this, we expect also to reform the drunkard. Some people say that inasmuch as drunkenness is promoted by the licensed saloon and the temptation to drink is placed before a man, then it is no more than right that the burden of supporting these dependent on him should be placed on the community. Others argue that probation is no means to reform a man; that the only way to prevent drunkenness is to close the saloons. Well, they may be right, but just the same, I believe in probation. When a man comes before me and the officers say he has a family of children, I dislike to send him away. The man does not suffer so much; the children are the ones who must pay the penalty of the father's folly. I think of the children then; I am solicitous for their welfare. I do not want to deprive them of their support and make them public charges, and if I find there is any good at all left in the father, I am willing, for their sake to give him a chance to do better in the future.

"I do not feel that I make a mistake; and yet I do not claim I am right at all times. I may be mistaken in the man; his promises made under the conditions, may be easily broken, yet I feel that in dealing with cases in this way, I have had at least a small measure of success. You know, when I place a man on probation, I try to impress on him the obligations he owes his family and the wrong he does in neglecting them. Liquor is a powerful enemy and it takes a terrible hold on some men. Really, I believe, this drinking habit is a disease, that it gains control of a man and must be fought as any other illness.

"I have no doubt that relatively speaking, we have more probationers here than in any other city. As I said before, I do not know how many do good after being placed on probation, but if only 20 per cent. of our cases reform I feel that we are exerting a beneficial influence. Our probation officer, Mr. Slattery, keeps pretty close watch on them, and can tell better than I, what the results are."

OFFICER SLATTERY.

Probation Officer Slattery when questioned by the Sun reporter, said: "Of course the probation law is a good one. I am not talking off hand, but I base my opinion on the facts in my possession. I can name men who have appeared in court here, who are now strangers to a saloon; others who use ale very sparingly and who never neglect their family to satisfy their own appetite. At the present time I have more than one hundred probationers on my list. Why last Saturday there had thirty-five or forty call on me and report how they are getting along. In many cases it would surprise you to see the change that comes over these people. I advise them to keep up their good work, and in many cases, particularly among young men, I find that they have joined temperance societies, and spend about all their spare time in the society hall, instead of in the barroom. I have the probationers report to me regularly, and if I receive a complaint against any, I make it a point to see the offender and warn him of what may happen if he does not mend his ways."

Judge Hadley says he does not know just how many are benefited, but he will be satisfied if twenty per cent. do better after being placed on probation," suggested the reporter.

"I can satisfy the judge's mind on that," replied Mr. Slattery. "I will not put it so low as twenty per cent. I can truthfully say that more than fifty per cent. of our probationers give a good account of themselves after being permitted to enjoy the privilege of probation. They make an honest effort to rise to the standing and position they should occupy and at least that many succeed."

Both Judge Hadley and Officer Slattery believe in the new drunk law that will take effect in October and which provides for suspending sentence or payment of a fine.

The judge says it is a good law and he heartily approves of it.

"It will make more work for the probation officer," he said, "and he will be obliged to keep an account book. You see by its provisions a person can pay a fine on the instalment plan, so that the probation officer must keep an account of all payments. Furthermore, he must keep track of the money he turns in to the clerk of the court and get receipts for the same. I believe it will prove a benefit and I hope it will be given a fair trial."

COLD STEEL OR DEATH.

"There is but one small chance to save your life and that is through an operation," was the awful prospect set before Mrs. I. B. Hunt of Lime Ridge, Wis., by her doctor after vainly trying to cure her of a frightful case of stomach trouble and yellow jaundice. He didn't count on the marvelous power of Electric Bitters to cure stomach and liver troubles, but she heard of it, took seven bottles, was wholly cured, avoided surgeon's knife, now weighs more and feels better than ever. It's positively guaranteed to cure Stomach, Liver and Kidney troubles and never disappoints. Price 50 cents. Goodale's Drug Store, Fiske's Block, 217 Central street.

EXTRA OFFICERS

To Do Duty Hereafter Over in Dracut

TOWNSPEOPLE ARE TERRIFIED AT FIREBUG

Investigation In Progress by Fire Marshal

Fire marshal's assistant, Scott, spent the greater part of yesterday in town and had talks with quite a number of the residents; also with the youngsters. The people of the town are simply terrified by the bold attempt of the firebug on Sunday night, when the Colburn house and boarding house were set and many of the residents do not go to bed until a late hour.

It is the intention of the board of selectmen to put an extra officer on duty from 11 o'clock until 5 o'clock in the morning. Officer Gallagher goes on duty every morning about 7 and remains on until 11 o'clock. Previous to this arrangement it will be readily seen the town took care of it self after 11 o'clock. Up till the firebug started his work all was well, but now things are different, and perhaps it is more from the appeal of the citizens than any other reason that the selectmen agreed upon the plan of having a special officer guard the town through the night and early morning and although it may not prove a wonderful success yet the residents will feel as though something is being done to protect the town from the vicious acts of miscreants. This plan was to have gone into operation last night.

Mr. and Mrs. Richard Wright of Maynard were in town yesterday renewing old acquaintances.

NORTH CHELMSFORD

Miss Thompson of Rochester, N. Y., and Miss Leigaage of Worcester, are spending a few days in North Chelmsford, and are the guests of Mrs. E. D. Varney.

Mr. Rupert Ripley and Mr. Luther Hall of this village are spending a week's vacation with their relatives in Boston.

Mr. Ziba Gay, who has been confined to his home by illness during the past weeks, is on the road to recovery, although he is not yet able to leave his home.

Mr. Guy Green of Waltham is spending a few days in North Chelmsford at the home of Mr. Oliver M. Green.

Mr. James Kane has gone to England, where he intends to remain for several months, visiting his many friends.

Miss Mamie McKiernan has arrived home after spending a two weeks' vacation in Sunetown, N. H.

Charles J. Traill, the first baseman of the Westford Academy base ball team, has resigned his position.

Carl Ripley of North Chelmsford will pitch for the Westford Academy ball team on Saturday afternoon when they will play the Ayer ball club in Ayer.

There are two ball teams in Ayer this year, and one of the teams will cross bats with the Graniteville team on Saturday afternoon in Graniteville.

The battery for the Graniteville team will be Mr. Horace Counter and Mr. David F. Small.

Mrs. Harry C. Trombley of North Chelmsford is spending a ... vacation visiting her cousins in Freeport, Me.

A company drill will be held by the members of Troop F, cavalry on Tuesday evening, August 28, in the Chelmsford Centre town hall.

... ford Foundry company's shop. There ...

Dancing was enjoyed at the Crystal Lake pavilion Tuesday evening.

Mr. Herman Flint of Boston was visiting friends in North Chelmsford Tuesday. Mr. Flint formerly resided in this village.

Mrs. James A. Sampson and daughter, Miss Florence Sampson of North Chelmsford are spending a few days at the Salem Willows.

For Women.

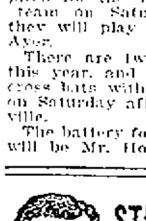
Dr. Tolman's Monthly Regulator has brought happiness to hundreds of anxious women. There is positively no other remedy known to medical science, that will so quickly and safely do the work. Have never had a single failure. The longest and most obstinate cases are relieved in 3 days without fail. No other remedy will do this. No pain, no danger, no interference with work. The most difficult cases successfully treated through correspondence, and the most complete satisfaction guaranteed in every instance. I relieve hundreds of ladies whom I never see. Write for further particulars. All letters truthfully answered. Free confidential advice in all matters of a private or delicate nature. Bear in mind this remedy is absolutely safe under every possible condition and will positively leave no after ill effects upon the health. By mail securely sealed, $2.00. Dr. E. M. TOLMAN CO., 170 Tremont St., Boston, Mass.

Omega Oil

For Your Feet

When you remove your shoes and stockings tonight, take a look at your feet. Compare them with all the rest of your body. You'll see they are pretty small affairs to bear up the big weight above them. All day long, year after year, they support your body. Is it any wonder they are sore and tender? How can they help itching, burning and swelling? Why don't you get a bottle of Omega Oil at the drug store, and give your feet a good rubbing with it? In the morning you'll have to confess that Omega Oil is the greatest stuff for aching feet that you ever came across in your life. Don't forget to rub upward when using Omega Oil, so as to help the circulation of the blood. This makes the Oil do the most good. 712

A CENT A WORD for three days is the cost of SUN WANTS.



STRONG AGAIN! WHEN IN DOUBT, TRY Sexine Pills

They have stood the test of years, and have cured thousands of cases of Nervous Diseases, such as Debility, Dizziness, Sleeplessness and Varicocele, Atrophy, &c. They clear the brain, strengthen the circulation, make digestion perfect, and impart a healthy vigor to the whole being. All drains and losses are checked *permanently*. Unless patients are properly cured, their condition often worries them into Insanity, Consumption or Death. Mailed sealed. Price $1 per box; 6 boxes, with iron-clad legal guarantee to cure or refund the money, $5.00. Send for free book. Address, PEAL MEDICINE CO., Cleveland, O.

Sold at Goodale's Drug Store, the best and cheapest place in Lowell for drugs and medicines, 217 CENTRAL STREET.

TO LET

TO LET—Six-room tenement on South Highland street. Inquire at 58 Church street.

TO LET—11 room house, steam heat, modern conveniences, 25 Anne street. Inquire Gordon Tweed, 63 Market street.

TO LET—Some first class tenements in all parts of the city. Apply to A. G. Beharrell, Room 8, Bon Marche block.

TO LET—A nicely furnished house on Centralville hill; only one minute's walk from car line. Will rent to a desirable couple for owner's board. For particulars Address D. W., Sun Office.

TO LET—One four room tenement. Inquire at 32 Chestnut square.

LOST AND FOUND

LOST—In the vicinity of post-office, fox terrier pup, marked black and white. Finder please return to 82 Andrew street to receive reward.

FOUND—A bicycle out of town Sunday. Owner will find at No. 39 Clark street.

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—Three chair barber shop, stand established 15 years. Apply to 701 Gorham street.

FOR SALE—25 lots of land situated within 5 cent limit on car line. Will sell in single lots very cheap. Apply to F. A. Downing, 135 Howard street.

FOR SALE or TO LET—A large mill, suitable for any kind of manufacturing; will be rented or sold very low. Building all complete, with boilers, etc., ready to run. Inquire of Henry Miller, Wyman's Exchange, Lowell.

FOR SALE—A ladies' first-class bicycle. Call at 15 French street.

FOR SALE—A silver and nickel plating business complete. G. C. Allen, 509 Dutton street.

FOR SALE—A silver and nickel business complete. G. C. Allen, 509 Dutton street.

FOR SALE—Variety store with tenement attached in good locality. Well established trade but small stock. Apply Sun office.

FOR SALE—A boarding house corner of George and Emery streets. Inquire of Joseph Ashley, 21 Butt Corp.

FOR SALE—One horse, a cow, one Jersey heifer, 60 hens, and farm of 30 acres with house, barn, hen house, sheds, etc., situated next to Whittier Bros.' farm in Dracut, half way between Lowell and Lawrence. Will sell the live stock separately or together with farm. Easy terms. Bargain for somebody. Apply to Robert Galbraith on the premises or by mail. Address Lowell Creamery, care of Whittier Bros.

FOR SALE—Cigar store and pool room for sale. 159 Middlesex street.

FOR SALE—Restaurant, thriving business, well equipped, up-to-date, most popular in the city, owner retiring. $2000 cash; only cash customers need apply at 10 Monroe street, room 26, Lynn, Mass.

FOR SALE—A National cash register, 20 keys in perfect order; also a small soda fountain at 312 Central street.

FOR SALE—Ten R. I. P. A. N. S. for five cents at druggists. One gives relief.

FOR SALE—1-2 mile from Chelmsford Centre, six-room house, barn and shed, one acre of land, can be bought on easy terms. Price only $1150. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

FOR SALE—On Chapel Hill, two-tenement house and store all in first-class repair, large lot of land. This place can be bought low and on easy terms. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central.

FOR SALE—On Lawrence street, four-tenement block, pays 12 per cent. Price $4500. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

FOR SALE—On Tyler street, good boarding house with lots of boarders. Price 1300. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

FOR SALE—In North Chelmsford, two-tenement house, large lot of land. Price $1500. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

FOR SALE—Six miles from Lowell, good farm of 25 acres, good set of buildings, lots of fruit, keeps 15 head of stock. Price of farm, $2100. With the stock of 9 cows, 4 head of young cattle, pigs, hens, two horses, wagon, harnesses, farming tools and milk route, price $3100. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

Boston & Maine R. R.

Corrected to June 25, 1900. Trains leave Merrimack Street Depot, Lowell, as follows:

For Boston, 6.45, 6.22, e6.42, *7.16, *8.50, c9.15, *9.45, 11.00 a. m.; 1.15, c3.00, 4.25, c5.14 p. m. SUNDAYS, 8.45 a. m.

Trains leave Middlesex Street Station, Lowell, as follows:

For Boston, 6.16, 6.28, *6.39, c6.45, w6.50, 7.01, *7.27, 7.31, *7.44, c7.50, w*7.00, *8.07, c8.19, w8.23, *9.50, w10.50, 11.03, *11.42 a. m.; w12.05, 12.16, w12.15, 1.11, *1.57, w2.25, w3.19, c3.02, *3.17, w3.55, *4.02, 4.25, w5.15, 5.22, c5.43, w6.15, *6.22, 7.00, *7.19, 8.42, w9.29 p. m. SUNDAYS, 6.33, 7.27, 8.45, 9.17 a. m.; 12.05, 1.05, 4.25, 5.16, 8.45 p. m.

For Lawrence and Haverhill, 6.23, w6.50, z7.31, w8.23, w9.25, 10.05, w10.50 a. m.; w12.05, w2.25, 3.55, 4.15, w5.15, w6.15, w7.00, w9.25, w11.25 p. m. SUNDAYS, 8.15 a. m., 12.05, 5.21, 8.45 p. m.

For Salem, Mass., w8.24, 7.31, a. m.; w12.05, 1.28, w5.18, 5.53 p. m.

For Newburyport, Amesbury and Portsmouth, 6.53 a. m.; 12.05, 2.25, 3.55, 6.15 p. m.

For Haverhill, Newburyport, Hampton, North Hampton, Portsmouth and stations on York Beach railroad, 2.35 p. m., July 2 to Sept. 7 inclusive.

For Exeter and Dover, 6.23, 6.50, z7.34, 8.39 a. m.; 12.05, 3.55, 5.15 p. m. SUNDAYS, 12.15 a. m.; 5.20 p. m.

For Rochester and Alton Bay, 8.30 a. m.; 12.05, 3.55 p. m.

For Somersworth, N. H., Saco, Old Orchard and Portland, 6.23, 6.50, z7.31, 8.30 a. m.; 12.05, 3.55, 5.15 p. m. SUNDAYS, 5.20 p. m.

For Lewiston, Augusta, Bath, Waterville, 6.50, 8.30 a. m.; 12.05, 5.15 p. m. SUNDAYS, 5.20 p. m.

For Bangor, Belfast, Skowhegan and Rockland, 6.50, 8.30 a. m.; 5.15 p. m. SUNDAYS, 5.20 p. m.

For St. John, N. B., Halifax, N. S., Montreal and Quebec, 6.50 a. m.; 5.15 p. m. (5.15 does not run Saturdays). SUNDAYS, 5.20 p. m.

For Eastport and St. John (via steamer from Portland), on Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 12.05 p. m.

For Castine, Deer Isle, Sedgewick, Bar Harbor, Jonesport and Machiasport (via steamer Frank Jones from Portland), Tuesday and Friday at 5.15 p. m.

For Woburn, 6.28, 7.01, 7.31, *7.45, 11.03 a. m.; 1.15, 1.28, 5.15 p. m. SUNDAYS, 8.15 a. m.; 5.25, 5.55 p. m.

For stations between Winchester and Boston, Southern Division, 6.46, 6.23, 7.31, 8.18, 9.50, 11.03 a. m.; 1.03, 1.25, 5.22, 8.11 p. m. SUNDAYS, 6.33, 7.27, 8.45, 9.17 a. m.; 4.25, 5.55 p. m.

For Ayer Junction and Way Stations, 7.10 a. m.; 12.09, 5.01, and 6.13 p. m. SUNDAYS, 2.15 p. m.

For Amherst, Milford and Wilton, 9.08 a. m.; 1.00, 3.11 and 6.49 p. m. SUNDAYS, 2 p. m.

For Greenfield, Peterboro, Bennington, Hillsborough and Keene, 9.08 a. m., and 3.11 p. m. SUNDAYS, to Hillsboro, 2 p. m.

For Nashua, Manchester and Concord, 7.49, 9.05, *9.40, *11.09, 110.39 a. m.; *12.09, 1.00, *1.40, *1.58, 3.11, *5.19, 6.27, *8.10, *9.24 p. m. SUNDAYS, 10.09 a. m. (to Nashua only), 3.08 a. m.; 2.00, 6.02, 8.10, *9.24 p. m.

For Franklin, Lebanon, White River Junction, 9.08, *9.11 a. m.; *12.12, *1.45, 5.49, *a9.11 p. m.

For Warner, Bradford, Sunapee, Newport (N. H.) Claremont and Claremont Junction, 7.13, 9.08 a. m.; 1.40 p. m.; 3.41, s5.19 p. m. Saturday only till August 25th inclusive.

For St. Johnsbury and Lyndonville, via Wells River, 10.30 a. m.; *1.40 *a9.24 p. m.

For Montpelier, Essex Junction, Burlington, St. Albans, St. Johns and Montreal via Central Vermont line, *9.40 a. m.; *12.09, *a9.30 p. m.

For Montreal and Quebec, via Montreal and Boston Air Line, *10.30 a. m.; *a9.24 p. m. QUEBEC EXPRESS, via Plymouth and Sherbrooke, *1.40, *a9.24 p. m.

References.

*Express.

a Daily.

b Wednesdays and Saturdays only.

c Via Bedford.

k To Exeter only.

s Saturday only.

w Via Western Division.

z Via Wilmington Junction.

D. J. FLANDERS, Gen. Pass. and Ticket Agent.

H. C. TAFT, General Agent, Lowell.

WANTED

WANTED—Table girl at 114 Branch street.

WANTED—A girl for general housework at 323 Tenth street.

WANTED—Situation by a young lady as bookkeeper or stenographer. Good references. Address J. E., 207 Gorham street.

WANTED—Situation as kitchen girl in a restaurant, or work in a baker shop. Apply 82 Church street.

WANTED—General house girl at 18 Lenton Court, off Charles street.

WANTED—Experienced table girl at 57 Hancock street, Mass. corporation.

WANTED—Kitchen girl who will go home nights. 11 Columbus avenue.

WANTED—Good, capable man on farm, one right from country, used to driving a team and taking care of stock. S. P. Pike. Call 75 Prescott street.

WANTED—Washing and scrubbing by a good, capable woman with a family to support. Address K. L., Sun Office.

WANTED—Agent to sell the distillery bottling of Belle of Nelson to the local trade in Lowell. Address with reference The Turner-Looker Co., Cincinnati.

WANTED—Man to work at vegetable farming. H. W. Foster, Andover street.

MISCELLANEOUS

THE BOSTON OPTICAL COMPANY. Watch makers and opticians, Runels building, Merrimack square, room 11. Open evenings. Examinations free. Experts in both branches in attendance.

HATTIE E. FLETCHER, trance and business medium. Will give sittings daily, 48 Gorham street.

COTTON WEAVERS UNION—All members that have not been called upon by the collector within the past two weeks are requested to call at Loomfixers' hall and leave their addresses with the financial secretary. From 1 till 4 every Saturday afternoon until further notice.

MISS ANNIE McMULLEN, Fin. Secy.

LADIES will find select line of help at Choice Employment Bureau, 90 Appleton street, Mrs. Sanborn.

PATENTS—Secure our terms and system for placing inventions free. Oscar A. Michel, registered attorney, 302 Broadway, New York, Dept 65.

BIGGEST SNAP ever offered, agents or dealers to sell high grade cash registers. Anyone can sell them. Big money made. Chicago Cash Register company, Chicago.

WHEN YOU want Spectacles or Eye Glasses Purcell's is the place, 43 Coburn street. Somewhat of an optician. No fancy prices.

SILK, FELT and straw hats cleaned and repaired cheap during the month of August at Delorme, the hatter, 261 Middlesex street.

LYNN BEACH—Old and new patrons are welcome, at Fred L. Dwyer's, 14 Suffolk street. Reasonable rates.

LADIES — Free. Harmless Monthly Regulator. Cannot fail. Mrs. B. Rowan, R 99, Milwaukee, Wis.

A first class dressmaker and seamstress would like a few more jobs. Inquire at 37 Shedd street. No objection to out-of-town work.

LYNN BEACH, Bay View Hotel, entirely renovated, open for the season of 1900, under the personal management of Mrs. J. P. Fitzgerald. She will be pleased to meet her former guests and welcome new ones. Rates reasonable.

QUICK CURE for ladies in trouble; also refusing during confinement. Address Box 15, West Fairlee, Vt.

LADIES—Chichester English Pennyroyal Pills (Diamond Brand) are the best. Safe, reliable. Take no other. Send 4c. in stamps for particulars. "Relief for Ladies," in letter by return mail. At druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

E. G. PARKER says coal has dropped too low to last. Now is the time to put in your season's supply. He also sells groceries, boots, shoes and rubbers.

MONEY TO LOAN at lowest rates on furniture, pianos, horses, carriages, diamonds, watches, etc., in sums of $5 and up. Payments can be made monthly, thus reducing principal and interest at each payment. All business confidential. Thomas E. Adams, 40 Middlesex street, Lowell.

RUBBER STAMPS—At wholesale prices, 1 inch 1-line stamps, 10c; 1½ inch 15c.; 3 in. ink pads, 25c; 25c. ink pads, 15c.; 25c. linen markers, 25c.; business stamp, 8c. per line. J. M. Fellows, 159 Merrimack street.

AGENTS—"Hat Bleach" cleans straw hats in five minutes; greatest seller out; sample 10c; write today. Hat Bleach Co., Xenia, O.

LADIES—Your bust enlarged 6 inches; failure impossible; harmless; $100 cash guarantee; proof free. Leonard Medicine Co., Kansas City, Kas.

"BOYS AND GIRLS" wanted to copy letters at home; genteel way of earning money. Send self-addressed stamped envelope for particulars. Henry Williams Co., Dep't L, 152 E. 23d. street, New York.

ANY LADY can easily make $8 to $25 weekly by representing us in her locality and as the position is both pleasant and profitable the year round. I will gladly send full particulars to all. Even your spare time is valuable and if you really want to make money, address, with 2c. stamp, Mrs. Mary E. Wheeler, 87 Washington street, Chicago, Illinois.

AN INTELLIGENT, energetic woman to represent that great family magazine, the Woman's Home Companion. Liberal pay, cash or premiums, for looking after new subscriptions and renewals in your own community, city or country. Outfit free. Address Woman's Home Companion, Springfield, O.

SALESMEN wanted for Lowell to introduce staple specialties as a side line; party calling on architects, builders, owners of fine buildings, etc., preferred; this is a fine opportunity and a hustler can add several hundred dollars yearly to his income. Address "615 Drexel Building," Philadelphia, Pa.

FOR SALE—At a great sacrifice, a new two-story house for two families; seven rooms each with bath, hot and cold water, gas, hard wood floors, a good lot of land and barn, near 15th street. Inquire at 22 15th street.

MADAM VONNIE

The world's greatest palmist and card reader has returned. She gives truthful advice on love, marriage and business. Tells you how to win the one you love, no matter what your troubles are come and she will help you. Daily 10 to 9 p. m. Bon Marche Building, Room 44.

FOR FIRST COMMUNION! Catholic Prayer Books! The finest assortment ever shown before in Lowell. Rosary Beads, silver and solid gold mounted. Medals, gold, silver and aluminum. Our first Holy Communion Remembrance Picture Cards are beauties. Statues and all kinds of religious articles. An immense variety.

Franco-American Book Store
129 Merrimack Street.

R·I·P·A·N·S

Wanted—a case of bad health that R. I. P. A. N. S. will not benefit. One gives relief. No matter what's the matter, one will do you good. A cure may result if directions are followed. They banish pain, induce sleep, prolong life. Sold at all drug stores, ten for five cents. Be sure to get the genuine. Don't be fooled by substitutes. Ten samples and a thousand testimonials will be mailed to any address for five cents forwarded to the Ripans Chemical company, No. 10 Spruce street, New York.

BUY THE GENUINE
SYRUP OF FIGS
... MANUFACTURED BY ...
CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
NOTE THE NAME.

TRAINS TO AND FROM BOSTON

Southern Div.

To Boston Lve.	To Boston Arr.	From Boston Lve.	From Boston Arr.
5 45	6 50	6 00	7 07
6 22	7 41	6 55	7 45
6 33	7 33	6 40	7 55
6 49	7 52	8 00	8 52
7 04	8 02	8 30	9 06
*7 27	8 10	9 00	9 38
*7 31	8 51	*9 30	10 01
7 45	8 35	*10 00	10 55
7 50	8 35	10 17	11 31
8 50	9 10	10 15	11 55
9 15	10 35	*11 59	12 07
9 49	10 11	12 00	1 26
11 00	12 00	*1 09	1 38
*11 42	12 25	*1 15	1 52
12 10	1 05	2 00	3 01
1 49	2 51	*3 00	3 38
*3 52	2 50	3 47	5 05
3 00	4 21	4 14	5 30
*3 47	4 30	4 35	5 55
4 02	4 45	*5 00	5 58
4 25	5 00	5 58	6 20
*5 22	6 15	5 47	6 51
5 41	7 10	6 14	7 27
*5 23	7 05	*7 35	8 06
*7 19	8 01	*8 45	9 12
5 42	9 37	10 15	11 16
		11 20	12 22

Western Div.

To Boston Lve.	To Boston Arr.	From Boston Lve.	From Boston Arr.
6 50	8 00	7 30	8 31
8 10	8 51	9 25	10 52
9 25	10 33	10 25	11 15
10 39	12 02	11 50	1 08
12 05	1 25	2 15	3 12
12 45	1 57	3 25	4 25
2 25	3 44	4 25	5 15
3 19	4 10	6 11	6 20
3 55	5 01	7 04	7 05
5 13	6 15	6 35	7 18
6 15	7 15	9 33	10 19
7 01	8 0	B11 15	12 15
9 25	10 55		

Sunday Trains (Southern Div.)

To Boston Lve.	To Boston Arr.	From Boston Lve.	From Boston Arr.
8 09	7 30	2 15	3 05
*7 27	8 19	9 00	10 07
8 45	9 49	1 00	1 55
6 37	10 01	5 00	5 50
4 25	6 30	*7 00	8 00
5 53	7 00	*8 47	9 22
		9 10	10 02

Sunday Trains (Western Div.)

To Boston Lve.	To Boston Arr.	From Boston Lve.	From Boston Arr.
8 15	9 27	8 00	9 17
12 05	1 25	12 30	1 42
4 05	6 18	5 00	6 25
5 30	6 55	8 15	9 15
8 45	9 12		

Trains by western division leave Lowell from Middlesex Street station.

*Express.

(From Middlesex Street Station only.

B Runs to Lowell Wednesdays and Saturdays only.

THE WEATHER

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BOSTON, Aug. 23.—Local forecast for Boston and vicinity: Fair weather tonight and generally fair Friday; variable winds.

SPECIAL NOTICES

ESTABLISHED 1875.

For over a quarter of a century we have been supplying the people of Lowell with our high grade teas and coffees. Dickson Brothers, 65 Merrimack street.

THE SUN ON SALE IN BOSTON.

The five o'clock edition of The Sun is on sale at the news stand in the Union Station, Boston.

STEAMSHIP TICKETS AND DRAFTS.

Sold on the Cunard, Dominion, White Star, American, Anchor, Allan and Leyland lines, to and from Boston, New York, Queenstown, Liverpool and all parts of Europe. Drafts issued for £1 and upward on all parts of Great Britain and Ireland. English sovereigns and Canada bills bought at Murphy's, 15 Appleton street.

LOCAL NEWS

Try Horne's Coal.

All $1.00 Hats, 69c, at Steele's.

Have you had Pelham's Cigars?

Only a few days more at Steele's.

F. A. M. Tobin's Printery. Tel. 813-2.

Boys' 3-piece Suits, $3.18 at Steele's.

E. G. Parker has dropped price of coal.

50c. Negligee Shirts, 29c, at Steele's.

Big wrapper sale. Cooper's, Gorham street.

Men's all wool Suits, $2.98 at Steele's.

Fred C. Church had insurance on Wiggin fire Wednesday; building and contents on Rock street.

Horse races Labor day, Sept. 3, at Wamalancit park, North Chelmsford. Three classes, 2.25, scrub and colt race.

Masons and contractors are well satisfied with the building materials bought of the William E. Livingston Company, 15 Thorndike street.

Elegant rubber-tired hacks at O'Donnell's stable. Telephone 459-4.

Dress Suit cases, solid leather, $5, worth $7. Devine's, 88 Merrimack St.

Horsemen can keep their horses in good condition if they buy their stable supplies of the William E. Livingston Company, 15 Thorndike street.

WILL NOT RESIGN

LIEUT. ROSE WILL REMAIN WITH CO. C, SIXTH REGIMENT.

The chief topic of discussion at the meeting of Co. C, Sixth Regiment, last night, was on the alleged resignation of Lieut. Rose.

Recently a local newspaper printed a story to the effect that the lieutenant intended severing his relations with the company at the meeting last night. It was but natural, therefore, [illegible] should discuss the matter in an effort to determine as to the reliability of the report. Capt. Livingston informed those who asked him, as he also informed the writer, that [illegible] had no intention of resigning at the present time. "I have [illegible] from the lieutenant," said Capt. Livingston [illegible] ries of his intended resignation. He was not able to attend the meeting because of previous engagements. He is passing a brief vacation down in Maine."

WILD WELCOME

Bryan Greeted on First Campaign Tour

By Associated Press to The Sun.

FALLS CITY, Neb., Aug. 23.—Yesterday was a busy day for Bryan. It was after 7 o'clock yesterday morning when he reached Auburn, his first stopping place after leaving Lincoln. At [illegible] o'clock he made an hour's address. At Tecumseh, the next stopping place, he spoke briefly and after dinner started upon a 25 mile drive across country to Pawnee. At Pawnee, as at Auburn and Tecumseh, there was a good attendance, as there was also at the night meeting, held at this point. The day's meetings were all held in the groves of the old court house. The towns visited are all in Mr. Bryan's old district.

At Tecumseh, the most interesting incident was a colloquy between Mr. Bryan and a gentleman in the audience, evidently a republican, who propounded several questions to the speaker. He suggested that the Filipinos were on a par with our Indians. To this Mr. Bryan responded:

"Now, as I understand you, you think we were right in taking the property of the Indians?"

"No, sir."

"Then do you think it right to take the property of the Filipinos?"

"No sir," responded the man in the audience, "and nobody is going to. How does the treatment of the Filipinos differ from the treatment of [illegible] in this country? Do you believe in punishing the [illegible]?"

Mr. Bryan: "Your face is the face of an intelligent man and you cannot fail to see the difference between putting men in the penitentiary for the commission of a crime and going over to the Philippines and taking charge of the government of the Filipinos."

"When I see a man like you," was the response of the interlocutor, who favored the peace treaty, "I think they man ought to have some consistency about him."

"I am much obliged for your mentioning that," replied Mr. Bryan, "for I should not feel like bringing it to your attention unless called on to do so. I urged the ratification of the treaty and also urged the passage of the resolution promising independence to the people of the Philippines and if your republican administration had passed the resolution there would not have been one drop of blood shed in the Philippines."

The questioner made an indistinct reference to Mr. Bryan's capacity for the presidency and asked Mr. Bryan if he believed the Filipinos were capable of self-government. To this Mr. Bryan replied:

"Admiral Dewey stated in a message to the secretary of the navy that the Filipinos were better capable of self-government than the Cubans and that he based his judgment after a study of both races. Whether you believe as I do or not, you are not able to draw the line between the natural right of the Filipino and the natural right of the Cuban whom you and your party said ought to be free, or if its true of the Cubans. It is true of the Filipinos and I want to make it so."

At Pawnee Mr. Bryan spoke upon all the questions at issue, paying somewhat more attention than usual to the financial and trust questions.

Mr. Bryan had the largest and most enthusiastic audience of the day at the evening meeting at Falls City. He was received by a large number of citizens and as he was driven to his stopping place was greeted with throngs which lined the street. He spoke of the importance of securing a democratic congress saying that if elected he wanted the opportunity not only to fill the office, but also to sign bills that would remedy the evils of which the democrats complain. He paid his respects to Senator Hanna in the following extract:

"This morning's papers tell us that Mr. Hanna yesterday went down into New Jersey, the home of the trusts, to make a speech. Did he tell those republicans down there that the republican party was going to win and not to worry? Oh, no. He said to them: 'You have got to watch out. Don't be overconfident, we have got a great fight on hand. We have got to fight hard.' And then I can imagine I can see him put his hand behind him and say:

"'Come down.' Isn't that a good place for a man to go to scare the corporations into contributions?"

On imperialism he said: "I don't want our dominion heard around the world, but I do want the light of American liberty to encircle the entire globe."

PLAYED POORLY

Bostons Dropped First Game to Brooklyn

DINEEN WAS IN THE BOX

The Champions Played a Fast Game

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BOSTON, August 23, 1900.—Boston, with Dineen in the box, was signally defeated yesterday by the champion Brooklyns at the South end grounds before a large crowd which was anxious to see the home team make a meal of Hanlon's hired men.

Tenney returned to his old place at first, Barry tried his hand at second, made a bad mess of it and retired in the fourth inning after being spiked by Keeler. Sullivan took his place and played a good game. Duffy and Lowe were on the sick list and not at the grounds, so that the old outfield of Stahl, Hamilton and Freeman was in order once more.

Gus Weyhing started to pitch and pulled out after two innings, as the Boston men were hitting too freely to suit Ed. Hanlon. Farmer Kennedy tried his hand on the locals. He was about as wild as Dineen and was hit quite hard at times.

Dineen started with fine speed, but the poor support given him, combined with a poor decision by umpire Hurst, and later the Boston man's wildness, made the going quite pleasant for the visitors. During the first part of the game Dineen let down in his speed and should have been taken out for another day. More than two hours of disagreeable work fell to the lot of Boston's best pitcher and the chances are that he will need a good rest before going in again. Clarke was very slow behind the stick and threw poorly when chances were offered to get a man.

The champions played a sharp fielding game, Dahlen, as usual, showing up strongly both at the bat and in the field. The fielding of the visitors was strong where that of the locals was weak.

The score by innings:

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
Brooklyn	0	1	0	3	2	3	0	1	[illegible]	10
Boston	2	3	0	0	2	1	0	0	1	8

Two-base hits, Long, Freeman, Cross, Kennedy. Three-base hit, Stahl. Stolen bases, Keeler, Dahlen, Daly. Sacrifice hits, Jennings, Jones. First base on balls, by Dineen, Jones, Keeler 2, Cross, Dahlen 2, Jennings 2, Weyhing. Tenney, Clarke, by Kennedy, Freeman, Collins, Dineen, Hamilton, Sullivan, Stahl. Struck out, by Dineen, McGuire, Daly, by Weyhing, Dineen, by Kennedy, Freeman 2. Double plays, Long, Sullivan and Tenney. Umpire, Hurst. Time, 2h. 25m. Attendance [illegible].

The other game resulted as follows: New York 8, Philadelphia 2.

SOCIALIST LABOR PARTY

CAUCUSES HELD IN CITIZENS' COMMITTEE ROOM.

The Socialist Labor Party was organized in this city last night, and caucuses were held in the Citizens' committee room at Huntington hall.

The organization was informal, for there were not more than thirty men present.

Two wards were not represented at all, but the men representing the others met in little groups, under the direction of the district organizer, and organized, electing themselves and some of their friends as delegates to the state and county conventions.

It is proposed to nominate regular tickets, and it was stated that a Lawrence man would be named for congress. There are no active Lowell candidates for any office.

The preliminary steps for the organization of the party for the campaign have been taken in the series of Sunday meetings held on the South common. John Hagan of Lynn is advertised to speak there next Sunday.

It is claimed that there are between two and three hundred laboring men in Lowell who are Labor Socialists at heart. They expect to poll a good sized vote this year.

The party is using a platform adopted four years ago. It almost struck the keynote of what the delegates wanted, and it has been in use unchanged ever since.

PERSONAL.

Miss Marion Clark of Lowell is visiting relatives on Upper Main street, Waltham.

Mr. Maurice Flynn of Lowell is visiting relatives on Francis street, Waltham.

Mrs. Mulligan of New York, formerly Miss Gallagher, is visiting Mrs. John J. Driscoll of Madison street, this city.

Mrs. Margaret Beddicks of Elmwood avenue and Miss Jennie Green of Dracut have returned after an enjoyable sojourn at several beaches.

Miss Mary Lyons and Miss Mary Meagher and mother with Mrs. Lyons of this city are spending their vacation at Crescent beach.

Miss Mary Fuller of this city has accepted a position in the packing department of the Waltham factory.

The Misses Linde and Fanny [illegible] of Huntington street, are at the [illegible] for a couple of weeks.

Police and firemen's braces, 19c, at Steele's.

J. F. O'DONNELL,
Funeral Director

274 Market Street, Corner of Worthen.

Office Open Day and Night.

Three Telephones. LOWELL, MASS

EDWARD H. JENIFER.

In a quarrel at a picnic of colored Odd Fellows at North Andover yesterday he shot and killed George Davenport and badly wounded Shirley Norris as reported in yesterday's Sun.

LOWELLS BEATEN

The "Cops" Played a Hot Game

LYNN WON BY ONE RUN

The Lynn Men are Great Entertainers

There was glory in the defeat the Lowell "Cops" suffered at Lynn yesterday.

To be certain the Lynn men got the biggest share of the glory and they deserved it, yet all the praise was not bestowed on them.

The spectators were treated to a great game and the Lowell men should have won. There is room for improvement in the Lowell team and a change should be made at once. Burnette can bat and field pretty well and should be substituted for one of the weak hitters. John Walsh used to be a good player and might be pressed into service and if it comes down to it, why Supt. Davis is about as clever as any of them and if the "Cops" could induce him to play he would give strength to the nine. But this is no time to find fault or criticise. The Lowells were beaten by a nine of good fellows. The Lynn men are all right. They can play ball, and they are great entertainers. The local men reached Lynn at 10 o'clock and were welcomed by Deputy Bartlett and a number of officers who escorted them to the ball grounds.

The game started with Lowell at bat. McCann was the first man up and he proved an easy victim for Murphy's curves. Hessian got a hit and was advanced by Flanagan's drive to centre. Cogger popped up an easy fly to Donahue at second and the latter completed a double-play, Hessian having started to run down to third. This retired the side. The Lynn team introduced Lyons as their first batter and he drew a base on balls. MacKessey then whirled his willow for a nice base hit, advancing Lyons. A moment later the latter reached third. A wild pitch and a passed ball brought in three runs. The next three men went out in order. Lynn 2, Lowell 0.

Swan was first at bat in the second inning and he struck out in a very swan-like way. Boyle signalized his appearance by driving a hot grounder at the first baseman, who failed to connect with it in time to nail his man. Fitzgerald gave three terrain sweeps at the sphere "which wasn't there," and his face wore a puzzled look as he gently cast the bat aside. Maher was full of business when he faced Murphy and the first ball that came over the plate met his bat fairly. A safe hit was the result. Meanwhile Boyle had stolen second and the hit brought him around to third in position for a dash for the home plate. He found an opportunity when a ball passed the catcher, scoring the first run of the game for Lowell. Ingalls went down to first on a base on balls and McCann eiphered. Burckes, the first man at bat in the second half of the second inning, scored a hit, but the next two men struck out and the third, Murphy, put up a fly that came Maher's way. Lynn 2, Lowell 1.

The first half of the third found the Lowell aggregation in a high pitch of excitement. Tom Whittaker, who had taken a position on the foul lines in the first inning, began to cheer in his own peculiar way. Billie Grady possessed a cow bell that had been brought down for just such a purpose and several of the players urged them on. The fun was indescribable. Hessian knocked out a fly to left field which was nailed. Flanagan got a hit but was caught at second on a grounder from Cogger's bat. Cogger went down to second on a wild pitch, was advanced to third by Swan's hit and to home by Boyle's hit. Fitzgerald drew a base on balls, making three men on bases and two out. Maher came to bat and the best he could do was a high fly which came into the hands of Murphy, the pitcher. Lynn 2, Lowell 2. The feature of the second half of the third inning was Maher's work. He stopped a couple of the warmest grounders imaginable and caught his man at first in both cases. The third man he struck out.

The Lowell officers did not distinguish themselves in the fourth inning, Ingalls, McCann and Hessian striking out in order. Murphy was roundly cheered upon this achievement. No runs resulted in the second half of the fourth and there were no special features.

The Lowell officers scored two runs in the fifth, Flanagan and Cogger crossing the plate after driving the ball out for clean singles. Swan, Boyle and Fitzgerald then went out in order. The score was four to two in favor of the Lowells, when their opponents went to bat in the fifth inning. Kane and Murphy made their first hits of the game and were sent around by a two bagger by MacKessey making the score a tie. A dispute arose over the decision of the umpire in calling MacKessey's drive a fair ball. The Lowell crowd contended that the ball struck foul by a foot and continued to roll in foul territory, but the umpire refused to have it that way. He claimed to have seen it strike fair and he declined to change his decision. MacKessey stole third and came in on a passed ball, making the score 5 to 4 in favor of Lynn. The next two men were retired. The Lowell men did nothing in the way of scoring in their half of the sixth and they returned the compliment. The feature of the inning was a double play in which Cogger was the star. He caught a fly sent up by Burckes and then passed the ball along to Flanagan at first, catching Southwick a dozen feet off the base.

It had been agreed to play seven innings and in the first of the seventh the score stood 5 to 4 in favor of the Lynn team. The excitement and confusion may be imagined. Billy Grady's cow bell was clanging away as though the fate of the game depended on his noise, while a man on the Lynn side with a pair of leathern lungs was tooting away on a horn that certainly had seen better days and better performers. Flanagan sent up a fly to the short stop. Out. Cogger made a clean single and stole second. Swan advanced him to third by a hit and a moment later Cogger took advantage of a favorable opportunity to run home. Lynn 5, Lowell 5. Boyle was out to first base. Fitzgerald refused to become familiar with the elusive sphere, striking out quite naturally.

With the score a tie, every player, as well as every man in the grand stand and on the bleachers, was on his nerve. Murphy came to the bat and smashed out a three bagger. It looked hopeless for Lowell. Lyons knocked a hot grounder to McCann and Murphy attempted to come home. McCann made a quick and accurate throw and Ingalls caught his man. MacKessey made another base hit. He ran to second and Maher threw the ball to Cogger. The man on third, Lyons, took advantage of the throw and started to run to the home plate. Cogger closed up a short distance and then, knowing that Lyons intended to stop, he threw the ball to Ingalls. It came rather slowly, but Cogger knew how much depended upon that throw and did not care to take chances on a swiftly thrown ball. Ingalls caught it and touched his man, but the force of the contact knocked the ball out of his hand and the runner was declared safe at home. This ended the game, the score being 6 to 5 in favor of the Lynn team. The noise that followed was a miniature July 4 racket.

The score:

LYNN POLICE.

	bh	po	a	e
Lyons 1	0	1	0	0
MacKessey s	2	1	5	0
Murray 2	1	0	0	0
Donahue 2	0	3	0	1
Southwick m	1	0	0	1
Burckes r	1	2	0	2
Berry 1	1	7	0	2
Kane c	1	8	1	1
Murphy p	2	1	2	0
Totals	9	21	7	6

LOWELL POLICE.

	bh	po	a	e
McCann 3	0	0	1	0
Hessian s	1	0	2	0
Flanagan 1	2	9	0	2
Cogger 2	2	4	1	1
Swan 1	2	0	0	0
Boyle m	1	0	0	1
Fitzgerald r	0	0	0	0
Maher p	1	1	5	0
Ingalls c	0	5	1	0
Totals	9	*19	10	2

*Winning run made with one out.

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	
Lynn	2	0	0	0	3	0	1	—6
Lowell	0	1	1	0	2	0	1	—5

Runs made, by Lyons, MacKessey 3, Kane, Murphy, Flanagan, Cogger 3, Boyle. Two-base hits, Murphy, MacKessey. Three base hit, Murphy. Stolen bases, MacKessey, Kane, Cogger 3, Maher. Base on balls, by Maher, Lyons, Burckes, by Murphy, Ingalls 2, Fitzgerald. Struck out, by Murphy, Ingalls 2, [illegible]. Struck out, by Murphy, McCann 1, Swan 2, Fitzgerald 3, Ingalls, Hessian 2, Maher, Berry, Kane, Murray, Lyons, Donahue. Double plays, Donahue, [illegible]; Cogger and Flanagan. Wild pitches, Maher 2. Umpire, Charles O'Malley, Gloucester. Time, 1h. 55m.

After the game the entire party repaired to the Parker house, where covers were set for 100. Deputy Marshal Bartlett acted as toastmaster at the after-dinner festivities and remarks were made by Deputy Chief Moffitt, Capt. New, Representative Steele of Dracut, ex-Representative W. H. I. Hayes of Lowell, and Postmaster Sanderson of Lynn and others.

It is thought that another game will be arranged between these two nines, the Lowellites desiring one more try at the victors.

All $1.00 Hats, 69c, at Steele's.

Head Ache?

Then the chances are your bowels are constipated. You are being poisoned. The impurities which should be carried out through the natural channel are retained in your system. Ayer's Pills cure constipation; they remove impurities by the natural channel. Take a laxative dose each night.

PECULIAR CASE

GIRL WANTS TO BE SENT TO IRELAND.

A peculiar case in which the assistance of the city was asked came before the secretary of the overseers of the poor today. It was that of a girl, 16 years old, who arrived in Boston from Waterford, Ireland on July 4. In Ireland she underwent a surgical operation on her ears and now wishes to be sent to an hospital to be treated. She has relatives who are unable to provide for her and wish her to be sent to Ireland. She has a father in Ireland who is clerk of the Court in Waterford, draws a pension and collects rents. The local authorities notified the state of her case, as the girl has no residence in the city. It is probable that she will be sent home to Ireland.

MISS MAY GERTRUDE WILCON, DISTINGUISHED PIANIST

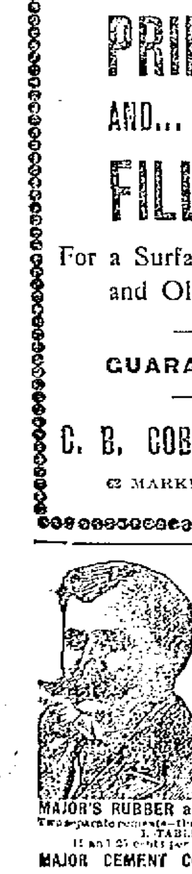
The HARRISON PRIMER AND... FILLER

For a Surfacer on New and Old Work.

GUARANTEED.

C. B. COBURN & CO.,

62 MARKET STREET.



Why try to stick things with something that doesn't stick? Buy MAJOR'S CEMENT; you know it sticks. Nothing breaks away from it. Stick to MAJOR'S CEMENT. Buy once, you will buy forever. There is nothing as good; don't believe the substitutor.

MAJOR'S RUBBER and MAJOR'S LEATHER.

Two separate cements—the best. Insist on having them. ESTABLISHED 1876.

15 and 25 cents per bottle at all druggists.

MAJOR CEMENT CO., NEW YORK CITY.

We Really Need the Room.

Nothing less urgent could persuade us to close out some of the fine and seasonable lines that we are now offering at prices that are simply unparalleled for the class of goods offered. These bargains are not confined to any one line. We have them for men, women, youths, misses and children. Come and look the goods over. See the prices, they tell the whole story.

BURBANK & COURTNEY, 110 and 112 Merrimack Street.

TELEPHONE 136-13

Sacrificing Bicycles

$23.50 BUYS A $50 WHEEL
$19.00 BUYS A $40 WHEEL
$17.00 BUYS A $35 WHEEL

We have just purchased the entire stock of the Boston Wheel Co. Over ONE HUNDRED HIGH GRADE BICYCLES, representing nearly all the leading makes. No matter what make or price bicycle you want, come and see what we offer, and you can buy them at less than half the regular price.

TERMS: $5 Down, $1 per Week

Good Second-Hand Wheels, $3.00 to $5.00.

RING'S

No. 133 Merrimack Street.

A. G. Pollard & Co.

MERRIMACK, PALMER AND MIDDLE STREETS.

OUR ANNUAL SPECIAL SALE OF

Mill Remnants

Bleached - Sheetings

Yard wide cotton, thin for linings, etc., 1 to 5 yards, worth 5c, **3½c yard**

"Dwight Anchor" 3-4 wide, soft, and heavy, worth 7 1-2c, **5c yard**

"Dwight" Fine quality, long remnants, yard wide, worth 9c, **6c yard**

"Dwight Anchor" yard wide, heavy and soft, bleached and half bleached, worth 10c, **6½c yard**

"Dwight Lockwood", yard wide, excellent, fine quality, worth 10c, **7c yard**

Pepperell night gown Twills, 5 to 15 yards, always worth 12 1-2c, **8½c yard**

PILLOW CASE TUBING.

Remnants, 2 yards to 15 yards, in all widths, 42 in., 45 in., 48 in. and 50 in., worth from 13c to 17c yard, all **10c yard**

Remnants of "Wamsutta" and "New Bedford" pillow casing, 42 in. and 45 in. wide, 1 to 5 yards, worth 15c and 17c, **10c yard**

SEAMLESS SHEETINGS.

"Dwight Anchor" remnants, 2 1-2 yards to 15 yards 6-4 and 7-4 wide, worth 20c and 22c, **15c yard**

8-4, 9-4 and 10-4 wide of same kind, worth 24c, 26c and 28c, **18c yard**

SPECIAL. "Lockwood" and "A. G. P." sheetings, whole pieces perfect, 9-4 and 10-4 wide, worth 26c and 28c, **20 cents**

Remember that these are special prices for this sale, and that we have equally as good values in Unbleached Sheetings that we cannot particularize for want of space.

A. G. POLLARD & CO.

Second Hand Papers.

Other local papers which copy each edition of The Sun and come out with the same news several hours later are second hand papers. If you want to get the news while it is hot you must buy The Lowell Sun.

THE LOWELL SUN

The Best Judges of newspapers are the people who buy them, and they have unanimously decided that The Sun is Lowell's Greatest Newspaper.

ESTABLISHED 1878 LOWELL, MASS., THURSDAY, AUGUST 23, 1900 8 PAGES ONE CENT

27 WARSHIPS

ASSEMBLED

At Shanghai and Woo Sung

By Associated Press to The Sun.

LONDON, AUG. 23—THE ATTEMPTED UPRISING AT HANKOW IS CAUSING UNEASINESS. IN ALL 27 WARSHIPS HAVE ASSEMBLED AT SHANGHAI AND WOO SUNG, THEIR CREWS NUMBERING ABOUT 7000 MEN.

THE GERMAN GOVERNMENT'S REPLY TO LI HUNG CHANG'S PEACE NEGOTIATIONS, IS THAT "OWING TO THE LACK OF ANY PROPERLY ACCREDITED AUTHORITY ON THE CHINESE SIDE," THE GOVERNMENT OF GERMANY CANNOT ENTER INTO NEGOTIATIONS.

CHAOS REIGNS IN PEKIN

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WASHINGTON, AUG. 23—THE UNITED STATES TROOPS WILL REMAIN IN PEKIN FOR SOME TIME, PERHAPS ALL WINTER, AND THE UNITED STATES WITH THE OTHER POWERS WILL SEEK TO SET UP A RESPONSIBLE GOVERNMENT IN CHINA.

BOTH CONGER AND CHAFFEE CABLED YESTERDAY THAT ONLY CHAOS AND ANARCHY EXIST THERE NOW, AND THAT THE ALLIES ARE GOVERNING THE CITY OF PEKIN.

PRESIDENT McKINLEY AND HIS CABINET HAVE HANDED MINISTER WU A REPLY TO EARL LI'S REQUEST TO OPEN NEGOTIATIONS FOR A SETTLEMENT. THE REPLY IS THAT THIS GOVERNMENT CANNOT ENTER UPON NEGOTIATIONS UNTIL THERE IS A GOVERNMENT IN CHINA, WHICH CAN PREVENT THE HOSTILITIES OF CHINESE TROOPS AND CHINESE CITIZENS AGAINST THE FORCES OF THE POWERS.

THE TEXT OF THE REPLY HAS BEEN COMMUNICATED TO THE OTHER GOVERNMENTS, WHICH HAVE BEEN AWAITING THE LEAD OF THE UNITED STATES IN THE CHINESE AFFAIR.

IMPERIAL TROOPS FLED FROM PEKIN

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WASHINGTON, D. C., AUG. 22, 1900. THE STATE DEPARTMENT YESTERDAY RECEIVED, THROUGH THE CONSUL AT CHEFOO, THE FOLLOWING CABLEGRAM FROM MINISTER CONGER, IN THE DEPARTMENT CIPHER:

PEKIN, AUG. 19.

SECRETARY OF STATE, WASHINGTON: THE ENTIRE CITY, WITH THE EXCEPTION OF THE IMPERIAL PALACE, IS OCCUPIED BY JAPANESE, RUSSIANS, BRITISH, AMERICANS AND FRENCH. IT IS BEING APPORTIONED INTO DISTRICTS FOR POLICE SUPERVISION. THE CHINESE ARMY FLED. THE IMPERIAL FAMILY AND THE COURT HAVE GONE WESTWARD, PROBABLY TO SIANFU, IN THE PROVINCE OF SHENSI.

NO REPRESENTATIVES OF THE CHINESE GOVERNMENT ARE IN SIGHT IN PEKIN AND THE CONDITIONS ARE CHAOTIC. THE PALACE IS EXPECTED TO BE TAKEN IMMEDIATELY. MANY MISSIONARIES HAVE STARTED FOR HOME, WHILE OTHERS REMAIN IN CHARGE OF THE CHRISTIAN REFUGEES, NUMBERING ABOUT 1900.

CONGER.

CHINESE TROOPS PROBABLY OPERATING

By Associated Press to The Sun.

LONDON, Aug. 23—The foreign consuls at Shanghai, not having received anything from Pekin later than Aug. 17, fear the Chinese troops are operating along the rear of the allies, cutting off their communication.

The blockade of press messages at the Che-Foo telegraph office continues. But these in no way interfere with official despatches, which are put ahead.

A belated despatch from Pekin, dated Aug. 16, says Sir Claude MacDonald the British minister, is ill.

TROUBLE EXPECTED AT HANKOW

By Associated Press to The Sun.

PARIS, Aug. 23—The French consul at Hankow wires that an attempt at an uprising occurred during the night of Aug. 21.

A band of Chinese tried to set fire to a house adjoining the customs bank, which is adjacent to the British concession, with the object of pillaging the bank and burning the European quarter.

The viceroy, however, took immediate steps and arrested the ring leaders, seizing at the same time arms and documents demonstrating the existence of a secret society and an organized plot. Two of the leading culprits were decapitated, their heads being subsequently exhibited in the center of the Chinese town. Twenty others were imprisoned.

More trouble is feared when the flight of the emperor to the west, if true, becomes known.

WILLING TO MAKE PEACE

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 23.—The state department this morning made the following correspondence public:

Chinese Correspondence, Aug. 20—22, 1900.

(Handed to Mr. Adee by Mr. Wu, August 20, 1900, 10.15 a.m.)

(Cablegram dated August 19, from Viceroy Li Hung Chang, was transmitted by the Chinese minister in London and received by Minister Wu on the night of the same day.)

It was the declaration of all the ministers for foreign affairs of the great powers that the expedition of the allied troops was solely for the rescue of the ministers in Pekin. Now, the allied troops having entered Pekin and found all the ministers safe, it seems proper that hostilities should at once cease and that negotiations should commence. I therefore request the United States government to appoint an envoy with full power or appoint the minister now in Pekin for the purpose, as he is necessarily acquainted with the affairs between Chinese and foreigners, and to inform me if the conference will take place in Pekin. After receipt of a definite reply, I will at once proceed to the north. Please request the secretary of state to lay the matter before his Excellency the President. I await reply.

(RECEIVED AT THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE, Aug. 21, 1900, 3.17 p. m. Cablegram from Viceroy Li Hung Chang, dated Aug. 21, 1900, and received by Minister Wu on the same day.) "The Boxer rebels in Pekin having been dispersed, there will positively no more fighting.

"Further military operations on the parts of the powers are greatly to be deplored. Besides urging cessation of hostilities, please confer with secretary of state upon subject of withdrawal of troops and appointment of plenipotentiary to negotiate settlement of all other questions so as to preserve amicable relations. I await early reply."

(Sent to the Chinese minister, August 22, 1900, 1.20 p. m.)

(Memorandum in response to the Chinese minister's communication of cablegrams from viceroy earl Li Hung Chang, dated August 19, and 21, proposing the immediate cessation of hostilities and the appointment of an envoy to conduct negotiations, received at the department of state, Aug. 20 and 21, 1900.)

While the condition set forth in the memorandum delivered to the Chinese minister Aug. 12, has not been fulfilled and the powers have been compelled to rescue their ministers by force of arms unaided by the Chinese government, still this government is ready to welcome any overtures for a truce and invite the other powers to join, when security is established in the Chinese capital and the Chinese government shows its ability and willingness to make on its part an effective suspension of hostilities there and elsewhere in China. When this is done—and we hope it will be done promptly—the United States will be prepared to appoint a representative to join with the representatives of the other similarly interested powers and of the authoritative and responsible government of the Chinese empire to attain the ends declared in our circular to the powers of July 3, 1900.

(Signed) ALVEY A. ADEE,
Acting Secretary.

Department of State, Washington, Aug. 22, 1900.

TWO PAINFUL INJURIES.

Paul Lamonda, aged 56 years, and living at 120 Lakeview avenue, was scalded on both arms and one foot while at work in the Hamilton this forenoon by hot starch. He was taken to the corporation hospital.

Harry Pitts of 73 Agawam street, had his right thumb lacerated while working on the Boott this morning. He is 18 years old.

INTEREST BEGINS MONTHLY

This is the exceptional advantage enjoyed by depositors in the Savings Department of the Traders' National bank, and all money received before 9 p. m., Saturday, Sept. 1, 1900, will

DRAW INTEREST from SEPTEMBER

at a rate of 4 per cent. per annum, compounding semi-annually.

The banking hours on Saturday are intended to accommodate workingmen and others, the bank being open continuously from 8 a. m. to 1 p. m., and arrangements are made to handle the large amount of business offered during the evening hours, from 7 to 9, so that little or no delay is caused in serving the public.

The Traders National Bank

Transacts a general banking business. Issues foreign exchange, payable in all parts of the world, in English, French, German and Swedish money.

Furnishes safety deposit boxes, with private coupon rooms.

Pays, in its savings department, 4 per cent. per annum, compounded semi-annually, interest beginning monthly.

Has a section of banking rooms exclusively for ladies.

Is a depository of the United States and Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

Banking hours 8 a. m. to 4 p. m.; Saturday, 8 a. m. to 1 p. m.; 7 to 9 p. m.

Banking rooms 39 to 46 Middlesex street and 11 to 21 Post Office avenue.

NIGHT EDITION

SIX O'CLOCK

BRYAN ACCEPTS

And Points Out Issue to Populists

By Associated Press to The Sun.

TOPEKA, Aug. 23—Topeka put forth her best efforts today to welcome William J. Bryan, who, at 3 o'clock this afternoon was notified by the National Populist party and the National Monetary League of his notification for president of the United States.

Streets and hotels were profusely decorated and the city is filled with visitors. Hot, sultry weather came with the dawn and at 10 o'clock a drizzling rain began falling.

Mr. Bryan and party were scheduled to arrive at 10.35. They were met in Atkinson by a special committee consisting of ex-Governor John W. Leedy, L. D. Lewellen and John P. St. John; John W. Breidenthal, Judge Allen, Col. E. C. Little, E. R. Ridgeley, Senator Harris, John Maden and O. T. Boaz. The committee escorted him to this city.

At various places along the line big crowds gathered and there were repeated calls for speeches. Mr. Bryan confined himself however, to exhorting Kansas to an emulation of their own example of 1896 in the coming election.

At 11 a. m., the train bearing the party arrived at the Santa Fe depot. Mr. Bryan and the escort committee entered carriages and were driven to the National hotel. The march from the depot was an ovation. People lined the sidewalks, filled the doorways and windows and voiced their welcome by shouting themselves hoarse. An official reception to Mr. Bryan occurred at the hotel immediately after he had dined with a number of leading populists of the country, who had congregated here to be present at the notification ceremonies. When the introductions were over, the entire party proceeded to the capitol grounds where the notification was made.

Congressman Ridgeley called the meeting to order. He introduced Hon. James Troutman, of this city, who welcomed the guests in a brief address. He was followed by Hon. Frank Foster, chief justice of Kansas, who delivered the welcoming address in behalf of the state.

Hon. Thomas M. Patterson of Colorado, as permanent chairman of the National Populist convention, was called upon to make the notification speech.

Mr. Patterson was received with hearty applause.

Hon. A. W. Rucker, also of Colorado, was then introduced to give Mr. Bryan official notification of his endorsement by the United States Monetary League. Mr. Rucker was also well received.

At the conclusion of Mr. Rucker's remarks Mr. Bryan began the delivery of his speech of acceptance. There was a vast audience present and Col. Bryan was received with tumultuous applause. He said:

BRYAN'S ACCEPTANCE.

Mr. Chairman and Members of the Notification Committee:

In accepting the presidential nomination which you tender on behalf of the populist party, I desire to give emphatic recognition to the educational work done by your party. The populist party, as an organization, and the Farmer Alliances and the labor organizations from which they sprung, have done much to arouse the people to a study of economic and industrial questions. Believing, as I do, that truth grows not in seclusion, but in the open field, and that it thrives best in the sunlight of full and free debate, I have confidence that the discussion which your party has compelled will aid in reaching that true solution of pending problems toward which all honest citizens aim.

I desire also to express my deep appreciation of the liberality of opinion and devotion to principle which have led the members of your party to enter the ranks of another party in the selection of a candidate.

While I am grateful for the confidence which the populists have expressed in me, I am not vain enough to regard as personal their extraordinary manifestations of good will. The ties which bind together those who believe in the same great fundamental principles are stronger than [illegible] affection—stronger even than the ties of blood; and co-operation between the reform forces is due to the fact that democrats, populists and silver republicans take the side of the people in their contest against greed and agree in the application of Jeffersonian principles to the question immediately before us.

THE MONEY QUESTION.

In 1896 the money question was of paramount importance and the allies in that campaign united in the demand for the immediate restoration of silver by the independent action of this country at 16 to 1, the ratio which had existed since 1873. They were defeated but that did not end the discussion. The democrats were defeated in 1888 but that did not put an end to tariff reform. The republicans were defeated in 1892 but that did not permanently overthrow the protective tariff. Defeat at the polls does not necessarily decide a great problem. Experience and experience alone settle questions. If an increase in the volume of the currency since 1896, although unpromised by the republicans and unexpected, has brought improvement in industrial conditions this improvement, instead of answering the arguments put forth in favor of bimetallism, only confirms the contention of those who insisted that more money would make better times.

The republican party, however, while claiming credit for the increase in circulation, makes no permanent provision for an adequate supply of standard money. It denies the necessity for more real money, while it permits national banks to expand the volume of paper promises to pay money.

If the populists feel justified in opposing the republican party when it sought to conceal its gold standard tendencies under the mask of international bi-metallism, the opposition should be more pronounced in proportion as the republican party more openly espouses gold monometallism.

THE FARMER BURDENED.

In 1896 the populists united with the democrats in opposing the trusts although the question at that time appeared like a cloud scarcely larger than a man's hand. Today that cloud well nigh overspreads the industrial sky. The farmer does not participate in the fruits of any trusts but he sorely feels the burden of them all. He is dependent upon the seasons for his income. When he plants his crop he knows not whether it will be blessed with rain or blighted with drought; he knows not whether wind will blow it down or hail destroy it, or insects devour it and the price of his crop is as uncertain as the quantity.

If a private monopoly can suspend production and fix the price of raw material as well as the price of the finished product, the farmer, powerless to protect himself when he sells, is plundered when he purchases. Can any farmer hesitate to throw the influence of his ballot upon the side of those who desire to protect the public at large from the monopolies.

The fact that the trusts support the republican party ought to be sufficient proof that they expect protection from it. The republican party cannot be relied upon to extinguish the trusts so long as it draws its campaign contributions from their overflowing vaults.

The prosperity argument which the republicans bring forward to answer all complaints against the administration will not deceive the farmer. He knows that two factors enter into his income; first the size of his crop and the second the price which he receives for the same. He does not return thanks to the party in power for favorable weather and a bountiful harvest and he knows that the republican party has no policy which insures a permanent increase in agricultural prices. Since he sells this surplus in a foreign market he is not a beneficiary of the tariff and since he produces merchandise and not money, he does not profit by the appreciation of the dollar. He knows that the much vaunted prosperity, of which he has never had his share, is on the wane in spite of the unusual and unnatural stimulation which it has received during the last three years. He knows that each month of 1900 shows a larger number of failures than the corresponding month of 1899 and that there is already a marked tendency toward a decrease in the output of the factories. He knows also that discoveries of gold, famines abroad and war on three continents have not been able to raise the price of farm products as rapidly as trusts and combinations have raised the price of the things which the farmer buys.

In 1896 the reform forces charged the republican party with intending to retire the greenbacks. This charge, denied at the time, has been confessed by the financial bill. If a populist opposed the republican party when its hostility to greenbacks was only suspected, that opposition should be greater now since no one can longer doubt the purpose of the republican party to substitute bank notes for greenbacks.

The vital question at this time, so far as paper money is concerned, is whether the government or banks shall issue it. The republican party is now committed to a currency system which necessitates a perpetual debt, while the populist finds himself in agreement with the democrats who believe in paying off the national debt as rapidly as possible.

WHAT POPULISTS BELIEVE.

If belief in an income tax justified a populist in acting with the democratic party in 1896, what excuse can be find for aiding the republican party now when even the exigencies of war have not been sufficient to bring tat party to the support of the income tax principle?

Populists believe in arbitration now as much as they did in 1896, and are as much opposed to government by injunction and the blacklist as they were then and upon these subjects they have as much reason for co-operation with the democratic party today as they had four years ago.

Democrats and populists alike favor the principle of direct legislation. If any differences exist as to the extent to which the principle should be applied, those differences can be reconciled by experiment.

EXCLUDE ORIENTAL LABOR.

Democrats and populists agree that Chinese and other oriental labor should be excluded from the United States.

Democrats and populists desire to so enlarge the scope of the interstate commerce act as to enable the commission to protect both persons and places from discrimination and the public at large from excessive railroad fares.

The populists approve the demand set forth in the democratic platform for a labor bureau, with a cabinet officer at its head. Such an official would keep the administration in close touch with the wage-earning portion of the population and go far toward securing such remedial legislation as the toilers need.

Our opponents have tried to make it appear that we are inconsistent when when we desire a general rise in prices and yet oppose an arbitrary rise in protected manufactures or trust-made goods. There is no conflict whatever between these two propositions.

If a general rise in prices occurs because of a permanent increase in the volume of money, all things adjust themselves to the new level and if the volume of money then increases in proportion to the demand for money, the price-level decreases and business can be done with fairness to all. If, however, the price is arbitrary, and only affecting a part of the products of labor, those whose products do not participate in the rise, suffer because the purchasing power of their income is decreased. If a bad monetary system drags down the price of the farmer's products, while monopolies raise the price of what he buys, he burns the candle at both ends and must expect to suffer in comparison with those who belong to the classes more favored by legislation.

THE REPUBLICANS OPPOSE POPULISTS.

It is sometimes urged by partisan populists that four years more of republican misrule would so aggravate economic conditions as to make reforms easier. No one can afford to aid in making matters worse in the hope of being able to make them better afterwards, for in so doing he assumes responsibilities which he may not be able to remedy. No populist, however sanguine, believes it possible to elect a populist president at this time, but the populist party may be able to determine whether a democrat or a republican will be elected.

Mr. Chairman, the populist convention which your committee represents, thought it better to share with the democrats in the honor of securing some of the reforms desired by your party than to bear the odium of remaining neutral in this great crisis or of giving open or secret aid to the republican party which opposes all the reforms for which the populists contend.

Those who labor to improve the conditions which surround their fellow men are apt to become impatient, but they must remember that it takes time to work out great reforms. Let me illustrate by calling your attention to the slow growth of public opinion in support of a reform for which there has been practically no open opposition. President Johnson, in 1868, recommended a constitutional amendment providing for the election of United States senators by a direct vote of the people, but his recommendation met with no response. About twelve years later, General Weaver, then a member of congress, tried to secure the passage of a resolution submitting such an amendment but his efforts were futile. In 1892 such a resolution [illegible] the house but it has [illegible] in the senate and now, after eight years more of public discussion, the proposition for the first time has received the endorsement of the national convention of one of the great parties.

PROMISES REFORM.

If the fusion forces win a victory this fall, we shall see this reform accomplished before the next presidential election and with its accomplishments, the people will find it easier to secure any remedial legislation which they may desire. But how halting has been the progress. Great problems are solved slowly.

I have called attention to the issues that brought democrats and populists together and which justified the co-operation during the last four years. Let me now invite your attention to new questions which would justify co-operation at this time, even though we differed upon all economic questions. It is not our fault that these new questions have been thrust into the arena of politics; that the people have been called upon to consider questions of ever increasing magnitude. In 1890 the tariff question was the principal subject of discussion and the democratic party contended that the masses were carrying a burden of unjust and unnecessary taxes. In 1892 the tariff question was still the principal issue between the democratic and republican parties although in the west and south the money question was assuming greater and greater proportions and the populists were contending, that our monetary system was more responsible than the tariff laws for the depression in agriculture and the distress existing among the wage earners.

In 1894 the whole question of taxation became of secondary importance because of the increased boldness of those who opposed the gold and silver coinage of the constitution. When the republicans declared at St. Louis that the restoration of bimetallism in this country although desirable, was impossible without the aid of leading commercial nations of the old world, the populists and silver republicans joined with the democrats in asserting the right and duty of the American people to shape their financial system for themselves, regardless of the action of other nations. The failure of the republican party to secure international bimetallism and its open espousal of the gold standard still keeps the money question in politics, but no economic question can compare in importance with a question which concerns the principle and structure of government. Systems of taxation can be changed with less difficulty than financial systems and financial systems can be altered with less danger and less disturbance to the country than the vital doctrines upon which free government rests.

In the early sixties when we were engaged in a contest which was to determine whether we should have one republic or two, questions of finance were lost sight of. Silver was at a premium over greenbacks and bank notes, but the people could not afford to divide over the money question in the presence of a greater issue. And so today we are engaged in a controversy which will determine whether we are to have a republic in which the government derives its just power from the consent of the governed, or an empire in which brute force is the only recognized source of power.

If a government where the people rule, every wrong can be righted and every evil remedied, but when once the doctrine of self-government is impaired and might is substituted for right there is no certainty that any question will be settled correctly.

A colonial policy would so occupy the people with the consideration of the nation's foreign policy that domestic questions would be neglected. "Who will haul down the flag?" or "Stand by the President" would be the prompt response to every criticism of the administration and corruption and special privileges would thrive under the cover of patriotism.

It is not strange that the populists should oppose militarism and imperialism, for both are antagonistic to the principles which populists apply to other questions. Looking at questions from the standpoint of the producer of wealth rather than from the standpoint of the speculator, the populist recognizes in militarism a constant and increasing burden. The army worm which occasionally destroys a field of wheat is not nearly so dangerous an enemy to the farmer as a large standing army, which invades every field of industry and exacts toll from every crop.

Men's Fall Overcoats, half price, at Steele's.

$3 Bike Pants, $1.98 at Steele's.

ARRESTED IN LAWRENCE.

Annie Higgins, arrested by Special Policeman Huntress and Frank Higgins of Lowell, who, when asked if he was drunk, in the Lawrence police court Wednesday, said, "I was, I am sorry to say," and who was arrested while asleep in a doorway by Policeman Woodcock, both simple drunks, were fined $1. They each paid.—Lawrence Tribune.

Boys' Waists and Blouses, 15c. at Steele's.

TRANSPORT MEADE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 23.—Orders have been issued by the war department directing that the troops on the transport Meade, intended for Taku, China, be sent from Nagasaki, on arrival there, to Manila. The troops on the Meade consisted of 13 officers and 512 men of the 15th infantry; 10 officers and 350 men of the Third cavalry, four officers and 157 men of the engineer corps. This is the first order diverting troops intended for China to Manila. The government is satisfied that there are now sufficient soldiers in China for present purposes.

Steele's closing out sale for real bargains.

THE SUN LATEST

5 O'CLOCK

GEO. H. HOSMER DEAD

The Great Oarsman Well Known in Lowell

The Late GEORGE H. HOSMER.

Passed Away Yesterday at Carney Hospital—He Made a Fortune Rowing When it Was a National Sport

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BOSTON, Aug. 23.—George H. Hosmer, one of the best known and most famous professional oarsmen in the world, is dead. He passed away yesterday afternoon at the Carney hospital, South Boston, where his last days were made as comfortable as possible by the good sisters.

Hosmer has not enjoyed good health for the last couple of years, and two months ago, went to the Carney hospital suffering with consumption from which he died.

Hosmer's wife died two years ago, which was a great loss to the famous athlete. He leaves a son, George Butler Hosmer, who is 17, and a daughter still younger. His father resides in Somerville, his brother Albert is now living in Newark, and he has one or two married sisters in this vicinity.

Hosmer made thousands of dollars in rowing when the game was a national sport and had the happy faculty of making friends of everyone with whom he came in contact.

George Hosmer was born at Sudbury, Mass., Dec. 20, 1858, of American parentage. He came to Boston when very young, and worked as a bundle boy for William Murray & Son of Charlestown, where he remained for two years.

He moved to the west end where he entered the employ of S. S. Higgins, a butcher, and it was during this time that Hosmer took up rowing. Later in life he was given the sobriquet of the "Butcher Boy."

He made frequent visits to the boating establishment of Thomas and James Butler, near Craigie bridge, and developed rapidly under their experienced eyes. The Butlers were crack oarsmen in their days.

Hosmer made his first appearance on the Charles river in a two-mile working boat race and showed so much speed that he was matched to row John Brown of Worcester in 1877, and came out as a full-fledged professional.

His race with Brown was for $200, which he won.

Dan Driscoll of Lowell was next matched against him for $100 and Hosmer beat him over the three-mile course on the Charles river. Driscoll asked for a second match over the same course, and was again defeated.

Hosmer's fame spread so rapidly that he next took on Mike Davis of Portland, one of America's fastest men, who won on a foul. Hosmer tried hard to get a return match, but was unable to do so.

He joined the world-famed Faulkner-Regan four-oared shell crew in 1878, composed of Patsy Regan, stroke, Hosmer 3, Paddy McGahey 2, George Faulkner bow. George Faulkner said Hosmer's presence in the boat made the crew nearly half a minute faster for three miles. They beat the M. F. Davis crew, the John Biglin crew of New York and the Longshoremen crew of Portland in a race at Silver Lake that summer. On July 4, the same year, they again won first in the city regatta, $500 being the prize, distance four miles. About the same crews competed. He then took up single sculling again, and as a result of a visit to Canada he won $2100 in prizes in various regattas, defeating Pat Luther, Harry Coulter, William McCann, Jack Hanlan, Robert Berry, James H. Riley and others, and was beaten only by Ed. Hanlan, who was then the world's champion.

His next match race was during the season of 1878, at Burlington beach, Can., where he beat Frenchy Johnson, the famous colored sculler, for a $500 purse. On his return to Boston he challenged all New England, but got no match.

In 1877 he went to England and was defeated in a race with Laycock, the Australian champion for $2,000. In 1891 Hosmer coached the Passaic boat club of Newark, N. J., and the crew won the cup offered by the New York Herald in record time.

July 4 of that year he won the Boston city regatta, and made the record for three miles, 20m. 5s.

Following this he rowed races at Lake Quinsigamond, and also two days racing at Erie, Penn. He was beaten by the late William O'Connor at the latter place.

The next day Hanlan and O'Connor in doubles defeated Gaudaur and Hosmer. Teemer was to be Hosmer's partner for this race, but he was not in condition, so Gaudaur was telegraphed for and he came on without any training.

A double-scull match between these two crews followed, and was rowed at Charlotte, N. Y. Gaudaur got himself in good condition for this race, when Hosmer and his partner had no trouble in beating Hanlan and O'Connor.

There was considerable bickering going on after this race, and it resulted in a double-scull match for $2000 a side and the championship of the world. The race took place at Orillia, Can., Oct. 15. There was an immense crowd, and feeling ran high, as O'Connor and Hanlan were great favorites among the Canadians. Gaudaur and Hosmer won easily with eighth lengths in hand, and more if they were pushed.

With the racing over, Hosmer went to England with his brother-in-law, John Carr. Soon after arriving a match was made with George Bubear for the championship of England and $2000 a side, and also the Sportsman's challenge cup. Bubear won.

On Hosmer's return he was matched to row Jim Ten Eyck for the New England championship, but, owing to poor condition, he forfeited. Although he tried hard to regain his old form, he was forced to quit.

Hosmer when in his palmy days rowed at 155 pounds, and stood 5 feet 8½ inches.

He was champion walker of New England for several years at any distance up to 50 miles.

Men's $10 Suits, $5.98 at Steele's.

FIRE IN BOSTON

Congress Building In Post Office Square Damaged

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BOSTON, Aug. 23.—Fire in the basement of the five story granite block, known as the Congress building, in postoffice square, this morning, resulted in a loss of $30,000 to owners and occupants. The fire is thought to have started from a defective electric wire near the elevator shaft. The fire worked up the shaft to the three upper stories which were badly damaged by fire and water.

The first floor is occupied by the Metropolitan national bank. Its loss is slight and was caused by water.

On the second floor were the offices of the New York Life Insurance company and other offices. The three upper floors were occupied by Stone and Webber, electrical and mechanical engineers. Their loss will be heavy.

The building is owned by the heirs of the French estate and is damaged to the extent of $10,000. The loss to occupants will be about $20,000, all fully insured.

Men's $3 Worsted Pants, $1.98 at Steele's.

MOB KILLED MANY

In Akron, O. and Dynamited City Buildings

Fearful Result of an Attempt to Lynch a Negro for Assault on a Girl—City Records Lost

By Associated Press to The Sun.

AKRON, Ohio, Aug. 23.—A determined effort was made last night to lynch Louis Peck, a negro, accused of an attempt to assault the 6 year old daughter of Theodore Maas and as a result a number of people have already been killed and injured. So far as known the dead and injured are: Glen Wade, aged 10, shot through the heart; John M. Davidson's four year old child, shot dead in a baby cab. Fred V. Orwick, aged 25 years, is badly wounded with buckshot and is now dying at the hospital. A man named Mull was shot in the head and also in one of his legs. Another man whose name could not be learned, but who is a driver for the American Express company was shot in the leg. It is also said that several police officers are wounded.

LIST OF THE CASUALTIES.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

AKRON, Ohio, Aug. 23.—Thousands of people came to this city today to see the ruins of the buildings destroyed by the mob last night. The city hall has been totally ruined by dynamite and fire. Company C, Eighth regiment, of Canton, has arrived and the fourth regiment from Columbus is momentarily expected. There has been no further rioting today.

Following is a revised list of the dead and wounded:

KILLED.

Glen Wade, aged 11 years, son of Lillian Wade, shot through the heart.

Rhoda Davidson, aged 4 yrs., daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Davidson, shot through the brain.

FATALLY WOUNDED.

Fred Vorwek, buckshot wound in abdomen.

INJURED.

W. H. Dussel, flesh wound in leg.
Park Strahr, flesh wound in leg.
John E. Washer, scalp wound from brick.
Arthur E. Sprague, teamster, scalp wound.
John Ahren, painter, flesh wound.
A. E. Chemloski, flesh wound, hand.
Albert Grant, flesh wound below knee.
Frank Sours, flesh wound in hand.
Fireman L. Marchester, flesh wound in cheek and neck.
Fireman W. H. Roepke, flesh wound in neck.
Foreman Miner Fritz, flesh wound in cheek.
Fireman David Phillips, flesh wound in cheek.
Fireman John Dehlous, flesh wound in leg.
Fireman A. Eberly, flesh wound in breast.
Policeman Alva G. Greenlesse, struck over the heart with a brick, serious.
Policeman John King, struck on knee with a brick.
Detective Edward Dunn, struck on the back with a brick.
Albert Stevens, shot in foot.

Chief of Police Harrison has left the city and his whereabouts is unknown. He is suffering from a severe nervous shock.

Officer A. G. Greenlesse has been appointed by Mayor Young as acting chief.

Mayor Young this morning issued a proclamation closing all saloons until further orders.

At 6 this morning everything was quiet about the ruins of the city building. In the destruction of the building the city has lost all the records of the city clerk, and also the records of the city engineer. City Engineer Payne said that the loss in his department will be fully a half million, while the total loss is enormous. The automobile patrol wagon has been run into the canal. It is feared more trouble is to follow as threats are being made against Mayor Young and Chief of Police Harrison.

$10,000 PRIZE

Went to Tom Lawson's Brave Boralma

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BOSTON, Aug. 23—Nearly 10,000 people saw that grand young racing machine, Boralma, win the blue ribbon event of the grand circuit, the Massachusetts $10,000 purse, at Readville yesterday afternoon.

The rich prize did not fall to the Lawson trotter easily, for it was clearly earned in a hard-fought contest by his magnificent courage and great speed.

It was not a long-drawn-out struggle, being over in straight heats, and it was far more pleasing to the crowd than was either the seven-heat races of the two previous years. There was no laying up of heats, no helping, every driver being out to get the best position possible in each heat. There was practically no scoring, no horse was punished and the time was fast. So, taken all through, it was without doubt the most satisfactory race ever seen in one of the big events.

The large crowd was well entertained aside from the main feature, for the balance of the racing was gilt edged.

Then The Abbot showed us home people a trotting mile, the like of which we have never seen before on a Boston track, 2.05 3-4. This was a very creditable performance, but he showed something more phenomenal a little later, when he came the last half of a 2.15 3-4 mile in 1.01 3-4, last quarter in 30¼ seconds, hitched to a matinee wagon.

Steele vacates Sept. 10, buy now.

PATIENTS IMPROVING

AT THE CONTAGIOUS HOSPITAL TODAY.

The small-pox patients at the contagious hospital are reported as doing well, and it is expected that either the last of this week or early next week the remaining patients will be discharged and the hospital closed.

If any new cases of small-pox occur in the district where the Dugey boys were exposed, the time for it to show will be in two or three days, for it will be fourteen days next Saturday since they were removed to the contagious hospital.

Boys' $1 Sweaters, 49c. at Steele's.

DEATHS

MURPHY—Mary Murphy, aged 2 days, died at the home of her parents, Arthur and Sadie, 229 Adams street yesterday.

LEBELLE—In this city yesterday at the home of parents, 31 Fulton street, occurred the death of Ulderic Lebelle, aged 1 month, 7 days.

DEERING—Edward L. Deering, aged 2 years and 7 months, died this morning at the Lowell hospital of diphtheria. He was the son of John and Catherine Deering. Funeral this afternoon. Interment in the Catholic cemetery in charge of Undertaker Savage.

McDONALD—William, the infant son of Angus and Mabel McDonald, died this morning at the home of the parents, 40 Willie street.

25c. Duck Belts, 16c. at Steele's.

Some People

Stand in their own light whan

the opportunity for self help is right at hand.

There's not another store in New England where you can dress yourself and your family so comfortably and let credit take the place of cash when you need your money; mind you, all the credit and terms exactly as you want them.

Down go the Prices—The Final Cut.

These prices hold good until the last summer garment is sold

All our Shirt Waists divided into 4 lots for quick selling, now at **19c, 23c, 48, and 69c.** Used to be 48c to $2.98.

STYLISH WEARING APPAREL for Men, Women and Children.

Men's $3.00 Shoes We Warrant Them.

Caesar Misch CASH OR CREDIT

78 Middlesex Street, Odd Fellows' Block,

A. STRAUSS, Manager.

PRES. STEYN

Reported Dead is Soon to Join Kruger

By Associated Press to The Sun.

LONDON, Aug. 23.—Lord Roberts reports to the war office under date of Pretoria, August 22, as follows:

"Buller's division marched to Van Wyck's Vlei, fifteen miles south of Belfast, yesterday. His casualties were twenty.

"Paget reports from Hamanskraal that Baden-Powell engaged Grobler's rear guard all day yesterday. Grobler was driven back east of Pienaars river. Baden-Powell occupied the railway station of that name. During the fight Baden-Powell's advance and that of the enemy galloped into each other, the Rhodesians losing Col. Spreckley and four men killed and seven wounded. Many of the Boers were killed or wounded. They were at Cyferkuil this morning. Plumer and Hickman were closely pursuing them.

"It seems certain that De Wet, finding it hopeless to make his way eastward, has recrossed the Magaliesberg, with a few wounded, with the intention of returning to the Orange River Colony. He is in a very different condition from that when he left Bethlehem with six or eight guns and 1200 men. His guns have mostly been buried and his personal following cannot be more than 300.

"It is stated that Steyn, with a small body-guard, has crossed Pienaars river on his way to join Kruger at Machadodorp.

"The Boers yesterday blew up a portion of the railway at Kroetze's Drift, five miles north of New Castle, and damaged the rails at a point thirty miles south of New Castle."

SIDEWALK BLOCKED.

The sidewalk on Merrimack street, at the entrance of the basement in Barristers' hall, was blocked for a number of hours today. A mammoth boiler is being set up in the basement of this building, and considerable difficulty was encountered getting it through the doorway.

$2 Bicycle Pants, 98c. at Steele's.

JOHNSON'S KIDNEY PILLS 25 PILLS 10 CENTS POSITIVELY GUARANTEED

THEY CURE!

NOT SIMPLY RELIEVE.

" * * * Oh, what a blessing your Kidney Pills have been to me. I could not straighten up for a year, and walking nearly killed me. Now I could run a foot-race, and when I see a man humping along, I tell him to get a box of Johnson's Kidney Pills and get well." J. L. JONES. VEST POCKET SIZE. Canton, Ohio.

25 PILLS 10 CENTS.

Superior to any high-priced remedy. By mail, on receipt of five 2-cent stamps.

Omega Oil

Oh, dear me, how much terrible suffering there is in this world! Nearly everybody has a pain or ache somewhere. Grandpa and grandma have got stiff joints and rheumatism. Father's back hurts him. Mother has a lame shoulder. Little Mary has sore throat, and Johnny hurt his leg playing with the Smith children. The cook has neuralgia, and the hired man sprained his ankle yesterday. And every one in the family has sore, tired, aching, itching, bad-smelling feet. I wish more people who suffer like this family would rub their sore spots with Omega Oil. Then their pains and aches would go away, and stay away.

Omega Oil is a liniment of a sparkling green color. It looks good, smells good, and does so much good that it is a blessing and a godsend. Every druggist sells it, or can get it for you if you tell him you must have it.

"Omega Oil is a god-sent blessing to all suffering humanity. I tried it on my mother who has laid paralyzed for over two years and could not move her limbs. I only rubbed her twice and it has taken all the swelling out of her limbs and she can move them and the soreness is all gone. I also rubbed some on my head for a pain there, and it left me. One of my neighbors had a wen on her wrist and I rubbed it once and it took it all away without any pain. My horse had a very sore back and we had tried all that we knew, but all did no good, but one application of Omega Oil has cured it."

Rev. W. W. WILLSON. Franktown, Va. 729

It's Time Wasted

And strength wasted, to try to push back the rising tide with a broom. It's just as great a waste of time and a far more serious waste of strength to try to push back the rising tide of disease with the "nervines," "compounds" and "nerve foods" which simply drug the nerves into a drunken stupor. They make you feel good? So does whisky, while the feeling lasts, but the reaction is dangerous and deadly. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery is a temperance medicine. It contains no alcohol, opium, cocaine or other narcotic. It strengthens the body by purifying the blood and increasing the supply of that vital fluid. It heals diseases of the stomach and organs of digestion and nutrition and thus removes the obstacles to a perfect nourishment of the whole body.

"Six years ago my stomach and heart troubled me so much I had to do something, as the doctors could not help me," writes Mrs. S. A. Knapp, of San Jose, California, Box 132. "I went to San Francisco and had treatment for catarrh of the stomach and was better for some time, then it came back. I then used Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and 'Pleasant Pellets.' These medicines cured my stomach. I do not have the pain and indigestion as I did. It is very hard for me to tell you what I suffered before I commenced taking your valuable medicine. I recommend it to all the sufferers whom I meet."

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets strengthen and stimulate the liver.

—CANDY—

ESCULETTS

CURE PILES

and all rectal disorders, or money refunded. Pleasant. No Physic. A radical cure, **50c** at

Goodale's Drug Store, Joseph W. Lilch, Albert L. Field, A. F. Story & Co., Carter & Sherburn, Geo. C. Osgood, M.D., O. L. Field, Falls & Berkinshaw, East Merrimack Drug Store, Harry L. Timmons, C. E. Carter, Harrison Lake.

ROOFING AND CONCRETING.

Now is the time to stop the leaks in your roof. Estimates on roofing and concreting cheerfully furnished. All work guaranteed. Telephone 205-4.

JAMES WALSH, 126 Highland Ave Lowell.

.. FOR ..

Preserving Time

MASON JARS

Pints, 49c doz.
Quarts, 59c doz.
Half Gal., 73c doz.
Jelly Tumblers, 29c doz.
Lightning Jars, Stone Jars and all kinds of Preserving Kettles at bottom prices.

O'BRIEN BROS.

Tea Dealers,

FISKE BUILDING.

227 Central St. Tel. Con.

NOTICE!

We will mark down all meats at 6.30 every evening at half prices.

Vegetables
Fresh every day from Sunnyside farm. Potatoes are on the drop.

Choice Poultry
Fowls .... 12c.
Chickens .... 18c.

We receive Creamery Butter every Tuesday, 5, 10, 20, 30, 50 and 60 lb. tubs.

Beef on the Drop
Ribs cut .... 10c.
Good roast .... 7c. and 8c.

Smoked Goods
Best Hams .... 11½c.
Smoked Shoulders .... 8c.
Bacon .... 12c.

Canned Goods
Corn Beef .... 4c to 8c.
Beef Tongue .... 15c.
Salt Pork .... 8c.
Salt Ribs .... 7½c.

Don't forget our large grocery department.

BANNER MARKET

Grocery and Butter House, 68 to 74 Prescott St.

OPEN EVENINGS .... Tel. 29-3.

IF YOU LOOK IN OUR WINDOWS

You will find that we keep the best **Stock of Jewelry** in the city of Lowell.

Our Prices will suit you.

J. A. LEGAULT & CO.,

Reliable Jewelers,

70 Central St., cor. Prescott.

Peter J. Brady,

GROCER,

NEW STORE.

Cor. Gorham and South Highland Sts.

Choice Teas, Coffees and Spices

Try our new brands of Flour, the best in the city, "The King Arthur," "Crown of Gold," and "Banquet."

SYRUP OF FIGS

Acts Pleasantly and Promptly.

Cleanses the System Gently and Effectually when bilious or costive.

Presents in the most acceptable form the laxative principles of plants known to act most beneficially.

TO GET ITS BENEFICIAL EFFECTS

BUY THE GENUINE — MANF'D. BY

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL. LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N.Y.

For sale by druggists—price 50¢ per bottle.

Nicholas G. Norcross

... INSURANCE ...

53 Central St., Lowell.

JOHN W. McEVOY

Counsellor-at-Law

And Public Administrator.

137 Central Street. Tel. 639-4

NO MAN

gets along in this world by staying in a rut. You must move or be pushed. Have some spunk and wear the most stylish, best fitting, best wearing shoes—"Centenial" $3. Lowell made. For sale only by

GEO. E. MONGEAU

452 Merrimack St.

If You Find Anything advertise in The Sun and the owner will reward you.

BUILDING SITES

—ON THE—

EMERY LAND

New plot of land on the east side of Moody street now ready. There are some very choice lots in this plot of land, first come, first choice. Places, prices and terms at the office.

Low Prices. Easy Terms. Warranty Deeds.

Office open forenoons and evenings. On the land every afternoon. A. J. Ryan, Agent, 3 Hildreth building.

W. A. LEW. 49 John St.

CLOTHING CLEANED DYED AND PRESSED

LAKEVIEW PARK

Lowell's Popular

Summer Day Resort.

Bowling, Fishing, Boating, Swings, Carousal, Concerts, Fireworks, Aquatic Sports.

Rare Collection of Birds and Beasts from all Climes.

The D. L. Page Company will have entire charge of the Dining Pavilion.

Special Attention to Dinner and Picnic Parties. Dance Music by Hibbard's Orchestra.

Lakeview Theatre

One Week Commencing Mon., Aug. 20

THE

ELITE VAUDEVILLE

STARS

GEORGE AND NETTIE GORMAN, Character Sketch Artists, Coon Shouters, and Novelty Dancers.
BILLY CARTER, Banjo Comedian, Story Teller and Humorist.
DELMORE & WILSON, In an up-to-date Novelty Act.
CALLISTA DELMER, American Greatest Lady Trick Cyclist.
AND OTHERS.
Two Performances Daily. Afternoon and Evening.

If You Have a Tenement To Let advertise in The Sun and you will have your choice of tenants.

TEETH

If you think of having a new set made, see Dr. Simmons.

He has been making teeth in Lowell for 17 years. Don't waste money on cheap work, the price for the best artificial teeth is very low. Call at Lowell Dental Rooms, 219 Central street.

TAYLOR ROOFING CO.

Now is the time when patrons can get a low figure. Be sure and get their prices on your job. Gravel roofing done in the best possible manner. All work warranted. Taylor Roofing Co., 140 Humphrey street. Telephone.

BAD ACCIDENT

Engineer of Montreal Flyer Fatally Injured

By Associated Press to The Sun.

FITCHBURG, Mass., Aug. 23—The Montreal flyer on the Fitchburg division of the Boston &Maine railroad, leaving Boston at 11 a. m., and Fitchburg at 12.35 p. m., ran into three cars of a working train between the state line and Fitz William, N. H., at 1.29 yesterday afternoon.

The engine of the flyer was derailed, the engineer, Frank Hughes of this city, was fatally injured, while the passengers were more or less shaken up and the track was blocked for five hours.

Fireman Judd of the flyer jumped and escaped with a few bruises, and as there was no one on the working cars only these two men were injured.

The three working cars were apparently running wild, when they met the train rounding a curve. It is known that a gang of men were at work further up the line, and the supposition is that the three cars broke away unnoticed.

DEMAND REFUSED

Agent's Reply to the Print Workers' Communication

UNDER CONSIDERATION BY TEXTILE COUNCIL

State Inspector Getting After Unlicensed Firemen

The agents of the Hamilton, Merrimack and Bleachery manufacturing companies were a short time ago sent a petition asking that the wages of the print cloth workers be increased.

The reply to this communication was awaited with some anxiety by the members of the Print Cloth Workers' Union and at the meeting of the Textile Council last evening, a communication from these agents was received. In this communication the request of the print workers was absolutely refused.

What the final action of the council will be in regard to the matter is not known, but it is already decided that the extra night work that the men were in the habit of doing occasionally for the accommodation of the company will cease.

The union feels that it has been unfairly treated. The members claim to have every reason for asking this increase in wages, and see no reason why it can not be accorded to them. It is not probable that any extreme measures will be adopted, but what the course of action will be is not certain yet.

It is a matter that needs careful deliberation, and the Textile Council, which has full control of the matter, will consider the matter very carefully and from all points of view before they take any final action on the matter.

BLOCK PAVERS AND RAMMERS.

There was a regular meeting of the recently organized Block Pavers and Rammers union in Building Laborers' hall last evening. Four new members were initiated. It was decided to leave the membership list open until next Sunday forenoon at 10 o'clock.

STATIONARY FIREMEN.

The Stationary Fireman held a meeting last evening. Three candidates were initiated, and there were four propositions for membership received. Matters in connection with the Labor Day celebration received a large share of the evening's attention. The brotherhood is very enthusiastic about the celebration, and it seems to be an understood thing that they are going to make a bigger turnout this year than ever before. They will turn out every available man in the parade.

Tomorrow morning the state inspector for this district, Mr. McNeil, will be in town inspecting the buildings. Inspector McNeil will be at the Central building at nine o'clock and will then make a tour of the various buildings and see that all the firemen have licenses.

BRICKLAYERS' UNION.

There was a special meeting of the Bricklayers in their hall on Middle street last evening. The meeting was called to take action on the matter of turning out in the Labor Day parade. It is expected that they will make one of the best showings of any of the local unions. A committee consisting of Messrs. Spellman, George, Ray and Fosier were appointed to take charge of the celebration. Mr. Fosier will act as chairman of this committee.

The men in the union report that the business is good and that there are very prosperous times ahead for the bricklayers. The union is in a flourishing condition.

MATRIMONIAL

McPHETRES—FERGUSON.

At the home of the bride's mother, Mrs. Elenor F. Ferguson, 55 School street, yesterday, in presence of only the immediate friends and relatives of the young people, Mr. Samuel Albert McPhetres and Miss Blanche Margaret Ferguson were made man and wife. Rev. Charles L. Merriam of the Highland Congregational church solemnizing the nuptial rites. The bride was given away by her brother, Mr. Horatio D. Ferguson. Mr. McPhetres is a popular clerk in the office of the purchasing agent at the city hall. Mrs. McPhetres (nee Ferguson), was stenographer for Charles E. Adams, the Middlesex street hardware dealer. Mr. and Mrs. McPhetres will enjoy their honeymoon at Chatham, Mass., and will be at home to friends at 505 School street about November 1. The happy couple were the recipients of many costly wedding gifts.

DEAN—MOSES.

At noon, yesterday, Mr. Joel Dean and Miss Sarah Moses, both of Plain Beach, Florida, were married at the residence of Dr. S. L. Ward in Fletcher street, this city. Rev. George M. Ward, D.D., performed the ceremony. Miss Moses has many friends in Lowell, and is a fellow student with Mr. Dean at Rollins college, of which Dr. Ward is president.

SWAN—ELLIS.

At the residence of Mr. and Mrs. George Swan, 65 Lovett street, Beverly, Tuesday evening, their daughter Olive Wallis, well known in Lowell, became the wife of Mr. Merton E. Ellis of the same city. The ceremony was performed in the parlor, under an arch of golden rod and laurel, by the Rev. Edward M. Barney, in the presence of relatives and friends of the couple. The bridemaid was Miss Amy O. Swan of Lowell, and the best man Isaac J. Calderwood of Allston. A reception was held after the ceremony.

OUR BOULEVARD

At Present in a Wretched Condition

NOT FIT FOR CARRIAGES OR BICYCLES

It is a Disgrace to the City

The Pawtucket boulevard is in wretched condition and is a disgrace to the city as a public driveway. The old boulevard is worse than any of the country roads in this vicinity and no pleasure can be derived by driving or riding over it at the present time. All that one meets is sand, dust, stones and ruts.

The boulevard of a city is supposed to be one of its best drives, and if the roads were in any kind of decent condition one could gain much enjoyment and breathe the exhilirating air along this public resort. The scenery is delightful along the boulevard, the Merrimack river on the left, while on the right are beautiful wooded lands and spacious green pastures.

At one time a person could enjoy a carriage ride or a trip on a bicycle along the boulevard; now everybody steers clear of the place on account of its condition. It is fit for nothing but heavy wagons to travel over, and without doubt the latter is the cause of the present condition of the road. The roadway is full of ruts and loose stones. The northerly road of the old boulevard looks as if a plough had been run over it preparatory to planting some kind of seed there. On this side a bicycle can not pass through and it is almost impossible for a pleasure carriage to pass over the obstructions.

The other road is in a little better condition but it is also in great need of repairs. Carriages have worn a rut on one side of it which is daily growing deeper. One side of this road is fairly good for wheeling, but the cyclists have to dodge the gullies or they are apt to get thrown. Then the path is so strewn with stones that it keeps riders continually dodging from one side to the other to get a clear path.

There is much kicking from cyclists who come down this road on the left hand side. Some people say they should keep to their right, but such a thing is almost impossible on this road and rides run the risk of a collision in preference to navigating their way through gullies and hillocks on the other side of the road.

If the loose stones were raked off and some of the top dirt removed it might pass for some kind of a second rate thoroughfare, but as it is now it is in the same class as some of the streets of Little Canada. It is doubtful if a sprinkling cart ever finds its way along the boulevard or it would not be quite so dusty.

Compare the local boulevard to those in and around Boston. Around the Hub the parkways are perfectly hard and smooth and there are no stones or dust to be found. The sprinkling carts are working continuously and they do not flood the roadbed with water. Then again no ruts are ever seen. Why could not this city have one thoroughfare in good condition?

We had a Good Roads League in this city once which was going to look after the thoroughfares in and around the city, but it must have got lost like the Citizen's bicycle path to Silver Lake, for it never amounted to anything.

The new boulevard which starts at the end of the old boulevard and extends to Tyngsboro bridge is in fairly good condition, but there are places where stones have been torn up, and other spots where the top covering has been worn off. It will soon be a rival of the old boulevard, and then people who own pleasure carriages and bicycles can let them stay in the stable to rest worn out.

CHELMSFORD CENTRE

A small colony from this village went to Salem Willows this week for a brief sojourn. It consists of Miss Mary E. Richardson, Miss Celia A. Richardson, Mrs. S. W. Parkhurst, Mrs. Emily E. Reed, Mr. and Mrs. Howard S. Adams and son, and Master Paul Davis. The company will be reinforced on Sunday by Harold and Leslie Davis.

Comrade Francis Hutchinson will not attend the national encampment at Chicago as he intended, as his business will require his attention at that time.

Prof. Emerson returns to Hanover Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles E. Bartlett have taken a week's outing at Lo Spa store.

Rev. E. C. Bartlett occupied his desk Sunday, after a fortnight's absence in Nova Scotia.

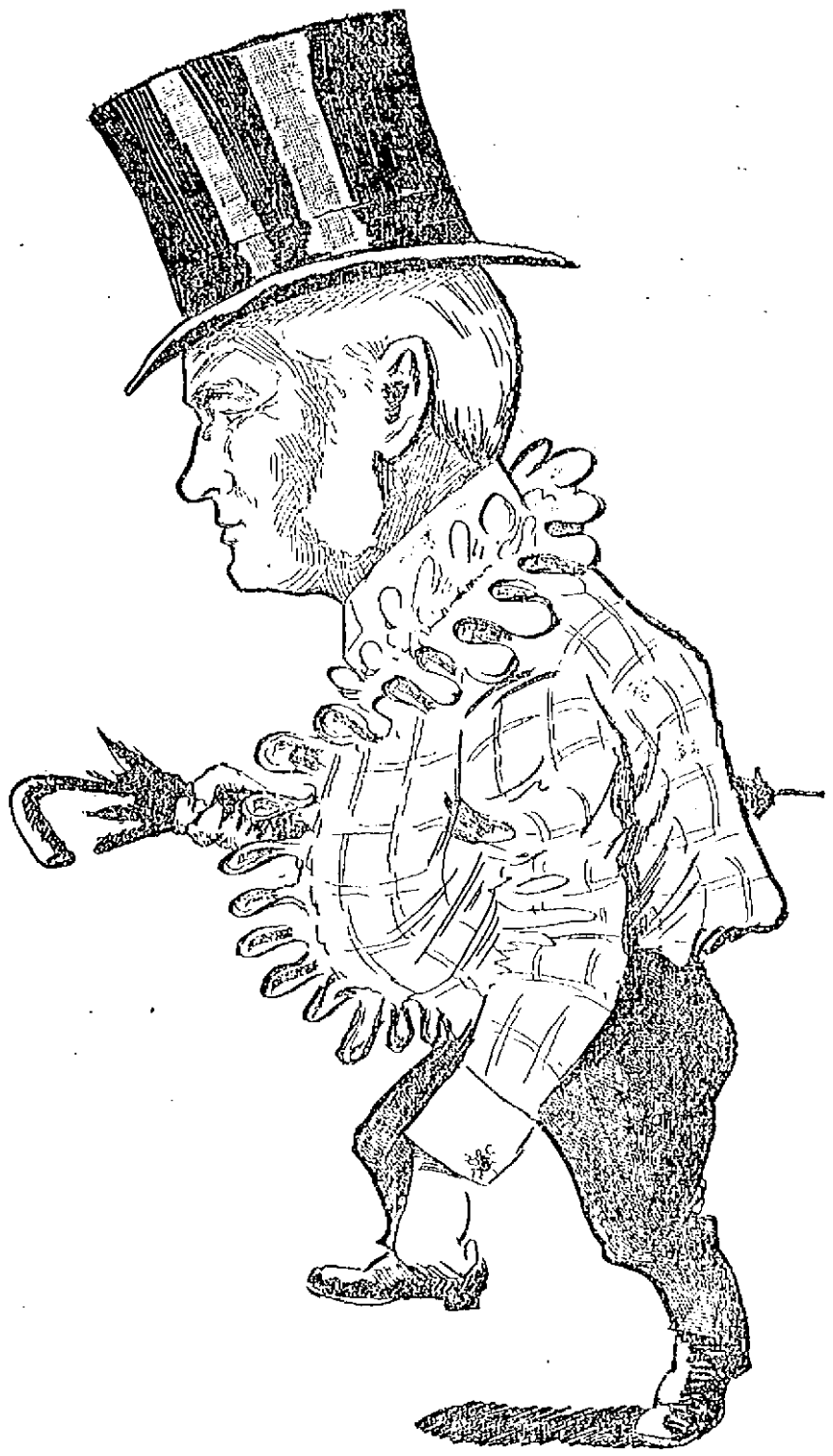
Sunday services at the Unitarian church will be resumed Sept. 2.

REPAIRING OLD COURT HOUSE.

A gang of workmen are busy making repairs at the old part of the court house on Gorham street. The ceiling of the old court room has been retinted and when it is thoroughly cleaned up will be a standing rival of the new one for coziness, and is much superior in acoustic properties. The old probate court room and the one formerly used for the district attorney's office has been retinted and renovated, and the corridors of the old court house have also been touched up.

RECOVERING FROM DIPTHERIA.

Conductor W. J. Hill of the Lowell & Suburban street railroad company, is slowly recovering from a severe case of diphtheria.



WILLIAM WALDORF JACKSON, WHO TAKES THE LEAD IN DONING THE MALE SHIRT WAIST.

MALE SHIRT WAIST

Proposed Dress Reform Discussed by Leading Citizens

From Mayor Crowley to His Prospective Successor Wm. Waldorf Jackson—A Clergyman Says He Would Wear One

This is a question which has been agitated for some time, a question now prominently before the public.

Men poor lords of creation How they do sweat these hot days with their heavy coats over their shirts.

Women—how cool they look in their light, pretty airy shirt waists, with colors so varied that every tint of complexion can be suited.

Is it any wonder that the men look enviously at the women's shirt waist and covet it? Is it any wonder that a few more dating than the multitude have donned the comfortable garment?

For years women have been slowly donning articles of men's apparel; they freely wear his four-in-hand, his coat and his hat; in fact they wear whatever they please. Naturally man feels a touch of resentment and when he sees an article of woman's dress which is more comfortable than his own he feels that, on the law of retaliation, he has a perfect right to take possession of it if he chooses.

Therefore, I say, if the men want to wear the shirt waist, give them the privilege. I wonder if they want to. I will ask a few of them.

SOLON W. STEVENS, Esq.

Solon W. Stevens is a man of dignity and holds a position of honor as one of our leading lawyers. I will ask him how he feels about it.

Mr. Stevens, what do you think of the shirt waist for a man? Would you like to wear one?

"Do you mean would I substitute my shirt for a shirt waist, such as women wear?"

"Yes."

"No-o-oo" said Mr. Stevens in horror stricken tones. "I'll stick to my shirt a while longer. I think a gentleman should be dressed (a lady too for that matter) in a dignified manner. A shirt waist for a man would never do. A woman's dress is so made that the graceful draperies of the skirt make a shirt waist attractive. A man would look this unless he put on skirts, and personally I am not in favor of changing my trousers for a skirt."

Then you would not wear a shirt waist under any circumstances?

"No; why yes, if they were so common that I could not get a shirt, I suppose I would have to, for much as I should dislike to wear a woman's shirt waist, it would be preferable to nothing."

Rev. J. F. ALLEN.

Not long ago in one of our large cities a clergyman preached a sermon in his shirt sleeves. As I was thinking of this incident the thought occurred to me that perhaps the clergymen of our city might have an interest in the shirt waist subject. Accordingly I called to interview Rev. J. F. Allen of the Worthen Street Methodist church on the subject.

"Well," said Mr. Allen, "I have no objection to any man wearing a shirt waist if he wants to. There is nothing wicked about it. It might prove a blessing. Men's clothing is rather monotonous, and the various colors would be interesting to him; then the custom would give employment to a great number of clerks, and photographers and laundrymen. It is only fair that the men wear some garment designed for the women to pay them for taking possession of men's clothing."

"Would you wear the shirt waist, Mr. Allen?" I asked.

"Not at first, for I don't like to attract attention, or wear anything that makes me conscious. If, however, everyone gets to wearing them, why then of course I should be obliged to put one on in order not to be conspicuous."

"Some one has suggested a difficulty at the belt line," I said. "How would you dispose of that?"

"O, I don't worry any on that line," said Mr. Allen, "the inventive genius of the women will settle that difficulty, I am sure."

Dr. IRISH.

Doubtless the change from heavy shirts to light shirt waists would be injurious to delicate men; on this point of the subject I interviewed Dr. J. C. Irish. He said that he not given much thought to the question but that he thought a man ought to stand it if a woman could.

Mr. WOODSIDE.

William B. Woodside, the well-known photographer, said: "A man who would wear a lady's shirt waist is not a man but a dude so soft that one could run a string through him. Possibly some of the idle class will wear them, but the laboring class, for you see when the laborer puts on a shirt waist the dude takes it off, and I hope the laboring classes will put them on if the dudes begin it in earnest. I wear a shirt waist? I guess not; I'll hang to my shirt and trousers, they are comfortable enough for me."

WM. WALDORF JACKSON, Jr.

Mayor Crowley, when interviewed, said he had not given a single thought to the subject, but William Waldorf Jackson, our next mayor, had given it serious consideration. He said: "This is a most weighty subject though dealing with light material. I most cordially favor the shirt waist myself, so does my bride to be; in fact she urges me to wear them assuring me if I set the example others will follow. When I am mayor I shall recommend them to all my subordinates, and shall insist on their adoption. Women little realize the agony of the perspiration of a man's heavy coat; if they did they would not begrudge us the light blessing of the shirt waist. Look at my present attire, heavy coat, heavy vest, heavy shirt, heavy trousers, heavy shoes, heavy umbrella, all the accessories of a heavy statesman. You know a man who expects to be president after 1904 cannot afford to be out of style."

THE CREASE

WHERE THE LOWELL CRICKET TEAMS PLAY SATURDAY.

The Mohair Plush team will play the Lynn Wanderers at Lynnhurst Saturday afternoon. The following is the makeup of the Mohairs: D. Hird, captain; T. Southam, M. Greenwood, I. Moss, J. Parkinson, G. Greig, M. Melklejohn, H. Melklejohn, T. Stirks, E. Southam, R. Firth. Reserves, A. Hindle and Fielding.

Buntings vs Merrimacks on the former's grounds at Wigginville next Saturday. Game called at 2.45. The following is the Bunting team:

Rowley, captain; Patrick, Burns, Barker, Houghton, W. Senior, Ellison, Simpson, Ogden, Bailey; reserves, McCormick; scorer, Thomas Robinson.

Buntings 2nd vs. North Billerica, at Billerica next Saturday. Car leaves the square at 1.45. Buntings: A. Brown, Jewett, Whittaker, Gorman, Carpenter, G. Bailey, J. Farrar, H. Davis, A. Senior, H. Wills, P. Smith, S. Burtt, Cudworth, Haigh and Barnes.

A CATCH BET.

Editor Sun: A bets that Bill will win the bicycle race.

B bets that he will not.

The race was declared a tie. Should the bets be declared off?

(No. B wins. It is a catch bet that frequently occurs. Ed.)

The best and surest cure known for Indigestion and SICK HEADACHE and for Constipation, all Liver and Bowel Complaints, is

Parsons' Pills

ONE PILL IS A DOSE

They make new, rich blood, prevent and correct Eruptions and Blemishes. Enclosed in glass vials. Postpaid—25 cents a bottle; $1.00 for six.

L. S. JOHNSON & COMPANY, Boston, Mass.

CAPTAIN HENRY J. REILLY, U. S. A.

Hero of Many Artillery Engagements, Killed in the Attack Upon the Walls of Pekin.

Captain Reilly's Battery F of the Third Artillery has gained much fame under his brave commander, who has fallen in its latest piece of service. At El Caney and Santiago the battery was in the foremost of the fray, and received commendation from General Lawton, General Chaffee, and Lieutenant-General Miles.

One of the most splendid incidents of the Cuban campaign was the forced march of Captain Reilly with his men to the relief of the Rough Riders at San Juan. At El Caney he declared he would die a soldier, even if he was the only American soldier left on earth.

On the return of the battery after its arduous work in Cuba to Montauk Point Captain Reilly refused to retire as major by brevet. "Ever a fighter," he welcomed the order for fresh service in the Philippines. His battery was engaged in five battles on the Isle of Luzon, and was speedily selected for service in China, where it has won fresh laurels.

Captain Reilly was born in Ireland sixty-two years ago. His wife, two daughters and a son reside on the outskirts of Chicago. His war record dates from 1862, when he enlisted as a private, winning his lieutenancy for bravery on the field.

TREASON BILL

Passed to Second Reading Without Division

FIRST DEBATE WAS VERY BITTER

Future Status of Rebellious Subjects Fixed

By Associated Press to The Sun.

CAPE TOWN, Aug. 23—In the house of assembly yesterday the treason bill was sent to a second reading without a division.

On July 26 last the ministry of Sir John Gordon Sprigg introduced in the Cape House of assembly the indemnity and special tribunals or treason bill. Its second reading was moved August 1 by Mr. Rose-Innes, attorney general. During the debate on this motion, which was very bitter and to which the house devoted five sittings, a number of speeches were made by leaders on both sides.

Broadly described the bill fixes the responsibility and future status of rebellious subjects of Queen Victoria in the colony of the Cape of Good Hope, although the question of compensation is left to another session and the crux of the debate was the question whether indemnity should include amnesty.

COMMUNICATIONS

Editor Sun:—I would like through your paper to call the attention of the street committee to the wretched condition of Main street from 17th to Lincoln street. It is a thoroughfare that is constantly used in heavy trucking from the Eagle foundry, the Payton hosiery, the Harvard brewery and other industries in that locality. It certainly, to say the least, ought to be macadamized. In case of fire to any of the above mentioned industries or to residences in that vicinity, it would be "trying" not only to the fire horses, but it is doubtful whether a steamer or hook and ladder truck could be hauled through the deep sand without putting on an extra team. It is thoroughfares where heavy trucking is done that should receive the best attention of those in authority rather than the back streets of the Highlands or Quality Hill which manage to go through "O. K." because land owners have a "pull" with the "powers that be."

HEAVY TRUCKING.

SPILLER'S

GOLDEN BALSAM

Takes the lead as a preparation for the Relief and Cure of Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Bronchitis, Inflammation of the Throat and Lungs, Pleurisy, Pneumonia and Asthma. It is a certain and immediate relief in all cases of croup. In Whooping Cough it removes the distressing symptoms and relieves the painful breathing. It soothes the distressing cough of consumption. It is a beautifully clear preparation, pleasant to the taste and is perfectly safe to give to the most delicate child. Every bottle guaranteed. Money refunded to anyone who uses one bottle according to directions without obtaining satisfaction. Price 25 cents. For sale by Carter & Sherburne, H. R. Parker & Co., Lowell, Mass. Also for sale by all druggists.

CARPETS CLEANED

Also Upholstering and Furniture Repairing.

F. H. FISH,

21 Saratoga St. Tel. 847-4.

MONEY LOANED TO SALARIED PEOPLE AND RETAIL MERCHANTS, upon their own names, without security, easy payments. TOLMAN, room 33 Associate Building.

J. M. KINGSBURY, No. 373 Bridge St.

MEATS AND PROVISIONS.

If You Have a Place for Sale

advertise it in the Sun. It's the quickest way.

WON CONSOLATION PRIZE.

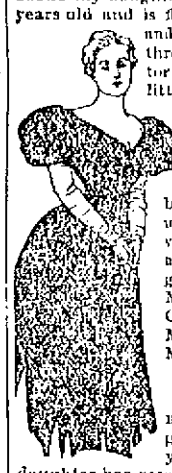
Herbert L. Bishop, who is stopping at the Concord house, York beach, won a consolation prize at a recent game of hearts in which a large delegation of the vacationists at that resort took part.

CALLED TO CANADA.

Rev. Brother McGurty, O. M. I., who has been visiting at the Oblate Fathers of the Immaculate Conception church, was suddenly called yesterday morning to the University of Ottawa by his superior to receive orders.

A MOTHER'S STORY.

Tells About Her Daughter's Illness and How She was Relieved—Two Letters to Mrs. Pinkham.



"MRS. PINKHAM:—I write to tell you about my daughter. She is nineteen years old and is flowing all the time, and has been for about three months. The doctor does her but very little good, if any. I thought I would try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, but I want your advice before beginning its use. I have become very much alarmed about her, as she is getting so weak."—MRS. MATILDA A. CAMP, Manchester Mill, Macon, Ga., May 21, 1899.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—It affords me great pleasure to tell you of the benefit my daughter has received from the use of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. After beginning the use of your medicine she began to mend rapidly and is now able to be at her work. Her menses are regular and almost painless. I feel very thankful to you and expect to always keep your Vegetable Compound in my house. It is the best medicine I ever knew. You have my permission to publish this letter if you wish, it may be the means of doing others good."—MRS. MATILDA A. CAMP, Manchester Mill, Macon, Ga., September 18, 1899.

LOWELL

Gas Light Company

THE KENWOOD AUTOMATIC WATER HEATER.

Will give you an unlimited supply of hot water, obtainable at any moment. By a simple turn of the faucet, the heater is set in operation and will almost instantly give you all the hot water needed. Turning off the water also automatically turns off the gas and your expense stops. THE KENWOOD requires no boiler, but may be used in connection with one, if so desired.

An inspection of the heater in operation, at our office, will make clear to you its many advantages.

We have in stock the latest Welsbach burners and mantles.

Price of gas with the discount off for prompt payment is

$1 PER THOUSAND FEET.

First-class Gas Ranges sold on the instalment plan. Coke broken, screened and delivered at $1.50 per chaldron, $1.25 half chaldron, cash. No charge made for the use of meters. No charge made for running supply pipes from street mains to consumer's cellar. Orders when left at office promptly attended to.

THE FINEST

BREAD, CAKE and PASTRY

to be found in the city, at

PETER WATSON'S Home Made Bakeries,

52 to 60 Charles St.,

46 Lawrence St.

Lawn Party, Picnic and Wedding Supplies a Specialty.

THE LOWELL SUN

Three Editions Daily.

JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Proprietor.

SUN BUILDING, LOWELL, MASS.

Member of the Associated Press.

$3.00 Per Year. 25c. Per Month

The Sun is the only paper in Lowell receiving the full day service of the Associated Press, the greatest news gathering organization in the world. The entire service is received over a leased wire by our own operator in our own office in the Sun building.

False .. Pretenses

Misrepresenting the circulation of a newspaper to advertisers is obtaining money under false pretenses. All newspapers have a certain value as advertising mediums, but the value is determined by the number of papers printed and sold.

The Sun prints and sells more papers than any two other newspapers in Lowell. It is the cheapest of all the local papers on the basis of circulation. You should look into this matter intelligently when making your appropriation for advertising in Lowell.

REPUBLICAN SPELL-BINDERS WANTED.

The republicans are at their wits end to find a spell-binder competent to answer Bryan's Indianapolis speech. Mark Hanna is flitting from place to place spreading alarm and appealing to the rank and file to wake up. In New Jersey the home of trusts, he begged of the republicans not to be over-confident, not to underrate the enemy to be met. He realizes the coming doom and is doing his part to avert it, but thus far he has been unable to procure a spell-binder competent to tackle Bryan's great speech on anti-imperialism. All the leaders affect to sneer at the speech because none of them can answer it. The most Roosevelt could do was to denounce it as cowardly and Hanna shoves it aside as Bryanism. Call it Bryanism if you will, and then compare it with Hannaism. What is the difference? Hannaism is the refinement of political corruption and debauchery. Bryanism is the sublime cause of patriotism, humanity and liberty. This is why the republicans have no man competent to answer the Indianapolis speech. To assail it is to assail the constitution of the United States, the Declaration of Independence and the great principles of patriotism for which the revolutionary fathers fought and died.

This great speech delivered at Indianapolis has spread consternation in the republican ranks and gone right to the hearts of the people. It has set at rest many questions that before were held in doubt and now the republicans are looking for a man to offset its effect.

In 1896 they had Hon. Bourke Cockran, but he is now fighting for Bryan and the republic.

In 1896 they had Hon. George S. Boutwell, but in this campaign he is leading the anti-imperialists for Bryan.

So with General McCutcheon of Michigan, David G. Haskins of Boston, Hon. M. C. C. Church of West Virginia, Judge J. A. Burnette of Kansas, a life long republican, Judge Sexton of Missouri, Dr. Leonard, consul under President Harrison and a host of others equally prominent in the affairs of the nation and all now out fighting for Bryan. No wonder Hanna is discouraged despite the liberal contributions of the trusts to save his man, McKinley. In every state in the union there is a stampede towards Bryan from the McKinley camp.

Senator Hoar would be drafted to answer Bryan had he not discredited himself by his anti-imperial utterances and his declaration that he will support the administration of the man whom he dubbed as a pinchbeck Napoleon.

Secretary Hay has been considered, but thought insufficient; Fairbanks of Indiana has been named, but he is too heavy to undertake such a task; Frye of Maine is not strong enough; Walcott of Colorado is favorably considered; but he is too superficial and too flippant to fill such an assignment. The same may be said of Davis of Minneapolis, Spooner of Wisconsin and Henry Cabot Lodge of Massachusetts. In fact none of these alleged statesmen want the task of answering Bryan, and none of them we surmise will formally attempt it. They will content themselves with side swipes here and there, now and again without any attempt at a general answer, and this for the very excellent reason that Bryan's arguments are unanswerable.

CANADIAN COLONIZATION FIZZLE.

A discussion in the Canadian house of commons called public attention to the failure of costly attempts to secure American immigrants for Canada. It appears the movement has been on foot for some time in the two Dakotas, Minnesota, Michigan and the New England states. As a result less than 500 immigrants have been secured, and these cost Canada $30 a head in official charges. A correspondent at Ottawa, in stating these facts, says: It is galling to Canada to see the stream of immigration pouring past us into the United States. We give free farms, we pay bonuses to agents in Europe and America to persuade people to come over and take the farms, and yet only a small percentage of the best immigration comes here. Of the small percentage that comes here a large proportion leaves us again for the United States.—Beverly Times.

That movement has been going on for years and it serves no other purpose than to prevent the total depopulation of the provinces. Still the government finds it a difficult and expensive matter to bring in one immigrant for every 500 emigrants that leave the country.

SIX COUNTS.

In his speech at Indianapolis, Mr. Bryan undoubtedly proved these six charges against the republican party: that it is—

Controlled by the money power.

With England in the war against the South African republics.

With imperial ambitions for conquest and a vast standing army.

Wholly unfriendly to the working classes.

Aristocratic in all principles.

In favor of the wealthy few as against the poverty stricken many.

These charges are unanswered and will remain unanswered on election day.

Rogers street was macadamized last fall. Recently that portion of it between Lawrence street and the bridge was torn up to put in a sewer. Now another part of it is being torn up by the Telephone company, which is putting its wires under ground. Yet we are told there is an ordinance providing that a newly laid street cannot be torn up for five years.

The American troops distinguished themselves at the capture of Pekin. Trained regulars of the American army will compare favorably with the soldiers of any other nation.

President McKinley will probably recall Minister Conger and draft him into the campaign to tell what a blessing it is to have a foothold in such countries as China and the Cannibal islands.

In these hot days when you read of the Tramps' convention at Chicago at which the slogan is: "Away with work," are you not led to think seriously of joining the order?

Who says base ball is dead in Lowell after such a lively game as was played on the South common Saturday?

Roosevelt, the rough rider, will soon be on a campaign in the west.

CRISP GOSSIP

It is a noteworthy fact that in the state of Utah there is not one Irish woman.

It is a heap easier to find a fault than to tell what to do with it after you have found it.

An old maid in West Tewksbury has bought a phonograph to entertain herself and the cat.

Some wives, like watches, have pretty faces, delicate hands, and are good to look upon—but somewhat difficult to regulate.

A woman is often told in her youth that she is an angel, and when she discovers the truth later on she can't get over it.

The pastor of a Baptist church in Emporia, Kan., the other afternoon, found three youngsters using the baptismal font as a swimming hole.

It is announced that the cause of Bright's disease has been discovered. The next thing to find ought to be its remedy—and probably it will be.

If you see your girl's brother mending his own clothes some time when you call, don't say anything but kind of look into the future.

Some Tewksbury girls think that all they will have to do after getting married is to drink soda and read the Ladies Home Journal.

A great many Lowell teachers and others interested in historical events visited Plymouth this summer, going on the commodious steamer John Endicott from Snow's Arch wharf in Boston. There is always a curiosity to see the historic landing place of the Pilgrims on the Mayflower and all the objects of historic interest in that vicinity.

The total amount of money coined by all of Queen Victoria's predecessors on the throne was $1,026,000,000. During the present reign the mint has turned out $2,250,000,000.

Some people one meets at street corners know so much that it is a surprise to think they are working for such small pay. A tip to Merrimack square curbstone ornaments.

A woman can never tell what kind of clothes a male book agent has on when he comes to the door, but you let the book agent be a woman and she can tell you what kind of a dress it is and what it was lined with.

When the Horton law goes into effect in New York the pugilists undoubtedly will be forced on to the stage to make a living. Thus does the public severely suffer because of pugilism.

"Incircumscriptibleness," meaning incapable of limitation, has been admitted into the newest dictionary. But that is very easy for us, now that we are on a strict Chinese diet.

Moscow has the largest hospital in Europe, with 7,250 beds. There are ninety-six physicians and 900 nurses, and about 15,000 patients are cared for annually.

Japan is now said to be trying to float a $10,000,000 loan in this country. We are rapidly becoming money lenders to the world. First Russia, then England, and now Japan.

From various seaside resorts comes the news of actors having wonderful escapes from drowning and of actresses who have lost their jewels or have been smashed up in automobiles. It is by signs such as these that we may feel assured that the dramatic season is at hand.

Kalamazoo, Mich., has a plague of grasshoppers, which swarm in the houses and stores, fill the electric globes and put out the lights, stop railroad trains and make life generally miserable and business impossible. These insects are said to be nearly three inches long and to sing like locusts.

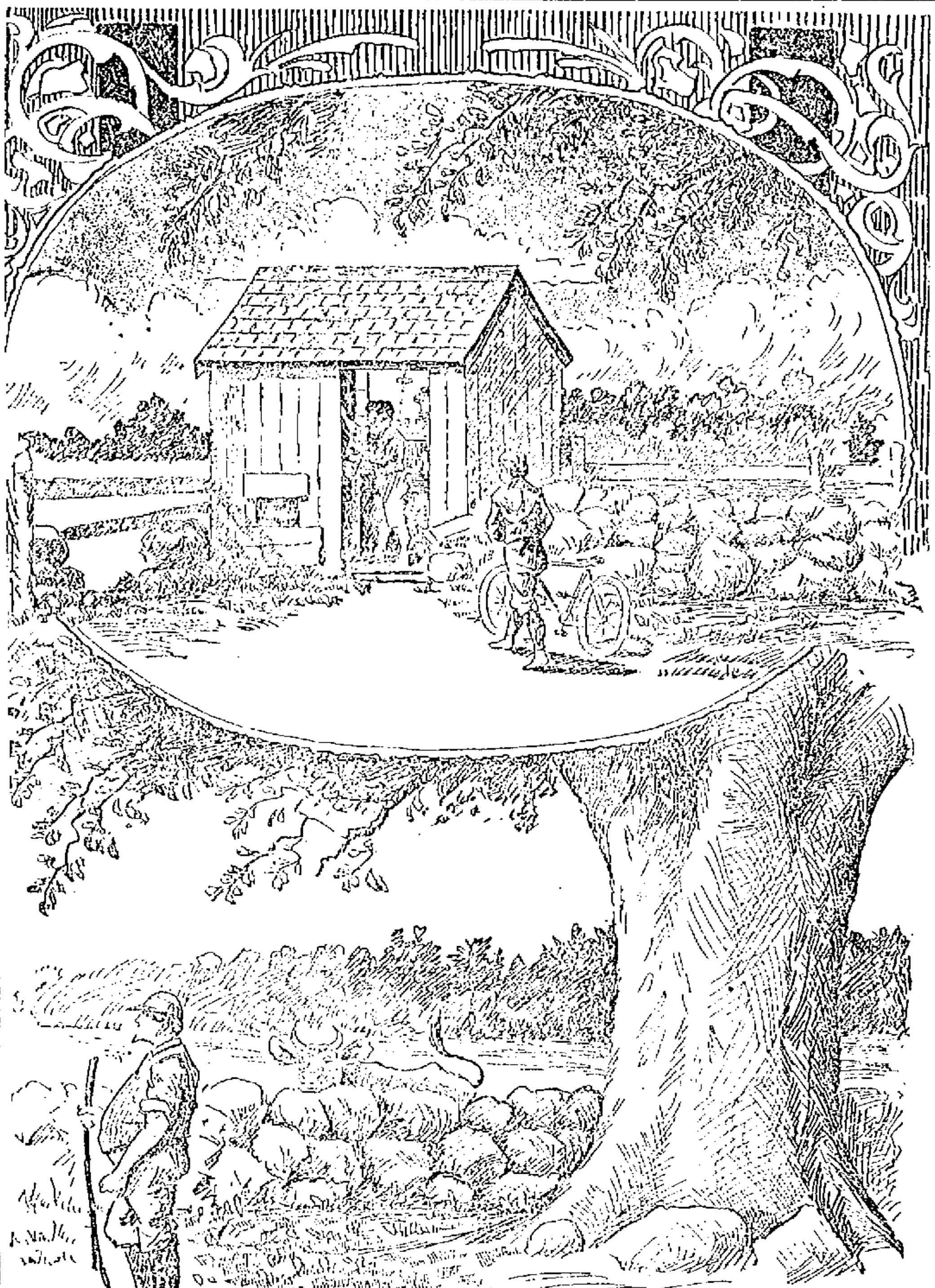
George Rosengrant of Wyoming county, Pa., sold his wife to Raymond Palmer for $16. Rosengrant is a small farmer and Palmer is a woodchopper. Mrs. Rosengrant refused to live longer with her husband. Palmer said he would take good care of her and Rosengrant said he would make no trouble if Palmer would pay him $16. The cash was produced and the bargain sealed. By the agreement Palmer is to educate Rosengrant's youngest child.

The shirt waist man is a failure. What availeth it that society is desperately struggling to make it a go, that men of wealth and a few of "culchaw" have endorsed it. It is sissified. It is unbecoming, it gets soiled so easily, it looks bad without frills and looks worse with them. Suspenders are tabooed, and man to be comfortable must wear suspenders. Then the saddest thing about the shirt waist is that it has no pockets. Where can he put his letters, his documents, his cigars, his pipe, his tobacco, pocket knife, handkerchiefs, tonic flask, his watch, keys, money? Shall he bulge all over with these indispensable articles crammed in his hip pocket, or in his bosom? Or shall he have to copy woman yet one step farther and carry a Boston bag? No, no, shirt waist man, you are only an incident, you have ceased to amuse, you annoy, and we wish you would go away and get on your coat like a sensible man ashamed that you should have paraded yourself before the public without it.

BILLERICA CENTRE

Sunday morning at 10.30 o'clock at the Baptist church, George W. Averell, superintendent of the children's health fund, will speak of the work among children. The organization takes children from homes of vice and crime in any city or town, prepares them for and locates them in Christian homes. A choir of rescued children will be present and sing. Public cordially invited.

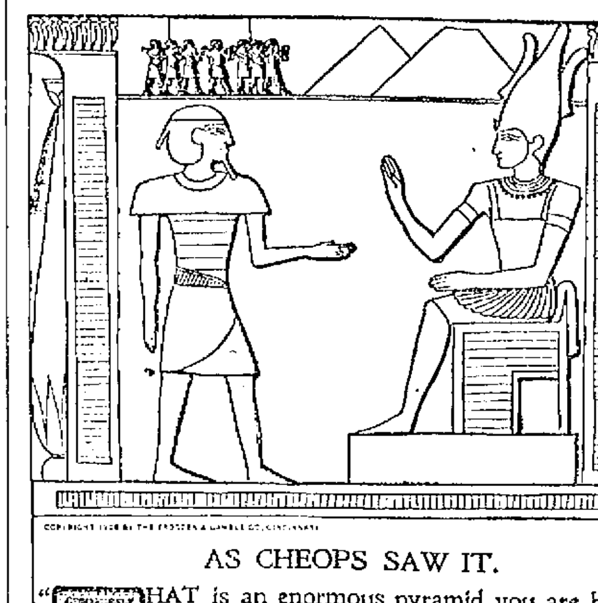
A large number of residents of this village will attend the band concert this evening in North Billerica, to be given by the Talbot mill band. It will be the seventh in the series with three more to be heard from before the "snow flies."



FARMER BRIDGES' WELL

How dear to my heart is the old well at Tewksbury,
Its cooling refreshment no language can tell,
For here is the home of our good farmer Bridges,
And his famous old bucket that hangs in the well.
The pasture land near and the stone wall so rustic,
The place and the scenes that all cyclers know well,
More welcome than all to the dry throated rider,
Is the old oaken bucket that hangs in the well.
The Old Oaken Bucket,
The Iron Bound Bucket,
That claims the caress of a million hot lips,
The Old Oaken Bucket,
The Iron Bound Bucket,
Your gift wins the praise of each rider that sips.

In the shade of the old elm tree so inviting,
Is rest for the weary while lingering here,
Enjoying the breeze as it whispers the praises,
Of the famous old well with its liquid so clear.
'Tis like an oasis so cool and reviving,
Then thanks for your treat, Farmer Bridges, farewell,
As your bounty is free, so our praise is unstinted,
We'll sound forth the cheer of your famous old well.
The Old Oaken Bucket,
The Iron Bound Bucket,
Its cooling refreshment no language can tell;
The Old Oaken Bucket,
On the old farm at Tewksbury,
The Iron Bound Bucket that hangs in the well.



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AS CHEOPS SAW IT.

"WHAT is an enormous pyramid you are building," said the visitor at Egypt's court; "but it seems a purposeless kind of structure. What is it for?" "When the top stone is laid," replied Cheops quietly, "you will see the point."

Isn't it strange some persons find it hard to believe all that is told of Ivory Soap? Don't you try to believe it; just try the soap. You will not then be without it for twice its cost. It will tell the story. You will see the point.

THE SOCIETIES

The Emulus Thompson Commandery Installed Officers

At the regular meeting of the Emulus Thompson Commandery, Golden Cross, last evening, the following officers were installed by Lady Emma Richardson, supreme secretary, vice noble commander, Etta Thompson; keeper of records, Walter H. Gilman; warden of inner gate, A. J. Howe. The first two were absent at the general installation and the last named has since been elected to fill a vacancy. Matters of interest pertaining to the good of the order were discussed, all of which proved beneficial and profitable to all present. Something for the good of the order is expected at the next meeting September 12.

EIRENE LODGE.

Eirene lodge of Good Templars held its usual Wednesday evening meeting last night at Pilgrim hall. It was announced that the coming district lodge session would meet at Montvale, near Woburn, Labor day. Delegates and alternates to the district lodge session were chosen. It was announced that the entertainment next week would be poets' night in charge of E. S. Varney, Miss Lois Savage and A. W. Trow. It was also announced that the coming picnic would be held at Long-Sought-For pond, Sept. 8, barges to leave Merrimack square at 7.30. The good of the order, in charge of Miss Gertrude Judd, comprised piano solo by Miss Mabel Howes; temperance reading, Miss Grace Sullivan; recitation, Miss Alice E. Kelly; reading, Miss Addie Hawes; reading, "The Wreck of the Hesperus," William Sullivan; piano duet, Percy Hands and Miss Gertrude Judd; remarks by several members. Nathaniel Houston and J. McGrath of Mt. Zion lodge had some good words to offer.

LOWELL LODGE, A. O. U. W.

Lowell lodge of the United Workmen held a regular meeting last evening in Odd Fellows' temple and initiated two candidates. Six propositions for membership were received. The lodge is planning to have a "bean contest" in September, and some of the discussion of the evening was on this subject. Some of the arrangements for this event were made at the meeting last evening.

SPINDLE CITY CIRCLE.

Two candidates were initiated at the meeting of Spindle City circle, C. of F., which was held in Foresters' hall last evening. The lodge was also the recipient of three propositions for membership. Other matters of routine business were disposed of and after the more formal part of the evening was over, there was a general social time.

CLAN GRANT.

Clan Grant held a regular meeting in Bay State hall last evening. The Clan is to hold a Hallowe'en party on the 31st of October and some of the arrangements for this event were made and discussed at the meeting of last evening. Other matters of routine business were talked of and disposed of.

MERRIMACK LODGE.

Nothing but routine business came up at the meeting of Merrimack lodge of Odd Fellows which was held last evening. The lodge will be more active as the season advances.

CENTRALVILLE LODGE.

Centralville lodge held a regular meeting last evening. No business of any importance was transacted. Nothing will be done by the lodge until September, when degree work will commence.

TEWKSBURY

Miss Fannie A. Davis of Sherborn has been appointed teacher of the Wigginville primary school, to succeed Miss Harriet Ferguson, resigned. Miss Davis has had several years of successful experience and has recently completed a special course at the Bridgewater normal school.

Mr. Arthur Fairgrieve expects to take a vacation in the near future. During his father's absence in Europe Mr. Fairgrieve has been filling the position as station agent and has performed the duties of that office very acceptably to the patrons of the road.

During the summer the grounds at the station of the Boston and Maine railroad already referred to at length in the Sun have been improved greatly through the efforts of Mr. Patrick Reagan, the flagman. When the judges pass this way, let us all hope that a testimonial in cash will fall to the lot of Mr. Reagan.

Special mention should be made of the excellent music furnished by the cornetist at last Sunday afternoon's out-door religious meeting. He will again appear at next Sunday afternoon's meeting.

Owing to the increased daily sales of The Sun in this village many persons have been unable to procure a copy of the paper unless sending into Lowell for the same. Order in advance at Fairgrieve's if you desire The Sun to shine in your homes.

MAMMOTH PLANERS.

The new building additions at the Fifield Tool Works have been completed and the machinery, consisting of two mammoth planers, of larger capacity, with reference to dimensions, than any in the country, have been installed therein, and are now in operation.

These two machines weigh about 50 tons, and rest upon granite foundations, ensuring the best possible grade of work procurable.

A SERIES OF MONEY SAVING SALES—NO. 3. WATCH THE NEXT.

YOU CAN BUY A....

BAMBOO PIAZZA SCREEN $1.75

10 FEET LONG AND 8 FEET HIGH FOR .....

AND A 6 x 8 FT. ONE FOR 90c

TODAY AT

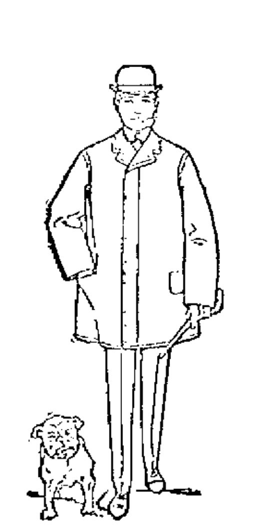
A. E. O'HEIR & CO., 14-16-18 Merrimack St.,

Near Electric Car Waiting Room.

The People's Favorite Furniture Store.

Putnam & Son,

166 Central Street.



WE'VE had an unusual demand for trousers this month,—not any one particular quality, but for all qualities, from the lowest to the highest. We expected it, for we made special prices all through this department.

FOR HARD WORK, we've two lots of substantial, well made, all wool trousers at **$1.19** and **98c.** These prices don't cover the cost of the cloth, to say nothing of the cost of cutting and making.

BETTER TROUSERS in fancy worsteds, just the same patterns as in higher cost cloths, well cut and made, **$1.98** and **$1.48.** Will do to wear with the old coat and vest until time for fall suit.

STILL BETTER TROUSERS, good enough for any wear, fine worsteds, made in our own shop and by Rogers, Peet & Co., at **$4.95** and **$3.48.** Just as good materials, just as well cut and made, as you'll get from a tailor for nearly double our prices.

FALL OVERCOATS are in good demand just now, the cool nights making them almost a necessity. We can cover you with a top coat or fall overcoat at **$3.95** and up to **$24.50.** Materials are Venetians, coverts and unfinished worsteds, the higher priced ones silk lined.

THE SUN EXTRA
6 O'CLOCK

A CORKING BLOW

Farrillo Lands Heavily on Polos' Eye

Little Child Badly Injured by Being Struck by a Stone—Other Cases Heard in Police Court Today

If Bob Fitzsimmons ever lands such a blow as Stephen Polos says Philip H. Farrillo landed on his (Polos') eyebrow, Tom Sharkey's finish will come quick tomorrow night.

Polos, who keeps a store on East Merrimack street, went before Judge Hadley this morning and exhibited the prettiest mourning eye you ever saw. Near the eyebrow was a bad cut which had been dressed by a physician.

"Farrillo did it all with one strike," said Polos in explaining the assault to Judge Hadley.

It seems that Polos is jealous of Farrillo. The latter has a store near Polos', who is a shoemaker by trade, and also kept confectionery. Farrillo is in the cigar business and he did so well that Polos thought he would try the tobacco business, so as he put it, he put in a few brands. Since then there has been trouble and the men looked hard at each other. Polos went to a wedding in Lawrence Sunday and in the door of his store in East Merrimack street he placed a sign which read "This store is closed today but I will come back tomorrow."

He did not come back till Monday afternoon and then with his wife and six children went to his store. Farrillo claims that Polos came back twice to his store, and each time gave a pretty good imitation of the cakewalk.

"I never did it," shouted Polos, "I'm no sport."

Then it is charged Polos made faces at Farrillo's wife, and to cap the climax he went and bought a half dozen eggs which eventually were broken on Farrillo's vest. It was then that Farrillo landed the famous blow and the appearance of Polos' eye is sufficient evidence that it is a corker.

The following first offenders were fined $2 each: James J. Murphy, Jeremiah Murray.

Nelson Ouimette who was continued yesterday on a charge of drunkenness was sent to jail for fifteen days.

George F. Dalle was sent to the state farm. He acknowledged being a vagrant and having no home or visible means of support.

He was sent to the reformatory August 22, 1899, on a charge of breaking and entering and has been out only a short time. Since his release, he has been sleeping in barns.

Thomas Duffy pleaded guilty to drunkenness. There are two men by that name on the police records, one of whom has been arrested twice and the other only once; so the police were puzzled to know whether the prisoner should be charged with a second or third offense of drunkenness. He was fined $6.

Mary Dwyer was charged with assault and battery on Alden Roy, a child of two years. The little one was in court with her mother and her nose was plastered up where she had received a bad cut from a stone alleged to have been thrown by the defendant. The parties live at 32 Rock street and the witnesses for the prosecution said that yesterday afternoon, a little girl who was present in court and testified, was sweeping in the yard and the Dwyer woman claimed she was sweeping the dirt into her yard. These witnesses said that the defendant took a tin can and threw it towards them. Then she threw two stones, the second of which had a sharp edge and hit the little child on the bridge of the nose.

The defendant denied having thrown the stones and said that the stones were thrown at her and that the parties had called her names.

The judge wanted to know the effect of the wound and postponed disposition of the case till this afternoon when he will hear Dr. Lavigne who dressed the wound.

Samuel Cohen, did not display the number of his license on his hat when he was collecting junk this morning so Officer Holland arrested him and he was fined $5.

Thomas E. Kelleher was charged with drunkenness and assault and battery on Officer Whitney. D. J. Donahue appeared for Kelleher, and waiving the reading of the complaint, he pleaded not guilty to both charges and a continuance was asked for. The alleged assault was committed on South street last night when Officer Whitney attempted to arrest the defendant for drunkenness. The case was put over until Saturday. Kelleher was held in $200 for assault and battery and $100 for drunkenness for trial on that day.

BIG CATCH MADE

By Lynn Police in Bidwell's Arrest

THIS IS AN ASSUMED NAME

But the Prisoner is a Professional Crook

By Associated Press to The Sun.

LYNN, Aug. 23.—In the opinion of the police of this city, the capture of Alfred G. Bidwell in this city Tuesday is a great deal more important than was at first supposed. Developments that have followed tend to emphasize the opinion which they originally formed of the prisoner that he is a skilful and crafty individual, whose operations have not been confined to Massachusetts or even New England.

Bidwell, as the prisoner calls himself, is not believed to be the man's right name. He has a great many aliases, and in every town or city that the prisoner went he is supposed to have assumed a different one. In this city he was known by four different titles. At one hotel where he registered on every occasion that he visited Lynn, so far as the police can discover, he signed himself as "Bruce," "Valentine," "Bidwell," and claimed his residence as New York city.

Today the police spent a great deal of time in inquiring into the prisoner's antecedents. The first "tip" came from Chief of Police Everett O. Hallett of Wakefield, who called at police headquarters last evening and took a look at the prisoner. One glance was enough for the chief. He recognized him immediately and the recognition seemed to be mutual. When the chief tried to get him to talk, but he remained as secretive as he did with the local officers.

One of the prisoner's characteristics is his gentlemanly and polished bearing. He has not lost his temper since he was locked up, though he has been subjected to some pretty hard tests in this respect. He is courteous and smiling all the time and has won the sobriquet of "gentleman burglar" with the officers at headquarters.

Chief Hatch had with him a letter, which Bidwell wrote to a New York firm, which deals in fine laces, table and piano covers and jewelry, which is deemed of the utmost importance, as showing how Bidwell conducted business. The letter directs this firm under date of July 28, to send a bill of goods, amounting in value $2500 to the American express company's office in Wakefield to "E. B. Mansell," it was to be sent C. O. D. The order called for the very finest fabrics and the very best jewelry. It was to be sent in a special kind of valise.

The goods arrived during the afternoon of Aug. 9. On the night the express office was broken into and the goods stolen. It was then that Bidwell disappeared from the city. Where he went to is not known but Aug. 6 he turned up in Portland, Me., and it is alleged opened some Oriental lace. From there he traveled until he reached Lynn, where it is claimed he disposed of $150 worth on Monday, securing a loan of $35. It is charged that the next night he broke into this loan office and recovered the lace, besides stealing a gold watch and $30 in money. Then he was arrested.

The police will continue their investigation in order that they may present enough evidence to hold him for the grand jury when his preliminary hearing takes place on Friday morning.

Boys' 75c. Knee Pants, 39c. at Steele's

PRES. McKINLEY

May Not Attend the G. A. R. Encampment

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 23.—Secretary to the president, Cortelyou, has just advised Mr. William H. Harper, executive director of the 34th national encampment of the G. A. R. that while the president had intended leaving Washington tomorrow, reaching Chicago Saturday afternoon to participate in the exercises of the encampment, the condition of public business here, of immediate importance, will delay his departure from Washington and may possibly prevent him from visiting Chicago at this time. If the president finds that he can leave here so as to be present at some of the exercises he will do so and Mr. Harper and others having them in charge will be promptly notified.

OFF TO BANGOR

THOMAS J. McDERMOTT AND HORSES LEFT THIS MORNING.

Thomas J. McDermott left this morning for Bangor, Me., where he has his two running horses, Hopeful and Cakewalk, entered at the fair to be held in that city. These two horses have shown up exceedingly well in practice this season and son expect to land a few of the purses offered. He was accompanied by Peter Flood and John McGuire, who expect to ride the horses on to victory. Mr. McDermott will also run his horses at several other places before returning.

HEIRESS TO $30,000,000

LITTLE GIRL BORN TO THE VANDERBILTS.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

CHICAGO, Aug. 23.—A special from Asheville, N. C., says:

"A girl baby has been born to Mr. George Vanderbilt in Biltmore house."

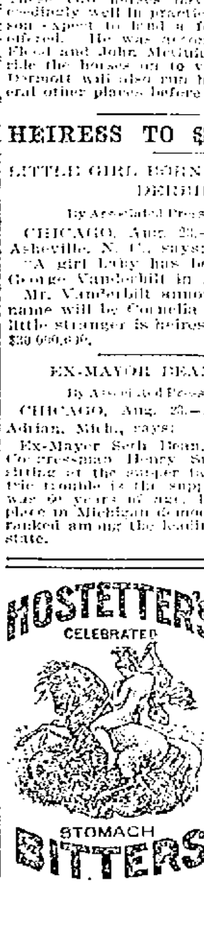
Mr. Vanderbilt announces that her name will be Cornelia Stuyvesant. The little stranger is heiress to a fortune of $30,000,000.

EX-MAYOR BEAN DEAD.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

CHICAGO, Aug. 23.—A special from Adrian, Mich., says:

Ex-Mayor Seth Bean, law partner of Congressman Henry Smith, died while sitting at the supper table. Acute gastric trouble is the supposed cause. He was 69 years of age, held a prominent place in Michigan democratic politics and ranked among the leading lawyers of the state.



No one need suffer from Indigestion or Dyspepsia.
The Bitters is a sure cure for these, as well as for Nervousness, Sleeplessness, Flatulency, or Malaria Fever and Ague.
All druggists sell it.

HORRIBLE FATE

A Lineman Burned in Network of Wires

By Associated Press to The Sun.

MANCHESTER, N. H., Aug. 23.—Ernest E. Lemay, a lineman employed by the Manchester Electric company, met with a horrible fate while at his work in East Manchester this morning. He climbed a pole at the corner of Massabesic and Spruce streets to adjust a guy and is supposed to have accidentally taken hold of a live wire. He endeavored to extricate himself and pull his hand away but could not, and toppled over upon four live wires, where his body burned for ten minutes, making a sight, as the flesh burned and sizzled, too horrible to describe. The body was not released until communication could be had with the power station and the power shut off. Lemay leaves a wife and five children. He was 25 years of age.

TO SHUT DOWN

Perkin's Machine Shop Will Close Temporarily

The doors of the S. F. Perkins machine shop, one of the largest of its kind in this city, will probably close within a month.

The cause of the shut-down is due to the recent death of Mr. S. F. Perkins, who was the sole owner of the works.

Mr. Perkins died in June and since that time the works have been kept in operation in order to finish the orders on hand. It will be necessary to close the works and sell them in order to settle the estate.

In conversation with a reporter, Mr. Charles M. Williams, the administrator of the estate, said that the works would entirely close and all work come to an end within a month. "We shall only run the shop long enough to finish what orders we have on hand now," said Mr. Williams, "and we will be able to do it all in about a month's time. We are taking in no more orders and we are trying to finish up what we have as soon as possible. It is probable though that we shall keep two or three men at work at the shop keeping it in repair and a watchman."

The Perkins Machine shop which is located on Fletcher street, is one of the largest in the city and has been one of the best known establishments of its kind in New England. When running on full time about 50 or 60 men are employed.

The establishment is an old one. Mr. S. F. Perkins was one of the pioneer machinists in the state and the work which he turned out was famed for its excellence. A specialty of the work was the making of machinists' tools.

The shop will probably pass into other hands and be continued in the same lines of business.

NOBLE DEAD

HE HAD SIX WIVES AND FORTY-SEVEN CHILDREN.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

CHICAGO, Aug. 23.—A special from Salt Lake City, Utah, says:

Joseph B. Noble, father of the first polygamous child born after that tenet was introduced into the Mormon church, was buried at Bountiful, Utah. The funeral services were attended by 30 of his children, eighty-four of his grandchildren. Mr. Noble has had six wives, forty-seven children, of whom thirty-three are living and 124 grand children. He was a Massachusetts shoe maker and was working in his shop in 1832 when he heard of a new preacher who had come to town disseminating the doctrines of a new faith. The preacher was Brigham Young, and it was not long before he had added the young shoemaker to his list of converts.

PERSONALS

Ralph C. Smith is among the recent hotel arrivals at Nantasket.

Rev. Sarah A. Dixon of Tyngsboro is the guest of relatives at Barnstable.

Miss Martha Doyle is registered at the Parkfield on the Kittery shore.

E. A. Coffin is among Lowell's pleasure seekers along the Kittery shore. His stopping place is the Champernowne.

Mrs. Freeman B. Shedd and Miss Shedd are stopping at the Albracca, York harbor.

Miss Minnie Cole of New York is on a visit to her relatives at 307 West Sixth street.

Mr. P. Lynch, the well known barber of this city attended the races at Readville yesterday afternoon.

The Misses Julia and Kathryn Sheehan of Lawrence were the guests yesterday of Mrs. William F. Courtney of Middlesex village.

Mr. Leonard Huntress, Miss Juliette and Leonard, Jr., are among the recent Lowell arrivals at the Colchester, Osterville.

The Misses Mary, Norah, Lilla and Annie Sullivan of High street have returned from a few weeks' vacation pleasantly spent at Crescent and Winthrop beaches.

Guests of former seasons who have returned to spend their vacation at the Iron Mountain House, Jackson, N. H., include A. H. Sweatt of this city and Miss Edith Sweatt of Lancaster.

Lowell arrivals at Sea cottage, York beach: William S. Hope, E. A. Smith, Harry A. Walker, Mr. and Mrs. George Bennett and child, P. L. Hardy, John W. Robinson, Miss Marguerite Lee, Tewksbury.

Miss May Hickey of Pleasant street will spend her vacation at Gardiner, Ashburnham and at Mt. Wachusett, Princeton, Mass. She will be accompanied on her sojourn by his cousin, Miss Rafferty, of Gardiner, well known in musical and social circles of that town, and who has also many friends in Lowell.

Mrs. James Kelly, Mrs. William Murphy, Miss Sprague, Miss Emma Kimball, Mrs. Fred Hunton and Misses Nellie, May and Margaret Moran, all of this city, have been stopping at Hotel Aldine, Old Orchard, and participating in the brilliant society events at that resort.

Miss Gertrude E. Lally and Miss Marguerite F. Lally of Waltham are enjoying a very pleasant sojourn in this city as the guests of their cousins, Mr. and Mrs. Alfred D. Ware of 612 Bridge street.

A number of Lowell people attended the wedding in St. Mary's church, Lawrence, yesterday afternoon of Mr. James F. Connor of the Sunday Register and Miss Mary A. Donahue of the Arlington district. Both are well known in Lowell.

SEN. CHANDLER

Accuses Republicans of Violating Platform Pledges

PLATFORM OF 1896 WAS REPUDIATED

When Gold Standard Bill Was Passed

By Associated Press to The Sun.

CONCORD, N. H., Aug. 23.—Senator Chandler has sent the following telegram to Congressman Grosvenor of Ohio:

Concord, N. H., Aug. 23, 1900.
Hon. C. H. Gresvenor, Portland, Me.

The Portland Express reports you as suggesting at Kittery that I ought to be succeeded by a sound money republican, and the Boston Herald says you repeatedly spoke of me as a free silver republican. Your qualifying remarks to City Clerk Moore of Portsmouth have not reached the general public. Following President McKinley and yourself in advocacy of the platform of 1896, I have steadily pursued international bi-metallism; while constantly voting against free silver coinage by the United States alone. I voted against every free silver amendment proposed to the recent gold standard bill, but voted against the bill solely because it did not express a desire to promote international bi-metallism. I did not think the pledge of 1896 should be abandoned unless by the convention of 1900. Upon the platform of that convention I stand firmly and willingly and my vote is as sure against free silver coinage by the United States alone as that of any republican.

Kindly make the facts as public as are your reported statements at Kittery.

W. E. CHANDLER.

PECK A FUGITIVE

Akron Negro Is Wanted in Paterson

By Associated Press to The Sun.

NEW YORK, Aug. 23.—Lon Peck, the colored man over whose arrest a race riot broke out last night in Akron, Ohio, is a fugitive from justice from Paterson, N. J. He disappeared from that city on May 29, 1898. He had been accused of committing an assault upon John Sweezey, an eight year old boy. He was also accused of having slashed the boy with a razor.

WIFE EXONERATED

FROM CHARGE OF POISONING HER HUSBAND.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

CHICAGO, Aug. 23.—The coroner's jury yesterday rendered a verdict in the case of Edward F. Herrick, the aged commission merchant whose death twelve days ago was announced with considerable mystery. The verdict exonerates Mrs. Herrick, wife of the dead man, from the charges of poisoning which were made by Mr. Herrick's son and daughter by a previous marriage, and the cause of death is attributed to hardening of the muscles of the heart. An expert chemist had discovered arsenic in the stomach of the deceased but the jury upheld Dr. Joseph Springer, the coroner's physician, in his contention that the poison found was not in sufficient quantities to cause death.

OMAHA'S POPULATION.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 23.—Omaha, Neb., is the first city thus far counted in the twelfth census to show a decrease in population during the past decade. The count of the population of Omaha just completed, shows 102,555. The population in 1890 was 140,452. This indicates a decrease in ten years of 37,897, or 26.98 per cent.

Mr. Richard Burns of Barclay street has returned from a sojourn in Maine and his sister, Miss Abbie Burns, has returned from her vacation in Beverly and vicinity.

What Shall We Have for Dessert?

This question arises in the family every day. Let us answer it today. Try Jell-O, a delicious and healthful dessert. Prepared in two minutes. No boiling! no baking! simply add boiling water and set to cool. Flavors: Lemon, Orange, Raspberry and Strawberry. Get a package at your grocer's today. 10 cents.

POSTAL ORDER

Affects Efficiency of Mail Service

ORDER ISSUED FOR MORE ECONOMICAL SYSTEM

May Prevent Prompt Delivery of Second Class Matter

An order was issued about six weeks ago by the postoffice department at Washington, which affects this city more or less. The order issued is for a more economical system of mail transportation. Under the new order, sacks of second-class mail are discontinued, when there are less than 15 pieces of mail to each sack. About 25 per cent. of the sacks are discontinued by the new order, and it is expected to save thousands of dollars a year to the postoffice department.

The new system has a tendency to work to the disadvantage of newspaper publishers, as the prompt delivery of papers at points beyond Boston was due to the fact that the mail sack did not go through the Boston postoffice. But this difficulty is obviated at the Lowell Postoffice by putting the papers into the first-class mail pouch, which is not opened in Boston. Other second-class matter passing through Boston, is likely to lose fairly close connections, by reason of the delay there, while under the older system the sacks were sent directly through. The postoffice officials here say that Lowell people are not so much discommoded by the change as is the case in cities where there are large publishing concerns which make up special sacks in their offices. The local papers that circulate beyond Boston are comparatively few, and the delay can be avoided by putting them in the first-class mail pouch.

It costs the government $25 a year to carry a mail sack or pouch one mile, and the economy comes in the decreased number carried under the new order. The order is not approved by postoffice officials generally, as it has a tendency to weaken the efficiency of the service.

B. T. WASHINGTON

PRINCIPAL SPEAKER AT NEGRO BUSINESS LEAGUE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BOSTON, Aug. 23.—The National Negro Business League, which includes delegates from about 25 states, assembled in Parker Memorial hall, here, this forenoon. Sessions will continue until tomorrow night. The leading spirit in the movement, which has for its object the improvement of conditions among the colored people, is Booker T. Washington of Alabama. He was the principal speaker at today's session. During his address he said:

"Our object is to bring together annually those of our race who are engaged in various branches of business, from the humblest to the highest, for the purpose of closer personal acquaintance, of receiving encouragement, inspiration and information from each other; to originate plans by which local business organizations will be formed in all parts of the country, to serve the best interests of the race.

"I have faith in the timeliness of this organization. I have always been encouraged by the fact that almost without exception, whether in the north or south, wherever I have seen a black man who was succeeding in his business, who was a tax-payer and possessed intelligence and high character, that individual was treated with the highest respect by the members of the white race.

"In proportion as we can multiply those examples in the north and south will our problem be solved.

"I want to congratulate you upon the fact that thirty-five years after our freedom, so large a body of representative business men and women of the race have assembled in the city of Boston and I believe that, on this sacred soil, we shall form an organization which will prove potential in the lifting up of the race in all parts of our country."

TROOPS FOR AKRON.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Aug. 23.—A dispatch from Columbus, says:

The Fourth regiment left Blendon, a small village a half mile from Minerva Park shortly after three o'clock this morning. The district passenger agent of the C. A. & C. road assured the governor that the troops would arrive in Akron about 7 o'clock.

BIRTHDAY OBSERVANCE.

Miss Maggie McConnell observed her eighteenth birthday last evening at her home on Newhall street and was made the recipient of many useful gifts. Among the diversions were vocal and instrumental music including piano selections by Miss Fanny Bagley.

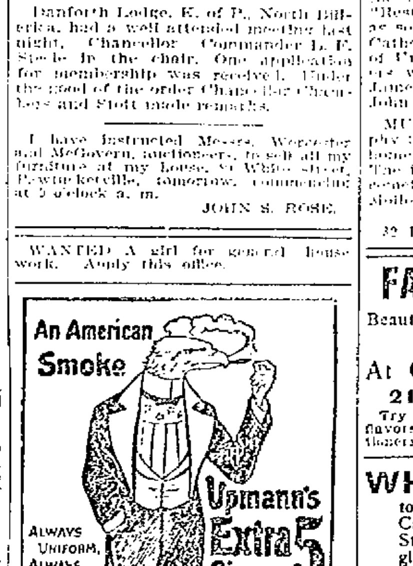
DANFORTH LODGE, K. OF P.

Danforth Lodge, K. of P., North Billerica, had a well attended meeting last night, Chancellor Commander L. E. Steele in the chair. One application for membership was received. Under the good of the order Chancellor Chambers and Stott made remarks.

I have instructed Messrs. Worcester and McGovern, auctioneers, to sell all my furniture at my house, 81 White street, Pawtucketville, tomorrow, commencing at 9 o'clock a. m.

JOHN S. ROSE.

WANTED—A girl for general housework. Apply this office.



J. F. ROGERS,
UNDERTAKER.
OFFICE—316 Central street.
RESIDENCE—29 Cedar street.
Telephone connection. Hacks furnished for all occasions.

You Knead a Kneader to Knead Your Bread

Trusting to luck will not make good bread—bread that is not good (sweet, light, and white) is injurious. The best bread in the world is made in France—because the French people knead the dough thoroughly. If you use a

Kneader

then you will find a great surprise in store, you will surely get bread that is whiter, lighter, and sweeter than any you ever tasted—and you'll never fail.

Price of Kneader 50c. Pays for itself in a week. Ask your grocer or hardware dealer for it. Mailed postpaid upon receipt of 60c.

THE KNEADER CO., Newburyport, Mass.

DIED OF OLD AGE

Hannah Haggerty at St. John's Hospital

WAS BORN AND ALSO MARRIED

On Same Dates as Queen Victoria

Mrs. Hannah Haggerty, aged 81 years, died as the result of old age this morning at 5 o'clock at the old ladies' department of St. John's hospital. She was born on May 24, 1819, the same day as Queen Victoria, and was also married on the same day as the Queen, a distinction which was probably not possessed by any other person up to the time of venerable Mrs. Haggerty's death.

The latter had been an inmate of St. John's Old Ladies' Home for the past fifteen years and was very highly esteemed by all who knew her.

FUNERALS

RYAN—The funeral of Michael Ryan took place yesterday afternoon from the home of his parents, 56 Fenwick street. Burial was in the Catholic cemetery. Undertaker C. H. Molloy had charge.

SAWYER—The funeral of Della M., wife of George F. Sawyer, took place yesterday afternoon from her late residence, 13 Puffer street, and was largely attended. Rev. Lorin Dexter officiated. The bearers were F. Ware, F. Maurice, George Fleming, and J. Hopkinson. Interment was in the Edson cemetery, under direction of J. W. Brooks. Among the costly floral tributes was a large standing wreath of choice flowers on a base from the clerks in the freight house of the "Old Colony" railroad, where the husband of the deceased is employed. There was also a large wreath with the inscription in blue immortelles: "Sister" and several sprays, baskets and bouquets.

FITZGERALD—The funeral of John Fitzgerald took place this forenoon at 9 o'clock from St. Patrick's church. Among the large attendance were friends and relatives from out of town, employes of the Lowell Gas Works and a delegation from Court City of Lowell, F. of A., of which organization the deceased was a highly respected member. A solemn requiem mass was celebrated by Rev. John McHugh; Rev. Richard Boland, acting pastor of St. Michael's church, deacon; Rev. Fr. Tuohey of St. Louis, Mo., sub-deacon. The choir under the direction of Mr. E. F. Faulkner rendered Schmidt's requiem. Among the floral tributes was a large cross inscribed "At Rest." The interment was in the Catholic cemetery under the direction of Undertaker O'Donnell and the pall bearers were Messrs. Thomas and Daniel Hanafin, Maurice Quinn, Thomas Fitzgerald, Thomas Creehan and Patrick Thomas.

DONNELLY—The funeral of the late Mary J. Donnelly took place this forenoon at 9 o'clock from the Sacred Heart church and was very largely attended. A requiem mass was celebrated by Rev. Thomas Murphy, O. M. I. The choir under the direction of Miss Adelaide A. Sullivan rendered the Gregorian plain chant. At the offertory the hymn "Pie Jesu," by Leybach, was sung by Miss Sullivan. At the conclusion of the mass Mr. James E. Donnelly rendered the hymn "One Sweetly Solemn Thought." As the funeral procession was leaving the edifice the choir sang the hymn "Rest Spirit Rest" with Miss Sullivan as soloist. The interment was in the Catholic cemetery, under the direction of Undertaker Rogers. The pall-bearers were Messrs. Michael Dunne, James Haley, J. Conroy, Morgan Riley, John Meehan and J. McKeone.

MURPHY—The funeral of Mary Murphy took place this afternoon from the home of the parents, 2½ Adams street. The interment was in the Catholic cemetery in charge of Undertaker C. H. Molloy.

32 Boys' Suits, 98c. at Steele's.

FANS GIVEN AWAY
Beautiful and artistic Fans given away with ICE CREAM,
At Old City Hall Building
218 Merrimack Street.
Try our ice cream soda, pure fruit flavors. Also our pure home made confectionery.

WHEN YOU WANT
to get a glass of SODA call at Carter & Sherburne's Drug Store. They give the largest glass and coolest Soda, made of Pure Fruit Flavors.
Carter & Sherburne, Low Priced Drug Store,
Merrimack Cor. Bridge St.

PETER H. SAVAGE,
Undertaker AND Funeral Director
169 Worthen St
Telephone connection 631-4. Calls night or day promptly attended to. Carriages furnished for weddings and christenings.

BROKE HER WRIST

Mary Buckley Knocked Down In High Street

BY A RECKLESS SCORCHER THIS FORENOON

Who Rode Away Without Even Apologizing

Mary Buckley, aged 11 years, was knocked down on High street this forenoon about 9.30 o'clock by a bicycle scorcher and sustained a break of the left wrist. It appears that the Buckley girl was playing with companions in front of the High street engine house. The scorcher came speedily and noiselessly along from the direction of Fort Hill park and ran into the young girl with great force, violently precipitating her to the roadway. The reckless rider did not stop to assist the girl or even apologize for his carelessness, but continued along to Merrimack street where he was quickly lost to view. He was, however, recognized and the parents of the Buckley girl are to institute legal action against him if he does not settle for the damages caused by his fast riding.

The Buckley girl's injuries were attended to by Dr. O'Donnell of St. John's hospital who found that she sustained a bad break of the left wrist.

HELD IN $500

FORMER BOSTON JUSTICE IS IN TROUBLE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

NEW YORK, Aug. 23.—Leon Sidney Lawrence was arraigned in the Centre street court today charged with grand larceny of $50.

The officer making the arrest says that Lawrence was formerly a police justice in Boston.

Lawrence refused to admit or deny this.

He was held in $500 bail for trial. The complainant is William Daly of Brooklyn. The police say that Lawrence formerly had an office in Washington street, Boston.

RUMOHR AND TEN EYCK.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

NEW YORK, Aug. 23.—John A. Rumohr, who won the American championship in singles from E. H. Ten Eyck, and who has been challenged by the Wachusetts sculler for a race on Lake Quinsigamond, says he is willing to row Ten Eyck on any body of water except that lake.

He says the advantages there are too many in Ten Eyck's favor, it being near his home. Friends of Rumohr are willing, they insist, to back him for a side purse of from $1,000 to $5,000.

PENSION CHANGES

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 23.—The following pension changes, resulting from the issue of August 6, are announced:

Massachusetts.

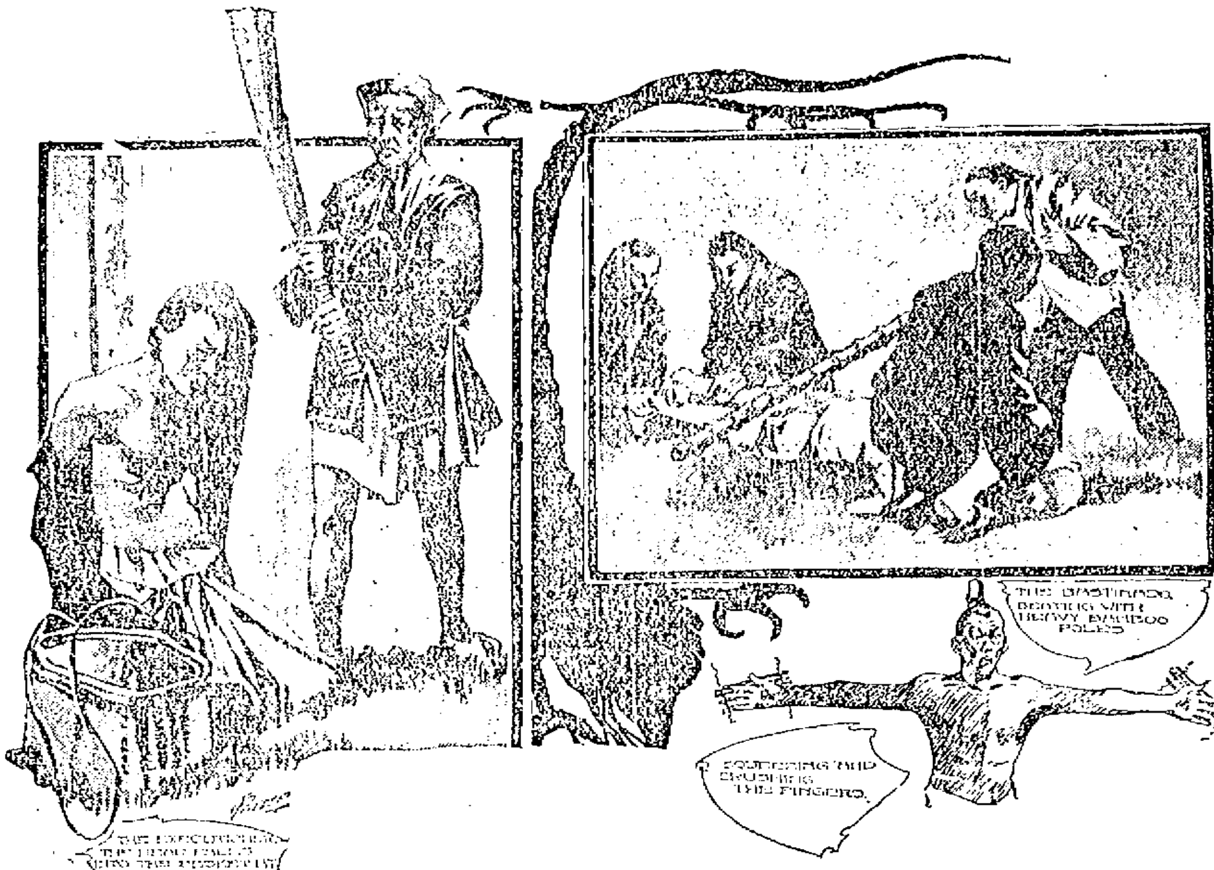
Original—John C. Shay, Haverhill, $6; Reuben Bellows, Dalton, $6; John H. Hart, Billerica, $6.

313 Men's Suits, $7.95 at Steele's.

Play!
Any game you choose—you can keep your Good cool and your nerves steady by drinking plenty of
HIRES Rootbeer
The Favorite Temperance Drink.
CHARLES E. HIRES CO., MALVERN, PA.

FRUIT AND PICNIC
BASKETS
ALL SIZES.
W. T. S. Bartlett
653-659 Merrimack Street.
The Up-Town Hardware Store.

Artificial Teeth
to wear well must be made of the best material. Don't waste your money on cheap teeth. They don't wear well. Buy the best; the price is very low and you will be better satisfied. Dr. Simmons, 113 Central street.



COUNTRY FAMOUS FOR ITS RIOTS.

Causes That Led to the Curious Uprising of the People Who Have Stirred All the Wide World.

By Dr. Headland, Chinese Missionary.

There is probably no country in the world that has, and has always had, so many and such large uprisings as the Empire of China. Naturally a people of peace, they are yet a people of war—no, not of war, but of family squabbles, for their uprisings except in extreme cases, do not rise to the dignity of war.

When there is a strong Emperor at the head of the Government they are peaceful, but when as in the present instance, there is a woman on the throne, the whole Empire is turned into a quarrelsome harem, with the Empress-Dowager in the character of the domineering mother-in-law, making trouble for the whole world.

At such a time rioting, even on a large scale may be precipitated by the most trivial causes.

Let me describe an experience through which my wife and I passed. My wife, who is a physician, was going in a sedan chair to see a sick woman. I followed on a donkey to escort her. Just as we were passing through the east gate of Peking a company of soldiers came out of a side street and started the same way as we had to go. My wife was compelled to get out of the chair on account of the muddy streets. The crowd that had gathered to see the soldiers called us foreign devils. I suggested that we should cross over and go down a side street. As we did this a hoodlum came out of a corner shop, with nothing on save a pair of trousers and a pair of shoes, determined to raise a row. He followed us, gathered a crowd, who began to throw bricks, stones, dirt, and mud, while the original disturber of the peace got close enough to kick my wife several times without my knowledge. Then he kicked me, and I knocked him down, and was about to step on him, when several friendly Chinese stepped between us and him, themselves receiving many of the blows which were aimed at us.

For nearly half an hour we were in the mob, and, while not seriously injured physically, we were very naturally upset. I call attention to the fact, however, that the mob was started by one scoundrel, or, as the Chinese would call him, a Pier Tu tsu, and some of the better class risked their own comfort and safety to protect us. The city authorities issued an edict at once, and the scoundrel was arrested, and a wooden collar about two feet square, which he had to wear for a month, was put about his neck.

When it is designed by any of the hoodlums or the members of a secret society to create a disturbance, about the first thing they do is to placard the city. The announcement is first cut on a board, the operation costing two shillings perhaps. From this rude engraving they can print from a hundred to a thousand copies.

These are given to the members of the society, and are sent to different parts of the city to be posted on the walls of the houses or courts, but more especially near the city gates and at the cross streets, for in those localities they will be seen by the largest possible number. The word is then passed from lip to lip, and this the people call Yao Yen—or, as we say, report gossip. No people in the world, perhaps, are greater gossipers than the Chinese. They tell everything they know and everything they can think about.

Tien Tsin, like all the other ports, has suffered from its intercourse with foreigners. The Tien Tsinese have ceased to be purely Chinese, and have only become foreignized to the extent of drinking imported wine, beer, and whiskey, smoking cigars and cigarettes, and swearing. A Tien Tsinese who knows not a word of respectable English is often able to swear very fluently.

While Li Hung Chang was Viceroy, with his residence at Tien Tsin, it made more advancement and improvement than under any other regime. He established a medical college and dispensary, both for men and women, and a University which is now under the management of Mr. C. D. Tenny, and is one of the best-managed Government schools in the Empire.

It is sometimes said that the uprisings and outbreaks, riots and mobs in China are caused by, and are mainly against the missionaries. Such reports are not true. The Chinese make no distinction between those who are and those who are not missionaries. Indeed, the present Boxer outlaws, brigands, thieves, kidnappers, robbers, or whatever you please to call them, for they are all of these, make no distinction because of the callings pursued by the citizens of any country who wear European clothing. They are all equally "foreign devils," without difference or distinction.

The truth is that China may fairly be justified in not putting down the Boxers on the plea that she can't do it. Any one who has listened to the pop-pop-pop of Chinese guns when the Chinese soldiers are "practising" outside the walls of Peking, trying, but failing, to shoot together in volleys, will agree with this. Not long ago I had the good fortune to witness an inspection of the Peking braves by the Mayor of Peking, and it was a spectacle, I can assure you, not soon to be forgotten.

The whole thing was highly suggestive of a crowd of small Chinese boys I once saw playing soldier during the Chinese-Japanese War. The youngsters had each found a small stick or a large weed, which they used as guns, and had arrayed themselves into a company. Then they made a feint as if to charge with all their force on some imaginary antagonist. They screamed and ran about in quite as military array as real Chinese soldiers, or as a crowd of school-boys playing "Prisoner's base." This they kept up for some seconds, until one of those in the front rank cried out in mock terror, "The Japanese are coming! The Japanese are coming!" when they all took to their heels, like real Chinese soldiers, and fled in disorder and dismay. The obvious reason why the Chinese soldiers do not defeat the Boxers is their utter inability to accomplish the task. As they said about the Japanese, "One or the other must retreat, and as the Boxers will not, we must! It is a Chinese proverb that "No good man will ever become a soldier."

But with all our making fun of the Chinaman because he cannot fight, we must not forget his power as a diplomatist. He may be easily overcome with the weapons of modern warfare, but look out for him when you come in contact with him in a diplomatic way. Your European representative froths and fumes, pounds the table and sometimes swears, and the Chinaman patiently waits until he gets over it and is ready to talk business, and then suggests that "We go on with the affairs of State." Among the ranks of those who wield the tongue and pen, the Chinese statesman stands in the forefront, and he never forgets that the pen is an index of a higher state of civilization than the sword.

The mistake made by the adherents of the young Emperor, Kuang Hsu, was in entirely disregarding the army, poor as that body is. If Kuang Hsu had first surrounded himself with a bodyguard that would have protected him from the Eunuchs of the Palace and the Empress-Dowager, he might have carried his magnificent reforms to a successful end. And never in the history of China did so magnificent a beginning come to such a lamentable and pitiable end.

That a young man raised from infancy in a Palace-prison, with two old Conservative women as his chief advisers and associates, should break away from all the mossback official customs and musty traditions, both of his own ancestry and that of the people he governed, and set himself to study the Christians' Bible, Western science in all its branches, including mathematics, chemistry, physics, medicine, history, and even the English language, is evidence enough that Kuang Hsu is not a "weakling," as some of the papers represent him to be, but a character which, when the true history of China is written, will shine either as the first martyr for liberty and reform, or the Constantine, Charlemagne, or Cromwell of the Orient.

THE CHINESE CAMPAIGN.

By Capt. W. R. Hamilton, U. S. A., Writer and Authority On Military Subjects.

Toward the end of the Japanese-Chinese war the victorious little men planned an advance on Peking by way of the Gulf of Pechili, landing at Taku and up the Peiho, then eighty miles on to the ancient capital. What a pity they were stayed by their ambitious antagonist—Russia. The Gulf of Pechili is a wonderful strategical base of military operations only because of the holding of the great powers in and around it.

First to the south at Weihaiwai are impregnable fortresses and a magnificent harbor held by Great Britain. To the north, right across the gulf, Russia is entrenched with 20,000 troops. Immediately opposite, south on the Shantung peninsula, Germany holds with iron grip Kiaochau. At the head of the gulf to the west is Taku, the seaport town of Tientsin. Here flows the famous Peiho, northwesterly to Peking, a distance of eighty miles.

Twenty miles west and north of Peking lies a chain of mountains, but from the foot of this range and around Peking the country clear to the gulf or port of Taku is absolutely flat and marshy, cut up by innumerable small streams and canals, between which lie rice fields under water the greater part of the year. The distance from Taku to Tientsin is about twenty-seven miles and from Tientsin to Peking eighty miles. At Taku, where the Peiho empties into the gulf, the coast is flat and low, and there is absolutely no harbor there. The seas run very high and ships cannot remain there during storms. It is at Taku that the allied troops have landed and marched on to Tientsin, hoping to continue their route onward to Peking.

The recent news of the terrible defeat of the allied troops by the Chinese shows only one of the difficulties of a further advance, and but little can be realized of what it means to transport an army across the seas and land it on foreign soil in a condition and with supplies to fight successfully a nation many times more populous and maddened by the fever of brutal victories. Why not send a large force at once and punish the Chinese? is asked by all sides. It is easy to suggest but not so easy to carry out suggestions.

If Uncle Sam had an army of 20,000 well armed and equipped and disciplined men ready to send, and transports all ready to take them, what difficulties are in the way of their marching to the relief of Tientsin and further victorious progress to Peking? An average brigade of 5,000 men will take up a mile in length if marching in column of fours on a good road and ranks kept closed. But this latter is an impossibility, as all soldiers of experience know, and what is technically termed "lengthening out" takes place, or a stretching out of the column of fours from one-fifth to one-third its original length.

It would be folly to attempt in a country like China to land troops without the supplies of food, clothing and ammunition from home proper and sufficient to support them for at least three months. An average ration weighs three pounds at least, and lasts a soldier one day.

Five thousand rations will last the brigade one day. To last ninety days would require 450,000 pounds, or 225 tons of food. An army wagon holds a ton and a half of food, hence to carry these rations would require at least 150 wagons. Each wagon is drawn by six mules, each animal must have his food.

A minimum calculation for food alone requires 400 wagons, and these with their teams would stretch out on a road a little over four miles. Add to this the clothing, medical supplies, tents, ammunition, etc., and the column is doubled. Such a column requires protection, hence more troops are needed with it, and these need still other supplies. Therefore in a country of good roads a single brigade with all supplies for ninety days would require ten miles of road.

But in a country like China, where there are no roads, the difficulties are intensified and enlarged greatly. The Chinese low country is cut up by innumerable narrow canals and streams, and the means of transport are shallow junks drawing but a few inches of water and taking days to sail from one point to another. Between the flooded rice fields and canals are narrow dikes with a single narrow footpath, along which the Chinese coolie carries his pack on his back, until the highlands are reached. There are no roads in China. To transport wagons and artillery along such roads is impossible.

This matter of transportation is the first and main difficulty in the way of a successful campaign. According to the best reports the difficulties of transportation are vastly increased beyond Tientsin by the cutting of canals and destruction of the few bridges across the rivers by the Boxers. In such a country at the best time of the year the progress made by Admiral Seymour's small force at its best did not exceed ten miles a day. A brigade of 5,000 men, however, would be but a bait to the army of Chinamen now surrounding Tientsin with modern arms and directed by educated and capable officers. The least number of civilized troops that can successfully cope with the Chinese on the battlefield, it is said by those who are presumed to know, should not fall short of 50,000, while twice that number are required to hold the places captured as the army advances. The low, flat country through which the forces march has no drainage, and sewers are unknown in China. Even the Chinese, who drink nothing but tea, drink it while it is boiling. All cesspools empty directly in the canals, which are but cesspools themselves on a large scale.

The summers are hot and dusty and dry, and winters hard and cold. The lack of good water, for either drinking or cooking, and in winter the fearful sandstorms are difficult to imagine. The deadly typhoid and dysentery will be as great enemies as the bullets of the Chinamen. There is no fuel in the country, and no camping place sufficient for a division of troops in all the eighty miles to Peking. How then will the fight be conducted? Simply by indomitable grit, pluck and endurance.

Stores and troops will be transported by boats and mules or asses, of which China has millions. The frosts come in October and rivers freeze in November. From there on the affair is one of fighting only, and with the proper numbers the dawn of a new year will find Peking in the hands of civilized people. The first thing is to rescue Tientsin and its garrison, then to put a force sufficiently large to hold it till the large armies of the powers can reach there by the time the rivers freeze.

As the armies advance the railroad between Tientsin and Peking will be rebuilt, and when the capital has fallen, with line of communication to the allied fleets safe, China will then be at the mercy of the powers. It will not require the immense force of [illegible], as has been stated erroneously.

Near Peking the climate is healthy and dry, wood and water and supplies are good and ample, and held by an army of [illegible] allies, while [illegible] more hold the line to Tientsin and Taku, the question of Orientalism is settled for all time. To oppose civilized armies the Chinese can bring millions of soldiers, used to the climate, who require but little food and little clothing. But of all these millions that part which is armed with modern arms and has been drilled and organized and disciplined under German officers will not number over [illegible].

The few generals who are educated in modern war and lead this Chinese army cannot hold it together after one man's nature to give up entirely after the first great reverse, and the art of war has not progressed among Orientals outside of Japan to such an extent that the manufacture of modern arms and ammunition can be successfully carried on.

But it will be the first of October before such troops can reach China, unless Japan throws in her army corps at once. The bickerings regarding partition will come after the revenge is taken, but where Great Britain, Japan and the United States are a unit we may feel assured that it will be done with justice to all parties.

THE STREETS OF PEKING ARE FILLED WITH CHINESE SOLDIERS, WHO, WITHOUT LAW OR ORDER, RUSH THROUGH THE THOROUGHFARES, SHOUTING AND BRANDISHING THEIR SPEARS.

New Weeds.

Soil was brought up from a depth of 325 feet from a coal mine in Belgium, and from it sprouted weeds of a species entirely unknown to botanists.

"BOXERS" FROM THE INTERIOR TRAVELLING TOWARDS THE COAST From Illustrated London News.

FITZ VS SHARKEY

Tomorrow Night at Seaside Sporting Club

EXPERTS PICK AUSTRALIAN TO WIN

Sailor is Confident Despite Trend in Betting

The much-talked of fistic match between Bob Fitzsimmons and Tom Sharkey will eventuate tomorrow night at the Seaside Sporting club, Coney Island.

So confident are the experts of the ability of Lanky Bob to vanquish the sailor that they are offering odds of 2 to 1 that Fitzsimmons will secure the winner's end of the purse.

The sailor is by no means discouraged because the experts are against him. In spite of their confidence that Fitzsimmons will beat him, Sharkey declares he is sure of victory. In discussing the battle with some friends at his training quarters in Sheepshead Bay today, Sharkey said that he would surprise the smart fellows who are betting against him.

"I defeated Fitzsimmons," added the sailor, "and I'll do the trick again. Some persons, however, refuse to give me credit for my victory over Fitzsimmons in California, but after my exhibition Friday night, they will agree that I won on my merits. I am in fine condition now and in much better shape than the night I fought Ruhlin. I was away off that night, and was, therefore, unable to do myself justice. My left shoulder, which I hurt in that battle, is stronger now than ever, and I can hit just as hard with the left hand as I ever could."

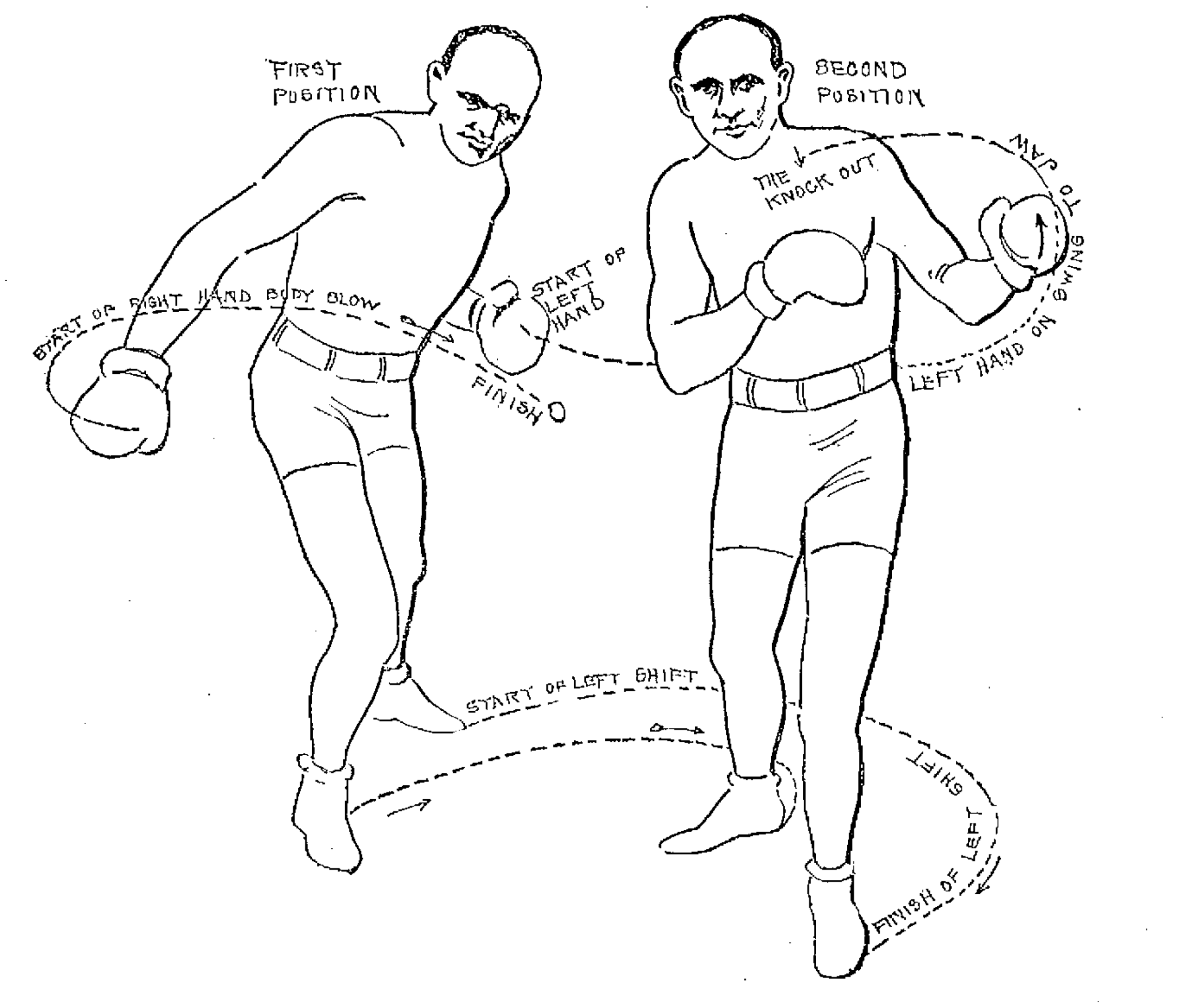
The sailor has been working very hard for the battle, and looks fit to fight for his life. A feature of his training has been the attention he has paid to side-stepping. In this particular the able seaman has shown himself to be very deficient in former battles, but, as a result of considerable practice each day, he can side-step quite lively. He believes that the knowledge that he has gained during the last week about side-stepping will aid him greatly to score a victory over Fitzsimmons.

Sharkey's exercise for the battle, up to two weeks ago, was of the most violent nature but at the suggestion of Tom O'Rourke, his manager, he has been doing mild work for the past 10 days. His work in training has consisted of sprinting on the road, boxing, wrestling and bag punching. Sharkey's principal sparring partner has been Matty Matthews, the local welterweight.

In his bouts with Matthews, Sharkey has shown considerable cleverness on his feet and with his hands. The sailor believes that the knowledge he has gained of the finer points of boxing the last few months, together with his hitting powers, assure him a victory over Fitzsimmons.

Fitz took a lot of beneficial athletic exercise today. The former heavyweight champion finished his day's work in good style. He looks better than when he fought Ruhlin. Boxing with George Dawson, punching the bag, wrestling and road work made up the program. Fitzsimmons regards a victory over Sharkey as a certainty for him. He is, nevertheless, training hard.

It is not improbable that Fitz will arrange a match with Jeffries, if he is successful against Sharkey, as the lucky fellow is anxious to wear the pugilistic crown again.



FITZSIMMONS' DANGEROUS "LEFT SHIFT" ILLUSTRATED

Fitzsimmons' "left shift" is now as celebrated as his solar-plexus blow, and that solar-plexus blow was a "right shift" or a "left shift" reversed.

Now every one knows what a solar-plexus blow, a kidney blow or a blow on the jaw is. But nearly every one wants to know what the "left shift" is. All the above named blows are named from the place where they land; the "shift," right or left, is simply the way in which they are landed.

For the benefit of the uninitiated, Fitzsimmons has been photographed as he delivers this blow. In knocking out Ruhlin he used this blow. He steps in and a little to the left with his right foot, swinging his right hand to the body. Then, with a change like lightning, using his right foot as a pivot, he brings his left foot forward with a swing, sending in his left hand to the jaw.

It was with this blow, slightly changed, that Fitzsimmons put out Collett at Carson City, Jeff Thorne in one round, Peter Maher in one round, Choynski in five rounds, Dan Creedon, two rounds, Jim Hall in four rounds.

JIMMY MICHAEL

Withdrew From His Race With Nelson

AFTER HE HAD RIDDEN 7 MILES

Nelson Started Off With Good Lead

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BRIDGEPORT, Ct., Aug. 23—Two thousand bicycle enthusiasts were disappointed in the 25-mile motor-paced race between Jimmy Michael and Johnnie Nelson at Pleasure beach track yesterday afternoon, Michael again being the cause.

In the seventh mile, when he was apparently riding in good form, the "Welsh Rarebit" suddenly refused to follow his pace makers and left the track. Nelson, however, continued the race and finished in 42 minutes 11 1-5 seconds.

There were several stories current as to the reason Michael left the track; one being that he strained his leg, another that he had cramps, and the latter story, his trainers say, is the real reason.

The race was scheduled for 4.45 p. m., but Michael did not show up until about 5.15 and at 5.30 the race was started with Michael at the pole. He caught his pace first, but Nelson passed him before they had gone half a lap.

In the first lap Nelson gained about a length and a half which lead he held throughout the mile. In the second mile Nelson made another gain which he held until the sixth mile when the midget again tried to pass Nelson, and for nearly a third of a mile they rode neck and neck.

In the seventh Michael dropped out and refused to ride any further.

He immediately went to his training quarters and a short time afterwards left the vicinity of the track.

The fastest time was made in the second mile by Nelson, 1.31 2-5.

The five-mile motor race was won by Crooks and Sekerr, Michael's pace makers; Babcock and Vetter second; Marks and Gately third. Time 7.12 2-5.

One mile open, amateur, won by A. S. Van Houten, Morristown, N. J.; T. F. Clark, Bridgeport, second. Time 2.32 2-5.

One mile professional, won by James Ruel; F. P. Kent, second; Fred Hoyt, third. Time, 2.20 4-5.

Mile match race between J. D. Cooper and T. F. Clark was won by Cooper. Time, 1.34 2-5.

SETTING UP MACHINERY.

Charles P. Fadden of Lowell is in Nashua setting up machinery for the Nashua Manufacturing company.

HOSMER TO JUDGE.

Chief Hosmer is to be one of the judges at the Nashua Veteran Firemen's muster.

ARRANGING A MATCH.

The Haverhill Checker club is making arrangements for a match with the Lowell Checker club.

DEAFNESS CURED. Magnetic Ear Telephones. Tone ... at A. W. DOWS & CO., Corner Merrimack and Central Sts.

THE PROBATION LAW

Has a Good Effect on Many Persons

Such is the Belief of Judge Hadley and Officer Slattery—They Both Approve the New Law Relative to Drunkenness

Judge Hadley firmly believes that some good results from placing drunks on probation.

He says that his experience has proven that nothing is lost and considerable is gained in placing men on probation, particularly if they are head of a family.

Henry H. Faxon is opposed to probation and in strong terms takes issue with Judge Hadley. He says that not one case in one hundred is reformed and contends that of all reform movements in which he has engaged less is accomplished by this practice of probation than by any other. Mr. Faxon believes that when a town or city favors license, it should be compelled to support those who became paupers because the head of the family spends all of his or her money for liquor.

Judge Hadley takes issue with Mr. Faxon in the general results of the probation law. To a reporter of the Sun he said:

"I am a believer in the probation law. People take different views of its advisability.

"Of course the main reason of its application to cases is to save the little children and also to mothers, their main support. In addition to this, we expect also to reform the drunkard. Some people say that inasmuch as drunkenness is promoted by the licensed saloon and the temptation to drink is placed before a man, then it is no more than right that the burden of supporting those dependent on him should be placed on the community. Others argue that probation is no means to reform a man; that the only way to prevent drunkenness is to close the saloons. Well, they may be right, but just the same, I believe in probation. When a man comes before me and the officers say he has a family of children, I dislike to send him away. The man does not suffer so much; the children are the ones who must pay the penalty of the father's folly. I think of the children then. I am solicitous for their welfare. I do not want to deprive them of their support and make them public charges, and if I find there is any good at all left in the father, I am willing, for their sake to give him a chance to do better in the future.

"I do not feel that I make a mistake; and yet I do not claim I am right at all times. I may be mistaken in the man; his promises made under the conditions, may be easily broken, yet I feel that in dealing with cases in this way, I have had at least a small measure of success. You know, when I place a man on probation, I try to impress on him the obligations he owes his family and the wrong he does in neglecting them. Liquor is a powerful enemy and it takes a terrible hold on some men. Really, I believe this drinking habit is a disease, that it gains control of a man and must be fought as any other illness.

"I have no doubt that relatively speaking, we have more probationers here than in any other city. As I said before, I do not know how many do good after being placed on probation, but if only 20 per cent. of our cases reform I feel that we are exerting a beneficial influence. Our probation officer, Mr. Slattery, keeps pretty close watch on them, and can tell better than I, what the results are."

OFFICER SLATTERY.

Probation Officer Slattery when questioned by the Sun reporter, said: "Of course the probation law is a good one. I am not talking off hand, but I base my opinion on the facts in my possession. I can name men who have appeared in court here, who are now strangers to a saloon; others who use ale very sparingly and who never neglect their family to satisfy their own appetite. At the present time I have more than one hundred probationers on my list. Why last Saturday there I had thirty-five or forty call on me and report how they are getting along. In many cases it would surprise you to see the change that comes over these people. I advise them to keep up their good work, and in many cases, particularly among young men, I find that they have joined temperance societies, and spend about all their spare time in the society hall, instead of in the barroom. I have the probationers report to me regularly, and if I receive a complaint against any, I make it a point to see the offender and warn him of what may happen if he does not mend his ways."

"Judge Hadley says he does not know just how many are benefited, but he will be satisfied if twenty per cent. do better after being placed on probation," suggested the reporter.

"I can satisfy the judge's mind on that," replied Mr. Slattery. "I will not put it so low as twenty per cent. I can truthfully say that more than fifty per cent. of our probationers give a good account of themselves after being permitted to enjoy the privilege of probation. They make an honest effort to rise to the standing and position they should occupy and at least that many succeed."

Both Judge Hadley and Officer Slattery believe in the new drunk law that will take effect in October and which provides for suspending sentence or payment of a fine.

The judge says it is a good law and he heartily approves of it.

"It will make more work for the probation officer," he said, "and he will be obliged to keep an account book. You see by its provisions a person can pay a fine on the instalment plan, so that the probation officer must keep an account of all payments. Furthermore, he must keep track of the money he turns in to the clerk of the court and get receipts for the same. I believe it will prove a benefit and I hope it will be given a fair trial."

COLD STEEL OR DEATH.

"There is but one small chance to save your life and that is through an operation," was the awful prospect set before Mrs. I. B. Hunt of Lime Ridge, Wis., by her doctor after vainly trying to cure her of a frightful case of stomach trouble and yellow jaundice. He didn't count on the marvellous power of Electric Bitters to cure stomach and liver troubles, but she heard of it, took seven bottles, was wholly cured, avoided surgeon's knife, now weighs more and feels better than ever. It's positively guaranteed to cure Stomach, Liver and Kidney troubles and never disappoints. Price 50 cents, Goodale's Drug Store, Fiske's Block, 217 Central street.

A CENT A WORD for three days is the cost of SUN WANTS.

EXTRA OFFICERS

To Do Duty Hereafter Over in Dracut

TOWNSPEOPLE ARE TERIFIED AT FIREBUG

Investigation in Progress by Fire Marshal

Fire marshal's assistant, Scott, spent the greater part of yesterday in town and had talks with quite a number of the residents; also with the youngsters. The people of the town are simply terrified by the bold attempt of the firebug on Sunday night, when the Coburn house and boarding house were set and many of the residents do not go to bed until a late hour.

It is the intention of the board of selectmen to put an extra officer on duty from 11 o'clock until 5 o'clock in the morning. Officer Gallagher goes on duty every morning about 7 and remains on until 11 o'clock. Previous to this arrangement it will be readily seen the town took care of it self after 11 o'clock. Up till the firebug started his work all was well, but now things are different, and perhaps it is more from the appeal of the citizens than any other reason that the selectmen agreed upon the plan of having a special officer guard the town through the night and early morning and although it may not prove a wonderful success yet the residents will feel as though something is being done to protect the town from the vicious acts of miscreants. This plan was to have gone into operation last night.

Mr. and Mrs. Richard Wright of Maynard were in town yesterday renewing old acquaintances.

NORTH CHELMSFORD

Miss Thompson of Rochester, N. Y., and Miss Leighgage of Worcester, are spending a few days in North Chelmsford, and are the guests of Mrs. F. E. Varney.

Mr. Rupert Ripley and Mr. Luther Hall of this village are spending a week's vacation with their relatives in Boston.

Mr. Ziba Gay, who has been confined to his home by illness during the past weeks, is on the road to recovery, although he is not yet able to leave his home.

Mr. Guy Green of Waltham is spending a few days in North Chelmsford at the home of Mr. Oliver M. Green.

Mr. James Kane has gone to England, where he intends to remain for several months, visiting his many friends.

Miss Mamie McKiernan has arrived home after spending a two weeks' vacation in Sundown, N. H.

Charles J. Trull, the first baseman of the Westford Academy base ball team, has resigned his position.

Carl Ripley of North Chelmsford will pitch for the Westford Academy ball team on Saturday afternoon when they will play the Ayer ball club in Ayer.

There are two ball teams in Ayer this year, and one of the teams will cross bats with the Graniteville team on Saturday afternoon in Graniteville.

The battery for the Graniteville team will be Mr. Horace Counter and Mr. David F. Small.

Mrs. Harry C. Trombley of North Chelmsford is spending a few weeks vacation visiting her cousins in Freeport, Me.

A company drill will be held by the members of Troop F, cavalry on Tuesday evening, August 28, in the Chelmsford Centre town hall.

[illegible] ford Foundry company's shop. There [illegible]

Dancing was enjoyed at the Crystal Lake pavilion Tuesday evening.

Mr. Herman Flint of Boston was visiting friends in North Chelmsford Tuesday. Mr. Flint formerly resided in this village.

Mrs. James A. Sampson and daughter, Miss Florence Sampson of North Chelmsford are spending a few days at the Salem Willows.

For Women.

Dr. Tolman's Monthly Regulator has brought happiness to hundreds of anxious women. There is positively no other remedy known to medical science, that will so quickly and safely do the work. Have never had a single failure. The longest and most obstinate cases are relieved in 3 days without fail. No other remedy will do this. No pain, no danger, no interference with work. The most difficult cases successfully treated through correspondence, and the most complete satisfaction guaranteed in every instance. I relieve hundreds of ladies whom I never see. Write for further particulars. All letters truthfully answered. Free confidential advice in all matters of a private or delicate nature. Bear in mind this remedy is absolutely safe under every possible condition and will positively leave no after ill effects upon the health. By mail securely sealed, $2.00. Dr. E. M. TOLMAN CO., 170 Tremont St., Boston, Mass.

Omega Oil

For Your Feet

When you remove your shoes and stockings tonight, take a look at your feet. Compare them with all the rest of your body. You'll see they are pretty small affairs to bear up the big weight above them. All day long, year after year, they support your body. Is it any wonder they are sore and tender? How can they help itching, burning and swelling? Why don't you get a bottle of Omega Oil at the drug store, and give your feet a good rubbing with it? In the morning you'll have to confess that Omega Oil is the greatest stuff for aching feet that you ever came across in your life. Don't forget to rub upward when using Omega Oil, so as to help the circulation of the blood. This makes the Oil do the most good. 712

STRONG AGAIN! WHEN IN DOUBT, TRY Sexine Pills. They have stood the test of years, and have cured thousands of cases of Nervous Diseases, such as Debility, Dizziness, Sleeplessness and Varicocele, Atrophy, &c. They clear the brain, strengthen the circulation, make digestion perfect, and impart a healthy vigor to the whole being. All drains and losses are checked permanently. Unless patients are properly cured, their condition often worries them into Insanity, Consumption or Death. Mailed sealed. Price $1 per box; 6 boxes, with iron-clad legal guarantee to cure or refund the money, $5.00. Send for free book. Address, PEAL MEDICINE CO., Cleveland, O.

Sold at Goodale's Drug Store, the best and cheapest place in Lowell for drugs and medicines, 217 CENTRAL STREET.

TO LET

TO LET—Six-room tenement on South Highland street. Inquire at 58 Church street.

TO LET—14 room house, steam heat, modern conveniences, 5 Anne street. Inquire Gordon Tweed, 63 Market street.

TO LET—Some first class tenements in all parts of the city. Apply to A. G. Bellatrell, Room 8, Bon Marche block.

TO LET—A nicely furnished house on Centralville hill; only one minute's walk from car line. Will rent to a desirable couple for owner's board. For particulars. Address D. W., Sun Office.

TO LET—One four room tenement. Inquire at 33 Chestnut square.

LOST AND FOUND

LOST—In the vicinity of post-office, fox terrier pup, marked black and white. Finder please return to 119 Andrew street and receive reward.

FOUND—A bicycle out of town Sunday. Owner will find at No. 39 Clark street.

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—Three chair barber shop. Stand established 15 years. Apply to 701 Gorham street.

FOR SALE—28 lots of land situated within 5 cent limit on car line. Will sell in single lots very cheap. Apply to F. A. Downing, 158 Howard street.

FOR SALE or TO LET—A large mill, suitable for any kind of manufacturing; will be rented or sold very low. Building all complete, with boilers, etc., ready to run. Inquire of Henry Miller, Wyman's Exchange, Lowell.

FOR SALE—A ladies' first-class bicycle. Call at 65 French street.

FOR SALE—A silver and nickel plating business complete. O. C. Allen, 529 Dutton street.

FOR SALE—A silver and nickel business complete. O. C. Allen, 529 Dutton street.

FOR SALE—Variety store with tenement attached in good locality. Well established trade but small stock. Apply Sun office.

FOR SALE—A boarding house corner of George and Emery streets. Inquire of Joseph Ashley, 21 Boott Corp.

FOR SALE—One horse, a cow, one Jersey heifer, 60 hens, and farm of 20 acres with house, barn, hen house, sheds, etc., situated next to Whittier Bros.' farm in Dracut, half way between Lowell and Lawrence. Will sell the live stock separately or together with farm. Easy terms. Bargain for somebody. Apply to Robert Galbraith on the premises or by mail. Address Lowell Creamery, care of Whittier Bros.

FOR SALE—Cigar store and pool room for sale, 182 Middlesex street.

FOR SALE—Restaurant, thriving business, well equipped, up-to-date, most popular in the city, owner retiring. $2000 cash, only cash customers need apply at 15 Munroe street, room 26, Lynn, Mass.

FOR SALE—A National cash register, 50 keys in perfect order; also a small soda fountain at 313 Central street.

FOR SALE—Ten R. I. P. A. N. S. for five cents at druggists. One gives relief.

FOR SALE—1-2 mile from Chelmsford Centre, six-room house, barn and shed, one acre of land, can be bought on easy terms. Price only $1100. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

FOR SALE—On Chapel Hill, two-tenement house and store all in first-class repair, large lot of land. This place can be bought low and on easy terms. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central.

FOR SALE—On Lawrence street, four-tenement block, pays 12 per cent. Price $1800. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

FOR SALE—On Tyler street, good boarding house with lots of boarders. Price $550. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

FOR SALE—In North Chelmsford, two-tenement house, large lot of land. Price $1200. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

FOR SALE—Six miles from Lowell, good farm of 88 acres, good set of buildings, lots of fruit, keeps 15 head of stock. Price of farm, $2100. With the stock of 8 cows, 1 head of young cattle, pigs, hens, two horses, wagon, harnesses, farming tools and milk route, price $3100. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

Boston & Maine R. R.

Corrected to June 25, 1900. Trains leave Merrimack Street Depot, Lowell, as follows:

For Boston, 6.43, 6.22, c6.42, *7.46, *8.50, c9.45, *9.40, 11.10 a. m.; 1.40, c3.00, 4.25, c5.14 p. m. SUNDAYS, 8.45 a. m.

Trains leave Middlesex Street Station, Lowell, as follows:

For Boston, 5.46, 6.23, *6.39, c6.45, w6.60, 7.01, *7.27, 7.31, *7.45, c7.50, w*8.00, *8.57, c9.19, w9.25, *9.50, w10.50, 11.01, *11.12 a. m.; w12.05, 12.16, w12.45, 1.11, *1.57, w2.25, w3.19, c3.05, *3.47, w3.55, *4.02, 4.28, w5.15, 5.22, c5.49, w6.15, *6.22, 7.00, *7.19, 8.42, w9.29 p. m. SUNDAYS, 6.30, 7.27, 8.48, 9.17 a. m.; 12.05, 4.05, 4.25, 5.58, 8.45 p. m.

For Lawrence and Haverhill, 6.28, w6.50, z7.34, w8.50, w9.25, 10.07, w10.50 a. m.; w12.05, w2.25, 3.55, 4.15, w5.18, w6.15, w7.00, w9.25, w11.25 p. m. SUNDAYS, 8.15 a. m., 12.05, 5.30, 8.15 p. m.

For Salem, Mass., w6.23, 7.34, a. m.; w12.05, 1.28, w5.18, 5.53 p. m.

For Newburyport, Amesbury and Portsmouth, 6.28 a. m.; 12.05, 2.25, 3.55, 6.15 p. m.

For Haverhill, Newburyport, Hampton, North Hampton, Portsmouth and stations on York Beach railroad, 2.55 p. m., July 2 to Sept. 7 inclusive.

For Exeter and Dover, 6.28, 6.50, z7.34, 8.30 a. m.; 12.05, 3.55, 5.18 p. m. SUNDAYS, k8.15 a. m.; 5.30 p. m.

For Rochester and Alton Bay, 8.30 a. m.; 12.05, 3.55 p. m.

For Somersworth, N. H., Saco, Old Orchard and Portland, 6.28, 6.50, z7.31, 8.30 a. m.; 12.05, 3.55, 5.18 p. m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p. m.

For Lewiston, Augusta, Bath, Waterville, 6.50, 8.30 a. m.; 12.05, 5.18 p. m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p. m.

For Bangor, Belfast, Skowhegan and Rockland, 6.50, 8.30 a. m.; 5.18 p. m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p. m.

For St. John, N. B., Halifax, N. S., Montreal and Quebec, 6.50 a. m.; 5.18 p. m. (5.15 does not run Saturdays). SUNDAYS, 5.30 p. m.

For Eastport and St. John (via steamer from Portland), on Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 12.05 p. m.

For Castine, Deer Isle, Sedgewick, Bar Harbor, Jonesport and Machiasport (via steamer Frank Jones from Portland), Tuesday and Friday at 5.18 p. m.

For Woburn, 6.28, 7.01, 7.31, *7.45, 11.03 a. m.; 1.43, 4.28, 8.41 p. m. SUNDAYS, 8.45 a. m.; 1.25, 5.58 p. m.

For stations between Winchester and Boston, Southern Division, 5.45, 6.28, 7.31, 7.45, 8.50, 11.03 a. m.; 1.13, 4.28, 6.22, 8.41 p. m. SUNDAYS, 6.30, 7.27, 8.45, 9.17 a. m.; 1.25, 5.58 p. m.

For Ayer Junction and Way Stations, 7.10 a. m.; 12.00, 5.01, and 5.42 p. m. SUNDAYS, 2.15 p. m.

For Amherst, Milford and Wilton, 9.08 a. m.; 1.00, 3.41 and 5.40 p. m. SUNDAYS, 2 p. m.

For Greenfield, Peterboro, Bennington, Hillsborough and Keene, 9.08 a. m., and 3.41 p. m. SUNDAYS, to Hillsboro, 2 p. m.

For Nashua, Manchester and Concord, 7.40, 9.08, *9.12, *10.09, *10.30 a. m.; *12.09, 1.00, *1.45, *1.51, 3.41, *5.40, 6.27, *8.10, *9.24 p. m. SUNDAYS, 10.09 a. m. (to Nashua only), 2.45 a. m.; 2.00, 6.02, 8.10, *9.24 p. m.

For Franklin, Lebanon, White River Junction, 9.08, *9.40 a. m.; *12.12, *1.40, 5.40, *a8.10 p. m.

For Warner, Bradford, Sunapee, Newport (N. H.) Claremont and Claremont Junction, 7.40, 9.08 a. m.; 1.45 p. m.; 3.41, s5.10 p. m. Saturday only till August 25th inclusive.

For St. Johnsbury and Lyndenville, via Wells River, 10.30 a. m.; *1.40 *a9.24 p. m.

For Montpelier, Essex Junction, Burlington, St. Albans, St. Johns and Montreal via Central Vermont line, *9.40 a. m.; *12.09, *a8.10 p. m.

For Montreal and Quebec, via Montreal and Boston Air Line, *10.30 a. m.; *a9.24 p. m. QUEBEC EXPRESS, via Plymouth and Sherbrooke, *1.40, *a9.24 p. m.

References.
*Express.
a Daily.
b Wednesdays and Saturdays only.
c Via Bedford.
k To Exeter only.
s Saturday only.
w Via Western Division.
z Via Wilmington Junction.

D. J. FLANDERS, Gen. Pass. and Ticket Agent.
H. G. TAFT, General Agent, Lowell.

WANTED

WANTED—Table girl at 114 Branch street.

WANTED—A girl for general housework at 303 Tenth street.

WANTED—Situation by a young lady as bookkeeper or stenographer. Good references. Address J. F., 207 Gorham street.

WANTED—Situation as kitchen girl in a restaurant, or work in a baker shop. Apply 81 Church street.

WANTED—General house girl at 13 Lenton Court, off Charles street.

WANTED—Experienced table girl at 51 Hancock street, Mass. corporation.

WANTED—Kitchen girl who will go home nights. 11 Columbus avenue.

WANTED—Good, capable man on farm, one right from country, used to driving a team and taking care of stock. S. F. Pike. Call 78 Prescott street.

WANTED—Washing and scrubbing by a good, capable woman with a family to support. Address K. L., Sun Office.

WANTED—Agent to sell the distillery bottling of Belle of Nelson to the local trade in Lowell. Address with reference The Turner-Looker Co., Cincinnati.

WANTED—Man to work at vegetable farming. H. W. Foster, Andover street.

MISCELLANEOUS

THE BOSTON OPTICAL COMPANY.

Watch makers and opticians, Runels building, Merrimack square, room 11. Open evenings. Examinations free. Experts in both branches in attendance.

HATTIE R. FLETCHER, trance and business medium. Will give sittings daily, 192 Gorham street.

COTTON WEAVERS' UNION—All members that have not been called upon by the collector within the past two weeks are requested to call at Loomfixers' hall and leave their addresses with the financial secretary. From 1 till 4 every Saturday afternoon until further notice.
MISS ANNIE McMULLEN, Fin. Secy.

LADIES will find select line of help at Choice Employment Bureau, 50 Appleton street. Mrs. Sanborn.

PATENTS—Secure our terms and system for placing inventions free. Oscar A. Michel, registered attorney, 302 Broadway, New York, Dept 65.

BIGGEST SNAP ever offered, agents or dealers to sell high grade cash registers. Anyone can sell them. Big money made. Chicago Cash Register company, Chicago.

WHEN YOU want Spectacles or Eye Glasses Purcell's is the place, 43 Coburn street. Somewhat of an optician. No fancy prices.

SILK, FELT and straw hats cleaned and repaired cheap during the month of August at Delorme, the hatter, 261 Middlesex street.

LYNN BEACH—Old and new patrons are welcome, at Fred L. Dwyer's, 14 Suffolk street. Reasonable rates.

LADIES—Free. Harmless Monthly Regulator. Cannot fail. Mrs. B. Rowan, R 90, Milwaukee, Wis.

A first class dressmaker and seamstress would like a few more jobs. Inquire at 37 Shedd street. No objection to out-of-town work.

LYNN BEACH, Bay View Hotel, entirely renovated, open for the season of 1900, under the personal management of Mrs. A. P. Fitzgerald. She will be pleased to meet her former guests and welcome new ones. Rates reasonable.

QUICK CURE for ladies in trouble; also nursing during confinement. Address Box 5, West Fairlee, Vt.

LADIES—Chichester English Pennyroyal Pills (Diamond Brand) are the best, safe, reliable. Take no other. Send 4c. in stamps for particulars. "Relief for Ladies," in letter by return mail. At druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

E. G. PARKER says coal has dropped too low to last. Now is the time to put in your season's supply. He also sells groceries, boots, shoes and rubbers.

MONEY TO LOAN at lowest rates on furniture, pianos, horses, carriages, diamonds, watches, etc., in sums of $5 and up. Payments can be made monthly, thus reducing principal and interest at each payment. All business confidential. Thomas E. Adams, 40 Middlesex street, Lowell.

RUBBER STAMPS—At wholesale prices, 1 inch 1-line stamps, 10c; 1½ inch 15c.; 2 in. ink pads, 25c.; 25c. ink pads, 15c.; 50c. linen markers, 25c.; business stamp, 15c. per line. J. M. Fellows, 159 Merrimack street.

AGENTS—"Hat Bleach" cleans straw hats in five minutes; greatest seller out; sample 10c; write today. Hat Bleach Co., Xenia, O.

LADIES—Your bust enlarged 6 inches; failure impossible; harmless; $100 cash guarantee; proof free. Leonard Medicine Co., Kansas City, Kas.

"BOYS AND GIRLS" wanted to copy letters at home; genteel way of earning money. Send self-addressed stamped envelope for particulars. Henry Williams Co., Dep't L, 152 E. 23d. street, New York.

ANY LADY can easily make $15 to $25 weekly by representing us in her locality and as the position is both pleasant and profitable the year round, I will gladly send full particulars to all. Even your spare time is valuable and if you really want to make money, address, with 2c. stamp, Mrs. Mary E. Wheeler, 87 Washington street, Chicago, Illinois.

AN INTELLIGENT, energetic woman to represent that great family magazine, the Woman's Home Companion. Liberal pay, cash or premiums, for looking after new subscriptions and renewals in your own community, city or country. Outfit free. Address Woman's Home Companion, Springfield, O.

SALESMEN wanted for Lowell to introduce staple specialties as a side line; party calling on architects, builders, owners of fine buildings, etc., preferred; this is a fine opportunity and a hustler can add several hundred dollars yearly to his income. Address "615 Drexel Building," Philadelphia, Pa.

FOR SALE—At a great sacrifice, a new two-story house for two families; seven rooms each with bath, hot and cold water, gas, hard wood floors, a good lot of land and barn, near 15th street. Inquire at 32 15th street.

MADAM VONNIE

The world's greatest palmist and card reader has returned. She gives truthful advice on love, marriage and business. Tells you how to win the one you love, no matter what your troubles are come and she will help you. Daily 10 to 9 p. m. Bon Marche Building, Room 44.

FOR FIRST COMMUNION! Catholic Prayer Books! The finest assortment ever shown before in Lowell. Rosary Beads, silver and solid gold mounted. Medals, gold, silver and aluminum. Our first Holy Communion Remembrance Picture Cards are beauties. Statues and all kinds of religious articles. An immense variety.

Franco-American Book Store
500 Merrimack Street.

R·I·P·A·N·S

Wanted—a case of bad health that R. I. P. A. N. S. will not benefit. One gives relief. No matter what's the matter, one will do you good. A cure may result if directions are followed. They banish pain, induce sleep, prolong life. Sold at all drug stores, ten for five cents. Be sure to get the genuine. Don't be fooled by substitutes. Ten samples and a thousand testimonials will be mailed to any address for five cents forwarded to the Ripans Chemical company, No. 10 Spruce street, New York.

BUY THE GENUINE SYRUP OF FIGS ... MANUFACTURED BY ... CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. NOTE THE NAME.

TRAINS TO AND FROM BOSTON

Southern Div.

To Boston Lve.	To Boston Arr.	From Boston Lve.	From Boston Arr.
5.41	6.50	6.00	7.07
6.23	7.41	*6.25	7.45
§6.30	7.32	6.43	7.55
6.43	7.32	8.00	8.57
§7.01	8.04	*8.30	9.16
*§7.27	8.10	*9.00	9.55
*§7.34	8.51	*9.50	10.07
7.41	8.35	*10.00	10.55
§7.51	8.55	10.17	11.31
8.50	9.41	10.45	11.55
9.15	10.35	*11.35	12.05
9.40	10.41	12.10	12.56
11.01	12.03	*1.00	1.53
*§11.42	12.27	*1.45	1.52
§12.16	1.50	2.00	3.01
1.43	2.51	*3.01	3.38
*§1.57	2.52	3.47	5.07
3.00	4.20	4.11	5.20
*§3.17	4.20	4.47	5.55
§4.02	4.15	*5.01	6.35
4.35	5.34	5.38	6.20
*5.23	6.15	5.47	6.51
5.44	7.13	6.13	7.27
§6.23	7.05	*7.30	8.08
*§7.19	8.10	*8.45	9.22
§8.42	9.37	10.15	11.19
		11.20	12.22

Western Div.

To Boston Lve.	To Boston Arr.	From Boston Lve.	From Boston Arr.
6.51	8.00	7.29	8.31
8.19	8.51	6.25	10.32
9.25	10.31	10.25	11.11
10.50	12.02	11.30	1.05
12.05	1.32	2.15	3.19
12.15	1.32	3.30	4.36
2.25	3.31	4.25	5.45
3.30	4.19	5.14	6.28
3.55	5.08	6.01	7.05
5.15	6.42	6.45	7.48
6.15	7.15	9.30	10.40
7.09	8.06	B11.35	12.15
9.25	10.37		

Sunday Trains (Western Div.)

To Boston Lve.	To Boston Arr.	From Boston Lve.	From Boston Arr.
8.15	9.27	8.00	9.17
12.05	1.20	12.10	1.02
4.05	5.18	5.10	6.22
5.30	6.25	8.10	9.10
8.45	9.42		

Trains by western division leave Lowell from Middlesex Street station.

Sunday Trains (Southern Div.)

To Boston Lve.	To Boston Arr.	From Boston Lve.	From Boston Arr.
§6.30	7.20	2.15	3.05
†7.27	8.10	3.01	10.05
8.45	9.49	1.00	1.56
§12.17	10.02	5.00	6.53
§4.25	6.10	*7.30	8.18
§5.53	7.00	*8.45	9.22
		9.60	10.02

*Express.

§From Middlesex Street Station only.

B Runs to Lowell Wednesdays and Saturdays only.

THE WEATHER

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BOSTON, Aug. 23.—Local forecast for Boston and vicinity: Fair weather tonight and generally fair Friday; variable winds.

SPECIAL NOTICES

ESTABLISHED 1876

For over a quarter of a century we have been supplying the people of Lowell with our high grade teas and coffees. Dickson Brothers, 63 Merrimack street.

THE SUN ON SALE IN BOSTON.

The five o'clock edition of The Sun is on sale at the news stand in the Union Station, Boston.

STEAMSHIP TICKETS AND DRAFTS.

Sold on the Cunard, Dominion, White Star, American, Anchor, Allan and Leyland lines, to and from Boston, New York, Queenstown, Liverpool and all parts of Europe. Drafts issued for £1 and upward on all parts of Great Britain and Ireland. English sovereigns and Canada bills bought at Murphy's, 18 Appleton street.

LOCAL NEWS

Try Horne's Coal.

All $1.00 Hats, 69c, at Steele's.

Have you had Pelham's Cigars?

Only a few days more at Steele's.

F. A. M. Tobin's Printery, Tel. 843-2.

Boys' 2-piece Suits, $2.48 at Steele's.

E. G. Parker has dropped price of coal.

50c. Negligee Shirts, 29c, at Steele's.

Big wrapper sale. Cooper's, Gorham street.

Men's all wool Suits, $2.98 at Steele's.

Fred C. Church had insurance on Wiggin fire Wednesday; building and contents on Rock street.

Horse races Labor day, Sept. 3, at Wamalauit park, North Chelmsford. Three classes, 2.25, scrub and colt race.

Masons and contractors are well satisfied with the building materials bought of the William E. Livingston Company, 15 Thorndike street.

Elegant rubber-tired hacks at O'Donnell's stable. Telephone 439-4.

Dress Suit cases, solid leather, $5, worth $7. Devine's, 88 Merrimack St.

Horsemen can keep their horses in good condition if they buy their stable supplies of the William E. Livingston Company, 15 Thorndike street.

WILL NOT RESIGN

LIEUT. ROSE WILL REMAIN WITH CO. C, SIXTH REGIMENT.

The chief topic of discussion at the meeting of Co. C, Sixth Regiment, last night, was on the alleged resignation of Lieut. Rose.

Recently a local newspaper printed a story to the effect that the lieutenant intended severing his relations with the company at the meeting last night. It was but natural, therefore, that the members [illegible] should discuss the matter in an effort to determine as to the reliability of the report. Capt. Livingston informed those who asked him, as he also informed the writer, that [illegible] had no intention of resigning at the present time. "I have [illegible] from the lieutenant," said Capt. Livingston [illegible] of his intended resignation. He was not able to attend the meeting because of previous engagements. He is passing a brief vacation down in Maine."

The HARRISON

PRIMER

AND...

FILLER

For a Surfacer on New and Old Work.

GUARANTEED.

C. B. COBURN & CO.,

63 MARKET STREET.

Why try to stick things with something that doesn't stick? Buy MAJOR'S CEMENT; you know it sticks. Nothing breaks away from it. Stick to MAJOR'S CEMENT. Buy once, you will buy forever. There is nothing as good; don't believe the substituter.

MAJOR'S RUBBER and MAJOR'S LEATHER. Two separate cements—the best. Insist on having them. ESTABLISHED 1876. 15 and 25 cents per bottle at all druggists.

MAJOR CEMENT CO., NEW YORK CITY.

WILD WELCOME

Bryan Greeted on First Campaign Tour

By Associated Press to The Sun.

FALLS CITY, Neb., Aug. 23.—Yesterday was a busy day for Bryan. It was after 1 o'clock yesterday morning when he reached Auburn, his first stopping place after leaving Lincoln. At 8 o'clock he made an hour's address. At Tecumseh, the next stopping place, he spoke briefly and after dinner started upon a 21 mile drive across country to Pawnee. At Pawnee, as at Auburn and Tecumseh, there was a good attendance, as there was also at the night meeting, held at this point. The day's meetings were all held in the groves of the old court house. The towns visited are all in Mr. Bryan's old district.

At Tecumseh, the most interesting incident was a colloquy between Mr. Bryan and a gentleman in the audience, evidently a republican, who propounded several questions to the speaker. He suggested that the Filipinos were on a par with the Indians. To this Mr. Bryan responded:

"Now, as I understand you, you think we were right in taking the property of the Indians?"

"No, sir."

"Then do you think it right to take the property of the Filipinos?"

"No sir," responded the man in the audience, "and nobody is going to. How does the treatment of the Filipinos differ from the treatment of outlaws in this country? Do you believe in punishing the outlaws?"

Mr. Bryan: "Your face is the face of an intelligent man and you cannot fail to see the difference between putting men in the penitentiary for the commission of a crime and going over to the Philippines and taking charge of the government of the Filipinos."

"When I see a man like you," was the response of the interlocutor, who favored the peace treaty, "I think that man ought to have some consistency about him."

"I am much obliged for your mentioning that," replied Mr. Bryan. "For I should not feel like bringing it to your attention unless called on to do so. I urged the ratification of the treaty and also urged the passage of the resolution promising independence to the people of the Philippines and if your republican administration had passed the resolution there would not have been one drop of blood shed in the Philippines."

The questioner made an indistinct reference to Mr. Bryan's capacity for the presidency and asked Mr. Bryan if he believed the Filipinos were capable of self-government. To this Mr. Bryan replied:

"Admiral Dewey stated in a message to the secretary of the navy that the Filipinos were better capable of self-government than the Cubans and that he based his judgment after a study of both races. Whether you believe as I do or not, you are not able to draw the line between the natural right of the Filipino and the natural right of the Cuban whom you and your party said ought to be free, or if its true of the Cubans, it is true of the Filipinos and I want to make it so."

At Pawnee Mr. Bryan spoke upon all the questions at issue, paying somewhat more attention than usual to the financial and trust questions.

Mr. Bryan had the largest and most enthusiastic audience of the day at the evening meeting at Falls City. He was received by a large number of citizens and as he was driven to his stopping place was greeted with throngs which lined the street. He spoke of the importance of securing a democratic congress saying that if elected he wanted the opportunity not only to fill the office, but also to sign bills that would remedy the evils of which the democrats complain. He paid his respects to Senator Hanna in the following extract:

"This morning's papers tell us that Mr. Hanna yesterday went down into New Jersey, the home of the trusts, to make a speech. Did he tell those republicans down there that the republican party was going to win and not to worry? Oh, no. He said to them: 'You have got to watch out. Don't be over-confident, we have got a great fight on hand. We have got to fight hard.' And then I can imagine I can see him put his hand behind him and say:

"'Come down.' Isn't that a good place for a man to go to scare the corporations into contributions?"

On imperialism he said: "I don't want our drum-beat heard around the world, but I do want the light of American liberty to encircle the entire globe."

PLAYED POORLY

Bostons Dropped First Game to Brooklyn

DINEEN WAS IN THE BOX

The Champions Played a Fast Game

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BOSTON, August 23. Pago—Boston, with Dineen in the box, was signally defeated yesterday by the champion Brooklyns at the South end grounds before a large crowd which was anxious to see the home team make a meal of Hanlon's hired men.

Tenney returned to his old place at first, Barry tried his hand at second, made a bad mess of it and retired in the fourth inning after being spiked by Keeler. Sullivan took his place and played a good game. Duffy and Lowe were on the sick list and not at the grounds, so that the old outfield of Stahl, Hamilton and Freeman was in order once more.

Gus Weyhing started to pitch and pulled out after two innings, as the Boston men were hitting too freely to suit Ed. Hanlon. Farmer Kennedy tried his hand on the locals. He was about as wild as Dineen and was hit quite hard at times.

Dineen started with fine speed, but the poor support given him, combined with a poor decision by Umpire Hurst, and later the Boston man's wildness, made the going quite pleasant for the visitors. During the last part of the game Dineen let down in his speed and should have been taken out for another day. More than two hours of disagreeable work fell to the lot of Boston's best pitcher and the chances are that he will need a good rest before going in again. Clarke was very slow behind the stick and threw poorly when chances were offered to get a man.

The champions played a sharp fielding game, Dahlen, as usual, showing up strongly both at the bat and in the field. The fielding of the visitors was strong where that of the locals was weak.

The score by innings:

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
Brooklyn	2	0	1	0	3	2	3	0	1	—12
Boston	2	1	0	0	3	1	0	0	1	— 8

Two-base hits, Long, Freeman, Cross, Kennedy. Three-base hit, Stahl. Stolen bases, Kelley, Dahlen, Daly. Sacrifice hits, Jennings, Jones. First base on balls, by Dineen, Jones, Kelly 2, Cross, Dahlen 2, Jennings; by Weyhing, Tenney, Clarke; by Kennedy, Freeman, Clarke 2, Dineen, Hamilton, Sullivan, Stahl. Struck out, by Dineen, McGuire, Daly; by Weyhing, Dineen; by Kennedy, Freeman 2. Double play, Long, Sullivan and Tenney. Umpire Hurst. Time 2h. 55m. Attendance 5000.

The other game resulted as follows: New York 8, Philadelphia 2.

SOCIALIST LABOR PARTY

CAUCUSES HELD IN CITIZENS' COMMITTEE ROOM.

The Socialist Labor Party was organized in this city last night, and caucuses were held in the Citizens' committee room at Huntington hall.

The organization was informal, for there were not more than thirty men present.

Two wards were not represented at all, but the men representing the others met in little groups, under the direction of the district organizer, and organized, electing themselves and some of their friends as delegates to the state and county conventions.

It is proposed to nominate regular tickets, and it was stated that a Lawrence man would be named for congress. There are no active Lowell candidates for any office.

The preliminary steps for the organization of the party for the campaign have been taken in the series of Sunday meetings held on the South common. John Hagan of Lynn is advertised to speak there next Sunday.

It is claimed that there are between two and three hundred laboring men in Lowell who are Labor Socialists at heart. They expect to poll a good sized vote this year.

The party is using a platform adopted four years ago. It about struck the keynote of what the delegates wanted, and it has been in use unchanged ever since.

PERSONAL.

Miss Marion Clark of Lowell is visiting relatives on Upper Main street, Waltham.

Mr. Maurice Flynn of Lowell is visiting relatives on Francis street, Waltham.

Mrs. Mulligan of New York, formerly Miss Oulahan, is visiting Mrs. John J. Driscoll of Madison street, this city.

Mrs. Margaret Reddicks of Elmwood avenue and Miss Jennie Green of Tremont have returned after an enjoyable sojourn at several beaches.

Miss Mary Lyons and Miss Mary Meagher and mother with Mrs. Lyons of this city are spending their vacation at Crescent beach.

Miss Mary Fuller of this city has accepted a position in the packing department of the Waltham factory.

The Misses Lizzie and Fannie Chesworth of Huntington street, are at the Isle of Shoals for a couple of weeks.

Police and firemen's braces, 15c, at Steele's.

J. F. O'DONNELL,

Funeral Director

24 Market Street, Corner of Worthen.

Office Open Day and Night.

Three Telephones. LOWELL, MASS

We Really Need the Room.

Nothing less urgent could persuade us to close out some of the fine and seasonable lines that we are now offering at prices that are simply unparalleled for the class of goods offered. These bargains are not confined to any one line. We have them for men, women, youths, misses and children. Come and look the goods over. See the prices, they tell the whole story.

BURBANK & COURTNEY, 110 and 112 Merrimack Street.

TELEPHONE 626-18

EDWARD H. JENIFER.

In a quarrel at a picnic of colored Odd Fellows at North Andover yesterday he shot and killed George Davenport and badly wounded Shirley Norris as reported in yesterday's Sun.

LOWELLS BEATEN

The "Cops" Played a Hot Game

LYNN WON BY ONE RUN

The Lynn Men are Great Entertainers

There was glory in the defeat the Lowell "Cops" suffered at Lynn yesterday.

To be certain the Lynn men got the biggest share of the glory and they deserved it, yet all the praise was not bestowed on them.

The spectators were treated to a great game and the Lowell men should have won. There is room for improvement in the Lowell team and a change should be made at once. Burnette can bat and field pretty well, and should be substituted for one of the weak hitters. John Walsh used to be a good player and might be pressed into service and if it comes down to it, why Supt. Davis is about as clever as any of them and if the "Cops" could induce him to play he would give strength to the nine. But this is no time to find fault or criticise. The Lowells were beaten by a nine of good fellows. The Lynn men are all right. They can play ball, and they are great entertainers. The local men reached Lynn at 10 o'clock and were welcomed by Deputy Barthett and a number of officers who escorted them to the ball grounds.

The game started with Lowell at bat. McCann was the first man up and he proved an easy victim for Murphy's curves. Hessian got a hit and was advanced by Flanagan's drive to centre. Cogger popped up an easy fly to Donahue at second and the latter completed a double-play, Hessian having started to run down to third. This retired the side. The Lynn team introduced Lyons as their first batter and he drew a base on balls. MacKessey then wielded his willow for a nice base hit, advancing Lyons. A moment after the latter reached third. A wild pitch and a passed ball brought in these runs. The next three men went out in order. Lynn 2, Lowell 0.

Swan was first at bat in the second inning and he struck out in a very swan-like way. Boyle signalized his appearance by driving a hot grounder at the first baseman, who failed to connect with it in time to nail his man. Fitzgerald gave three terrific sweeps at the sphere "which wasn't there," and his face wore a puzzled look as he gently cast the bat aside. Maher was full of business when he faced Murphy and the first ball that came over the plate met his bat fairly. A safe hit was the result. Meanwhile Boyle had stolen second and the hit brought him around to third in position for a dash for the home plate. He found an opportunity when a ball passed the catcher, scoring the first run of the game for Lowell. Ingalls went down to first on a base on balls and McCann ciphered. Burckes, the first man at bat in the second half of the second inning, scored a hit, but the next two men struck out and the third, Murphy, put up a fly that came Maher's way. Lynn 2, Lowell 1.

The first half of the third found the Lowell aggregation in a high pitch of excitement. Tom Whitaker, who had taken a position on the base lines in the first inning, began to cheer in his own peculiar way. Billie Grady exercised a cow bell that had been brought down for just such a purpose and several of the players urged them on. The fun was indescribable. Hessian knocked out a fly to left field which was nailed. Flanagan got a hit but was caught at second on a grounder from Cogger's bat. Cogger went down to second on a wild pitch, was advanced to third by Swan's hit and to home by Boyle's hit. Fitzgerald drew a base on balls, making three men on bases and two out. Maher came to bat and the best he could do was a high fly which came into the hands of Murphy, the pitcher. Lynn 2, Lowell 2. The feature of the second half of the third inning was Maher's work. He stopped a couple of the warmest grounders imaginable and caught his man at first in both cases. The third man he struck out.

The Lowell officers did not distinguish themselves in the fourth inning, Ingalls, McCann and Hessian striking out in order. Murphy was roundly cheered upon this achievement. No runs resulted in the second half of the fourth and there were no special features.

The Lowell officers scored two runs in the fifth, Flanagan and Cogger crossing the plate after driving the ball out for clean singles. Swan, Boyle and Fitzgerald then went out in order. The score was four to two in favor of the Lowells, when their opponents went to bat in the fifth inning. Kane and Murphy made their first hits of the game and were sent around by a two bagger by MacKessey making the score a tie. A dispute arose over the decision of the umpire in calling MacKessey's drive a fair ball. The Lowell crowd contended that the ball struck foul by a foot and continued to roll in foul territory, but the umpire refused to have it that way. He claimed to have seen it strike fair and he declined to change his decision. MacKessey stole third and came in on a passed ball, making the score 5 to 4 in favor of Lynn. The next two men were retired. The Lowell men did nothing in the way of scoring in their half of the sixth and they returned the compliment. The feature of the inning was a double play in which Cogger was the star. He caught a fly sent up by Burckes and then passed the ball along to Flanagan at first, catching Southwick a dozen feet off the base.

It had been agreed to play seven innings and in the first of the seventh the score stood 5 to 4 in favor of the Lynn team. The excitement and confusion may be imagined. Billy Grady's cow bell was clanging away as though the fate of the game depended on its noise, while a man on the Lynn side with a pair of leathern lungs was tooting away on a horn that certainly had seen better days and better performers. Flanagan sent up a fly to the short stop. Out. Cogger made a clean single and stole second. Swan advanced him to third by a hit and a moment later Cogger took advantage of a favorable opportunity to run home. Lynn 5, Lowell 5. Boyle was out to first base. Fitzgerald refused to become familiar with the elusive sphere, striking out quite naturally.

With the score a tie, every player, as well as every man in the grand stand and on the bleachers, was on his nerve. Murphy came to the bat and smashed out a three bagger. It looked hopeless for Lowell. Lyons knocked a hot grounder to McCann and Murphy attempted to come home. McCann made a quick and accurate throw and Ingalls caught his man. MacKessey made another base hit. He ran to second and Maher threw the ball to Cogger. The man on third, Lyons, took advantage of the throw and started to run to the home plate. Cogger closed up a short distance and then, knowing that Lyons intended to steal, he threw the ball to Ingalls. It came rather slowly, but Cogger knew how much depended upon that throw and did not care to take chances on a swiftly thrown ball. Ingalls caught it and touched his man, but the force of the contact knocked the ball out of his hand and the runner was declared safe at home. This ended the game, the score being 6 to 5 in favor of the Lynn team. The noise that followed was a miniature July 4 racket.

The score:

LYNN POLICE.

	bh	po	a	e
Lyons 1	0	1	0	3
Mackessey s	3	1	0	0
Murray 2	1	0	0	0
Donahue 2	0	3	3	1
Southwick m	1	0	0	1
Burckes r	1	7	0	2
Berry l	1	1	0	2
Kane c	1	5	1	1
Murphy p	2	1	3	0
Totals	9	21	7	6

LOWELL POLICE.

	bh	po	a	e
McCann 3	0	0	1	0
Hessian s	1	0	2	0
Flanagan 1	2	8	0	0
Cogger 2	2	1	1	1
Swan l	2	0	0	0
Boyle m	1	0	0	1
Fitzgerald r	0	0	0	0
Maher p	1	1	5	0
Ingalls c	0	5	1	0
Totals	9	*19	10	2

*Winning run made with one out.

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	
Lynn	2	0	0	0	3	0	1	—6
Lowell	0	1	1	0	2	0	1	—5

Runs made, by Lyons, MacKessey 2, Kane, Murphy, Flanagan, Cogger 2, Boyle. Two-base hits, Murphy, MacKessey. Three base hit, Murphy. Stolen bases, MacKessey, Kane, Cogger 2, Maher. Base on balls, by Maher, Lyons, Burckes, by Murphy, Ingalls 2, Fitzgerald. Struck out, by Murphy, Ingalls 2, Fitzgerald, Hessian, Swan 2, Fitzgerald 3. Wild pitches, Maher 2. Umpire, Charles O'Malley, Gloucester. Time, 1h. 35m. Struck out, by Murphy, McCann 1, Swan 2, Fitzgerald 3. Ingalls, Hessian 2, Maher, Berry, Kane, Murray, Lyons, Donahue. Double plays, Donahue, unassisted; Cogger and Flanagan. Wild pitches, Maher 2. Umpire, Charles O'Malley, Gloucester. Time, 1h. 35m.

After the game the entire party repaired to the Parker house, where covers were set for 150. Deputy Marshal Barthett acted as toastmaster at the after-dinner festivities and remarks were made by Deputy Chief Moffatt, Capt. Kew, Representative Searles of Dracut, ex-Representative W. H. I. Hayes of Lowell, and Postmaster Sanderson of Lynn and others.

It is thought that another game will be arranged between these two nines, the Lowellites desiring one more try at the victors.

All $1.00 Hats, 69c, at Steele's.

Head Ache?

Then the chances are your bowels are constipated. You are being poisoned. The impurities which should be carried out through the natural channel are retained in your system. Ayer's Pills cure constipation; they remove impurities by the natural channel. Take a laxative dose each night.

PECULIAR CASE

GIRL WANTS TO BE SENT TO IRELAND.

A peculiar case in which the assistance of the city was asked came before the secretary of the overseers of the poor today. It was that of a girl, 16 years old, who arrived in Boston from Waterford, Ireland on July 1. In Ireland she underwent a surgical operation on her ears and now wishes to be sent to an hospital to be treated. She has relatives who are unable to provide for her and wish her to be sent to Ireland. She has a father in Ireland who is clerk of the Court in Waterford, draws a pension and collects rents. The local authorities notified the state of her case, as the girl has no residence in the city. It is probable that she will be sent home to Ireland.

MISS MAY GERTRUDE WILCOX, DISTINGUISHED PIANIST

Sacrificing Bicycles

$23.50 BUYS A $50 WHEEL

$19.00 BUYS A $40 WHEEL

$17.00 BUYS A $35 WHEEL

We have just purchased the entire stock of the Boston Wheel Co. Over ONE HUNDRED HIGH GRADE BICYCLES, representing nearly all the leading makes. No matter what make or price bicycle you want, come and see what we offer, and you can buy them at less than half the regular price.

TERMS: $5 Down, $1 per Week

Good Second-Hand Wheels, $3.00 to $5.00.

RING'S

No. 133 Merrimack Street.

A. G. Pollard & Co.

MERRIMACK, PALMER AND MIDDLE STREETS.

OUR ANNUAL SPECIAL SALE OF

Mill Remnants

Bleached - Sheetings

Yard wide cotton, thin for linings, etc., 1 to 5 yards, worth 5c, **3½c yard**

"Dwight Anchor" 3-4 wide, soft, and heavy, worth 7 1-2c, **5c yard**

"Dwight" Fine quality, long remnants, yard wide, worth 9c, **6c yard**

"Dwight Anchor" yard wide, heavy and soft, bleached and half bleached, worth 10c, **6½c yard**

"Dwight Lockwood", yard wide, excellent, fine quality, worth 10c, **7c yard**

Pepperell night gown Twills, 5 to 15 yards, always worth 12 1-2c, **8½c yard**

PILLOW CASE TUBING.

Remnants, 2 yards to 15 yards, in all widths, 42 in., 45 in., 48 in. and 50 in., worth from 13c to 17c yard, all **10c yard**

Remnants of "Wamsutta" and "New Bedford" pillow casing, 42 in. and 45 in. wide, 1 to 5 yards, worth 15c and 17c, **10c yard**

SEAMLESS SHEETINGS.

"Dwight Anchor" remnants, 2 1-2 yards to 15 yards 6-4 and 7-4 wide, worth 20c and 22c, **15c yard**

8-4, 9-4 and 10-4 wide of same kind, worth 24c, 26c and 28c, **18c yard**

SPECIAL. "Lockwood" and "A. G. P." sheetings, whole pieces perfect, 9-4 and 10-4 wide, worth 26c and 28c, **20 cents**

Remember that these are special prices for this sale, and that we have equally as good values in Unbleached Sheetings that we cannot particularize for want of space.

A. G. POLLARD & CO.